

British Packet

AND

ARGENTINE NEWS.

No. 433.]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1834.

[Vol. IX.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHARTS.

FOR SALE, at No. 30, Cathedral Street, (fronting the Church), the "*CARTA ESFERICA del RIO DE LA PLATA*," en la América del Sur; *teñatada por DON ANDRÉS OVARIVIDE, y corregido todo el interior del Rio, desde el meridiano de Montevideo, en los años 1833, 34, y 35, por DON BENITO ALZARRA, Piloto de altura, y Practico de dicho Rio.*—The Chart is 3 feet 6 inches long, and 2 feet 9 inches wide, pasted on stout cotton.—Price, *Seven Dollars.*

REMOVAL.

THOMAS GOODALL, WATCHMAKER, respectfully begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has **REMOVED** from No. 65, to No. 45, Calle de la Paz; and trusts, by a punctual conformity to all commands, to merit a continuance of their favours.

N. B.—Nautical and Mathematical Instruments repaired and corrected.

NOTICE.

ALL those who have claims against the Subscriber, are requested to present their Accounts, for immediate payment; and at the same time, those who are indebted to him, are particularly requested to order payment at Mr. M'GAW'S HOTEL, No. 5, Calle del 25 de Mayo.

ROBERT M'GAW.
Buenos Ayres, 5th December, 1834.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

THE QUARTERLY MEETING of the **BURNOS AYRES TEMPERANCE SOCIETY**, will take place at the Chapel of the Rev. Mr. Torrey, on Tuesday, 9th inst., at half-past 7 o'clock, P. M.

♣ A punctual attendance of the Members, and others friendly to the objects of the Society, is earnestly solicited.

HORSES FOR SALE, OR HIRE.

AN extensive and choice selection of the **BEST HORSES** IN THE PROVINCE, may be found at the **LIVERY STABLES** lately occupied by John Moore, situated in the **Plaza del Marte**, opposite the Fort; either for **SALE**, or to be **LET**, with good Saddles and Furniture. There are several Pairs of superb **COACH HORSES**, and some beautiful **LADIES' HORSES**, in the selection.

♣ Horses taken care of by the Month, in the best manner possible, and on Reasonable Terms.

N. B.—The Corralon is the one nearest the River, and adjoining the Cooper's Shop.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, and for Sale at No. 37, Calle Chacabuco, (corner of Calle Victoria,) the following Articles of Superior Quality, and at Reasonable Prices:—

Men's unbleached Cotton Hose, of various qualities.

Boys' do. do. do. very strong.

Womens fine Cotton Hose.

Ladies' very superior Prunella Shoes.

Children's coloured and black Shoes and Boots.

Boys' very strong leather Boots.

Gentlemen's fashionable coloured Silk Cravats.

very superior white and black Bear Hats,

Christy's make.

Gentlemen's Shoes, of all qualities.

♣ A few pieces of Black Silk Binding, proper for Shoe-Makers; also Shoe Ribbands, Darning Cotton and Worsted, and Darning Needles.

CIRCUS.

THE PROPRIETOR begs leave to announce to the Public, that the Subscription-List for the Fourth and Last *Temporada*, is now open. During this *Temporada* will be produced the following Pieces:—

1st.—For the benefit of Mr. Laforest, the grand melodramatic spectacle, with horses, entitled "**TRACOR THE TARTAR.**"

2d.—The grand magical pantomime, entitled "**JUANA LARIBARTONA,**" for the benefit of Juan Mariano Pizarro.

3d.—The grand historical pantomime, which is now in preparation, and under the direction of Señor Caton, entitled "**THE RETURN OF NAPOLEON FROM THE ISLAND OF ELBA.**"

4th.—"**THE GRAND BATTLE OF AYACACCHO,**" directed and arranged by Señor Caton.

The Proprietor assures the Public, that neither pains nor expence will be spared to produce the above pieces with all the splendor and brilliancy necessary to give them the proper effect.

NOTICE.

THE OWNERS of the following LETTERS, can have them by applying at No. 59, Calle del 25 de Mayo.

Mr. James Coward, Buenos Ayres.
Don Adam Birkinshaw, Buenos Ayres.
Mr. Robert Oiler.
Mrs. Coucher, Buenos Ayres.

BUENOS AYRES.

We had expected long ere this to have announced the appointment of a new Ministry, but this event, it seems, is not likely soon to take place, judging from the language of the *Gaceta Mercantil* of yesterday, wherein it is candidly avowed that the difficulties which surround the Government are of a most complicated and serious nature. Every person, it says, is impatient for reform, and the formation of an efficient Ministry, in order to cooperate with H. E. the Governor, and endeavour to save the country from the evils which threaten it. That formidable obstacles, however, intervene; such as personal resistances,—the animosity of the enemies of order,—and the displeasure even of those who are friendly to the Government. That there are, besides, two powerful motives which retard the formation of a Ministry, viz.: the difficulty of realizing the resources decreed by the House of Representatives; and that of finding individuals willing to accept office in the present critical and extraordinary circumstances of the country. That talented citizens could doubtless be found to compose the Ministry, whose political opinions side with that which is now the paramount one,—but who would care to undertake a charge so dangerous, when even the Government cannot count upon the indispensable means to enable it to go on?—and that waiving other considerations, it would be cruel, whilst such uncertainty prevails, to involve any one in the immense anxieties which must attend the acceptance of office, and thus augment the number of victims sacrificed at the altar of public opinion. That these embarrassments cannot be easily removed; yet if they are not surmounted, or some favourable event occur, the Government cannot go on, and the result must be the resignation of office by H. E. the Governor.

Señor Braulio Costa escaped on 28th ult., from the custody of the officer of justice, Nicolas Segundo Perez. The prisoner was being removed, under a warrant of the Judge, (Dr. Planes,) from the Police prison, to the common jail. On his way thither, he visited his house, with permission of the officer, and managed to escape thence. Orders were instantly issued for his apprehension; but he has hitherto evaded all pursuit. The officer whose negligence caused the escape, has been arrested. Señor Costa was in custody on the charge of illegally retaining Custom-House Bills to the amount of 388,316 dollars.

Clerical Intelligence.—The Committee of Petitions of the House of Representatives of the Province, rendered their report to the House on 24th ult., accompanied by a draft of a decree upon the subject of the petition of Dr. Mariano José de Escalada, complaining of the conduct of the late Government in having retained the Bull issued by His Holiness the Pope, on 2d July, 1832, instituting him (Dr. Escalada,) Bishop of Aulon, in *partibus infidelium*. The Committee state, that having attentively considered the note of the Government, of 10th inst., and the report which accompanied it, they are of opinion that the ar-

guments adduced by the Government to demonstrate that the retention of the Bull in question, as ordered by the decree of 20th March last, is illegal and arbitrary, are not without foundation; and that the conduct of the Pope, so far from infringing upon the Sovereignty of the Province, has been at once benificent and considerate as it regards its spiritual wants.

The tenor of the draft of the decree is as follows:—That the petition be returned to the Government, that it may resolve thereon conformably with the law.

Official Documents.

Buenos Ayres, November 26, 1834.

25th year of the Liberty, and 19th of the Independence.

The President of the Hon. House of Representatives, encharged *ad interim* with the Government of the Province, in virtue of the credentials presented by Mr. Ebenezer Ritchie Dorr, has ordered and decreed:—

Art. 1.—Mr. Ebenezer Ritchie Dorr, is recognized in the character of Consul of the United States of North America, near this Government.

2.—Let this be published. MAZA.

Countersigned by the Under-Secretary of the Foreign-Office,
Manuel de Irigoyen.

A note dated Mendoza, 5th ult., from the Governor of that province, (Pedro Molina,) to the Governor of the Province of Buenos Ayres, acknowledges the receipt of the communication from the latter, announcing his occupation of the office of Governor; and congratulates him thereon.

A similar note, dated San Luis, 12th ult., has been received from the Governor thereof, José Gregorio Calderon.

A variety of documents were published in the *Gaceta Mercantil* of 27th and 28th ult., and on 1st inst., connected with the proceedings of the Philanthropic Society; with the following list of new members, appointed to join the said society: H. E. the Governor, Señores Tomas M. de Anchorena, Nicolas Anchorena, José M. Terrero, Juan N. Terrero, Mariano Lozano, M. Gonzalez, J. M. Rojas y Patron, F. Scuilosa, B. Maciel, and E. Diaz Velez.

A decree, dated 28th ult., states, that from the present situation of the finances,—the receipts of the public treasury not being sufficient to cover the pending debt, and the ordinary expences of the province,—every measure of economy ought to be put in practice; at the same time it is absolutely necessary to regularize the military system, and divest it as much as possible of those trammels which now impede its operations. The Government have in consequence ordered and decreed the suppression of the office of Inspector-General; the business thereof to be in future transacted in the Department of War and Marine, under the regulations detailed in the 17 articles of the decree in question.

A despatch, dated "Flying-Camp, Salinas Grandes," 11th ult., from Colonel Francisco Sosa, of the Blandenguez regiment, addressed to Brigadier-General Juan Manuel de Rosas, Commandant General of the country districts, and Restorer of the Laws,—states, that in conformity to the orders he had received, he proceeded on his second expedition against the Chilian Indians, having under his command 307 cavalry of his own regiment; 20 dragoons, 50 infantry, 10 artillerymen with 2 pieces of flying artillery, and the Cacique Venancio, with 60 fighting Indians: that he despatched a courier to the Borogas Indians, requesting them to join him at the Sierra de Puan, which after 4 days march they effected, in force 400 men, with their Caciques Meliger and Gaayquil. On the 30th October he was further rein-

forced by a piquet of the 3d cavalry, and the Cacique Cañuqui with 60 Indians. On the same day, a discovering party fell in with 7 hostile Indians, who however effected their escape, leaving behind them 8 horses, &c. On receiving this news, Colonel Sosa put his division in march; but he was unable to come up with the main body of the enemy, who fled by the route of the Cordillera, towards Chatsileo. Finding it impossible to continue the pursuit with any prospect of success, he retrograded, in order to attack various Caciques who were encamped with their forces towards the North, about two days march. On the 2d inst., at sun-set, the seven Indians whose escape is mentioned above, fell into the power of Colonel Sosa's division, and were put to death. On the 3d, Brevet-Major Francisco Iurra advised that he had, in the neighbourhood of the enemy's *toldos*, taken three squaws and a Christian captive, and that the one or two Indians who were with them had escaped. Persuaded, from this intelligence, that the Indians were in motion, the division made forced marches, and got sight of them. They however dispersed in all directions, dividing themselves into various groups, and taking different routes; rendering it impossible to give a correct statement of the number of them killed in the pursuit which immediately followed. A light division was sent, under the orders of Brevet-Colonel Juan Selarayan, to surprise some *tolderias*; the result of which was the capture of 60 squaws, 6 Christians recaptured, and several Indians killed. Altogether, in these operations, besides the Indians killed, 45 Christian captives have been recaptured, 192 squaws taken, and a quantity of cattle, consisting of horses, oxen, goats, and sheep. Colonel Sosa highly eulogizes the conduct of his officers and men; and states his loss at 1 killed, and 1 slightly wounded.

PUBLIC MEETING OF BRITISH SUBJECTS.

A numerous meeting of British Subjects resident in this city, convened by previous advertisement, took place at the British Episcopal Church, on Monday the 24th ult., at half-past 1 o'clock. When about two hundred persons had assembled,—on the motion of *Mr. P. C. Dick*, seconded by *Mr. George Mackenzie*, *Mr. JOHN WHITAKER* was unanimously called to the Chair, and took his seat amidst a spontaneous burst of applause. On the motion of *Doctor John Sullivan*, seconded by *Mr. Gilbert Ramsay*, *Mr. ROBERT DE BILLINGHURST* was nominated Honorary Secretary.

After the lapse of a few seconds, the Chairman thus addressed the Meeting:—

“*Gentlemen*: I will not make use of the customary language adopted on occasions like the present, and commence my observations by apologizing for my want of ability to fulfil the honorable task you have imposed upon me; since I should deem my so doing, as nothing less than calling in question the judgment of this Meeting in selecting me as its Chairman. I am fully aware of the great responsibility which at all times attaches to the station in which you have placed me; but how much more must I feel that responsibility, when I reflect that your choice has fallen upon one of the humblest individuals of this community.—But, my fellow-countrymen, although I may pressing feel a want of ability, I may be allowed to assure you that I will give way to no person in zeal to promote the objects which have given rise to this assembly. I therefore call upon you, Gentlemen, to give me your cordial support, in order that the proceedings of this day may be entered on, carried forward, and concluded, with the dignity becoming the business we have in view.”

The Chairman then adverted on the causes which had led to his nomination, and detailed the various steps which had been taken by the sub-Committee, to induce any one of several gentlemen, of much greater influence than himself, (who had been severally applied to,) to accept this charge; all of whom, however, had declined the honor intended them.

He then opened the business of the Meeting, by reading the advertisement; and stated that this assembly had been convened for the purpose of voting a Congratulatory Address to Hamilton Charles James Hamilton, Esq., H. B. M.'s Minister Plenipotentiary, on his auspicious arrival in this country; and concluded by requesting that every gentleman who might feel disposed to express his sentiments, should be listened to with patient and becoming attention.—[The conclusion of this address was marked by the assembly

with the same unanimous approbation which had been expressed on Mr. Whitaker's taking the Chair.]

MR. ROBERT DE BILLINGHURST came forward and stated that it had devolved on him to propose the first Resolution to be submitted for the consideration and approbation of the gentlemen then present; but previously to his reading it, he felt himself called upon to make a few observations, in doing which he would confine himself within due limits. The Chairman had already stated, that the object for which they had met was for the purpose of voting an Address to Mr. Hamilton. On this subject he, Mr. De Billinghamurst, felt it his duty forcibly to impress upon the minds of the persons present, the necessity of a cordial and unanimous feeling. He observed, that taking man in the abstract, in his original state, he is but a savage, scarcely anywise removed in instinct from the other parts of the animal creation. It is therefore only in community that his social qualities are developed, and by the cultivation of his intellectual faculties, aided by the inculcation of moral duties, that he progresses to the dignity of a civilized being. The order and proportion of the universe, strikingly exemplifies the wisdom of united efforts; since in creation there can be found no flower so humble, no animal so monstrous or misshapen in man's finite conception, or insect so minute or insignificant, which is not designed, by the Divine hand, to contribute either to the utility, beauty, or ornament of the whole.—Yes, he had said ‘no flower so humble,’ since from the highest authority we were taught to ‘behold the lily of the valley: it toleth not, neither doth it spin,’ yet ‘the dew of heaven falleth light as the gossamer on its lowly head, and nourisheth it in its meekness.’ The united efforts of man in his civilized state, had achieved the most stupendous works of human industry. This was exemplified by the Royal Society, having its origin in the lucubrations of a few apparently obscure individuals, in the chambers of Professor Whittle, in the College of Edinburgh; which in the progress of time had become the admiration of the world. The Duke of Bridgewater, by uniting his wealth and influence to the scientific efforts of Richard Brinsley, (afterwards Sir Richard,) had produced the grand Canal Navigation;—and Mr. Huskinson and the Duke of Wellington, united with the opulent residents of Manchester and Liverpool, aided by the scientific Stephenson and his practical coadjutors, had produced that wonder of the world, the Liverpool and Manchester Rail-Road. Thus rank, by its influence and protection, united with wealth, science, art, and industry, had secured to our native country the prosperity and blessings she now enjoys. He would conclude by repeating the words of an immortal bard:—

“God, in the nature of each being founds
Its proper bliss, and sets its proper bounds;
But as a whole, he framed a whole to bless,
On mutual wants built mutual happiness:
So from the first Eternal Order ran,
And creature link'd to creature, man to man.”

The conclusion he desired to draw from the observations he had made, was, that on this, as on every other occasion of a like nature, unanimity could alone obtain the end proposed.

Mr. De Billinghamurst then read the following Resolution:—

“Resolved.—That as the members of this Meeting of British Subjects residing in this city, are desirous of shewing some public testimony of their indelible attachment to their native country, which neither distance nor length of absence can diminish; they deem it proper to present an Address to His Excellency HAMILTON CHARLES JAMES HAMILTON, H. B. M.'s Minister Plenipotentiary, to congratulate him on his auspicious arrival in this country.”

This motion was received and carried with unanimous applause.

DOCTOR JOHN SULLIVAN rose to move the Address; and said, that previously to his offering the note he held in his hand as the Address to Mr. Hamilton, to be approved by the Meeting, he trusted he might be allowed to take a retrospective view of the situation in which British Subjects stood in their relations with this country, previously to the appointment, by the British Government, of a British resident Minister; and to compare it with that degree of security which the British residents now enjoy, under the influence of British protection. He very forcibly pointed out the necessity of their shewing, by public testimony, that they not only appreciated, but deserved such protection as had been extended to them, since the period at which Mr. Woodbine Parish formed and entered into the existing treaty of amity and commerce between this country and the King of Great Britain,—the which treaty was formally ratified and confirmed by both of the high contracting parties; by the

former, on the nineteenth day of February, 1825; by the latter, on the tenth day of May, in the same year. He would not say that this treaty had been violated; but looking to the spirit as well as to the letter of this treaty, he must say it had been infringed upon during turbulent times, on more than one occasion. He furthermore entered into a detail of many interesting circumstances and critical situations, illustrating them by reference to unquestionable facts, in which the interests of British Subjects had not only previously to, but since that period, been inauspiciously involved, and wherein not only the loss of property, but the loss of life, had not unfrequently been the consequence; and earnestly impressed on his hearers the necessity of their never losing sight of the protection of their flag, in order to obviate, inasmuch as it may be possible, such occurrences for the future: and after warmly expatiating on the zeal which British Subjects had invariably shewn in promoting the true interests of this country, when a just opportunity presented itself, he concluded a most animated and eloquent speech by moving the Address, which will be found in another column.

DOCTOR WILLIAM GIBSON proposed that the parties who composed the Preliminary Committee, be the persons directed to carry the object of this Meeting into effect. This motion was seconded by *Mr. MITCHELL*, and unanimously carried.

MR. GILBERT RAMSAY then presented himself to claim the attention of the assembly, and in a lucid and highly energetic address, set forth the urgency of the establishment of a Standing or Permanent Committee, who should be empowered to draw up certain regulations for observance on all future occasions; and at any time when that standing or permanent Committee should deem it expedient, they should have power to call a General Meeting of British Subjects, without in future having recourse to such a troublesome as well as unsatisfactory method of so doing, as had this day been explained, by their respectable Chairman, to have taken place previously to the present meeting having been called; and otherwise to watch over the general interests of the Body, in every case that may arise to affect them; and, moreover, in all cases of extraordinary import, respectfully to call upon H. B. M.'s Minister Plenipotentiary for his counsel and assistance.—Indeed there was then present to his mind a circumstance on which, in all human probability, such assistance might be required in a more advanced stage of the affair, and which strongly bears upon the thirteenth article of the treaty referred to by Doctor John Sullivan, with whose sentiments and observations he, Mr. Ramsay, most cordially coincided. Moreover, he would take the liberty to remark, in support of the proposition he had submitted for the nomination of a Permanent Committee, that he was firmly persuaded the interests of individuals were frequently prejudiced from the want of a kindly and cordial support of some accredited body; inasmuch as such support, springing from an impartial source, would naturally have greater weight with every public functionary, than any individual application might be presumed to have; as it was the attribute of human nature in most cases, for a person to describe his own case rather in accordance with his own feelings and wishes, than strictly in union with the justice or equity it might challenge in the opinion of an unprejudiced person. Having said thus much, he would conclude by moving,—

“That the Preliminary Committee be forthwith authorised to appoint from out of the number of their own members, a Permanent or Standing Committee, for general purposes connected with the interest of the whole body of British Subjects.”

This motion having been seconded by *Mr. BLACK*, it was carried unanimously; and *Mr. Ramsay* sat down amidst sincere and reiterated applause.

MR. BLACK moved that the Chairman do leave the Chair, and that *Mr. ROBERT LEYS* do occupy the same *pro tempore*.

Mr. John Whitaker having vacated the Chair, and *Mr. Robert Leys* having taken it,—on the motion of *Mr. JAMES BLACK*, seconded by *Mr. JOHN FAY*, the thanks of the Meeting were voted to the Chairman, for his correct and manly conduct during their proceedings. This motion was unanimously carried, and received by the assembly with three distinct rounds of applause.

Mr. Whitaker, on resuming the Chair, briefly and emphatically returned thanks for the honor done him; and assured the Meeting, that as on this occasion he had done his best, he should still be willing, at any future period, to assist on all

occasions in which he can be useful to his fellow-countrymen.

On this the Meeting adjourned, and the signing of the Address commenced.

PRESENTATION OF THE ADDRESS.

On Monday last, at one o'clock, by appointment, the following persons having been deputed, proceeded to His Excellency's residence:—

- | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| John Whitaker, | J. P. Dick, |
| John Sullivan, | James Black, |
| John Fay, | Robert Mitchell, |
| George McKenzie, | B. Williams, and |
| | Robert de Billingham, Secretary. |

They were formally received by His Excellency, and the Chairman thus addressed him:

"May it please Your Excellency,

"We have the honor to present ourselves to you, Sir, as a Deputation appointed at a very numerous meeting of British Subjects, holden in the English Church on Monday the 24th ultimo, for the purpose of presenting you with a congratulatory address upon your safe arrival in this country; being fully impressed with the belief, that your presence here will be of the highest importance to the welfare and security of your fellow-countrymen. I beg leave, Sir, to read that Address,—

TO HAMILTON CHARLES JAMES HAMILTON, ESQ., H. B. M.'s Minister Plenipotentiary to the United Provinces of the River Plate.

"Sir,—The undersigned British Residents in this city of Buenos Ayres, ever firmly attached to their native country, justly proud of her national dignity, and warmly interested in her prosperity; respectfully present themselves to Your Excellency, as the accredited Plenipotentiary and worthy Representative of their august and venerable Sovereign, to express to you the earnest satisfaction they feel on Your Excellency's auspicious arrival in this country.

"They confidently hope, Sir, that during Your Excellency's official residence here, they may have no other favour to ask, or you to grant, than that of your cordially cooperating with them in upholding the firm, moral, and intellectual character of the Nation to which they have the honor to belong; aiding them with your kind counsel in their endeavours to preserve and improve the good understanding, and amicable relations, that have hitherto existed between the British Residents and the Local Authorities; and assisting them, in all propitious opportunities, to promote the true interests of this country, conjointly with their own.

"In thus frankly expressing themselves to Your Excellency on this occasion, they consider they perform an incumbent and a grateful duty towards their Sovereign, towards their country, and to themselves;—and conclude with assuring Your Excellency, of their sincere and hearty wishes for the continuance of health and happiness to yourself and family."*

Having done so, it was delivered to His Excellency in an elegant portfolio. On receiving it, His Excellency replied:—

"I thank you, Mr. Chairman, very sincerely, for this address from so large and respectable a part of the British community resident in Buenos Ayres. It is of good augury for the pleasantness of the days I shall pass among you,—days upon which I trust I shall hereafter look back with sentiments of unalloyed pleasure.

"I did not doubt in any degree, the strength of your attachment to our country, and our excellent Sovereign; but it is pleasing at all times to hear that attachment declared in language of so much warmth and cordiality.

"Many of you, I believe, have for years been absent from home;—but whether at home or abroad, it is in your power to appreciate accurately the advantages which you possess as Englishmen. To see you in the enjoyment of all those advantages here, so far as may be possible, will always be to me a source of gratification; and you may confidently assure yourselves that I shall at all times gladly and zealously cooperate with you to secure their continuance, as well as to consolidate the bonds of amity and good will which connect you with this country.

"I thank you once more, Mr. Chairman, and all of you, collectively and individually, for your address."

The Deputies having experienced the hospitality of Mr. Hamilton, returned early to town; and the Committee met at 8 o'clock, to receive their Report.

We understand that the vignette was designed, and the manuscript executed, in a masterly style, by Mr. Edward Taylor.

* More than 300 signatures were attached thereto.

The following salutes were fired on 24th ult., by the U. States' corvette *Erie*:—13 guns to the flag of Commodore Renshaw: which was returned from the flag-ship *Natchez*, with 7:—13 guns on the departure of the Consul, E. R. Dorr, Esq., from the ship:—17 guns to the town; which was returned from the Fort with a like number. And on 25th, the *Erie* saluted with 13 guns, on Commodore Renshaw's visiting that ship.

Erratum in our last.—In the publication of the Accounts of the Censuery, it was stated by mistake that a part was exchanged at the rate of 74d. per dollar, whereas the whole of that Account was calculated at 7d.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, H. B. M.'s Consul, hereby gives notice, that a General Meeting of Subscribers to the BRITISH EPISCOPALIAN CHURCH in Buenos Ayres, will be held at the British Chapel, at 12 o'clock on Wednesday, the 10th of December next.

CHARLES GRIFFITHS, H. M.'s Consul.
British Consulate,
Buenos Ayres, 29th November, 1834.

NORTH AMERICAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.
AT A MEETING of the Standing Committee of this Society, the Treasurer was requested to make out Receipts for the balance of the year 1834, and leave the same with Mr. M. PARKER, No. 30, Calle de la Paz.—All Members who have not already paid for the present year, are particularly requested to call on Mr. PARKER and do so.

ENGLISH POTATOES,

JUST LANDED, of a superior quality, for SALE at 5 dollars 4 reals per arroba, at CHARLES ZIEGLER'S, No. 53, Calle del Perú.

NOTICE.

JUST issued from the Press, and for Sale at No. 30, Cathedral-Street, and 54, Reconquista-Street,—a neat volume of POEMS in the Spanish language of three hundred and sixteen pages,—the productions of DON ESTEVAN ECHEVARRIA.

GINGER POP,

(Warranted not to injure the most delicate constitution.)
ON SALE, Wholesale and Retail, at the house of JAMES CARR, No. 11, Calle de la Plata.
Champaign and Stone Bottles wanted, at 20 reals per dozen.

INTERESTING NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, Inventor and Manufacturer of HIDE ROPE of a Superior quality, respectfully solicits the attention of the Owners and Captains of National and foreign vessels to the fact, that the Hide Rope manufactured by him weighs 25 per cent. less than that made of hemp; whilst a Hide Rope of 2½ inches is equal in strength to a 3 inch hemp rope, and is so in proportion from 6 to 9 inches, 1 inch less. The Hide Rope also possesses other advantages:—it is particularly well adapted for man-of-war vessels, being grape-shot proof, answering for all kinds of running-rigging, royal purchase, gun breeching, &c. &c., and being much cheaper than chains, which (besides the danger resulting from them in cases of lightning), from their want of elasticity soon destroy the sails; and as it regards durability, the Hide Rope is 900 per cent. better than that of hemp.—The Undersigned is fully convinced, from the long practice he has had in the profession, that the Hide Rope manufactured by him is possessed of all these advantages. It also serves for Machines, Carri-Coaches, &c. &c.

Persons wishing to purchase, will please leave their orders with Mr. Estevan Vallet, Calle de la Alameda; at Mr. Fleming's Store, No. 11, Calle de Cagallo; or at the house of Mr. Daniel Gowland, Plaza de la Victoria; where they will be punctually attended to.

M. LAWRENCE.

Hide Rope, of prime hides, at 3 reals (silver.) per lb.; and for any quantity above a ton, 2½ reals per lb.



FOREIGN MERCHANT VESSELS

IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES, ON THE 4th OF DECEMBER, 1834.



VESSELS AND CAPTAINS' NAMES.	CONSIGNEES.	DESTINATION, &c.
BRITISH.		
Brig Alert, Snowden,	Alfred Barber,	Loading for Cowes, for orders.
Brig Nautilus, Dobson,	Zumaran & Treserra,	Loading for Havana.
Brig Laura, Crockley,		Discharging.
Brig Fort, Williamson,	Lafone, Robinson & Co.,	Loading for Liverpool.
Brig Florville, Wood,	Thomas Duguid,	Loading for Liverpool.
Brig Ellen, Johnson,	Rennie, Macfarlane & Co.,	Loading for Liverpool.
Brig Pacific, Gardin,	Lafone, Robinson & Co.,	Loading for a port in England.
Brig Hannah, Barrell,	Parlane, Macalister & Co.,	Loading for Liverpool.
Brig Emma, Gething,	George Rejey & Co.,	Loading for Valparaiso.
Schooner-brig Betsey Hall, Coaker,	Brownell, Stegmann & Co.,	Loading for Valparaiso.
Brig Maria Cecilia, Vionée,	Rezaval, Bros,	Discharging.
Brig Spencer, Wilson,	Rennie, Macfarlane & Co.,	Loading for Liverpool.
AMERICAN.		
Brig Cameo, Sayer,	Davison, Milner & Co.,	Loading for Havana.
Schooner-brig Margaret Ann, Motl,	J. J. Kliek,	Discharging.
Ship Augusta, Wiswell,	Davison, Milner & Co.,	Discharging.
Ship Ronulus, Barker,	Davison, Milner & Co.,	Loading for New York.
Schooner-brig Mentor, Focke,	Daniel Gowland & Co.,	Loading for Baltimore.
Brig Betsy, Hodge,	Daniel Gowland & Co.,	Discharging.
Buque Chalcedony, Sumner,	Davison, Milner & Co.,	Loading for Boston.
Brig Level, Done,	Dorr, Reincke & Lees,	Loading for Boston.
Buque Stairs, Curtis,	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.,	Discharging.
Brig Adele, Peterson,	Daniel Gowland & Co.,	Discharging.
Ship Brutus, Adams,	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.,	Loading for New York.
Brig Marcellus, Jennings,	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.,	Discharging.
Brig Talisman, M'Near,	Dorr, Reincke & Lees,	Discharging.
Brig Orient, Ellis,	J. J. Kliek,	Discharging.
Brig Sicily, Elwell,	Davison, Milner & Co.,	Discharging.
FRENCH.		
Barque Fanny, Maugeudre,	Casimir Cochard,	Loading for Havre de Grace.
HAMBURG.		
Ship Molly, Harms,	Bertram, Delisle & Co.,	Loading for Havana.
Barque Diana, Kruse,	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.,	Loading for Havana.
DANISH.		
Brig Pizarro, Holdt,	J. J. Kliek,	Loading for Rotterdam.
Ship Diskuren, Guntherseu,	J. J. Kliek,	Discharging.
BELGIAN.		
Barque Jean Key, Ruurd,	Bertram, Delisle & Co.,	Loading for Havana.
ROMAN.		
Brig Concordia, Rucattini,	Felipe Llavallol,	Discharging.
PORUGUESE.		
Schooner Bom Fin, Raimundo,	M. A. Ramos,	Discharging.
SARDINIAN.		
Polacre Tetis, Pierangiole,	Zumaran & Treserra,	Loading for Barcelona.
Polacre San José, Rahelo,	Pedro A. Plomer,	Loading for Malaga and Genoa.
Polacre Valiente Nicolas, C. Masone,	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.,	Loading for Rio Janeiro.
Polacre Epiro, Raggio,	Pedro A. Plomer,	Malaga and Genoa.
Polacre Constante, Vicchini,	J. Gestal,	Loading for Genoa.
Polacre San José, Gorlero,	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.,	Loading for Genoa.
Polacre Marquez Gropallo, Croze,	Amadeo & Caprille,	Genoa.
Polacre Rosa, Brissoleze,	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.,	Loading for Marselles.
Brig Guisone, Dodero,	Amadeo & Caprille,	Cadiz.
Brig General Americano, Barboza,	E. de la Llave,	Discharging.
Polacre Colombia, Marchani,	F. Llavallol,	Loading for Rio Janeiro.
Polacre N. Sra. de Sufragio, Capareno,	Pedro A. Plomer,	Discharging.
Polacre Anrora, Ghisilberti,	Amadeo & Caprille,	Discharging.
Polacre Indiferente, Dodero,	Amadeo & Caprille,	Discharging.
Polacre Madonna del Carmen, Croce,	Amadeo & Caprille,	Genoa.
Polacre Buona Zia, Scotti,	Amadeo & Caprille,	Discharging.
Polacre Livista, Michellini,	Justo Rizzo & Co.,	Discharging.
BRAZILIAN.		
Brig Elois, Meirelles,	Pedro A. Plomer,	Uncertain.
Zumaca Pensamiento Feliz, Labrador,	M. A. Ramos,	Loading for Rio Janeiro.
Brig Independiente, Cardoso,	J. S. Monteiro,	Brazil.
Brig Amistad, Ferreira,	M. A. Ramos,	Loading for Parnaguá.
Zumaca Bom Fin, Oliveira,	M. A. Ramos,	Loading for Santos.
Schooner-brig Suspiro, Cardoso,	J. S. Monteiro,	Brazil.

FOREIGN VESSEL OF WAR.

BRITISH.—Frigate North Star, (25 guns.) Captain Octavius Vernon Harcourt.

MARINE LIST.

Port of Buenos Ayres.

The Sardinian polacre whose arrival on 28th ult. was noticed in our last, is the *Livieta*, Michelini, from Santos 15th ult., with sugar, coffee, and rice, to Justo, Rizzo & Co.

November 20.—*Wind E. S. E.*

No arrivals.

Sailed, H. I. M's, schooner-of-war *Rio de la Plata*, Captain Luiz Caetano de Almeida, for Montevideo.

The *Blundell*, and *Argentina*, which sailed yesterday, were in sight this day.

November 30.—*Wind E. S. E.*

Arrived, British brig *Spencer*, Wilson, from Liverpool 24th August, Montevideo (where she discharged part of her cargo, 28th inst.; general cargo, to Rennie, Macfarlane & Co. Passenger, Mr. George Beley.

Sailed, Sardinian polacre *Industria*, Binelli, for Montevideo, despatched by Pedro A. Plomer, in ballast.

(At night,) United States' corvette *Natchez*, (24 guns,) Captain John P. Zantzing, bearing the pendant of Commodore James Renshaw.

Do. do. do. *Erie*, (24 guns,) Captain John Percival.

Do. do. do. schr. *Enterprise*, (12 guns,) Lieut.-Commandant Campbell:—all for Montevideo.

December 1.—*Wind S. E., strong in the evening.*

Arrived, National schooner *Star of the South*, (Pilot-boat), from a cruise in the river.

The *Ombú* was under weigh this afternoon, but anchored again E. of the Outer Roads, from head wind.

December 2.—*Wind S. E., strong at night.*

Arrived, Oriental packet schr. *Rosa*, Moratore, from Montevideo 1st inst., to C. Galeano.

Do. do. do. *Águila Segunda*, Soriano, from Montevideo 1st inst., to A. Martínez.

Sailed, National brig *Ombú*, (late American brig *Mechanic*), Wylie, for Liverpool, despatched by Zimmermann, Frazier & Co., with 404,200 shn bones.

National schr. *Star of the South*, (Pilot-boat), on a cruise in the river.

December 3.—*Wind N. — shifted in afternoon to W.*

Arrived, American brig *Sicily*, Elwell, from Tarragona 21st September, Santos 23d ult., Montevideo 2d inst., with wine, sugar, paper, &c., to Davison, Milner & Co.

December 4.—*Wind S., variable.*

Arrived, American brig *Angelina*, Johnson, from Malaga 16th September, Montevideo 3d inst., with wine, to Zumaran & Treserra.

Sailed, American schr.-brig *Mary*, Lauder- man, for Rio Janeiro, despatched by Grogan & Pleasants, in ballast.

British brig *Ann*, Gray, for Cork for orders, despatched by Lafone, Robinson & Co., with 11 bales with 220 arrobas cat hides, 54 arrobas tal- low, 220,000 shn bones.

December 5.—*Wind E.—slight rain in the evening.*

No arrivals.

Sailed, British brig *Lively*, A. Spittle, for Liverpool, despatched by Parlane, Macalister & Co., with 658 dry hides, 3255 salted hides, 817 horse hides, 46 pipes and 3 half do. with 1798 arrobas tallow, 14,498 horns, 1130 horn tips, 15 bales with 1599 horse hides, 71 do. with 2078 arrobas and 23lbs. horse hair, 97 do. with 2486 dozen sheep skins, 3 do. with 198 doz. nutria skins, 1 do. with 30 doz. fox skins, 1 do. with 14 tiger skins, 12 doz. fox skins, and 13 doz. nutria skins, 1 bale with 34 doz. slunk-calf skins, 1 do. with 94 doz. calf skins, 14 do. with 545 doz. deer- skins, 9 do. with 180 arrobas wool, 3 do. with 405 doz. viscacha skins.

The *Ann*, which sailed yesterday, was in sight this day.

Vessel posted to sail.

On 9th inst.—*Mentor*, for Baltimore.

SHIPPING MEMORANDA.

The schooner *Constellation* (late *Harriet*), having been thoroughly overhauled and repaired, came out of the *Zoco* on 1st inst., and anchored in the Inner Roads.—She belongs to the Company of Branch-Pilots of Buenos Ayres, and is to be employed in the Pilot-Service of this river.

The Oriental packet schooner *Adelaide*, which in the storm of 27th September last had run to the coast near Las Couchas, has been got off again, without the least damage, and arrived on Sunday last in the Inner Roads of this port. She fired one gun on anchoring, and two at sun-set. She will be ready in a few days to resume her career as a packet.

Some wine, cigars, cordage, rigging, and sails, have been saved from the American ship *Merrimack*, on the English Bank. The wreck, as it now lies, was advertised for sale at Montevideo.

Arrived at Valparaiso.
October 17.—British brig *Caraboo*, Fell, from Buenos Ayres 27th August; and was to sail on 30th of same month for Callao.

At Boston.
September 23.—American brig *Draco*, Gore, from Buenos Ayres 16th July.

Arrived at Montevideo.
27th ult.—British brig *James*, from Tarragona 6th September, Rio Janeiro 17th ult., with wine, &c., to John Jackson.

28th.—American schooner-brig *Celeno*, Fitzgerald, from Baltimore 27th September; to order. (She was bound to Valparaiso, and put in from stress of weather, and some damage.)

American brig *Sultana*, Willis, from Bremen 27th September, Bonavista 28th October, with 90 moyes salt, &c., to James Noble.

30th.—Belgian brig *Ludowick*, from Rio Grande, to Zimmermann & Co.

December 1.—Bremen bark *Johannes*, from Cape de Verdes, with salt, to Zimmermann & Co.

2d inst.—American brig *Hope*, from Baltimore 28th September, with salt, lumber, &c., to James Noble.

Sailed from Montevideo.
27th ult.—Sardinian brig *Cavallio Marino*, Dodero, for Pernambuco, with jerked beef and tallow.

American ship *Draper*, Hillert, for Havana.

Sardinian polacre *Ercule*, for Rio Janeiro.

28th.—Brazilian schr.-brig *Bien Venida*, for Rio Grande.

29th.—British brig *Victoria*, Foggo, for London.

To the Editor of the British Packet.

SIR,
Your remarks upon the Circus of this city, I have perused with much interest; but allow me to say, there are more causes than those you have named, to account for the audiences being less numerous than heretofore.

You well know that a theatrical campaign can no more be carried on without an efficient force, than a military one. It is useless to have generals without soldiers, or soldiers without commanders. Yet such is the case at the Circus.—We have Messrs. Laforest and W. P. Smith, both excellent equestrians, and Mr. Hoffmaster as clown,—but here the list concludes. In the ballet department, the Circus possesses Señor and Señora Caton,—two planets without satellites: now can this be called a sufficient company to engage the attention of the public? We have heard a good deal about the public not adequately supporting theatres; but, on investigation, it was generally discovered that want of liberality on the part of the managers caused this. Equestrian performances solely, will not do: this has been proved in London, where the population is so immense. Astley, Sen., carried them on until he had nearly ruined himself.—His successor introduced melodramatic pieces, with horsemanship, such as 'The Blood-Red Knight,' &c.; and success followed.—Ducrow improved upon this, and spared no expense in fitting up his theatre, to render it worthy the reception of beauty and fashion, engaging at the same time eminent performers, and producing pieces worthy of public patronage;—a golden harvest has rewarded his exertions.

The policy of a liberal management, has been proved by the crowded houses which have attended the representation of 'The Battle of Montereau,' (the composition of which is highly creditable to Señor Caton, as is the horsemanship to Mr. Laforest and all engaged in it), and has afforded a positive proof of the inclination of the public to support the Circus, when the proprietors think proper to produce performances worthy its attention.

SPECTATOR.

Accounts by way of Montevideo, report that an attempt at revolution, headed by General Carneiro, had been made in the Brazilian province of Rio Grande. It was however suppressed, but not without bloodshed,—fifty persons having, it is stated, been killed and wounded; and among the latter, General Carneiro himself. Colonel Bentos Gonzales, with all the force he could muster, had marched to the capital of Rio Grande, to support the authorities.

The American Commodore, Renshaw, during his recent visit to Buenos Ayres, rendered himself highly popular.—He visited *par-tout*. This was as it should be; and his frank and easy manners gained for him universal respect.

THE WEATHER has for the last fortnight been fine and temperate,—thermometer 67 to 74.

THEATRE.

The performances have not of late presented any thing to call for particular observation. The play of *El Montañez*, *Juan Pascual*, was repeated on Tuesday evening, to rather a thin house.—The boxes, however, were graced by various ladies; and beauty, even in *sables*, looks interesting.

El Verdugo de Amsterdam, was again played on Thursday evening;—the plot of this piece is rather horrible. Doña Manuelita Funes de Casacuberta, looked very charming as a little Dutch *Mädchen*, (Señorita.) The house was again thinly attended,—the natural consequence of the warm weather.

The London newspaper *Age*, in one of its recent numbers, gives the following advice to the London managers, how to fill their houses:—"All we want is novelty, of the most pleasing and dashing character,—plenty of pretty women, good legs, and sweet voices, and the world will be sure to run after them."

By-the-bye, Señor Vacani and his Son have arrived in town, from Montevideo. We saw them in the pit of the Theatre, on Tuesday and Thursday evenings last.

CIRCUS.

'The Battle of Montereau,' was performed for the third time, on Wednesday evening last. The spectacle, however, was somewhat injured by the smoke arising from the incessant firing which was kept up. An accident happened to Mr. W. P. Smith's horse, which prevented the combat in the circle between that gentleman and Mr. Laforest.

The Amateur who personated Napoleon, again caused much observation.—His likeness, both in figure and face, to the deceased Emperor, is stated to be most astonishingly correct. Monsieur Pasquier declared to us, in the Circus, on Wednesday evening, that even the contour of the head is similar;—and that gentleman is no trifling authority upon the subject, he not only well remembering the person of Napoleon, but he had also on that very morning (Wednesday,) 'cut the hair' of his representative here. Our Amateur must not however be vain of this resemblance to the modern Alexander.—We know that Elision, when performing the part of George the Fourth, at Drury Lane Theatre, in the Coronation affair, absolutely fancied himself to be the Monarch in question; and, overcome with the enthusiastic applause which prevailed, he advanced to the foot-lights and exclaimed to the audience,—'Thank you, my good people,—thank you!'

The Napoleon of the Circus enacted his part admirably, inspecting his soldiers with all the precision which it is said his prototype was wont to do.

Mr. Laforest, during the evening, apologized for the non-attendance of Messrs. Hoffmaster and Hammond. These individuals, it seems, 'fitted' on Monday evening last,—or in other words, ran away. They are supposed to have gone *al campo*.

The house was very full.—The Lady of the late Governor Dorrego, and her two beautiful daughters, were present, and created much interest.

The receipts of the three performances of 'The Battle of Montereau,' must have considerably benefited the treasury of the Circus; or at least they ought to have done so, considering the crowded houses on each night.

Married.

On the 4th inst., by the Rev. John Armstrong, of the British Episcopal Chapel, JOHN CARLISLE, Esq., to MARY, daughter of GEORGE NUTTALL, Esq.

PRICES CURRENT.

Doublons, Spanish,.....	121	—	121½ dollars each.
Do. Patriot,.....	117½	—	118 do. do.
Plata macuquina,.....	65	—	7½ do. for one.
Dollars, Spanish,.....	73	—	7-18 do. each.
Do. Patriot & Patacones, ..	45	—	7½ do. do.
6 per cent. Stock,.....	45	—	48 do. per cent.
Bank Shares,.....	(no demand.)		do. each.
Exchange on England,.....	6 15-16	—	7 pence per dol.
Do. on Rio Janeiro,.....	360	—	dols. p. et. prm.
Do. on Montevideo,.....	73	—	do. p. patacon.
Do. on United States,.....	73	—	do. p. U.S. dol.
Hides, Or., best,.....	32	—	33 do. per peso.
Do. country,.....	28	—	30 do. do.
Do. weighing 23 to 24 lbs. ..	27	—	28 do. do.
Do. salted,.....	22	—	24 do. do.
Do. Horse,.....	11	—	13 do. each.
Nutria Skins,.....	37	—	40 do. per dozen.
Chinchilla Skins,.....	39	—	40 do. do.
Wool, common,.....	9	—	12 do. per arroba.
Hair, long,.....	32	—	34 do. do.
Do. mixed,.....	17	—	22 do. do.
Jerked Beef,.....	16	—	17 do. per quintal.
Tallow, melted,.....	10	—	10½ do. per arroba.
Horns,.....	350	—	1000 do. per mil.
Flour (North American), ..	60	—	64 do. per barrel.
Salt, on board,.....	10	—	11 do. per fanega.
Discount,.....	1½	—	3 p. et. p. month.

The highest price of Doublons during the week, 121½ dollars. The lowest price, 117½ dollars.

The highest rate of Exchange upon England during the week, 7 pence. The lowest ditto, 6 15-16.

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ALEXANDER BRANDEE, Responsible Editor.