

# British Packet



## AND ARGENTINE NEWS.

No. 353.]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1833.

[VOL VII.]

### BUENOS AYRES.

#### THE NEW LEGISLATURE of the PROVINCE.

- \*\* Brigadier D. Juan M. de Rosas,
- † General D. Felix Alzaga,
- † “ “ Angel Pacheco,
- † “ “ Felix Olazabal,
- † “ “ Lucio Mancilla,
- † “ “ Tomas Iriarte,
- † “ “ Manuel Guillermo Pinto,
- † Doctor D. Gregorio Tagle,
- † “ “ Mateo Vidal,
- † “ “ Francisco Silveira,
- † “ “ Francisco José Ugarteche,
- † “ “ Ignacio Martinez,
- † “ “ Diego Alcorta,
- † “ “ Juan José Cernadas,
- † “ “ Baldomero Garcia,
- † “ “ Paulino Gari,
- † “ “ Justo Garcia Valdez,
- † “ “ Mariano Lozano,
- † “ “ José Maria Terrero,
- †† “ “ Pedro Pablo Vidal,
- †† “ “ Manuel Oligado,
- †† “ “ Ramon Olavarrieta,
- †† “ “ Manuel Pereda Saravia,
- †† “ “ Nicolas Anchorena,
- †† “ “ Bernardo Pereda,
- †† “ “ Cosme Argerich,
- †† “ “ Miguel Garcia,
- †† “ “ Eusebio Medrano,
- †† “ “ Lorenzo Lopez,
- †† “ “ Antonio J. Ureta,
- †† “ “ Laureano Rufino,
- †† “ “ Francisco Alsogaray,
- †† “ “ Juan Barnechea,
- †† “ “ Epitacio del Campo,
- †† “ “ Vicente Arraga,
- †† “ “ Miguel Riglos,
- †† “ “ Juan N. Terrero,
- †† “ “ Felipe Senillosa,
- †† “ “ Juan A. Argerich,
- †† “ “ Manuel H. Aguirre,
- †† “ “ Manuel J. de Elia,
- †† “ “ José M. Rojas.

In the above list are 7 General Officers, and 20 Doctors of Divinity, Medicine, and Civil Law, (among them are 9 clergymen.) A new election will take place where there has been a double return. The House of Representatives consists of forty-nine Members.

In a sitting of the House of Representatives on 20th inst., the affair of the election was settled after a long and warm debate. The House decided that all the elections, both in town and country, were valid. It was acknowledged there had been some informalities; but only a few members insisted that they should be considered as destructive of the validity of the election. Others

\* These gentlemen have been returned for two different places.  
† Re-elected.  
†† New Members.  
††† Members who hold their seats from the last Legislature.

held out that the provisions of the law not having been fulfilled, rendered the returns null; but would not vote that way, in order not to expose the country to the evils likely to be attendant on a new election.

#### EXPEDITION AGAINST THE INDIANS.

The Bulletin No. 2, of the operations of the Right Division of the Army, commanded by General Felix Aldao, has been published. It is addressed to the Commander-in-Chief, General Juan Facundo Quiroga, and is dated ‘Island of Limcinaguida, coast of the Salado,’ 11th ult.

General Aldao details a variety of operations which he undertook, in order to come up with and surprise the Indians in his neighbourhood; he took several stragglers, who, fearing to be put to death, gave the General information relative to their companions, and their supposed intentions and movements. Every effort was then made to carry the intended surprise into effect: they captured some advanced parties of Indians during the night; one, however, being well mounted, escaped, and alarmed his companions, who instantly put themselves in motion, before day-break, from all their *toldeyas*, which extended for a considerable distance: therefore the surprise in part failed. The Indians were attacked by a strong detachment, and a number of them killed. 133 were captured, and a quantity of cattle of all descriptions, including 10,000 head of sheep and goats. It is also said that a considerable booty in specie was taken, which the barbarians had collected in their late incursions in the provinces of San Luis and Cordova; various inhabitants of the former province, whom the Indians had taken away, were recaptured. The Cacique Eorbon was taken, and sent to Mendoza.

The body of Indians thus defeated and dispersed, belong to those who are subject to the orders of the Cacique *Yanquetruz*, and are a very formidable tribe, both for courage and numbers.

General Huidobro's division was stationed in the town of Rio Cuarto, waiting the arrival of General Quiroga.

It was reported at Mendoza, that the Governor of the Province of Cordova (Reinafé,) had lately died in the city of Cordova.

General Rolon has addressed a note to the Inspector General, denying that any officers of the *Guardia Argentina* had conducted themselves improperly at the election in the parish of Socorro, as asserted in the Memorial of Lieut.-Col. Fontes, to the Government.

The daily papers are not to be published until Monday next, in consequence of the Festival of the Twenty-fifth of May, which commenced last evening.

#### MONTEVIDEO.

We have received journals of the above city to 20th inst.: they do not contain any thing very

important. Dr. Somellera had resigned the office of Fiscal-General, which he had filled *ad interim*; and Dr. Obes has resumed the duties of the said office.

#### CHILI.

Accounts have been received from Chili to 2d inst., at which time all was quiet in that Republic, and not any thing stirring in the shape of news.

The schooner-brig *Lowther* brought English journals to 14th March. The following is a summary of their contents:—

The Belgian question remained in the same unsettled state.

The Duchess de Berry is reported to have died in child-birth. When she found that her being “in the family way” could no longer be concealed, she signed a declaration that she had been secretly married in Italy. This event is a severe blow to the Carlist party.

Respecting Portugal, a London paper of 12th March contains the following:—“The last arrivals from Oporto are to the 18th February, and bring intelligence of a nature so disastrous to the hopes of Don Pedro, as to warrant the belief, now generally entertained, that he has ere this abandoned the ill-fated expedition which he had undertaken with so much recklessness, and conducted with so little skill.” The accounts which we published in our last, from the Rio Janeiro journals, respecting the successes of the Constitutionists, it appears are utterly false.

Peace is likely to take place between the Sultan of Turkey and the Pacha of Egypt; in consequence of which the victorious army of the latter had halted.

In Great Britain, the discussions in Parliament occupied the greater part of the public attention. The Irish martial-law Bill, had passed the House of Lords; but it had experienced great opposition in the House of Commons, and the question was still in debate. Mr. Hume accused Ministers of tyranny; and said that it would be more noble in them at once to assume all the attributes of Bashiaws, and arm themselves with the bow-string, than pretend to liberality which they do not possess. Mr. Cobbett followed on the same side.

Mr. Hume brought forward a motion in order to build a new House of Commons, from the great inconvenience of the present one, owing to its being so small. This was opposed by several Members, who noticed that many great recollections were connected with the present house,—that Sir Thomas More had occupied the Speaker's chair in that same house,—that King Charles had demanded the five Members there,—that it had also been the scene of the exertions of Hampden, Pym, and even of Cromwell. Mr. O'Connell said that the present house was not large enough; and advised that a Repeal of the Union do take place, which would make more room by sending 105 members to Ireland.

[Continuation of the DIARY of the Operations of the Left Division of the Army, commanded by General Rosas, and now in campaign against the Indians.]

April 3. Encamped all day at Tapalqué. At 3 P. M. arrived a body of 300 friendly Indians, with their Caciques Catric, Cachul, Llauquen, Pablo and Caciullo, Nicasio and Aguepan, and placed themselves under the orders of General Rosas. It was not wished to incorporate more of them with the army, from the bad state of the horses, and from the difficulty at present of maintaining them. Day windy and cloudy.

4. Encamped all day. Day rainy and cold.

5. Marched from Tapalqué at half-past 2 P. M., and halted at half-past 5. Day rainy.

6. Marched at 8 A. M., and halted at 2 P. M. Exercised artillery during the march. Day fine, but cold.

7. Marched at half-past 7 A. M., and halted at half-past 10. Day windy.

8. Marched at 6 A. M., and halted at half-past 10. Day fine. Latitude observed, 36, 55, S., long, 59, 50, 15 W. of Greenwich. Thermometer 68.

9. Marched at 6 A. M., and halted at  $\frac{1}{2}$  past 10. Day warm.

10. Marched at 11 A. M., and halted at a  $\frac{1}{4}$  to 3 P. M. Day cold.

11. Encamped all day, in consequence of heavy rain.

12. Marched at 11 A. M., and halted at 4 P. M. Day cloudy.

13. Encamped all day. Day cloudy.

14. Marched at 7 A. M., halted at 2 P. M. Day cold.

15. Marched at 6 A. M., halted at half-past 2 P. M. Day fine.

16. Marched at half-past 6 A. M., and halted at 2 P. M. At 4 arrived at head-quarters, from Buenos Ayres, Colonel Miguel Planes, and Señor Suaznabal. Day cold and windy.

17. Marched at 7 A. M., halted at half-past 2 P. M. Day cold.

18. Marched at half-past 7 A. M., halted at mid-day. Day fine. A variety of astronomical observations were made this day.

19. Marched at half-past 7 A. M., halted at 3 P. M. Despatched during the day several officers upon various expeditions. Day fine.

20. Marched at half-past 7 A. M., halted at 2 P. M. Day fine. Latitude observed, 38, 46, S.; long, 60, 37, 25 W. of Greenwich. Thermometer 66. Other astronomical observations were also made this day.

21. The division marched at half-past 6 A. M., in company with a division of friendly Indians; and halted at 3 P. M. Day cloudy, but temperate.

22. Marched at 7 A. M., and halted at half-past 4 P. M. The artillery were exercised. Day fine, but cloudy.

23. Encamped all day. Latitude observed, 38, 28 S.; long, 61, 8, 45 West of Greenwich; and of Buenos Ayres, 2, 55, 7 W. Thermometer 70 at mid-day. Day variable.

24. Marched at 9 A. M., and halted at  $\frac{1}{4}$  to 5 P. M., near the rivulet of Manantiales, 3 leagues from Bahia Blanca. Day rainy, and the night cold. At 11 at night the Commandant of Bahia Blanca, with three of his officers, arrived at the Camp to pay their respects to General Rosas.

25. Marched at 7 A. M., and halted at  $\frac{1}{4}$  past 11, on the east margin of the rivulet Naposta. The day fine, but the wind high and cold; at night slight frost; at mid-day, thermometer 56.

26. Marched at half-past 10 A. M., halted at half-past 1 P. M. The artillery and baggage did not arrive until the afternoon. The rivulet Naposta, upon the margin of which the division was now encamped, discharges itself into the sea at

Bahia Blanca. At half-past 11 at night General Rosas set out for Bahia Blanca, distant a league and a half. On his arrival there he was saluted with artillery and musquetry, the report of which was distinctly heard in the Camp. Day fine and warm; thermometer at mid-day 68.

27. Encamped all day. General Rosas remained at Bahia Blanca, where it was expected he would meet with the vessel from Buenos Ayres with clothing for the army, of which it stood in great need, the men being absolutely naked; but the said vessel had not arrived, and it was feared some accident had befallen her. Day cloudy, windy, and cold.

28. Encamped all day. General Rosas forwarded various articles from Bahia Blanca for the use of the army. He had also a long interview with the Cacique Caniaquir, principal Chief of the Boroganos Indians, who had arrived at Bahia Blanca from the Sierra Guaminí. At half-past 4 the General sent forward his adjutants from Bahia Blanca, and at half-past 8 he arrived at Head Quarters. Several officers obtained permission to visit Bahia Blanca, which is well fortified, and has every accommodation for the garrison. There are excellent wheat lands in its neighbourhood, and the fruit and indian-corn which have been gathered there this year, are of the very first quality. There are likewise some good pastoral lands, with plenty of wood and fresh water. Day cloudy, windy, and cold.

29. Encamped all day. Received various articles from Bahia Blanca, and forwarded thither others in return, to be deposited there. At half-past 9 A. M., a despatch arrived from the bay, stating that a vessel was in sight, supposed to be the one with the army clothing. At mid-day another despatch came, announcing that it was not the vessel in question. An order issued to pay all the corps of the army to the end of April. 108 men of the 6th regiment of militia cavalry joined this day. Day cloudy and windy.

30. Encamped all day. Forwarded to Bahia Blanca two pieces of artillery (2 pounders,) to be replaced thence by two others (4 pounders).—Concluded marking the cavalry horses. Day calm.

May 1. Marched at 7 A. M. The artillery was exercised during the march. Halted at 3 P. M., at Sauce Chico. A division of 800 men separated from the army, commanded by the Major-General, with orders to proceed to Rio Negro. Day cloudy and warm.

The Diary concludes on 1st inst., and is signed "by order of the General,"—*Juan Antonio Carreron*.

The extracts we have made from it are from necessity very concise; but it contains generally much interesting information relative to the appearance, fertility, and climate of the country through which the army passed. How strange it is that a vast and fertile territory, belonging to this province, should be at this period in a manner unknown, and uninhabited, except by a small and scattered race of Indians! If the present expedition succeed, and adequate protection be given to settlers, the Province of Buenos Ayres alone might, at no very distant period, become a State equal to some European kingdoms.

The General of the centre division of the army in operation against the Indians, (José Ruiz Huidobro,) has forwarded a communication to General Rosas, stating that after the defeat of the Indians on 15th March, he had pursued them until the tired state of his horses obliged him to desist; and that, in fact, the pastures are in such a state from the long drought, that he found it

difficult to obtain provender for his cavalry. He had therefore determined to suspend his march until he receives further orders.

General Rosas replied to the above, under date 20th ult.

Accounts from the army of General Rosas, to 4th inst., state that it is in excellent condition, and was then in full march. It consists of 2500 men, independent of the friendly Indians.

Notice from the Office of the Minister of the Home Department.

The Widows of officers who were killed in the War of the Independence, and in that which the Republic sustained with the Empire of Brazil, are requested to apply at the Police-Office on the 27th inst., to receive each a premium of 200 dollars, in memory of the glorious 25th of May, 1810.

In consequence of the Note of the Justice of Peace of the Parish of Socorro, to the House of Representatives, complaining of the conduct of Lieut. Colonel Nicolas Martinez Fontes, during the late election; the latter has forwarded a Memorial to the Government, denying the charges alleged against him, and praying that the said Justice of Peace be reprimanded, and discharged from his office. But the Justice, in further communications, not only reiterates his accusations, but brings forward a number of respectable witnesses who bear him out in his assertions; and also says, that he has been for more than thirty years in municipal employments,—whilst Señor Fontes is only a low and upstart (*obscuro*) Colonel.

Commodore Norton quitted Buenos Ayres on Monday last, in H. I. M's. corvette *Bertioga*.—He was much and deservedly esteemed here; and to say truth, we felt a few "smittings of conscience" when calling to mind some circumstances which occurred during the late Brazilian war, and now witnessing the Commodore's frank and unassuming manners. Were he a lady, we should most certainly sue for pardon.

Captain Manson, too, of the *Bertioga*, also obtained universal respect during his stay here.

An attempt was made, during the night of the 20th inst., to enter the house of His Britannic Majesty's Consul, in the Calle de la Florida; or perhaps the thief mounted on the roof, intending to pass over the azoteas behind and rob some of the neighbours. Mr. Griffiths, on the following morning, sent notice of the occurrence to the proper officers of the district.

THE WEATHER.—The 17th inst. was a real "soaking day." It rained *sans* intermission from morning until 11 at night, and without its usual accompaniments here of wind, thunder, and lightning: it was in fact a regular "set in rain."—The weather has since been pleasant; the thermometer about 60.

THE ALAMEDA.—The fine afternoon of Sunday last, brought a considerable conflux of visitors to the Alameda, chiefly however of the male sex. The ladies prefer the walk at the Retiro, which, we are informed, was crowded. But the Retiro is a long way from our parish, and we have seldom the opportunity of visiting it in fashionable hours.

#### THEATRE.

On the 19th was performed, to a numerous audience, a Tragedy in 5 acts, entitled *La Desdichada Leonor, hija de Maria Estuarda*. It is, we believe, a French production; in which

Mary Queen of Scots is made to have a daughter, although history is silent upon that head. A number of ardent spirits (in the play), raise a rebellion in favour of the lovely Leonor (Matilde Diaz), which ends in Mary Stuart's daughter becoming Elizabeth's victim. A great deal of scolding occurs in the last scene between the two royal dames, in which the words *traidora* and *tirana*, were the most remarkable. The tragic efforts of some of the performers occasioned much laughter; but they are now accustomed to it, and take it as a matter of course. We must say, however, that the Señora Peñalosa, completely murdered "Queen Bess."

The dresses were good. After the tragedy, a Duet was sung by Señores Viera and Rossi; and the evening's entertainments closed with the amusing ballet-dance of the "Village Recruits."

On the 20th, for the benefit of Doña Matilde Diaz, the play of *La Convicción, ó La Esposa Delirante*;—(another *Delirante*.) A dance by Señor and Señora Coton; and a duet from the opera of *Otello*, by Señores Viera and Rossi.

The House was elegantly and numerously attended, and the boxes contained some very lovely females.

The performances concluded shortly after 9 o'clock. In a theatre in London, because the evening's amusements finished at 10 o'clock, the gallery folks became dissatisfied, made a riot, and informed the Manager (who came upon the stage to know their pleasure,) that they "had not had enough for their money."

Doña Matilde Diaz is at present a great personage in the Theatre of Buenos Ayres, and considering all things, she got respectably through the *Delirante Leonor*, and the *Delirante Esposa*; and looked very well in her black attire and dishevelled hair.

**THE BLUE-BOTTLE.**—Talk of musquitos!—a musquito is a gentleman who honourably runs you through with a small sword, and from whom (as from a mad dog,) we may easily seek a defence in—*muslin*. But your rosy tory, burly-burly blue-bottle, is no better than a bully. His head is a *humming-top*, and his light blue little body like a tomahawk, cased in glittering steel, which he takes delight in whirling against your head. I really believe, that to confine a nervous man in a room with one of these winged tormentors, would inevitably destroy him in less than an hour.

(Continued from our last.)

**EPISTLE BY SUSAN HUGHES,**

IN REPLY to the ODE by a MAN OF LETTERS.\*

I've read Ur whole  
Long *riguarole*,  
But for't don't care a pin, Sir;  
No, not a fig,  
So run Ur *Rann*,  
On some random spinner.

U R Y Y  
Z greatly prize  
So poor a lass, for sartin';  
And "freeze and die"  
Is all my I,  
And Mrs. Betty Martin.

'Tis said U men,  
9 out of 10,  
R fond of making fun, Sir;  
And of those 9  
Through every line  
I C U R 2 1, Sir.

Freeze, if U please,  
In I C C C,  
Or 2 hot Ingy go, Rann;  
Ere I'll B bed  
Z halve my bed  
Neither with U, nor no man.

Ring at Ur stands,  
Or wring Ur hands;  
U never shall ring me, Sir;  
But should U die,  
B heve me I  
Will write Ur I E G, Sir.

\* The Editor of the *British Packet* finds it necessary to state that this is the genuine Epistle, copy of which came into his possession with that of Rann's Ode; for, since that period, another has been sent to him, purporting to be from Miss Hughes; which he now also publishes, to show that lady that she would have found, had she needed, an amanuensis in Buenos Ayres. This explanation is more especially given to prevent future Antiquarians wasting their midnight oil, some centuries hence, in comparing and discriminating the real production of Miss Hughes from that of her zealous partisan; in the internal evidence not being sufficiently strong, perhaps, to aid them effectually in the important task. A literary war might be the consequence.

"He jests at scars" (and she may, too)  
"Who never felt a wound?"  
And none e'er jested more than Sue,  
At all her victims round.  
But Sue, composed like other folk,  
Of flesh, and blood, and marrow;  
May find, some day, Love no such joke,  
And hee her heart may harrow.  
To marriage she, so icy cold,  
Alack! "Or ever she may lack it—"  
Vide 27 "Or ever she shoes are old,"  
Some future *BRITISH PACKET*.

**SUSAN HUGHES.**

Were it as dangerous to fall  
In love, (one head and ears, and all,)  
As from... the tail of a Steamer,  
For instance... much as I esteem her,  
I would not be in Susan's shoes,  
(In those, I mean, of Susan Hughes),  
To possess all that those shoes carry,—  
Charms that so many wish to marry.  
For Sue, ere long, as time will shew,  
Needs must the way of all flesh go;  
And feel that fluttering within her,  
By which she'll learn why every sinner,  
While à-la-moode it at dinner,  
Wishes for his better half to win her.  
Then she'll regret at being led  
To view she after would halve her bed  
With mortal man,—I wonder how  
She'll manage to evade that vow.  
Perhaps she'll let her conscience sleep;  
Or else, like Macbeth's "fiends," will "keep  
The word of promise to our ear,  
"And break it to our hope!" I fear.

But Thomas Hood cries—"Twenty-one  
"Or two, long lines, without a Pan?"—  
Ah, Hood! I would they were a hundred;  
For, since last week, I've caught the *pan-dread*,  
Or *puaphobia*!—I've understood  
(Mised, misleading Thomas Hood!)  
That Johnson, and Lord Chesterfield,  
(Giants, to whom all pigmies yield,)  
Have anathematized each one, Sir,  
Who ever dares to make a pun stir.  
His Lordship says 'tis vulgar, low;  
The Moralist and Lexico',  
That he who perpetrates a pun  
A brother through the guis would run.

So, Hood, to be shut out your doom's,  
At once from Heaven and Argyl rooms!  
Nor is this, Sir, the worst of it,  
For you (as Falstaff says of wit);  
Not only pun yourself, but you  
Set other people punning too.

That the great Sage should be severe  
On us, no wonder; but the Peer!  
'Tis rather strange; for I have heard  
A crooked-back Lady once sent word  
She soon would see him; and my Lord  
(Not having then in anywise  
The dread of Puns before his eyes),  
Replied that he would on her wait,  
And should rejoice to see her straight!  
Such bitter puns as this, in verily,  
Merit the Moralist's severity.

Enough of this.—For your sake Hood, Miss Hughes  
I trust, this long digression will excuse  
But, Thomas Hood, do call on her in Phoenix-Alley:  
Hugh Will ('ll Bet An ode,) Win Sue's Grace with a  
Salty.

**SUSAN HUGHES**

To the Man of Letters, who figured in the last Packet.

Alas, poor Rann!  
Excuse I can  
UR Rdent Ode to me;—  
I 3 2 B  
So *Idlerly*  
Addressed by O like thee.

U call me CUR!  
Is that, young Sir,  
The way a maid to woo?  
U say that I  
UR Pol R.—he!  
U know my name is Sue.

Ah, Rann! UR *Wild*  
To think, beguiled  
By U, I'd show the road;  
When all can see  
Your love for me  
Is but *love a la-mode*.

\* Vide Rann's letter.—"U C U R  
My Pol R...."

**FOREIGN MERCHANT VESSELS**

IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES, ON THE 23d OF MAY, 1833.

VESSELS AND CAPTAINS' NAMES.	CONSIGNEES.	DESTINATION, &c.
<i>BRITISH.</i>		
Brig Cameron, Hewitt,	T. Carlisle & Co.	Loading for Liverpool.
Brig Gaudolier, Rhodes,	McCrackan & Jamieson,	Loading for Liverpool.
Brig Banfield, Brown,	Keiskaw, Wilson & Co.	Loading for Liverpool.
Brig Sarah Birkett, Cook,	Dickson & Co.	Montevideo, to load for Cork or Falmouth.
Schooner-Brig Intrepid, Grayson,	Parlane, Macalister & Co.	Loading for Liverpool or London.
Brig Angerstein, Bouch,	George Lord,	Brazil.
Brig Patriot, Guild,	Horne & Alsogaray,	Brazil.
Brig Vanguard, Walker,	Lafone, Robinson & Co.	Liverpool.
Schooner-Haidee, Kenney,	Bertram, Delisle & Co.	Discharging.
Schooner-Brig Lowther, Smiter,	Lafone, Robinson & Co.	Discharging.
<i>AMERICAN.</i>		
Brig Montevideo, Farran,	Dorr, Reincke & Lees,	Loading for New York.
Brig Amazon, Hugg,	Daniel Gowland & Co.	Loading for Baltimore.
Brig Stephen, W. Lord,	Davison, Dorr & Co.	Loading for Philadelphia.
Brig Amanda, York,	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	Loading for New York.
Schooner Lady's Return, Gore,	Dorr, Reincke & Lees,	Loading for St. Catharines.
Brig Montague, Eaton,	Davison, Dorr & Co.	New York, calling at Montevideo.
Ship Glide, Bliss,	Howard & Ridgway,	Discharging.
Schooner-Brig Patsy B. Blount, Scott,	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	St. Catharines.
Brig Hancock, Deveraux,	Dorr, Reincke & Lees,	Discharging.
Brig Charles, Higgins,	Dorr, Reincke & Lees,	Loading for New-York calling at Mvideo.
Brig Harcock, Deveraux,	Rodger, Bred & Co.	
<i>FRENCH.</i>		
Brig Hermine, Soret,	Garnier, Bros.	Loading for Havre de Grace.
Barque Louise, Gantier,	Dejean,	Loading for Marseilles & Cette.
Brig Casimir, Lecompte,	Guerin Sons, Seris & Co.	Loading for Havre de Grace.
Barque Paraguay, Coutard,	Razac & Brest,	Loading for Havre de Grace calling at MV
<i>SWEDISH.</i>		
Brig Swea, Olson,	Zumaran & Tressera,	Discharging.
<i>HAMBURG.</i>		
Barque Gloria Deo, Tiedeman,	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	Loading for Hamburg.
Brig Johannes, Riedick,	J. J. Kliek,	Loading for Hamburg.
Cutter Leopold, Ebsen,		Discharging.
<i>BREMEN.</i>		
Brig Catharine, Wessels,	S. Lezica, Bros.	Loading for Rotterdam or Amsterdam.
Brig Cesar, Deetjen,	S. Lezica, Bros.	Rotterdam or Amsterdam.
<i>SARDINIAN.</i>		
Brig General Americano, Barboro,	Rezaval Bros.	Loading for Cadiz, and ports in Medite.
Polacre Virtud, Gazolo,	Pedro A. Plomer,	Loading for Cadiz and Genoa.
Polacre Temistocles, Chevasco,	Cornet & Pratt,	Loading for Cadiz, Barcelona, & Genoa.
Brig General Fiametta, Saconi,	Pedro A. Plomer,	Loading for Cadiz and Barcelona.
Brig Americano, Pella,	Amadeo & Caprite,	Loading for Cadiz and Barcelona.
Brig Empirio, Pitaluga,	F. Botet,	Loading for Barcelona and Genoa.
Polacre Temistocles, Merelo,	F. Lavallio,	Loading for Cadiz and Genoa.
Brig Piccolo Giorgio, Dellepiane,	Pedralbes & Cabot,	Discharging.
Polacre Concepcion, Berninsoe,	Amadeo & Caprite,	Brazil.
<i>NEAPOLITAN.</i>		
Polacre-Brig Dolorata Animadel Pur-	Amadeo & Caprite,	Loading for Rio Janeiro.
gatorio, Savattan,		
<i>BRAZILIAN.</i>		
Brig Bella Juana, Pereira,	J. Gestal,	Montevideo.
Schooner-Brig Maria Rosa, Caballeiros,	M. A. Ramos,	Brazil.
Zumaca Alianza, Vasconcellos,	M. A. Ramos,	Paraguay.
Schooner-Brig Maria, Cohn,	Amadeo & Caprite,	Brazil.
Zumaca Union, Gonzales Viana,	M. A. Ramos,	Discharging.
Brig Nra. Sra. de Ayuda,	José Gestal,	Paraguay.
Brig Eloisa, Meirles,	Pedro A. Plomer,	Discharging.
<i>CHILIAN.</i>		
Brig Twelfth February, Janssen,	S. Lezica, Bros.	For Sale.



Port of Buenos Ayres.

The barque (noticed in our last,) which arrived on the 17th inst., was the French barque Paraguay, Coutard, from Havre de Grace 22d February; arrived at Montevideo 30th April, sailed thence 14th inst., with a general cargo, to Razac & Brest, Passengers, Messrs. Gobuse, Frotier, Breoot, and Pinet, Mademoiselle Pascal, and Madame Guaniot.

May 18.—Wind W.

No arrivals. Sailed, British schooner-brig Hawk, Somerville, for Montevideo, (in ballast,) despatched by Lezica, Bros., to load for the Havana. Passengers to Montevideo, Messrs. Frederick de Brosse, and Imlay Goodno.

May 19.—Wind N. N. W.

Arrived, American schooner-brig Patsy B. Blount, Scott, from New-York 7th February, St. Catherine 2d inst., with a general cargo of effects, and tobacco, coffee, rice, oranges, &c., to Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.

May 20.—Wind N.

No arrivals. Sailed, H. I. M's corvette Bertogio, Captain Mauson, for Montevideo.

Oriental packet schooner Adelaide, Bisso, for Montevideo.

American schooner-brig Margaret, Baker, for the Brazils, despatched by Zimmermann, Frazier & Co., with 220 arrobas tallow, 2445 quintals jerked beef.

May 21.—Wind N.—opposite coast visible.

Arrived, British brig Vanguard, Walker, from Liverpool 4th February, Montevideo (where she discharged part of her cargo,) 19th inst., with general cargo, to Lafone, Robinson & Co.

National packet brig General Rondeau, Stephen Bartlett, from Rio Janeiro 4th inst., with sugar, to Dowdall & Lewis.

Oriental packet schooner Rosa, Moratorio, from Montevideo 20th, to C. Galeano.

National schooner Star of the South (Pilot-boat,) from a cruise in the river; and sailed again directly.

Sailed, Gun-boat No. 7, for Martin Garcia.

May 22.—Wind N.—opposite coast visible.

Arrived, British schooner Haidee, Kenney, from Rio Janeiro, 29th ult., with sugar, coffee, rice, &c., to Bertram, DeLisle & Co.

Sardinian polacre Concepcion, Berninsone, from Bahia 17th ult., Montevideo 20th inst., with sugar, timber, &c., to Amadeo & Caprine.

American brig Charles, Devereux, from New-York 6th December, Island of Mayo 7th February, Montevideo 21st inst., with 180 reams paper, 5 bales and 7 cases effects; and (for exportation,) 60 pipes and 3 half do. tallow, 50,000 shin bones, 33,000 horns, 526 dry hides, 13 bales horse hair, 3 pipes and 5 bales sheepskins, 2 bales wool, 9 barrels oil, to Dorr, Reinacke & Lees.

American brig Hancock, Higgins, from Montevideo 20th, in ballast, to Rodger, Breed & Co.

Brazilian brig Eloisa, Meirelles, last from Montevideo 20th inst., with sugar, tobacco, coffee, &c., to Pedro A. Plomer. Passengers, Señor Pedro A. Plomer and family.

Swedish brig Swea, Olson, from Malaga 31st January, Gibraltar 8th February, Montevideo 20th inst., with wine, oil, &c., to Zumaran, Trezerra & Co.

May 23.—Wind E.

Arrived, Bremen brig Cesar, Deetjen, from Bahia 26th ult., with sugar, &c., to S. Lezica, Bros.

British schooner-brig Lowther, Suiter, from Liverpool 14th March, with general cargo, to Lafone, Robinson & Co.

National schooner Star of the South, (Pilot-boat,) from a cruise in the river; and sailed again immediately.

Sailed, British brig Ann Wise, Hoodless, for Montevideo and Liverpool, despatched by Lafone, Robinson & Co., with 4043 salted hides, 160 dry hides, 15,000 horns, 9 bales with 2,860 slunk calf skins, 1000 arrobas tallow. Passenger, Captain Robertson.

Sardinian polacre Estela Matutina, Morice, for Cadiz and Genoa, despatched by Pedro A. Plomer, with 3947 dry hides, 2000 horns, 2 bales with 80 arr. ostrich feathers, 2 do. with 120 horse hides, 1 do. with 31 1/2 doz. deerskins, 10 do. with 269 doz. sheepskins, 32 do. with 8149 slunk calfskins, 1 box books.

May 24.—Wind N. E.—slight rain.

Arrived, Sardinian polacre Concordia, Ansaldo, from Talcahuano 24th March, with wheat to order.

National schr. Nra. Sra. del Rosario, Marchani, from St. Catherine 2d inst., with 2671 alquieres farina, etc. to James Miller.

H. B. M's. packet schooner Cockatrice, Lt. W. L. Rees, commander, from Rio Janeiro 5th inst., Montevideo 23d, with the March mail of the packet Sheldrake. Passenger from England, Miss Martin; do. from Rio Janeiro, Mr. Jacob Parravicini; do. from Montevideo, Señores Molino and Caravia.

Gunboat No. 7 from Martin Garcia.

Sailed, British brig Perseverance, Lanham, for Liverpool, despatched by John Appleyard, with 74,900 horns, 8900 arr. tallow, 3635 dry hides, 7 bales with 8900 lbs. ostrich feathers, 5 do. with 204 doz. deer skins. Passenger, Mr. Charles Bunge.

American brig Amazon, Hugg, for Baltimore, despatched by D. Gowland & Co., with 6473 dry hides, 600 salted do., 2 cases with 52 combs and 16 gross small do., 142 lbs. wax. Passengers, Messrs. Wm. H. West, Robert Morgan, Henry Kennedy, Samuel McLean.

The British schooner-brig Apprentice, for London, and American brig Montevideo, for New York, are expected to sail this day.

Vessel posted to sail.

On 29th inst., H. B. M's. packet Cockatrice, for Montevideo and Rio Janeiro.

SHIPPING MEMORANDA.

Arrived at Valparaiso.

On 17th April.—American ship Six Brothers, from Buenos Ayres 5th March.

About 18th do.—Argentine barque Veloz, Delapiane, from Buenos Ayres 7th February.

Do. do.—British brig Sarah, Buck, from Buenos Ayres 19th February.

At Rio Janeiro.

On 2d inst.—British schooner-brig Corsair, Wetherhead, from Buenos Ayres 17th ult.

At Liverpool.

On 4th March, British brig Cleopatra, Walsh, from Buenos Ayres 9th December.

On 5th March, British brig Floraville, Stephenson, from Buenos Ayres 18th December.

At New York.

On 25th February, Bremen ship Wanderer, Schlichting, from Buenos Ayres 12th December, Montevideo 20th do.

Arrivals at Montevideo.

May 22.—French barque Hironnelle, Sargant, from Havre de Grace 16th March.

French brig Oromase, from Rio Janeiro.

Sardinian zunaca Concepcion, from Santos.

Sailed from Montevideo.

May 11.—Portuguese brig Fortuna de Africa, for Brazil.

Brazilian schr.-brig Dos Amigos, for Pernambuco.

May 15.—American brig Sophia and Eliza, for New York.

17.—American brig Poland, for Bahia.

18.—British schooner Rapid, Ross, for Liverpool.

Brazilian polacre Concepcion, for Rio Grande.

French polacre Dos Hermanos, for Marseilles.

The American barque Elizabeth, Baldwin, sailed from Talcahuano 10th of April for Buenos Ayres.

The American barque George and Martha, Francis Sayer, sailed from Talcahuano 17th ult., for Buenos Ayres.

The British brig Abeona, Russel, sailed from Liverpool on 13th March, for Buenos Ayres.

The packet Sheldrake, from Falmouth 11th March, arrived at Rio Janeiro 3d inst. with the mails for Brazil and the River Plate.

The packet Lady Mary Pelham was appointed to bring the April mail from Falmouth for the Brazils and the River Plate.

Vessels on the birth at Liverpool on the 14th of March, for Buenos Ayres. Barque Mary Wozrall, Smith. For Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, brig Philomela, Sprout.

It is stated that Don Pedro was to quit Oporto about 2d March, in a steam-boat which had been placed in that port for his reception, and that he intended to proceed to England, having declined to continue the contest with Don Miguel.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAFÉ DE LA ARMONIA,

(Late "Café de los Catalanes,") Calle de Cangallo.

THIS COFFEE-HOUSE is open every morning at Day-break, and those persons whose occupations may call them abroad at an early hour, can always have well-made Coffee, and other refreshments, with promptitude, and the strictest attention; and also at all times of the day.—Gentlemen desirous of taking Dinner, Supper, or any repast, will find in the said Establishment, Viands and Wines of the very best quality.

NOTICE.

A LETTER has been left at No. 12, Calle de Cangallo, addressed ELIZABETH AYMER, Buenos Ayres. The owner may have it by applying as above.

NOTICE.

A YOUNG MAN is desirous to engage as CLERK in a Commercial House, where he can make himself generally useful. For further particulars, apply at the Commercial-Rooms, No. 39 Calle del 25 de Mayo. Respectable references will be given.

FOR SALE.

An elegant CARRIAGE, built in Europe, of first-rate materials, and uniting at same time lightness and strength; also, a pair of handsome Grey HORSES, an excellent match and well broken in, with new Harness complete. Apply at the Livery Stables at the back of the New Coliseum, Plaza del 25 de Mayo.

NOTICE.

THOSE Gentlemen who may be desirous of obtaining that literary curiosity, "Ensayo de la Historia Civil del Paraguay, Buenos Ayres y Tucuman," written by DEAN FUNES, can do so by applying at No. 92 Calle de Cangallo, where a few copies are on sale.

ON SALE.

Calle de Maypú, Nos. 14 & 16.

COMPLETE sets of Counting-House Books, with and without covers; and sundry other Stationary. Twisted Cart-Traces, Back bands; leaders and shafters Hames; Well Chains and Pulleys; Smiths' Bellows, Anvils, and Vices; Irish Glue; London made Glass-Paper; Coals; Kitchen-ranges; Stoves; Grindstones; patent Pumps; spur, pinion, and rack Wheels, for Cranes, Presses, &c. &c.

WANTED.

No. 299 of the "British Packet," for 1832. Apply at the Commercial-Rooms, No. 39, Calle de 25 de Mayo.

PRICES CURRENT.

Table listing various goods and their prices in dollars and cents. Items include Doublebloss, Spanish; Do. Patriot; Plata Macaquina; Dollars, Spanish; Do. Patriot, & Pacatores; 6 per cent. Stock; Bank Shares; Exchange on England; Do on Rio Janeiro; Do on Montevideo; Do on United States; Hides, Ox, best; Do country; Do do weighing 23 to 24 lbs.; Do salted; Do Horse; Nutria skins; Chinchilla; Wool, (common); Hair, long; Do mixed; Jerked Beef; Horns; Flour, (N. A.); Salt, (on board); Discount.

The highest price of Doublebloss, during the week, 12 1/2 dollars. The lowest price 11 1/2 dollars. The highest rate of Exchange upon England, during the week, 6 1/2 pence. The lowest ditto, 6 1/2 pence.

PRINTED AT THE STATE PRINTING-OFFICE, No. 16, Calle de Chacabuco.

Where PRINTING of every description, is executed with neatness, correctness, and despatch.

ALEXANDER BRANDER, Responsible Editor.