

THE

British Packet,

AND

ARGENTINE NEWS.

No. 232.]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, JANUARY 29th, 1831.

[VOL. V.]

BUENOS AYRES.

A mail from Cordova arrived on Wednesday evening. The periodical *Aurora* of that city of the 12th inst. contains a despatch from Colonel Deesa, dated Loreto, 7th inst., to General Paz, the supreme military chief, stating that after a continued pursuit of the chiefs Don Francisco Ibarra and Don Pablo Latorre, who had retreated to the coast of the Salado, having suffered in their route a numerous dispersion of their troops, he had found it necessary to divide his army into two divisions, one under the Command of the Governor of Tucuman, (Don Francisco Javier Lopez,) and the other under his own Command; that he had detached a division of 200 men under the orders of Commandant D. Juan Balmaçada, who had fallen in with the division of Ibarra, at Loreto, and completely routed and dispersed them.

That the chiefs Ibarra and Loreto, had fled precipitately towards Santa Fé, accompanied by a few compromised persons, and that from the numerous parties which were in pursuit of them there was every probability of their being made prisoners.

The despatch further states that Major D. Ignacio Luna, with 50 men, had defeated a body of 200 Saltanian troops Commanded by Col. D. Agustin Arias, in the neighbourhood of Vinal, whilst retreating towards Salta, that Col. Don A. Arias, Major D. José Gaite, Ensign D. Martin Sayago and D. N. Morales, and 20 of the Salta division were killed in the action, and Adjutant D. Laureano Ochoa and four soldiers prisoners. That the conquerors had taken stores, ammunition, &c., and that the greater part of the troops had escaped to the woods on foot, where it was supposed they would perish with thirst. Col. Deesa praises the conduct of his officers and men, and offers congratulations that the province of Santiago is again united to the nine confederate Provinces.

Señor Pastorisa has been re-elected Governor of the province of San Juan, *vice* Señor Aguilar resigned. The Government of San Juan has followed the exam-

ple of that of Rioja, in withdrawing the management of the Foreign Affairs of the Republic from Buenos Ayres. The *Gaceta Mercantil* of this city is playful upon the subject, supposing that it will now be necessary for the Foreign Ministers to take up their head quarters at Cordova instead of Buenos Ayres. The same periodical, in commenting upon the despatch of Col. Deesa, seems to be of opinion that the advantages he has gained is only a dispersion of his enemies, and that they will again unite. That the

"fire is only smother'd
Not burnt out—give it vent 'twill
Blaze again."

Commandant Gomez and Major Don Elias Castro, have been killed, and Captain D. Cruz Funes wounded, at San Javier, (Cordova,) by a party of 30 men headed by D. José N. Funez, who assaulted the house of the Commandant of San Javier, in which they were.

From the above summary detail it will be seen, that after a short—a very short intermission, blood has again been shed in civil war—there is, alas! "room for contemplation, e'en to madness."

"Religion—freedom—vengeance—what you will,
A word's enough to raise mankind to kill."

Montevideo.

The communication from the above city by the regular Packets has not lately been so constant as heretofore, and it has so happened that eleven days has intervened between their arrival. A plan has been suggested at Montevideo to insure more regularity in this respect—but at the same time some arrangements have been put in force by the Government of the Oriental Republic relative to the Packets, which if not modified is likely to take two of the crack Packets now sailing under the Argentine flag out of the line.

A decree has been issued, prohibiting all vessels (except those under the Oriental flag) from transshipping goods, unless the said vessel be 120 tons register.

The schooner *Rosa* brought us Montevideo Papers. The *Universal* and *Caduceo*,) from 13th. to 22nd. inst. The currency question occupies much of the attention in that city, and various *comunicados* appear in the Papers relative thereto.

The President of the Oriental Republic, (Don Fructuoso Rivera,) remained

in the country for the purpose we before mentioned. It appears that the Indians and some refractory gaucha robbers, (the latter stated to be 600 in number,) have committed outrages in the territory of the new State, which it is the design of the President to correct for the future, and he has with him a body of cavalry for that intent.

An estimate has been published by the Government of the Oriental State, of the expenses, civil and military of that Republic for the year 1831, the total amount of which is stated at 757,479 dollars.

Arrivals at Montevideo.

January 21st.—British brig Lord Byron, Pickering, from the Island of Mayo, with salt.

Sailed from Montevideo.

About January 12th.—British Packet Lord Melville, for Rio Janeiro and Falmouth.

British brig Scamander, Rodgers, for Havana.

16th.—American do Harriet, Gibson, for Baltimore.

Do do Robert Patton, Farson, for the Island of Mayo.

17th.—French do Felicité, for Havre de Grace.

Argentine do Ellen, for Rio Janeiro.

18th.—Hamburg schooner-brig Ana, Frobus, for Cape de Verdes.

20th.—American brig Hesper, Doughty, for Havana.

Brazilian schooner-brig Santo Domingo, Eneas, for Rio Janeiro.

21st.—H. S. M's Ship Clío, for Valparaiso.

Do do Volage, for Maldonado.

The storm of the 28th November last in this city, appears to have extended to Cordova. The *Aurora Nacional* of the 3rd ult., states.

"The day of 28th November has been most extraordinary in Cordova. The excessive and suffocating heat, and the rapid fall of the barometer announced an approaching storm. Accordingly about 8 at night the tempest commenced, with an aspect truly alarming. The wind agitated the air in all directions without fixing at any particular point, until three in the morning, when it blew constantly from the South: at this hour the agitation of the atmosphere was extreme, the wind was a perfect hurricane. At 9 it rained heavily, and the heavens presented one of the most grand and astonishing spectacles of nature. The electrical explosions succeeded each other without intermission, and the lightning and multitude of luminous substances presented the most beautiful and varied figures. The spectator involuntarily fixed his eyes upon the heavens without considering the danger which accompanies these extraordinary storms, such was the beauty and brilliancy which nature exhibited."

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

D. Pedro Cavia Caviades, D. Miguel Marin, and D. Fermin Irigoyen, have been appointed Justices of the Peace, in this city.—the 1st for the district North of the Cathedral; the 2nd for do South of do; and the 3rd for that of San Miguel; vice D. Juan Barrenechea, D. A. Reyes, and D. J. M. Pereyra, resigned.

A decree dated 25th inst., states that the preparatory studies in the University are to commence on the 1st February, in each year, and those of a higher class on the 1st March.

A decree dated 25th inst., states that those who have slaves, or former slaves in their employ, must give them a written document on ordinary paper to that effect, which must be revised before the Justice of Peace of the Parish, both master and servant attending the said Justice for that purpose.

The above document is to be renewed every six months.

The subscription for the map of the Argentine and Bolivian Republics, comprising an extent of territory from lat. 10° South to 41°, and from 55° to 81° long. West of Paris, proceeds prosperously. It is the intention of the proprietor to publish it when he obtains subscribers for 150 copies. Names for 100 copies have already been subscribed at 7 dollars currency each, including an explanatory pamphlet to be paid for on delivery.

When the list is complete, the future subscription will be 10 dollars currency each copy.

We have little to add to our former remarks upon this interesting subject—we have no pretensions as *hydrographists* or *mappists*, but certainly the sight we have had of the intended publication, has convinced us that the countries there delineated possess advantages of soil, water communication and climate, which few can imagine; and which from the unhappy civil dissensions have caused the natives to live in a manner as strangers in their own country; and foreigners to be unacquainted with its immense resources, which require only domestic tranquillity to bring into action.

The Argentine Republic, were it organized, might ere long rival even the colossal Republic of the North.

The map in question is the production of a gentleman, who founds his claims on a thorough knowledge of the subject, upon a residence of 26 years in this country.

The cool moonlight evenings have crowded the streets with promenaders, and the shops in the neighbourhood of the Plaza de la Victoria, have had a portion of female visitants making purchases—or drawing upon the *sinking fund*—as the London citizen denominates it when his wife or daughter's "go a shopping."

The Alameda, was but thinly attended on Sunday afternoon, owing to the sultry weather, there was however a sprinkling of fashion, and the ponderous comb in the Ladies' head-dress bearing the graceful veil, looked very charming.

The military band has performed several evenings in front of the barrack, at the market-place: they make a good appearance in their white summer clothing.—They gave the aria of *Di Piacer* on Monday evening with excellent effect.

THEATRE.

The performances now are chiefly for benefits, the stock nights are limited to holy-days, which arrangement is to continue until Easter, when the winter campaign begins. The lenten season is rather a *triste* period for the members of the "stock and bu-kin."

The play of William Tell was performed on 21st inst., for the benefit of Señor Cañete. It abounds in "clap traps," yet the language is often nervous. Señor Caceres effectually personated the "hero of the Swiss."

A dance entitled *Un cuarteto del gran bayle Cesar en Egipto* followed. We were pleased to see Señora Cañete make her *debut* in the "grand ballet;" she displayed considerable talent, her attire was splendid and the rigid symmetrian might have been satisfied with the proportions of figure exhibited; her appearance quite enraptured a military Officer near us, and he expressed his approbation by repeated exclamations of *hermosa muger*. She really looked handsome, but that cynical old proverb would intrude, that "women and stars shine best at night."

Señor Villarino, mingled in the dance with great eclat—he is an acquisition to the theatre.

Señor Cañete exerted himself with success. We presume that some cause of displeasure exists against him, as on several nights lately his appearance on the stage has been greeted by a species of "cat calls," or O. P. hostilities on a limited scale. We should regret any circumstance that might drive him from the stage; he has been the means of introducing the "ballet dance" here, and otherwise possesses merit in his profession.

On the 23rd the tragedy of the *Condesa de Castile* was represented, in which Señor Casacubieta made his second essay

on these boards, he did not entirely respond to the expectations we had formed from his first appearance. In person he bears some resemblance to Charles Kemble.

This Theatre possesses now the materials to form a good theatrical corps, particularly if Felipe David should return hither.

The French performance at Vauxhall did not take place on 23rd inst., in consequence of the threatening weather.

DOOM OF THE DAUPHINESSE.

[We copy the following singular story from the Court Journal.]

"A little more this way! look to the left. You see a pillar near the doorway, and a few spaces from it a little bent emaciated old man—he's only the King's Confessor—the Cardinal Archbishop of Rheims*—never mind him—but observe the lady to whom he is talking. She is now looking in this direction, so that you have a full view of her features. There," said my conductress, "stands the object of our search—that is the daughter of Louis XVI. Madame the Dauphiness."

"What a severe, morose, and yet anxious countenance!"

"Such was it not always; yet is it in this instance a sure index to the feelings of the wearer. She has not the slightest confidence in any of the French nation. 'How can I?' she has more than once said to me, 'after all that I have witnessed in the person of my parents and endured in my own? I did once believe them loyal and attached—but the events of the hundred days dissipated that delusion for ever!'—Years as I have been about her person, I have never seen her smile. And if she unbosoms her feelings more to me than any other of her household, it is because I am an Englishwoman;—the self same principle that leads the Duchess de Berri to prefer the Duc de Bordeaux being under the eye of my husband in her absence, because he's a Swiss. As to the Dauphiness, no human being but myself is aware of the full extent of her mental tortures. She lives in the constant anticipation of misfortune,—in the daily unshaken expectation of bitter reverses. Not that she fears them—for there is a lion's heart within that attenuated frame—but that she may be prepared to meet them. She is, in fact, as the Corsican said of her, the only man in the family. Alas! the poor doomed Dauphiness!"

"Doomed?"
"Have you never heard the story? never heard of her allusion to it in reply to Louis XVIII's commendation of her bravery in haranguing the troops at Bourdeaux during the eventful 'hundred days?'—and his question as to what was her feelings when she placed her life in such imminent peril? 'Fear, Sire, had no part in them. I was not yet alone; and your Majesty will remember that I can die only in the month so fatal to others

* Formerly the Abbe de Latil. His Eminence was arrested at Vauglard during the late convulsions, and dispossessed of the load of gold, plate, and jewels he was conveying away in his carriage. He has since arrived in England.

of my family!—Why, where can you have been living that all this is new to you? Listen, *mon enfant*, and grow wiser.

“Among others who were ever welcome at Hartwell during the period the late monarch Louis XVIII. sojourned there, was the Baron de Rolle. Generous, amiable de Rolle! a gentler, kinder, nobler spirit was never encumbered with a prison-house of clay! But each man has his weakness; and this was the Baron's: still cherishing the hope of returning to his beloved native country, he was an easy prey to every adventurer who pretended to possess a knowledge of ‘coming events,’ and many and bitter was the jest which his passion for augury engendered, and which his good temper endured. One day in particular, he came down to Hartwell brimfull of the fame of a Swedish astrologer, a Mr. Thorwaldsen. Whatever this might have been in reality, he was shrewdly suspected at the time of being a French spy; to which idea his subsequent flight lent considerable colour.—There was much that was unaccountable in all his proceedings. He exercised his nominal profession with reluctance. He was indifferent to pecuniary reward. He was not angry if his predictions were disbelieved, or his threats derided. But if you desired it he would tell you of passages, scenes, or adventures in your past life, to which you believed no one privy but yourself. He was introduced to the Baron, by Madame St. Maur; to whom he gave a proof, at all events, of his knowledge of the *past*, by recalling to her recollection a deed of hers in the French Revolution, to which her husband, (then dead,) and herself, were the sole parties.

The Baron had been surprised in a similar manner. He told him, (and as the event proved, *truly*)—that he should die in England, and somewhat suddenly; but he pained de Rolle still more severely by mentioning the name of a lady to whom he had in early life been attached, and detailing to him under what agonizing circumstances they had parted.

This extraordinary narrative procured for the astrologer a still more illustrious visitant. The Duchess d'Angouleme resolved to wait on him. In order to try his powers, real or imaginary, to the utmost, she was disguised in the dress of an English artizan; and remained through the whole interview veiled and silent. Her companion presented him with the date of the Duchess's birth, to the precise year, hour and minute.

“Ah!” said he, after a pause of some length—“the tennis ball of fortune! A wife yet not a mother. Always near a throne, yet doomed never to ascend it. The daughter of Kings—yet much more truly the daughter of misfortune. I see before me your restoration to the country and palace of your fathers;—then an agonizing interval of flight, and degradation. Again the banners of Royalty wave over you, and you advance a step nearer a crown. But all is finally overcast, in the gloom of deposition, flight and exile. You will live to be *alone*. Your last determination will be that of closing your days in a convent—it will be frustrated by death. Dread the month of *August*; for it will be one to you of the most unlooked for mortification and vicissitude. Welcome that of *January*, for it will dismiss you, *though by the hand of violence*, to your repose, and your reward!”

FOREIGN MERCHANT VESSELS

IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES, ON THE 27TH OF JANUARY.

VESSELS AND CAPTAINS' NAMES.	CONSIGNEES.	DESTINATION, &C.
BRITISH.		
Brig Traveller, Monamy,	John Robilliard and Co.	Loading for Liverpool.
Do Ann, Waller,	Alfred Barber.	do do.
Do Brothers, Spittal,	John Miller and Co.	do do.
Do Iberia, Kirtou,	S. Lezica Bros.	do do.
Do Union, Maillard,	Bertram, Chambers and Co.	do for Guernsey.
Do Treasurer, Riches,	Charles Tayleur, and Co.	Bound to Brazil.
Do Three Sisters, Le Mesurier,	Thomas Armstrong.	do for Bahia.
Ship Mercury, Pierce,	do.	do.
Schr-brig Pursuit, Alexander,	S. Lezica Bros.	Discharging.
AMERICAN.		
Brig Plymouth, Covington,	John Eschenburg and Co.	Loading for Baltimore.
Ship St. Peter, Crosby,	John Eschenburg and Co.	do do.
Do Plato, Wise,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	do for Havannah.
Do Atticus, Martin,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	do for New York.
Do Glide, Reid,	Dorr and Reincke,	do do.
Brig Buenos Ayres, Adams,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	do do.
Do Margaret, Langdon,	Dorr and Reincke,	do do.
Do Independence, Hayes,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	do for Philadelphia.
Do Ant, Etwell,	Davison, Dorr and Co.	do for Boston.
Barque Leopard, Parker,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	do do.
Brig Palinure, Williams,	W. Rodger, Breed and Co.	Bahia.
Do Cambrian, Goodhue,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	United States.
Ship Triton, Smith,	do.	Discharging.
Do Balloon, Holbrook,	do.	do.
Do Spartan, Atkins,	do.	do.
Ship Eliza Henrietta, Raines,	Zimmerman, Fraizer and Co.	do.
Brig Emma, Shankland,	Grogan, Peacock and Morgan.	do.
Do Seneca, Frye,	J. Reissig.	For sale.
FRENCH.		
Brig Cecilia, De la Berquerie,	Rodriguez, Puel and Co.	Ldg. for Havie de Grace.
Ship L'Eucharist, Laudumiey,	Guerin, Seris, and Co.	Bound to the Island of Bourbon, with mules.
Do Nouvelle Alliance, Lavignac	V. Courass.	Bound to do do.
Do Courrier des Indes, Mourgues	Sebastian Lezica Bros.	do do do.
Do Caroline, Liger,	Larrea Bros.	Rio Janeiro.
SARDINIAN.		
Polacre Vigilante, Pino,	J. Gestal.	Loading for Rio Janeiro.
Brig Buen Amigo, Maggiolo,	do.	Sold.
Schooner Asunta, Bassori,	do.	For sale.
BREMEN:		
Brig Cesar, Deetjen,	S. Lezica Bros.	Loading for Havannah.
BRAZILIAN.		
B. Campao da Libertade, Maximino,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	Loading for Rio Janeiro.
Brig Eolo, Pereira,	J. Gestal.	do for Parnagua.
Zumaca Fortuna, De la Cruz,	C. J. Moreyra.	St. Catherines.
Do Pensamiento Feliz, J. A. [de los Santos,	Pedro Plomer.	Uncertain.
PORTUGUESE.		
Schooner-brig Maria, Bautista,	F. Botet.	Loading for Cadiz.
DUTCH.		
Galliot Maria, Borchers,	F. Halback.	Loading for Antwerp.
Brig Constant, Van Schie,	Duguid, Holland and Co.	Discharging.
DANISH.		
B. Henriette Louisa, Rasmussen	Duguid, Holland and Co.	Bahia.
TUSCAN.		
Brig Esperanza, Lunari,	J. Gestal.	ldg. for Cadiz & Gibraltar.
ORIENTAL.		
Brig Mariana, Monti,	Pedro A. Plomer,	Discharging.

FOREIGN VESSELS OF WAR.

FRENCH.

Brig Aigrette, Captain Thavenet.
Schooner (Tender) Etoile de Sud, Captain Santi.

BRAZILIAN.

Schooner Rio de la Plata, Captain Lisboa.

SHIPPING MEMORANDA.

The American Ship Tobacco Plant, Frazier, from B. Ayres 21st August; Montevideo 14th September, arrived at Philadelphia about 18th November.



MARINE LIST.



PORT OF BUENOS AYRES.

January 22th.—Wind S. (rain.)

Nothing arrived.

The French brig Gustave, for Marseilles, whose sailing we announced on 21st inst., anchored again the same night, and did not finally sail until this day (22nd) among her Passengers were the following, viz:—Señores Delachas, Balbini, Alonzo, Perez, Bernard, (his wife and 2 sons,) Tartiere, Lantin, Reinlen, Jaumel and Teinsignon.

Sailed this day Brazilian schooner Fortuna, Hugues, for Santos,—despatched by Zimmerman, Frazier and Co., with 500 fanegas of salt.

January 23rd.—Wind N W. slight rain in the morning.

Arrived American Ship Eliza Henrietta, Raines, from Baltimore 18th November; Montevideo 21st inst., with 2200 barrels flour, 191 cases chairs and effects, &c. to Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.

An Oriental schooner and several sail of small craft from the Parana and Uruguay, with fruit, wood, &c.

The schooner Rosa, from Montevideo, was in sight this afternoon.

January 24th.—Wind S. W.

Arrived Oriental packet schooner Rosa, Moratorio, from Montevideo 22nd inst., to C. Galiano.

Sailed (before day break) American brig Dawn, Davis, for the Havannah,—despatched by Zimmerman, Frazier and Co., with 3110 quintals jerked beef, 1960 horns.

January 25th.—Wind N. E.

Arrived American brig Emma, Shunkland, from Philadelphia 20th November, with 1300 barrels 180 half do of flour, 113 bales dry goods, silks, 6000 feet of plank, 195 barrels 22 hogsheds gin, &c., to Grogan, Peacock and Morgan.

2 zumacas and 8 balandras from the Parana and Uruguay with lime, hides, &c.

Sailed American brig Lady Adams, Staples, for the Havannah,—despatched by Noble, Gowland and Co., with 4290 quintals jerked beef, 10 bales with 100 pieces of Russia linen, 10 sail of small craft to the N.

January 26th.—Wind N. shifted in the afternoon to S. with rain.

Arrived several sail of small craft from the Parana and Uruguay, with lime, wood, &c.; and several others sailed to the N.

Sailed American ship Romulus, Barker, for Montevideo and New York,—despatched by Zimmerman, Frazier and Co., with 25,459 horns, 4141 dry hides, 980 salted do, 150 bales (with 10 arrobas of wool in each,) 1 case with 50 lbs. of Ostrich feathers.

She anchored again in the evening to the E.

January 27th.—Wind S. W.

Nothing arrived.

Sailed Brazilian schooner brig Suspiro Cardoz, for Rio Janeiro,—despatched by S. Monteiro, with 4394 dry hides, 3000 horns, 550 quintals jerked beef.

American ship Tusculosa, Burnett, for Baltimore,—despatched by Zimmerman, Frazier and Co., with 7280 dry hides.

Passenger, Capt. Weld, late of brig Mary and Nancy.

(The Romulus which sailed yesterday, was in sight this morning.)

January 28th.—Wind W.

Nothing arrived.

Sailed British brig Traveller, Monamy, for Liverpool,—despatched by John H. Robillard & Co., with 500 dry hides, 2938 salted do (loose,) 123 pipes with 2080 salted do, 10 bales containing about 1500 dozen nutria skins, 1 do with 30 arrobas horse hair, 1 do with 3 dozen chinchilla skins and 3 leopard skins, 21,800 horns.

National brig Riobamba, Herbot, for Bahia, despatched by A. T. Blanco, with 890 quintals jerked beef.

H. I. M's Schooner Rio de la Plata, Capt. Lisboa, for Montevideo.

BIRTH.

On the 24th inst.—The lady of Thomas Armstrong, Esqr. of this city, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

On 25th inst.—Dr. D. Ramon, Anchoris.—His remains were conveyed on the same evening to the Cathedral church, (according to the regulations contained in a late decree,) attended by numerous friends with lights, &c. &c.

On 3rd January at sea.—Mr. H. D. Seckel, Supercargo of the American brig Emma.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THOMAS LEWIS, Bricklayer and Stonemason, returns thanks to his Friends and the Public, for their liberal encouragement since he commenced business in this city, and hopes to merit by strict attention and despatch, a continuance of their favours:—ovens, grates, and all kinds of stoves fixed on a new and superior plan, upon the most reasonable terms, and warranted to draw the smoke well.

Stone-beds for billiard-tables prepared, warranted to answer the purpose better than those framed, or made of wood. Also, stone-beds for printing-presses, marble chimney pieces, monuments or other ornaments broken or stained, repaired or cleaned, equal to new.

Orders received at No. 89, Calle del 25 de Mayo.

NOTICE.

J. R. JOHNSON, No. 30, Calle de la Alameda, has for sale, hams, saltfish potatoes, oysters, green gooseberries, superior English cheese, excellent cider and porter just arrived.—All at the most reduced prices.

A few barrels of anchovies.

N. B.—A handsome and complete counter for sale, and several hundred birch brooms for Saladeros

BRITISH FRIENDLY SOCIETY.

THE Annual General Meeting of the above Society, will be held in the vestry of the British Episcopal chapel, on Monday the 7th February, at one o'clock P. M., when the members and friends of the Institution are requested to attend.

GILBERT RAMSAY, Secretary.

TO LET.

HOUSE No. 137, Calle de Venezuela, it has 27½ varas front to the street, with 13 rooms in two large patios, and all the necessary offices; a small corridor and a covered stair-case to the azoteas.

It has just received a thorough repair. Apply to the owner No. 142, Calle de las Piedras.

SCOTCH PRESBYTERIAN CHAPEL.

THOSE desirous of procuring accommodation in the above chapel may apply to Mr. John Hector, No. 121, Calle de la Reconquista.

FOR SALE.

TWO handsome Marble Tablets, recently imported from and executed by one of the first rate stone Masons in London; they are perfectly adapted for fixing in the interior of the new church, building in this city; and are to be seen at the mercantile establishment of Messrs. Lavalle and Macome, No. 36, Calle de Potosi, where those persons requiring the above, may now be accommodated by making an immediate application.

NOTICE.

ANDREW MAYER, (TAILOR,) has the honor to inform his Friends and the Public in general, that he has removed his shop from No. 35, Calle de la Paz, to No. 70, in the same street, where he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the favours, which he has received for the last five years.

VAUXHALL.

Tomorrow the French dramatic company will perform

LES RIVAUX D'EUX MEMES,

AND

LA MERE CAMUS:

Between the two pieces Mons. Zego Boniface will swallow stones, and perform a variety of other feats.

Admittance and seats 2 dollars.—To begin at 5 o'clock.

PRICES CURRENT.

Doubleons, Spanish, 116 a 117 dollars each.

Do. Patriot, 114 a 115 do. do.

Plata Macaquina, 6½ a 6½ dollars for one.

Spanish Dollars, 7½ a 7½ dollars each.

Do. Patriot and Patacones, 6½ a 7 do.

6 per cent. Stock, 76 a 77 per cent.

Bank Shares, 160 dollars each.

Exchange on England, 7½d per dollar.

Do. on Rio Janeiro, 160 p. ct. prem.

Do. on Monte Video, 330 a 340 do. do.

Do. on the United States, 7 dollars, per U. S. dollar.

Hides, Ox, best, 33 a 35 dollars per pesada.

Do. country, 30 a 31 do. do.

Do. do. weighing 23 to 24 lbs., 27 a 28 do.

Do. salted, 24 a 26 pesada.

Do. Horse, 9 a 10 dollars each.

Nutria skins, 11 a 15 dollars per dozen.

Chinchilla, 30 a 34 do.

Wool (common), 6 a 7 dollars per arroba.

Hair, long 28 a 31 dollars per arroba.

Do. mixed, 17 a 22½ do. do.

Jerked Beef, 13 a 15 dl per quintal.

Horns, best, 450 a 650 dollars per mil.

Flour, (North America) 47 a 48 dols. p. bbl.

Salt, 7½ a 8 dollars per fanega on board.

Discount, 2 a 3 per cent.

The highest price of Doubleons, during the week 117 dollars. The lowest price, 113 dols.

The highest rate of Exchange upon England during the week, 7½. The lowest do. 7½d.

ERRATA: in our last number.—For 7½ the lowest rate of exchange upon England, read 7½.

This paper is published every SATURDAY, price SEVEN DOLLARS per Quarter. All communications to be addressed to the Editor and left at No. 59 Calle del 25 de Mayo where, subscriptions are received.

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