

THE
British Packet,
AND
ARGENTINE NEWS.

No. 236.]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26th, 1831.

[Vol. v.]

BUENOS AYRES.

Several proclamations were addressed to the troops, which marched from this city on 18th inst., by their Commanding officers. That of Col. Rolon, as chief of the division, stated that the honor of the Province, and the great cause of the people, had drawn them to the campaign. That the fatal work of the military mutiny of the 1st December, 1828, was still sustained in the interior Provinces by the blood of many victims; that a state of things so injurious, so opposed to humanity, was no longer supportable, and that they marched to sustain a cause as noble as that of independence. The proclamation concludes with the words—long live federation—long live the legislative body—long live the boundary Provinces—long live His E. the Governor, the restorer of the laws of our country.

The proclamations of Colonels Celestino Vidal, Felix Alzaga, and Major Joaquin Maria Ramiro, &c., were of similar import to the above.

All the troops, both officers and men, wore a red band in their caps, upon which was inscribed "Federation or death." The bands of the different regiments were in attendance, and performed various marches, &c.

The 2d bulletin of the auxiliary confederate army, was published in this city on 20th inst.; it contains a communication from General Lopez to the Governor of the province of Buenos Ayres, dated head quarters, *Sunchos* 13th inst., stating the defeat of the troops of Col. Pedernera on the 5th inst., by those of Col. Pacheco, and of the general disinclination of the inhabitants of the country districts of Cordova, to the cause of the Protector General Paz. That a number of the Cordova militia had joined the federal army, the particulars of which are detailed in the bulletin.

The 3d bulletin was published on the 24th inst., containing a communication from General Lopez, dated head quarters, *Asequion*, 19th inst., and a despatch from Col. Narciso de Sosa, dated *Tio*, 16th inst., stating, that on that day he had defeated a division of unitarian troops

commanded by Col. Plaza, which consisted of about 300 cavalry, and more than 100 infantry, that the cavalry was completely routed, the infantry however had taken up a good position, from which they kept up a lively fire upon the *Guerrillas* which attacked them, and had retreated to a situation which it was not thought prudent to attack. The number killed in the division of Col. Plaza is stated at more than 40 men, including 2 officers; and that only one soldier and a sergeant were wounded in the federal division.

A variety of particulars have been published in the *Lucero* of this week, relative to the state and occurrences in the interior Provinces. A number of instances are adduced, in which detachments of troops have been cut off by the federal party, and others have voluntarily joined them, particularly in the province of Santiago. Our next number will probably contain something official upon these events, which at present are vaguely detailed.

It is reported that Col. Pacheco has been obliged to resign the Command in the confederate army to Col. Ramos, in consequence of a severe return of the fever, with which he was afflicted at the Havannah.

The creation of new funds to the amount of six millions of dollars, the particulars of which will be found in another part of this paper, has greatly depressed the market. The old 6 per cents, which in January last were 76, are now 56 a 57.

The ship *Manonne von Bucher*, from Hamburg, has brought us a series of Hamburg Papers, (and what is rather a novelty in this country) some Gazettes of St. Petersburg and Berlin. It appears that the late events on the Continent of Europe have completely abstracted the public attention there from the affairs of South America.

The *Universal* of Montevideo of 21st inst., contains some late news from Europe, brought we presume by the brig *Jolly Tar*, arrived at that port, the substance of which is that Pope Pius the VIIIth is dead. An insurrection had taken place in Poland against the Rus-

sians, and a battle fought in which the latter are stated to have sustained great loss, including 4 Generals killed. A provisional Government had been established at Warsaw.

The French army on the Algerine territory, under General Clauzel, are said to have gained a victory over an army of Arabs, and in consequence thereof had advanced into Africa as far as Mount Atlas.

Montevideo.

The Brazilian schooner *Sabea*, (according to a statement in the *Universal* of the above city,) has been run away with by some foreigners who were on board, and as no account can be given of the Captain and crew, it is supposed they were murdered. The *Sabea* was the property of Don Manuel Francisco Correa, of Parnagua, and had sailed from thence for the port of San Francisco, she had on board 800,000 reis in copper and other articles. The robbers proceeded to the River Plate, and near Colonia ran the schooner on shore, and landed with the money, &c. They were however despoiled of their booty by other robbers on shore, and we hear that several individuals of both parties have been arrested, and sent to the goal of Montevideo.

An estimate has been presented to the House of Representatives in Montevideo, of the expenses of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, from 15th February, 1831, to 15th February, 1832: the amount stated is 699,920 dollars.

The Carnival went off extremely well at Montevideo: no water throwing. The theatre was open, the ladies attended in best *costume*; and Montevideo has thus given an excellent example, by abandoning the *uncivil* and absurd custom hitherto followed.

The opera of the Barber of Seville has been performed at the theatre of Montevideo, the part of *Figaro* by D. ña Angela Tani. The *Universal* highly eulogizes her performance. We can hardly fancy that she who in Buenos Ayres has so often delighted us as the gentle *Amenuide*, *Cenerentola*, *Rosina*, &c., can have made any very great hit in such a character as the Barber, especially when recollecting Vacani in the same part.

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

Buenos Ayres, 18th February, 1831.

The Inspector General will, in the order of the day, cause to be recognized as General in chief of the army in campaign General Juan Ramon Balcarce; and as chief of the staff General Enrique Martinez.

Marcos Balcarce.

A decree dated 17th inst., orders the reestablishment of the offices of writer and porter in the Engineer department, the first with a salary of six hundred dollars per annum and the second 12 dollars per month.

The Justices of peace, who fulfil the functions of the Commissaries of police in the country districts, are to receive the salaries of the said Commissaries for the time being.

The new tariff of duties to be levied in the port of San Fernando, in order to provide for the expenses of constructing the canal of San Fernando has been approved of by the Government, and the particulars published.

A decree dated 18th inst., suppresses the travelling outlers in the country districts, on the plea that they serve to promote robbery, drunkenness and gambling.

Col. A. Pinedo, of the 1st regiment of militia cavalry, has forwarded to the Government a note he had received from the Commandant of the squadron of purveyors, requesting in the name of the said Commandant, and in that of the officers and men under his Command, that they may be permitted to march with their fellow countrymen of the restoring army, to sustain the empire of the laws; that it was well known the great interest they had taken for the triumph of the good cause, that they are well equipped and armed, and ready to march, having no other desire, but to assist in the liberation of their country.

General Marcos Balcarce, the Minister of war and marine, replied to the above dated Buenos Ayres 19th inst., thanking them in the name of the Government for their noble and generous offer, but it was considered the force which had marched was quite sufficient to effect the purposes intended, and that the present duty allotted to the squadron being of importance, it was not thought advisable to make any alteration in that respect.

A decree dated 19th inst., states, that the Government being under the hard but indispensable necessity to appeal to arms, to defend the liberty of this Province and of all the Republic, against the mutineers of the 1st December, 1828, who continued the devastation of the Provinces of the interior: That all the inhabitants of this Province ought to aid in so just an undertaking, and this duty common to all more particularly applying to those men of colour who would have

been born slaves, except for the generosity of the country, by virtue of the law of 2nd February, 1813: It is therefore ordered, that all males of the above description of 15 years of age and upwards, shall be enlisted for the public service: they are to present themselves at the Retiro to the Commissioner appointed for that purpose, (Don Francisco Agustin Wright,) and fine and penalty is imposed for non-compliance.

Buenos Ayres, 21st February, 1831.

The motives which induced the Government to impose a temporary prohibition upon the exportation from the Province of gold and silver bullion having ceased: it has decreed.

Article 1st.—Bullion of gold and silver may be exported from the Province, upon payment of the usual duties.

2nd.—Let this be published.

ROSAS.
Manuel J. Garcia.

A decree dated 21st inst., states, that the contractors for the collection of public dues, having converted into a practice to solicit indemnity for losses sustained during their administration, to the great detriment of the public revenue;

It is declared that no demand for such indemnity, unless occasioned by calamity or public force, can be allowed.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Government presented to the House the following projects of law.

TREASURY-OFFICE, BUENOS AYRES,
February 16th 1831.

The Government has the honor to submit to the House of Representatives the three accompanying projects of law, the passing of which is required by the present state of the Province, and for the object therein expressed.

Juan Manuel de Rosas.
Manuel J. Garcia.

To the hon. House of Representatives,
&c. &c.

Article 1st.—A capital of six millions of dollars shall be added and recognized in the book of the public funds and revenue of the Province, bearing interest after the rate of six per cent per annum, and sixty thousand dollars per annum shall be assigned for its liquidation.

2nd.—The six millions of public funds created by the preceding article, shall be appropriated to the payment of the extraordinary expenses incurred during the present year.

Garcia.

PROJECT OF LAW, No II.

The Government is authorized to borrow on mortgage of public funds, and at the interest of six per cent per annum, the sums deposited in the sinking fund, during the time the said sums are not destined to other objects by the Legislature.

Garcia.

The Committee appointed to examine the above, advised the sanction of project No. 1, with a trifling alteration, and substituted for No. 2 the following

PROJECT OF LAW.

Article 1st.—In order to fulfil the object expressed in the law of this date, for

the creation of public funds. The Directors of the public funds, and of the sinking fund for the redemption of Bank Notes are authorized to lend to the Government three hundred thousand dollars in each month, including that of February, from the sums deposited in the sinking fund.

2nd.—The Directors of the public funds shall deliver up as soon as possible to the sinking fund for the redemption of Bank Notes, an amount of public funds by way of mortgage, until the quantity lent in pursuance of the preceding article be reimbursed, in the proportion of three dollars of the public funds for each two received in current money.

Zuniga, Anchorena, Gomez, Senillosa, Alzina.

The above two projects were sanctioned by the House, in the sitting of the 19th instant.

The definitive treaty offensive and defensive between the provinces of Buenos Ayres, Entrerios and Santa Fé, has been published. It was signed at Santa Fé on the 4th January, 1831. On the part of Buenos Ayres, by Don José Maria Rojas y Patron. On that of Entrerios, by Don Antonio Crespo; and Santa Fé, by Don Domingo Cullen. It was ratified in Buenos Ayres on the 1st instant.

The treaty does not materially differ from the preliminary one, which we published some time since. It states in the exordium, that the major part of the Provinces of the Republic have unequivocally expressed their wish for the federal form of Government.

The treaty consists of 17 articles. The 15th says, that during the present state of things, and while peace is not established in all the Provinces of the Republic, an ostensible Commissioner from each of the three boundary Provinces, shall reside at Santa Fé.

An additional article states the urgency that the present treaty should be concluded, that the province of Corrientes, has not subscribed to it, in consequence of its Commissioner, General Pedro Ferré, having resigned that employment, on being appointed Governor of Corrientes, but that there is every reason to believe that the Government of that Province will accede to it, when invited thereto.

A melancholy accident occurred on Tuesday afternoon. Don Domingo Gallino and Don José Costa, embarked in a whale boat in order to bring Don Santiago Costa on shore, from the guard vessel Cacique, in the outer roads. They arrived safe on board, but when returning the boat capsized, and Don Domingo Gallino, Don Santiago Costa and his son Don José, and one of the boatman (a negro,) were drowned—the others got on the keel of the boat, and were saved by the boat of the Cacique.

All the afternoon it was blowing nearly a gale with a high sea. The Captain of the Port advised the parties not to embark—and the Captain of the Cacique likewise endeavoured to persuade them to stop on board, till the weather moderated.

This is another of the many serious accidents, which show the danger of trifling with this river.

The above catastrophe caused considerable sensation in town, the parties being so well known.

FOREIGN MERCHANT VESSELS

IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES, ON THE 24th OF FEBRUARY.

VESSELS AND CAPTAINS' NAMES.	CONSIGNEES.	DESTINATION, &c.
BRITISH.		
Brig Ann, Waller,	Alfred Barber.	Loading for Liverpool,
Do Brothers, Spittall,	John Miller and Co.	do do.
Do Iberia, Kirton,	S. Lezica Bros.	do do.
Schr-brig Pursuit, Alexander,	S. Lezica Bros.	do do.
Brig Union, Maillard,	Bertram, Chambers and Co.	do for Guernsey.
Do Treasurer, Stoddart,	Charles Tayleur, and Co.	Bound to Brazil.
Do James, Wright,	Orr and Lamont,	Liverpool.
Do Britannia, Black,	Charles R. Horne,	London.
Do Floraville, Stephenson,	M'Crackan and Jamieson.	Discharging.
AMERICAN.		
Ship St. Peter, Crosby,	John Eschenburg and Co.	Loading for Baltimore.
Do Eliza Henrietta, Raines,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.,	do do.
Do Atticus, Martin,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	do for New York.
Brig Margaret, Langdon,	Dorr and Reincke,	do do.
Do Seneca, Page,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	do do.
Do Emma, Shankland,	Grogan, Peacock and Morgan.	do for Philadelphia.
Ship Triton, Smith,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	do for Boston.
Do Spartan, Atkins,	do.	Cape de Verdes.
Brig Orient, Ellis,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	New York.
Do J. Ashman, Cowpland,	John Eschenburg and Co.	Philadelphia,
Do Pallure, Williams,	W. Rodger, Breed and Co.	Bahia.
Do Gazelle, Gibson,	do.	Discharging.
Do Ruth, Jefferson,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	do.
Do Cornelia, Beard,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	do.
Ship Balloon, Holbrook,	do.	For sale.
FRENCH.		
Brig Cecilia, De la Berquerie,	Rodriguez, Puel and Co.	Ldg. for Havre de Grace.
Do Herminie, Soret,	Garnier and Bros.	do do.
S. Courier des Indes, Mourgues	Sebastian Lezica Bros.	Bound to the Island of Bourbon, with mules, Rio Janeiro.
Do Caroline, Liger,	Larrea Bros.	Discharging.
Do Adele, Barry,	Bianc and Constantine,	
SARDINIAN.		
Polacre Vigilante, Pino,	J. Gestal.	Loading for Rio Janeiro.
Schooner Asunta, Bassori,	do.	For sale.
Brig Eloisa, Celli,	Daguid, Holland and Co.	Discharging.
BREMEN:		
Brig Cesar, Deetjen,	S. Lezica Bros.	Loading for Havannah.
Do Catherine, Wessels,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	do do.
Do Arion, Geerkin,	do.	Discharging.
HAMBURG.		
Ship Sophia, Lafrentz,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	Havannah.
DUTCH.		
Galliot Maria, Borchers,	F. Halback.	Loading for Antwerp.
Brig Constant, Van Schie,	Daguid, Holland and Co.	For a port in Europe.
DANISH.		
S. Manonne von Blucher, Sohst,	J. J. Klicck,	Discharging.
BRAZILIAN.		
B. Campeao da Liberdade, Maximiao,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	Loading for Rio Janeiro.
Do Pensamiento Feliz, J. A. [de los Santos,	Pedro Plomer.	Uncertain.
Schr brig Nueva Ervate, Pacheco,	C. M. Huergo.	Rio Grande.
Brig Paquete del Brazil, Silva,	J. Gestal.	Brazil.
Do San José Americano, Silva,	C. J. Moreyra.	Discharging.
Schooner-brig Vigilante, Reyes,	Narcisso, Martinez,	do.
PORTUGUESE.		
Schooner-brig Maria, Bautista,	F. Botet.	Loading for Cadiz.
TUSCAN.		
Brig Esperanza, Lunari,	J. Gestal.	Ldg. for Cadiz & Gibraltar.
ORIENTAL.		
Brig Mariana, Month,	Pedro A. Plomer,	Loading for Rio Janeiro.
Do Montevidiana, Fynn,	Bertram, Chambers and Co.	Montevideo.

FOREIGN VESSELS OF WAR.

BRITISH.

Frigate Volage, Captain Right Hon. Lord Colchester.
Packet Duke of York, Lieutenant Snell, Commander

FRENCH.

Brig Aigrette, Captain Thavenet.
Schooner (Tender) Etoile de Sud, Captain Santi.

BRAZILIAN.

Schooner Rio de la Plata, Captain Lisboa.

AT ENSENADA.

BRITISH.—Ship Simpson, Mathews, to Frederic Schmaling, loading with mules for the West India
FRENCH.—Ship L'Eucharist, Laudumicy, to Guerin, Seris, and Co., loading with mules for the
Do Nouvelle Alliance, Laviguac, to V. Courras, do do do.

It is said that the celebrated *Chearini*, who drew such crowds of spectators to the *Parque Argentino*, (Vauxhall,) is dead: but whether from one of those accidents so common in his profession, we have not heard.

He was certainly eminent on the tight rope, and some of his vaulting feats were truly extraordinary. It was his intention to return to this country after making his harvest in the capital, and along the coast of Brazil. This some years before had also been *Southby's* plan, whose wife was as dexterous, and as graceful on the tight rope as *Chearini*. As the retreat of the English company made way for the Italian, and as ample success attended both, we should be glad if *Chearini's* were soon replaced by some one of the many able ones who perambulate Europe. There is indeed a great dearth of amusements in Buenos Ayres, and this class is particularly to the taste of the public; and if that of English pantomime, so susceptible of endless variety, and ballets of action, such as *Raymond and Agnes*, *Don Juan*, *Perouse*, &c., were added to the usual tumbling tight and slack rope dancing, and horsemanship, which whatever dexterity may be displayed, can be very little varied, success would be insured for a series of seasons. *Chearini* continued to attract a couple of thousand spectators at each of his exhibitions, although the *Parque* had then but an unfinished stage, no circus, and no sitting accommodation for half the number.

It is reported that *Señora Schironi*, of operatic celebrity in this city, died lately at *Santiago de Chile*.

We fear that the expectation of having the opera again by the return of the "Tani Company" to this city, with the talents of *Rosquellas* and *Vacani* conjoined, is not likely to be realized. Obstacles exist not with the above named professors, (as we are informed,) but in other quarters. However, when the Government can devote time from more important matters, we trust and think it will by its sanction and interference, endeavour that the opera, which afforded such delight, both to natives and foreigners, and reflected such credit upon this capital, be restored to us. It was a profitable concern for a number of years, and would in all probability be so again.

Would that times were better, and that a theatre solely for operatic performances could be erected, 50, or 60,000 dollars current money, or even a less sum would effect this.

The want of rain has been most severely felt, both in town and country, and the constant high winds, heat and dust, is not very common at this season.

The *Alameda* has been deserted for the two last Sundays. The first Sunday on account of Carnival; and the second from the wind and dust.

In consequence of the news from the interior, the flag at the Marine Office was hoisted on Saturday last, and a few soldiers in quarters there were drawn up on the *Alameda*, and with their officers uttered loud vivas.

In the evening there were a number of male bathers in the river.

On the 22nd inst., the birth day of Washington, the American flag was hoisted at the Washington Hotel. The boisterous weather prevented any display from the vessels in port.

SHIPPING MEMORANDA.

The National schooner *Veloz*, Letzen, from Buenos Ayres 26th November, arrived at Valparaiso 12th January.

The British brig *Porteña*, Lowden, from B. Ayres 8th October, was telegraphed at Liverpool on 14th December, as being off Holyhead.

The British brig *Gomer*, Timothy, from B. Ayres 7th September, bound to London, was cast away at Plymouth in December. The cargo it was thought would be saved.

The British Packet *Reynard*, from Buenos Ayres 26th September; Rio Janeiro and Montevideo, arrived at Falmouth about 12th December.

The National ship *Minerva*, Salvassen, drove from her anchors in the outer roads, during the high wind on the night of the 20th inst., and struck upon the bank North of the outer roads, called the "City Bank."—She filled with water and cannot be got off.

Arrivals at Montevideo.

February 17th.—Brazilian brig *Rio de la Plata*, from Rio Janeiro 7th inst.

20th.—British brig *Jolly Tar*, from Liverpool 16th December.

Sailed from Montevideo.

February 15th.—H. I. M. brig *Duquesa de Goyaz*, for St. Catherines.

American brig *Ahtelope*, Bowers, for Bahia.
19th.—Sardinian schooner-brig *Blanca*, for Gibraltar.



MARINE LIST.



PORT OF BUENOS AYRES.

February 19th.—Wind E.N.E.

Arrived French ship *Adele*, Barrey, from Havre de Grace 2nd December; Montevideo 17th inst., with general cargo and 83,000 tiles, to Blanc and Constantin.

Sardinian brig *Blois*, Celli, from Gibraltar 19th December, with 138 pipes, 10 half do, 180 quarter do and 282 barrels of wine, 500 cases of raisins, 42 bales matting, &c., to Duguid, Holland and Co.

Danish ship *Manonne von Blucher*, Sohst, from Hamburg 27th November, with general cargo, to J. J. Klick.

2 zamacas and 8 balandras from the Parana and Uruguay with lime, hides, &c.
Sailed American brig *Cambrian*, Goodhue, for Salem,—despatched by Noble, Cowland and Co., with 2649 dry hides, 750 salted do.

February 20th.—Wind S.E. blowing hard in the afternoon.

Nothing arrived.

Sailed National schooner *San Juan Bautista*, Labrador, for Rio Janeiro,—despatched by M. A. Ruyter, with 2822 hides, 282 awntina

February 21st.—Wind N.E. shifted in the afternoon to E.S.E. blowing hard.

Nothing arrived.

Sailed 11 sail of small craft to the N.

February 22nd.—Wind E.S.E. blowing nearly a gale.

Arrived Oriental packet schooner *Rosa*, Moratorio, from Montevideo 21st inst., to C. Galleno.

February 23rd.—Wind S.E. blowing hard in the afternoon.

Nothing arrived.

Sailed National packet schooner *Flor del Rio*, Costas, for Montevideo.

February 24th.—Wind N.N.E.

Arrived National flotilla, with troops on board, Commanded by Col. Hidalgo, last from Martin Garcia, consisting as follows:—schooner *Venus*, Capt. Vannorden; zamaca *La Paz*, Lieut. Gwynn; No. 7 Gun-boat, Lieut. Noguera. 2 zamaca and 5 balandras from the Parana and Uruguay, with wood, &c.

Sailed National packet schooner *Bella Perena*, Anderson, for Montevideo and Rio Janeiro.

February 25th.—Wind S.E.

Nothing arrived or sailed.

DIED.

On 20th instant, Captain Samuel Riches, of the British brig *Treasurer*, now lying in this port.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THE church Committee hereby give notice, that the New Church will be opened for the celebration of Divine Service on Sunday the 6th March.

Any persons desirous to take sittings therein, are requested to apply in the ensuing week to Mr Carlisle, the Treasurer.

By Order of the Committee,
JOHN CARLISLE.

NOTICE.

To Captains of Vessels, and the public in general.

THE undersigned has the honor to inform his friends and the public, that he has opened a Butcher's shop, at No. 15, calle de la Alameda, where he can supply his friends and the public with beef and pork, per quarter, arroba or pound; salted pork, per barrel, arroba or pound; corned beef, per barrel, or arroba; mutton, sausages, German do, or any article in the pork line; pickled tripe, do sausages, salted tongues, and vegetables of all kinds according to the season.

FOR VESSELS.—Pigs, small or large, ducks, fowls, turkeys, geese, pigeons; onions for pickling, or by strings on the shortest notice.

The undersigned hopes by his attention, the good quality of the various articles he offers for sale, and his moderate charges, to merit the public patronage.

EDWARD BROWN.

INTERESTING.

FOR sale at the Store, No. 81, calle del Peru, corner of the market-place.

Hollands gin, first quality, at dol. 5 per gal.
Do in frasqueras, at 7 do.
French cognac, at 7 do.
Madera wine, first quality, at 7 do.
Catalonia wine, at 3½ do.
English butter at 2 ½ per lb.
Limpet US IN ORDER OF 4105. at 10 do.
English Mustard, at 3½ do.
Best French oil, at 22 reals per bottle.
French Vinegar, at 6 do.
Pickles, candles, vermicelli, rice, &c. &c.
All at the very lowest prices.

FOR SALE,

AN assortment of English Stationary; English Loaf sugar in barrels of 100 pounds; a few 18 gallon casks Madera wine.

Apply to

WILLIAM RODGER, BREED AND Co.
No. 45, calle de la Florida.

NOTICE.

PATTERSON AND GIBBONS, respectfully beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have opened a Ladies and Gentleman's shoe and boot shop, at No. 41, calle de Maypu, where orders will be executed with the utmost possible expedition.

BUENOS AYREAN FOREIGN SCHOOLS.

AN adjourned meeting of the subscribers to the B. A. F. Schools, will be held at Mr. Jenkinson's in the Plaza, on Tuesday 1st March, at 1 o'clock.

NOTICE.

IF MR. SIMON COOTE PURDON, will apply at the British Consulate, he will find a letter to his address.

Any intelligence relative to the said individual, is requested to be made known at the above office.

FOR LONDON.

THE A. 1. British brig *BRITANNIA*, 107 Tons by register, DAVID BLACK, Master, is a superior vessel in every respect for conveying a cargo at the present season, being of very easy burthen and a fast sailer—is coppered and copper-fastened, and will be ready to take in a cargo in a fortnight at the furthest, and which she will take on reasonable terms.

Also, has excellent accommodations for Passengers. For further particulars apply to the Captain on board, or to

CHARLES R. HORNE,

Licensed Ship Broker,

No. 88, Calle de la Piedad.

Buenos Ayres, 18th February, 1831.

FOR SALE.

THE following Annual of the present year, with plates—price 12 shillings, or the equivalent in current money.
Cameo.

PRICES CURRENT.

Doubleons, Spanish, 126 a 127 dollars each.
Do. Patriot, 124 a 125 do. do.
Plata Macquina, 7 a 7½ dollars for one.
Spanish Dollars, 7½ a 7¾ dollars each.
Do. Patriot and Patacones, 7½ a 7¾ do.
6 per cent. Stock, 56 per cent.
Bank Shares, 164 dollars each.
Exchange on England, 64d per dollar.
Do. on Rio Janeiro, 178 a 175 p. ct. prem.
Do. on Monte Video, 350 do. do.
Do. on the United States, 7½ dollars, per U. S. dollar.
Hides, Ox, best, 36 a 37 dollars per pesada.
Do. country, 34 a 36 do. do.
Do. do. weighing 23 to 24 lbs., 28 a 30 do.
Do. salted, 25 a 26 pesada.
Do. Horse: 10 a 12 dollars each.
Nuts, skins, 13 a 14 dollars per assen.
Salt, 9 a 10 dollars per fanega on board.
Hair, long 31 a 33 dollars per arroba.
Do. mixed, 20 a 27 do. do.
Jerked Beef, 13 a 14 dl per quintal.
Horns, 450 a 850 dollars per mil.
Flour, (North America) 43 a 45 dols. p. bbl.
Salt, 9 a 10 dollars per fanega on board.
Discount, 2 a 3 per cent.

The highest price of Doubleons, during the week 130 dollars. The lowest price, 122 dols. The highest rate of Exchange upon England during the week, 6½. The lowest do. 6¼d.

Printed at the State Printing-Office.