

THE
British Packet,
AND
ARGENTINE NEWS.

No. 248.]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, MAY 21st, 1831.

[VOL. V.]

BUENOS AYRES.

It was known that the Army of Reserve hitherto stationed on the frontier of this Province, under the Command of the Governor, Don Juan Manuel de Rosas, had marched on the 9th into the territory of Cordova, in order to join that portion of the Auxiliary Confederate Army, which, under the immediate direction of the Commander-in-chief, Gen. Estanislao Lopez, Governor of Santa Fé, had been carrying on active operations against the forces of General Paz. Decisive measures were expected from this movement of the reserve, which is composed chiefly of infantry, the arm in which Gen. Paz was most powerful, and the troops under the command of General Lopez being cavalry, he had not thought it prudent to risk a general action, until the arrival of the infantry of the Confederate Army. A letter from a superior officer in the latter, published in the *Lucero* of the 18th inst., described that portion of the Confederates as being full of enthusiasm, particularly since the arrival of their General, (Rosas,) amongst them, and eager to measure bayonets with the troops of Gen. Paz, although the writer of the letter in question expressed his opinion, that the troops of the latter would abandon him.

On the 19th. news was circulated in this city, which positively stated that the Governor of Tucuman, Don Javier Lopez had set out from from that with 800 troops belonging to his Province and Catamarca, in order to join the Protector Gen. Paz; but that they had dispersed during the march, and that he arrived in Cordova with scarcely 200 men: the cause of his leaving Tucuman, was said to be a revolution in that city. It was added, that a regiment of cavalry belonging to Gen. Paz, (the Colorados,) consisting of 400 men had likewise dispersed, some of whom had gone to their homes, and others had joined the Confederate Army.

On the evening of the 19th. intelligence was received in Buenos Ayres, that the Protector General Paz had been taken prisoner. It caused considerable excite-

ment in town, the streets were crowded, and in various parts rockets and other fireworks were discharged.

Early on the morning of the 20th. the following official notice was published.

**VIVA LA PATRIA!!! VIVA LA
FEDERACION!!!**

12TH BULLETIN.

No. I.

Arroya de Pavon, 16th May, 1831.

Most Excellent Sir,

The original despatches which the undersigned Governor sends to the delegate Government will inform Your E. that Gen. José Maria Paz is a prisoner. This great event took place on the 10th inst., and on the 12th. it was celebrated in the Confederate Army, by the arrival to it of the said Chieftain a prisoner.

The undersigned congratulates the delegate Government upon an incident so fortunate, the details of which Your E. will find in the communications conveyed by Col. Mariano Garcia, who is accompanied by Lieut. Felipe Cernadas of the militia: they will cause mutual felicitation and demonstrations of joy to the people of Buenos Ayres, whom as well as the Government I respectfully salute.

JUAN MANUEL DE ROSAS:
Manuel Vicente de Maza.

No. II.

AUXILIARY CONFEDERATE ARMY.

Head-quarters, on the Rio Segundo,
12th May, 1831.

I have the satisfaction to inform Your E. of an event as fortunate as it was unexpected, which took place in the afternoon of the day before yesterday. An advanced party of 70 men of the militia of Santa Rosa, that was incorporated with the division of Commandant Reinafé, approached the flank of the enemy's Army, which was marching in the neighbourhood of the Estancia of D. Damaso Alvarez, three leagues to the West of the town of Santa Rosa; and at the distance of 8 squares from thence it made prisoner the General-in-chief José Maria Paz, dispersed his escort, and in the skirmish killed Lieut. Reimundo Arana.

The Commandant of the said advanced

party, D. Estevan Acosta, taking advantage of the consternation which this *coup de main* had caused, quickly retreated, and has just arrived in this camp with the distinguished prisoner.

I want time and expressions to value the importance of this event, upon which I congratulate Your E. &c.

ESTANISLAO LOPEZ.

No. III.

Flying Camp, 11th May, 1831.

Most Excellent Sir,

Yesterday at 10 o'clock in the afternoon, the enemy's Army came down as far as the Punto de los Alvares, two leagues above Santa Rosa, where they met with two parties of our troops, commanded by the brave Commandants Don Estevan Acosta and Don Bartolo Benevid, and after exchanging shots four officers appeared in the enemy's vanguard. The said Commandants immediately charged them and killed Lieut. Arana and one soldier, and took prisoner the ex Protector, D. José Maria Paz and a soldier, whom I forwarded to you by the worthy Commandant D. Estevan Acosta.

A successful attack and dispersion of 200 to 300 men is then detailed; and the communication is signed by Col. Francisco Reinafé—and addressed to the Commander-in-chief of the Auxiliary Confederate Army, Brigadier Estanislao Lopez.

No. IV.

Fort of the Tio, 12th May, 1831.

My beloved mother:

In the afternoon of the day before yesterday, having separated a short distance from the troops under my command, I fell in by mistake with an enemy's party, who took me prisoner. This event so rare in its kind, causes me to be at the head-quarters of General Lopez. But I request you will be under no apprehensions for me, as I have been treated by the said General and other officers, with most satisfactory consideration; and besides I enjoy perfect tranquillity of mind.

I have no object in acquainting you with this event, except that you will not be concerned for my fate, and that you may dispose as hitherto of the esteem, with which I am your obedient son,

José Maria Paz.

To Señora Doña M. Tiburcia de Haedo.

The letter of General Paz to his mother, was sent open to the Government, who have forwarded it to the lady.

The balls with which he was entrapped, by a man said to be called Ceballos, have arrived in town.

It is said that after the fate of General Paz was known, Col. de la Madrid assumed the Government of Cordova—setting aside the authorities which had been left there by Gen. Paz.

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

A decree dated 10th inst. appoints Dr. José Eujenio Elias, fiscal in criminal cases, *vice* Dr. Francisco Ugarteche resigned.

Dr. Francisco Planes, to be judge de *primera instancia*, *vice* Dr. J. E. Elias.

Dr. Francisco de los Reyes y Conde, to be agent fiscal, *vice* Dr. F. Planes.

A decree dated 17th inst., states, that in order to the completion of the Canal of San Fernando, the duties levied on the *Corrales* should in conjunction with those levied on the produce of the *Monte*, be applied to that object.

MEDICINE DE MONSR. LE ROY.

Many of our readers will recollect the excitement occasioned in Buenos Ayres in the year 1824, upon the first introduction of the above Medicine, and the name it took of *panquimagogo*. It was given out as the grand specific for all diseases, and the healthy and infirm, the old and the young, hastened to purchase a balsam more renowned than even the one patronized by the Knight of La Mancha.

Some wags asserted, that it had the power of setting a hump back to rights, and that by taking it, the hump would by degrees entirely disappear. So great was the demand for this restorative, that the shops in which it was sold were in a manner besieged; reminding one of the lines and chorus in the pantomime of Harlequin and the bath of beauty;

"Mr. Hermit do your duty,
Lead us to the bath of beauty,
I can no longer bear this hump,
Nor I no longer stump, stump, stump."

In a short time, however, the virtues of the *panquimagogo* began to be called in question, and (except by a few,) it was rated only as a quack medicine, beneficial in those cases which required strong purgatives, but those few maintained its superiority over all other medicines; and Dr. Pedro Martinez, (the Doctor of the port,) published a book in its support, called the "Quintessence of true Medicine;" and another work appeared at stated periods, with the same motive, entitled the "Semanario, Cientifico, Historico and Clinico," and stating the progress of the *Medicina Curativa*.

An application was lately made by Dr. Pedro Martinez, in order to introduce this famous Medicine into the Hospitals of Buenos Ayres, as being of less cost to the public treasury, and better than all other physics. The Tribunal of Medicine in this city has in consequence thereof addressed the Government in an elabo-

rate and well written exposé, of which the following are the outlines:—

That the Tribunal had examined the representation forwarded by Dr. Pedro Martinez with every possible attention and impartiality, and had likewise read the 4 books accompanying it, viz:—the 2 published in this city, and 2 others printed in Valencia, one of them edited by M. Le Roy.

That it is now about 7 years since the Tribunal had notice of the arrival in this city of a translation of the French work, entitled *La verdadera Medicina Curativa de M. Le Roy*; and a case containing some bottles of his specific. It was, however, thought that when the novelty had subsided the marvels attributed to it would sink into oblivion, like many other quack Medicines; and it was not supposed that one individual more enthusiastic than the rest, would propose its admission into the Hospitals of Buenos Ayres.

That it is perhaps an advantage that the Tribunal gives its opinion after the said Medicine has been 7 years in use here, otherwise if it had had to oppose the general torrent, its arguments might have been met by sarcasms, such was the enthusiasm and intolerance at that epoch. The Medicine was in fact defended by much the same reasons which Mussulmen advance in defence of the Alcoran.

The exposé of the Tribunal then enters into a long dissertation upon diseases, Medicines and its professors, from *Hippocrates*, 30 centuries back, to those of modern date, and that none of them put forth the doctrine advocated by M. Le Roy, which in reality is a miserable fraction of the old doctrine of Galen—and that if the bodies of deceased persons, who had taken the medicine of Le Roy, had been dissected, its destructive qualities would have been found.

In cases requiring very strong purgatives it might be of benefit. That the French would have been the first to have recommended the medicine of their countryman, had they considered it useful; but on the contrary, the Royal Academy of Medicine in Paris, pronounced against it, and that it was not the original composition of M. Le Roy, but a sort of imitation of the *Aguardiente aleman*, the use of which has been abandoned by Physicians as being dangerous.

That the Tribunal has no other object in issuing this exposé than to fulfil the duty imposed upon it, and expose charlatanism and imposture; and it is rather too much when the writers of the books here in favour of the medicine in question, infer, that among the thousands of medical men which exist in the world nothing can be compared to Señores Le Roy and Martinez, for philanthropy, humanity, &c.

The Tribunal in conclusion requests, that the representation of Dr. P. Martinez may be rejected, the system he proposes being erroneous, absurd and ridiculous, when professing to treat all diseases by a violent and dangerous remedy, and that no economy could result therefrom to the Hospitals—at the same time it intreats

that the sale of the Medicine may be prohibited, except in the shops of Apothecaries; and that the voice of proscription should be heard in all the territory of the Province, in order to rescue the people from the fatal illusion which ignorance has endeavoured to impose upon them, and that the Government in recompense will receive the gratitude and benediction of the present and future generations.

The above is dated Buenos Ayres, 23rd March, 1831,—and signed by

JUSTO GARCIA VALDEZ.
CRISTOBAL M. DE MONTUFAR.
MIGUEL RIVERA.

Doctor Indelicato has published the first number on Tuesday last, of a *petit Journal*, entitled *El Desengaño, Periódico de Medicina Popular*.

He has taken for his motto the words "Instruct the people, and prejudices will disappear."

It is intended to appear twice in each month, and to consist of 16 pages.

The subscription is 3 dollars per month, payable after having received the two numbers.

The principal object which the Author has in view is to combat the system of Le Roy; but the plan of his journal is more copious, as taking advantage of the present period, when a sort of mania exists among many of inhabitants of this city, for the practice of Medicine upon the plan of Le Roy; Dr. Indelicato therefore proposes to spread the knowledge of economical chemistry, hygiene and domestic medicine.

The object is praiseworthy and useful, and from all accounts the Doctor is fully capable to effect the enterprize he has proposed. Indeed *El Desengaño* bids fair to merit public approbation.

The names of subscribers are received at the house of Dr. Indelicato, No. 29, calle de Tacuari, from 12 to 2 every day.

On 16th inst. was published the first number of the evening Journal, entitled *Diario De La Tarde, Comercial, Politico y Literario*. It is at present printed on half a sheet of paper, but the Proprietors state it shall be increased, when the subscription list may authorize such a measure.

The first number contained a short address to its competitors in Buenos Ayres.

We wish success to the new paper. Few persons, however, are aware of the great expenses attendant upon publishing a Periodical at the present period in this city.

THEATRE.

On 16th inst. another operatic performance was exhibited, and Master Luis Pablo Rosquellas was again the principle attraction, he gave the recitative, and sung an air from the opera of *La Vestal*, (and in the character of *Otelo*), in the duet *Non mi inganno*.

In the latter he has evidently improved by not attempting too much. He was encored in the comic song of *El Jaleo*; but it is in serious or heroic characters we admire him, his action is then more natural, and at times beautiful. We wish

some little *Roscía* would start up to perform with him, (like Clara Fisher was when only 5 years of age,) we should then have tragedy and comedy in Lilliput.

Rosquellas, (senior,) performed on the violin, with variations in a new *gran Concierto*; few countries can boast of a professor of more talent.—We would suggest to Sr. Rosquellas the propriety of shortening these exhibitions in future, for however fine may be the execution, the pleasure is sometimes marred when the performance is spun out to too great a length, and the peevish are apt to accord in the opinion of the "learned snarler," and "wish it was impossible."

The *Cancion y Polo* was again sung by Sr. Rosquellas, and with the same comic effect. It was honoured with an encore, and the following lines,

"Que mugeres en el mundo,
Ha de sobra en que escoger."

produced hearty laughter from the ladies, but whether as doubting its truth, or in accordance with its reality it would be difficult to determine.

Señor Viera, to do him justice, exerted himself in several *arias* with éclat.

The house was full and brilliantly attended, and the boxes contained some fashionable *damas*, who were once never-failing visitants on opera nights.

There was also a number of British and North American fair, more than we have ever seen in the theatre, and some interesting faces among them. One of them, now "budding into womanhood," we remember in Buenos Ayres, when in countenance and figure she presented almost a counterpart of the *Niño Pablito*.

Various plays have been performed during the week.

We have received by the late arrivals from New York, a copy of some poetry written by a very youthful scion of the Muses, with a request that it should appear in the BRITISH PACKET, and it being the production of a boy of very tender years, we have perused it with much interest, regretting at the same time, that the nature of our paper and its limits, will not allow the general insertion of such matter.

The said poetry is addressed to Misses Julia and Sarah Palmer, of Buenos Ayres; and our New York Correspondent, we trust will be content with the following extracts from it.

When I survey the chequered road
On which my youthful steps have trod,
Methinks I see a brilliant spot,
That's unobscured without a blot.

Like some transcendent star at night,
That sends to earth its borrowed light,
To cheer the traveller on his way,
Or mock at the departed day.

That radiant spot dear girls are you,
Which memory's record brings to view,
Which like the seaman's Polar star
Attracts my notice from afar,

And calls me from the eddying stream
Of youth and life's capricious dream,
To that sweet time when pure and mild,
Each bore credentials of a child.

Methinks I see your lovely forms
As those for wedding feasts prepared,
Sporting amidst life's adverse storms
The rival *belles* of Buenos Ayres.

But time grows short, and I must say
That word which like a magic spell,
Breaks in upon the parting day,
That parting word farewell, farewell.

M. P. L.

The winter has at last set in, and it might be said to have commenced on Saturday last, on which day it was bleak and cold. It has since been fine "bracing weather," the thermometer 48 to 50. The

streets in consequence of the alteration in the temperature are not so thronged on the evenings as hitherto, and capotes and woollen clothing have become in request.

FOREIGN MERCHANT VESSELS

IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES, ON THE 19TH OF MAY.

VESSELS AND CAPTAINS' NAMES.	CONSIGNEES.	DESTINATION, &c.
BRITISH.		
Brig Floraville, Stephenson,	M'Crackan and Jamieson.	Loading for Liverpool [calling at Montevideo.]
Ship Tyrian, Cunningham,	S. Lezica Bros.	do do.
Barque Byker Bruce,	Charles Tayleur and Co.	do do.
Brig Elizabeth, Mc Gaa,	John Harratt and Sons.	do do.
Brig Swan, Moore,	Duguid, Holland and Co.	do for Havannah.
Do Luna, Collinson,	S. Lezica Bros.	do do.
Brig Louisa, Lenfesty,	Miller, Stewart and Co.	do for London.
Barque Susannah, Walker,	S. Lezica Bros.	Mauritius, with mules.
Brig Prompt, Dickenson,	M'Crackan and Jamieson,	Liverpool.
AMERICAN.		
Ship Henry Hill, Hoyt,	Davison, Dorr and Co.	Loading for Malaga.
Brig Wanderer, Dickenson.	Dorr and Reinck.	do for New York.
Schr. b. Patsey B. Blount, Scott,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	do do.
Brig Neptune, Butler,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	do do.
Do Brilliant, Creighton,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	do do.
Do Glory, Clive,	do.	do for Havannah.
Do Mary, Robinson,	do.	do for Bremen.
Do Sicily, Bridges,	Charles Tayleur and Co.	do for Gibraltar & Malaga
Ship Exchange, Mezick,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	do for Baha.
Schooner George, Keating,	Davison, Dorr and Co.	do for Boston.
Schooner-brig Volador, Fitch,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	Discharging.
Brig Draco, Bangs,	Zimmerman, Frazier and Co.	do.
Ship Caroline, Cloutman,	do.	do.
Do Hontonia, Marshall,	Noble, Gowland and Co.	do.
FRENCH.		
Brig Hermine, Soret,	Garnier Bros.	Ldg. for Havre de Grace
S. Courrier des Indes, Mourgues	Sebastian Lezica Bros.	do do.
Do Auguste, Coutard,	Bertram Chambers and Co.	do do.
Do Adele, Carrey,	Blanc and Constantine.	do for Havannah.
SARDINIAN.		
Brig Eloisa, Celli,	Duguid, Holland and Co.	Loading for Gibraltar.
Do Buen Amigo, Maggiolo,	J. Gestal.	do for Genoa & Cadiz.
[late National brig Triunfo,	Antonio Rodriguez.	Rio Janeiro.
Schooner-brig Fortuna, Agosto,	P. A. Plomer.	A port in Europe.
Brig General Fiametta, Sacconi,	do.	Cadiz.
Polacre Virginia, Vaccaro,	J. B. Augustine.	For Sale.
Schr. Elia Constancia, Agustine,		
DUTCH.		
Brig Constant, Van Schie,	S. Lezica Bros.	For a port in Europe.
RUSSIAN.		
Brig Moscow, Vinet,	P. A. Plomer.	Discharging.
BRAZILIAN.		
Scher. Pensamiento Feliz, J.	Pedro Plomer.	Uncertain.
[A. de los Santos,	J. Gestal.	Loading for Brasil.
Barque Fluminense, Santiago,	J. C. Moreyra.	St. Catharines.
Zumaca Fortuna, Cruz,	J. Gestal.	discharging.
Brig Eolo, Pebeira,		

FOREIGN VESSELS OF WAR.

BRITISH.

Brig Algerine, Captain William Henry Martin.
Packet Calypso, Lieutenant Peyton Commander.

AMERICAN.

Sloop of war Vandalla, Captan Kennon.

FRENCH.

Brig Aigrette, Captain Thavenet.

BRAZILIAN.

Barque of war San Christoval, Captain Petra.



MARINE LIST.



PORT OF BUENOS AYRES:

May 14th.—Wind S. blowing strong and showery.

Arrived Oriental packet schooner *Aguila Primera*, Soriano, from Montevideo 13th, to A. Martinez.

Oriental packet schooner *Rosa*, Moratorio, from Montevideo 13th inst., to C. Galieno.

The National schooner-brig *Fama*, which sailed on the 13th., anchored the same night in the outer roads from head wind, and remained all this day.

May 15th.—Wind S. blowing strong.

Arrived Brazilian brig *Eolo*, Pereira, from Parnagua 28th ult.; Montevideo 14th inst., with 402 tierces of yerba and timber, to J. Gestal.

National balandra *San Antonio de la Guina*, Donato, from Montevideo 14th inst., in ballast, to J. Gestal.

The National Schooner brig *Fama* finally sailed for Valparaiso this day.

May 16th.—Wind S. S. W.

Nothing arrived.

Sailed National schooner *San Juan Bautista*, Labrador, for Rio Janeiro,—despatched by M. A. Ramos, with 3000 horns, 750 quintals of jerked beef.

12 sail of small craft to the N.

May 17th.—Wind W. S. W.

Arrived National cutter, (pilot boat) *Louisa*, from *Ensenada*.

Sailed American schooner brig *Maine*, Lee, for Bahia,—despatched by Noble, Gowland and Co, with 2045 quintals of jerked beef.

5 sail of small craft to the N.

May 18th.—Wind N. W.

Nothing arrived.

Sailed National cutter *Louisa*, (pilot boat), on a cruise in the River.

May 19th.—Wind N.

Arrived National Schooner *Sarandj*, Commodore Coe; do *Martin Chico*, Lieut. Thorn; schooner-brig *General Balcarce*, Lieut. Green, from the Uruguay.

May 20th.—Wind N.

Arrived Oriental packet schooner *Flor del Rio*, Costas, from Montevideo 19th inst., to Gaspar Resa.

National (pilot boat) schooner *Star of the South*, Martinez, from a cruise in the River.

Sailed National packet schooner *Bella Portefaia*, Anderson, for Montevideo & Rio Janeiro,—despatched by J. and S. Lyons, with 650 quintals jerked beef.

Oriental packet schooner *Aguila Primera*, Soriano, for Montevideo.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PROVINCE OF BUENOS AYRES.

The Members assembled on the evening of the 17th inst., and the vice President declared that the Sessions was open.—After the *proceeds verbal* of the last sitting was read and approved, the House proceeded to the election of President and vice Presidents, when Dr. Felipe Arana was elected President, and Señores Manuel G. Pintos and Manuel H. Aguirre, vice Presidents.

A communication was read from Don Felix de Alzaga, one of the Members elected for this city, requesting permission to resign that office, upon the plea that being the Colonel of the battalion of *Defensores de Buenos Ayres*, he could not devote his attention to any other object.

After a discussion upon the above communication the resignation of the hon. Member was admitted.

Another communication was read from D. José M. Gonzalez Perez, who has been elected deputy for the section of Arrecifes, Salto, Pergamino, Rojas, San Antonio de Arco, &c., praying to be excused serving. The House took this likewise into consideration, and after a discussion, voted that the petition of Señor Perez be rejected.

The House then came to a resolution, that the 9th Legislature of the Province should be solemnly installed on 20th inst.; and at $\frac{1}{2}$ past 9 o'clock in the evening the House adjourned.

DIED.

On 13th instant.—Aged 4 months, Thomas Ashton Sillitoe, son of Thomas Sillitoe, Esqr., of this city.

On 15th inst.—Mr. Frederick Trojannus, aged 38 years.

The deceased was a native of Stettin, in Prussia; and married to Doña Genara Peña, of this city.

[TO CORRESPONDENTS.]

Our wish to avoid political subjects, occasions the non-insertion of the communication signed GLASGOW.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOMAS TUCKER, TAILOR,

FROM LONDON;

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general, that he has commenced business in this city, in the above profession, and hopes by strict attention and reasonable charges to merit public favour. No. 11, calle de la Plata, Plaza del 25 de Mayo, opposite the Fort.

NOTICE.

A Book entitled UNCLE SAM having been lost or mislaid, those who may have it in their possession, will oblige the owner by forwarding it to the Commercial Rooms, No. 59, calle del 25 de Mayo.

NOTICE.

PRIVATE lessons in the Spanish and English Languages, are given at the *Academia Argentina*, No. 98, calle de Maypu.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership in the Auction establishment, under the firm of Videla and Medrano, has been dissolved by mutual consent. The latter is empowered to liquidate all the outstanding accounts, and the house will continue under the direction and firm of Estanislao Medrano.

As Attorney for Señor Videla.

MARCELINO GONZALEZ.

ESTANISLAO MEDRANO.

Buenos Ayres, 13th May, 1831.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership as Auctioneers and Commission Agents, under the firm of Medrano and Gonzalez, respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and the public.

ESTANISLAO MEDRANO.
MELITON GONZALEZ.

SALE OF CANDLES

BY wholesale and retail, at the corner of the calle de las Piedras, No. 152.

Mould candles 4 a 6 to a pound.

Dipped do 3 to a pound.

Dipped do of a real and half a real.

The last will be sold by retail at 7 reals the dollar, and by wholesale at moderate prices. These candles will be found superior in whiteness, brilliancy and duration, to any manufactured here.

FOR SALE,

AT No. 60, calle de la Catedral, opposite the Bank.

Quince marmalade

Red currant jelly

Red current jam

Strawberry jam

Fine Durham mustard

Pickles

Capers

Dr. Stoughton's bitters

Westphalia hams

American crackers

Havannah segars, superior quality.

TO LET.

THE House, No. 137, calle de Venezuela.

It has 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ varas in front, towards the street, built on both sides the passage, and 13 rooms, with azotea, two large patios and all the necessary offices, a corredor, and a covered stair case leading to the spacious azoteas. The owner of the said house resides at No. 142, calle de las Piedras.

He has on sale at the Store of the said house, No. 140, some real carton wine, in pipes, half do and quarter do, and white wrapping paper.

HOT AND COLD BATHS

TO be had at Fauch's Hotel.

PRICES CURRENT.

Doublons, Spanish, 117 a 118 dollars each.

Do. Patriot, 114 a 116 do. do.

Plata Macuquina, 6 a 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ dollars for one. Spanish Dollars, 7 dollars each.

Do. Patriot and Patacones, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ a 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ do.

6 per cent. Stock, 50 $\frac{1}{2}$ a 60 per cent.

Bank Shares, 152 a 154 dollars each.

Exchange on England, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ a 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ d per dollar.

Do. on Rio Janeiro, 161 p. ct. prem.

Do. on Monte Video, 300 do. do.

Do. on the United States, 7 dollars, per U. S. dollar.

Hides, Ox, best, 32 a 33 dollars per pesada.

Do. country, 30 a 31 do. do.

Do. do. weighing 23 to 24 lbs., 27 a 28 do.

Do. salted, 24 pesada.

Do. Horse, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ a 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ dollars each.

Nutria skins, 14 a 23 dollars per dozen.

Chinchilla, 43 a 47 do.

Wool (common), 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ a 5 $\frac{3}{4}$ dollars per arroba.

Hair, long 28 a 33 dollars per arroba.

Do. mixed, 16 a 21 do. do.

Jerked Beef, 10 a 11 d per quintal.

Horns, 400 a 750 dollars per mil.

Flour, (North America) 58 a 61 dols. p. bbl.

Salt, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ a 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ dollars per fanega on board.

Discount, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ a 2 per cent.

The highest price of Doublons, during the week 121 dollars. The lowest price, 114 dols. The highest rate of Exchange upon England during the week, 6 $\frac{3}{4}$. The lowest do. 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.

This paper is published every SATURDAY, price SEVEN DOLLARS per Quarter. All communications to be addressed to the Editor, and left at No. 59 Calle del 25 de Mayo where subscriptions are received.

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