

# British Packet

## AND ARGENTINE NEWS.

No. 503.]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1836.

[Vol. X.

### BUENOS AYRES.

Our "leader" of this day can communicate but one only fact:—There is no news.

The following correspondence appeared in the *Gaceta Mercantil* of yesterday:—

Buenos Ayres, 2d April, 1836.

To the Editor of the *Gaceta Mercantil*.

SIR,—Please to insert in your estimable journal, the annexed copy of a letter which I have addressed to Mr. Arrowsmith, editor of the Map of this Province, which has just been published in London; as, notwithstanding its contents are well known amongst the inhabitants here, history ought not to be deprived of some important facts belonging to it, nor individuals defrauded of the glory to which they are entitled.

FELIPE SENILLOSA.

Buenos Ayres, 29th March, 1836.

To Mr. Arrowsmith.

DEAR SIR,—I have before me a Map of the Province of Buenos Ayres, which you have just published; and although it is in conformity with the copy given to Mr. Parish, when he resided here as Consul-General of the British Government, whilst the undersigned was charged with the direction of the Topographic Department, I consider it nevertheless my duty, and a tribute to justice, to make the following observations to you, which I conceive ought not to be omitted in a subsequent edition.

The numbers attached to the estancias of different individuals, are of no interest to the public, but only indicate the reference of each property in the private registers of the aforementioned department.

A more important observation remains to be made, which is, that His Excellency Governor Rosas, to whom the Map is dedicated, has had a principal part in its formation, as he has likewise had in the exploring and determining the position of a vast country which we now happily see inhabited. His indefatigable zeal prepared the way to our grazing establishments, and to the augmentation of population. Formerly, all was a desert from the banks of the river Salado to the Southward and Westward; a considerable military expedition left no other result than the occupation of a fortified post in the Sierra, the risk in travelling being still felt even a few leagues from the capital. In the meantime, the ideas respecting the territory were confused. In the year 1825, on the creation of the Topographic Department, the Map which is now published was produced. Two extensive and laborious expeditions, under the command of our present Governor, accompanied by the undersigned Surveyor,—one the private undertaking of the said General, and the other at the expense of the Government,—led to the formation of the Map in question. Careful and minute examinations were personally made by the said General, of all the rivulets, and particularities of the lands. It was necessary to traverse the country with an armed force, and that the General should make use of the influence which he possessed with the Indians.—From that period, the veil was withdrawn; confidence began to be established, and the desire to form new establishments increased. Thousands of estancias were measured off, distributed, and subsequently settled; and now, after the said General has with the military expedition of the year 1833 completed this work, the Province is on the eve of presenting a vast field covered with rural establishments, and a continuation of inhabitants, from the shores of the great Parana, to the extensive coast of the Atlantic Ocean to the South, and the port of Bahia Blanca.

FELIPE SENILLOSA.

In connection with the concluding statement of

Señor Senillosa, we refer our readers to the address from the inhabitants of *El Monte*, inserted amongst the official documents.

### SERENADES.

A singular occurrence took place on the night of Sunday last, in the streets of this capital. A piano, carried by four men, and played by an able professor, accompanied four excellent amateur vocalists in select pieces of music from various operas. These performances continued until half past 3 on Monday morning, and attracted a retinue of at least 120 persons. The musicians halted at the house of His Excellency the Governor, and sung the *Duo Militar*, and saluted His Excellency with loud vivas. His Excellency returned thanks in a short address, in purport, that he was highly gratified to see all so happy and joyous. The party serenaded in front of various mansions; at one of which, in the Calle de la Piedad, a lady, an inmate therein, took part in the vocal demonstration, and sung with infinite taste. It had a fine effect, the night being delightfully temperate, and moonlit.

The following advertisement has appeared in the daily papers during the week:—

"Viva la Federacion!"

"The Justice of Peace of the Parish of the Cathedral to the South, desiring to celebrate on his own part, and on that of his neighbours, the anniversary of the ascension to the Government of our Illustrious Restorer, Brigadier-General Juan Manuel de Rosas, invites every individual in the parish under his charge, that on the eve of the 13th inst., and on the evening of that and the following day, they will deign to illuminate their premises, adding thereto any demonstration celebratory of said anniversary which may be possible;—a spontaneous expression to which the aforesaid Judge invites them, and for which he will be thankful.—*Julian Diaz de Vivar.*"

In pursuance of the above invitation, great preparations are making in the parish in question, and great is the demand for flags and illumination lamps. It is one of the most populous and extensive parishes in this capital, and was the only one which did not give a *funcion* last year on the installation of the present Government, for which reason the present one is to take place. This parish, although denominated "the Parish of the Cathedral to the South," is generally known by the name of the Parish of "El Colegio."

### Official Documents.

¡VIVA LA FEDERACION!

Buenos Ayres, April 2, 1836.

27th year of the Liberty, 21st of the Independence, and 7th of the Argentine Confederation.

In consequence of the doubts which have arisen relative to the establishments liable to the license duty, whether they be in town or country, the Government order:—

1. That the term for taking out licenses be postponed to the 15th inst. in the city, and to the 30th in the country; with the understanding that those who infringe upon the aforesaid dates, shall be subjected to the penalties of the law—viz., to pay double for each license, and their establishments to be in the mean time closed.

2. Annexed to this order, shall be published a list of the numbers of the quarters of the city liable to the city license duty.

3. Those not comprised in the said list, shall pay the country license duty.

Let this be published.

ROSAS.

José Maria Rojas.

Amount of Exchequer Bills in circulation on 1st April, 1836:—4,855,500 dollars.

List of persons who have arrived and departed from this city, in the three first months of this year:—

ARRIVALS.—In the month of January, . . .	189
February, . . .	197
March, . . .	215
	601
DEPARTURES.—In the month of January, . . .	188
February, . . .	190
March, . . .	197
	575

Buenos Ayres, March 31, 1836.

Statements corresponding to the month of March 1836,—of the balance of Exchequer Bills,—the Revenue receipts and expenditure,—and the receipts and expenditure of the *Caja de Depositos*,—as also a statement from the Treasury, for January 1836, of monies paid for back claims, &c.; were published in the *Gaceta Mercantil* of 5th and 6th instant.

A communication from various agriculturists of the township of San Miguel del Monte, dated 2d ult., addressed to the Special Commissioner of the New *Chacras*, requests him in their name, and in that of all the inhabitants of said township, to express to Brigadier-General Juan Manuel de Rosas, Governor and Captain-General of the Province, their gratitude not only for the decree of 18th December last, prohibiting the importation of foreign wheat and flour except on certain conditions, but also for the great benefits conferred upon them in being put in possession of the lands they occupy; this being entirely owing to the paternal care and sage dispositions of His Excellency. That three years since, *Del Monte* was in a manner a desert; that now, thanks to the exertions of His Excellency, it possesses a considerable population, who in this year have been enabled to raise on their lands a great number of fanegas of wheat. That such positive benefits, emanating from His Excellency, demand the unqualified thanks of the inhabitants, which they now beg leave to offer, &c. &c.

A communication, dated Santa Fé, February 29, 1836, from General Estanislao Lopez, Governor of that Province, addressed to the Governor of the Province of Buenos Ayres, acknowledges the receipt of the Circular issued by the latter on 28th January, with the decree of the day preceding annexed. That he (the Governor of Santa Fé,) had taken every precaution to prevent the circulation in his Province of the anonymous publication entitled, "*Federacion, Constitucion, Nacionalizacion*;" but that these insidious attacks of the Unitarians, evince the state of desperation and impotence to which they are reduced.

The communication concludes, requesting the Governor of Buenos Ayres to read attentively the letter dated 26th January, which he the Governor of Santa Fé had addressed upon the occasion to the Governor of Santiago del Estero, which letter contains the full expression of his political principles.

The decree above mentioned, was published in our No. 493; and the letter from Governor Lopez, of 26th January, was noticed in our No. 495.

A note, dated Cordova, 19th ult., from Don Calisto M. Gonzales, delegate Governor of that Province, to the Governor of the Province of Buenos Ayres, incloses a list of 14 individuals, who on the 13th ult. were forwarded from Cordova, under an escort commanded by Lieutenant A. Garcia, to Buenos Ayres; charged with being concerned more or less in the murders of General Quiroga and his retinue.

glected by the fair, they bear no malice, and will be useful to society, notwithstanding the slights they receive. Preparations have commenced for opening the Opera.

Blackwood's Magazine of January last, contains the following note, attached to an article on "Foreign Policy."

"There is a secret connected with the indemnity sentiment which we will take this occasion to disturb ourselves of, as nobody else, that we know of has blundered upon it. After the Three Days of July business, Lafayette had actually acceded to the wishes of the Republicans, and consented to be named First President of the French Republic. Before proceeding to the Hotel de Ville, where the party were assembled to inaugurate him, the General called on Mr. Rives, the American envoy, a worthy sensible man, as we can testify from personal acquaintance, who had great influence over him. Monarchy trembled in the balance, and France was within two hours of a republic, when the advice and exhortations of Rives, who pointed out the perils of the undertaking, and the want of due elements in that country to constitute a pure democratic government, decided the veteran patriot. He repaired to the Hotel de Ville, and to the astonishment as well as rage of his partisans, presented Louis-Philippe to the people as the *meilleur des republics*. Louis-Philippe was grateful—in his way—he saddled his debt upon France at the rate of twenty-five millions of francs American indemnity. Thus Rives accomplished in a few months what the astute Gallatin had failed in, and America had negotiated twenty years for in vain. The claims were but a Flemish account after all, but, having contracted, France ought to pay."

NEW DICTIONARY.

- Money**—A fish peculiarly difficult to catch.
- The Grave**—An ugly hole in the ground, which lovers and poets wish they were in, but take uncommon pains to keep out of.
- Modesty**—A beautiful flower that flourishes only in secret places.
- Sensibility**—A quality by which its possessor, in attempting to promote the happiness of other people, loses his own.
- A Young Man of Talent**—An impertinent scoundrel who thirsts himself forward; a writer of execrable poetry; a person without modesty; a noisy fellow; a speech maker; a reform town councillor.
- Lawyer**—A learned gentleman, who rescues your estate from your enemy, and keeps it himself.
- Watchman**—A man employed by the parish to sleep in the open air.
- Honesty**—An excellent joke.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

**JOHN WHITAKER,** MOST respectfully informs his Customers, and the Public generally, that he has REMOVED his Shop from the Alameda, to

No. 67, Calle del 25 de Mayo, (Facing the Portico of the English Church.)  
Common draught, lift, and force Pumps; Sheet Lead cast to any thickness; Heaters' Kettles made and repaired; Ship and House Water-Closets, on the most approved principle; Scupper and Hawse Pipes, cast to any dimensions; Deep Sea and Hand Leads; Stem Lead, and Head or Bilge Pumps for Vessels; Small Pumps made for Balandras; hot, cold, and shower Baths, permanent or portable; Ship's Compasses adjusted and repaired; Dumb-bells, for exercise, cast to any weight; Acid Pans made to order for Chemical purposes; every description of Still Work repaired; Steam Apparatus for extracting marrow fat and oil from animal substances, made to order, on any scale; Air Traps for Sinks or Drains, to prevent unpleasant effluvia; Houses having Alts, supplied with water from the Aigibe—a great advantage where Alts are occupied by separate families; Lead Pipes for conducting water from the roofs of houses, much superior and more durable than the earthen pipes generally used, and calculated to preserve the walls from damp.  
Lead Coffins; and every description of House or Ship Plumber's work.  
Water raised from any depth to any height; Wind-power Pumps, for raising water for the supply of cattle, irrigation of land or alfalfa grounds, brick-making establishments, or any other purposes for which a supply of water may be wanted.  
Drying Colours prepared for Painting.

Funerals undertaken and performed on any Scale. Plain, covered, and richly finished Coffins, on the shortest notice.

Wanted.

FOR CAPATAZ of a SHEEP FARM, a FOREIGNER accustomed to the Camp, and well acquainted with the business.  
Apply to Mr. F. SHERRIDAN, at Perez's Auction-Store, Calle de la Reconquista, half a square from the Plaza de la Victoria.

For Sale,

A FRENCH NAUTICAL ALMANACK, for the Year 1836,—published by the Board of Longitude, in Paris. Price, 10 dollars. Apply at No. 39, Calle del 25 de Mayo.

Notice.

THE undermentioned Articles were received by the brig *Sea Nymph*, from London, and are now selling at S. BISHOP'S, No. 49, Calle de la Reconquista:  
Oatmeal, Arrow-Root, Pearl Barley, Pearl Sago, Treacle, Starch, Blue, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, Jamaica Ginger, Isinglass, Sngarcandy, Carraway Seeds, Steer's Opodeldoc, Dalby's ditto, Aromatic Vinegar, Salt Lemon, Scouring Drops, Seidlitz, Powders, Soda Powders, Lozenges, Patent Mustard, Smelling Salts, Lavender Water, Brandy Bitters, Pearl Ashes, Windsor Soap, &c., Gold Leaf, Imery, Cheltenham Salts, Corn Plaster, Corn Plaster, Issue Plaster and Pens, Gold Beater's Skin, Eau de Luce, Macassar Oil, Hair Powder, Permanent Ink, Powder Puffs, &c., Dutch Drops, Essence Peppermint, Tooth Powder, Tooth Brushes, Copal Varnish, Allspice, &c. &c. &c.

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 56, CALLE DE LA PIEDAD.

THOMAS TUCKER, (Successor to the late Thomas Lindsay,) FROM LONDON, And last from DUBLIN and BELFAST; Household and oven Tailor to His Excellency the Marquis of Wexley, then Lord Lieutenant; the Lord Chancellor, Duke of Leinster, Marquis of Donegal, and many others of the Nobility and Gentry of Ireland.

TUCKER most respectfully returns his sincere acknowledgments for the favours already received, and begs to inform his Friends he has laid in an excellent assortment of CLOTHS of the best quality, consisting of Blue Black, Green, Brown, Olive, Adelaide, Invisible Green, &c. &c.; and likewise for Trowsers—Oxford Greys, Drabs, &c. &c.

All articles ordered will be executed in the very best style of workmanship, and cut agreeable to the newest mode of fashion, at the following most moderate PRICES:—  
Suit of the best Black Cloth, - - - 260 dollars.  
Best black cloth Coat, - - - 160 do.  
Second cloth black do, - - - 130 do.  
Best blue cloth Coat, gilt buttons, 160 to 180 do.  
Second fine blue cloth Coat, do, - 150 do.  
Best black, blue, and various colour cloth Frock Coat, - - - 160 to 180 do.  
Best black cloth Trowsers, - - - 75 do.  
Best blue cloth ditto, - - - 75 do.  
Excellent and fine Oxford-grey, drabs, blue, and black Cloth Trowsers, 60 do.  
Second blue, mixture, and strip Cloth Trowsers, - - - 40 to 50 do.  
Superior black silk Florentine Waistcoats, 35 dollars and upwards; handsome black and coloured Drawers of Velvet Waistcoats, 20 dollars and upwards.  
C<sup>o</sup>'s Flannel Waistcoats and Drawers of various qualities, well made, and on most reasonable charges. Boys' Clothes, Liveries, and every other article in the Trade, made on reasonable terms.

HERNIA.

Newly invented Truss.

D. R. PATTERSON has received from the United States, a newly invented PATENT TRUSS, for the radical cure of HERNIA.

Hitherto, all Trusses offered to the Public were of a character only palliative, never effecting a cure, but inconveniencing the Patient to their constant use during life.

This disease, but until lately deemed incurable, has in the United States within the last few months, in cases of the most inveterate character, been perfectly cured by the application of this Truss. It is spoken of in the following manner:—

"Sir,—I have used the newly invented Patent Truss in several cases of Hernia, of long standing; and it affords me the greatest pleasure to state, that so far in its use I have had the most complete success.

"WILLIAM GIBSON, M. D.  
"Professor of Surgery in the University of Pennsylvania."

"Sir,—In several cases of Hernia, in my public and private practice, I have had recourse to the newly invented Patent Truss, and I can unhesitatingly pronounce it one of the greatest improvements of the present day, in the treatment of a disease so general. Its advantages over other Trusses are most evident, as, by causing a radical cure, the Patient is at once exempted from its use, which has hitherto been for life.

"RHEA BARTON, M. D.  
"Surgeon to the Philadelphia Alms-House, Infirmary, and Hospital."

N. B.—Persons labouring under Hernia, can have the Truss applied by calling at No. 136, Calle de la Paz.

Removal.

WILLIAM MARSDEN, PAINTER, PAPER AND ENGL. HANGER, &c., has the honor to inform his Friends, Customers, and the Public in general, that he has REMOVED his well-known PAINT AND PAPER WAREHOUSE, from No. 6, Calle de la Florida, To No. 39½, Calle de la Victoria,

Where he continues the business in every branch, such as Painting Houses and Signs, Papering Rooms, putting up Canvas's Ceilings, Hanging Bells, and, in fine, executing every class of work connected with the interior or exterior decorations of buildings; all of which he engages to perform, as heretofore, with the utmost dispatch, and in the first style of elegance, supplying the best of materials at the most reasonable charge; by a perseverance in which conduct, he hopes to deserve a continuation of that generous patronage which hitherto he has invariably experienced.

In W. M.'s new Warehouse, the most varied and extensive assortment of Paper, Paints mixed and unmixed, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Brushes, and an infinite number of other articles, too lengthy for detail, will always be met with by Wholesale and Retail.

W. M. also offers to the Public, with the fullest confidence, a Composition which he has discovered for effectually preventing the Rain from penetrating the Roofs of Houses; and undertakes to remove from Canvas Ceilings, all Stains occasioned by leakage.

N. B.—Erick Duct for Cement, on Sale in any quantity, at the low price of four dollars per fanega at the Mill, and four dollars and a-half delivered at the purchaser's house.

FOREIGN MERCHANT VESSELS

IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES, ON THE 7<sup>th</sup> OF APRIL, 1836.

VESSELS AND CAPTAINS' NAMES.	CONSIGNEES.	DESTINATION, &c.
<b>BRITISH.</b>		
Brig Amelia, Roe, .....	Briscoe, Twyford & Co., .....	Loading for Liverpool.
Brig Caraboo, H. B. Fell, .....	Charles Tayleur & Co., .....	Loading for Liverpool.
Barque Lancashire Witch, Grayson, .....	John McDougall & Co., .....	Montevideo to load for Liverpool.
Brig Sea Nymph, John H. Smith, .....	Horne & Alsogaray, .....	Loading for London.
Schooner Lapwing, Osborn, .....	Brownell, Stegmann & Co., .....	Loading for Liverpool.
<b>AMERICAN.</b>		
Schooner Only Son, J. Lear, .....	Davison, Milner & Co., .....	Discharging.
Brig Curlew, J. Cheever, .....	Daniel Gowland & Co., .....	
<b>FRENCH.</b>		
Barque Soleil, Maugeudre, .....	Casimir Cochard, .....	Loading for Havre de Grace.
Brig Herminie, Sorel, .....	H. Poncelet & Co., .....	Loading for Havre de Grace.
<b>DANISH.</b>		
Brig Elencore Sophie, Ginge, .....	C. H. Andersen, .....	Loading for Bremen.
Schr. Venezia, H. P. Peerehey, .....	Zumarán & Treserra, .....	Discharging.
<b>SWEDISH.</b>		
Brig Union, Olson, .....	Zumarán & Treserra, .....	Discharging.
<b>BELGIAN.</b>		
Galliot Antonius, H. H. Lange, .....	Brownell, Stegmann & Co., .....	Discharging.
<b>SARBINIAN.</b>		
Polacre Tetis, Pierangiole, .....	Zumarán & Treserra, .....	Loading for Cadix.
Polacre Bella Antonieta, P. T. Vassallo, .....	Pedro A. Plomer, .....	Loading for Havana.
<b>BRAZILIAN.</b>		
Brig Seventh September, Pena, .....	J. A. Rivero, .....	Panagua.
Zumaca San Antonio y Animas, A. J. Araujo, .....	M. A. Ramos, .....	Panagua.
Schr.-brig Dos Amigos, F. A. de Santiago, .....	J. S. Monteiro, .....	Brazil.
Schr.-brig Caboclo, J. J. Oliveira, .....	M. A. Ramos, .....	Panagua.

FOREIGN VESSEL OF WAR.

BRITISH.—Ship Acteon, (36 guns,) Captain the Right Hon. Lord Edward Russell.

AT ENRSNADA.

British brig Mars, G. B. Wainley, to Davison, Milner & Co., loading with horses and mules for Demerara. Swedish brig Systerman, Hallberg, to Zimmermann, Frazier & Co., loading with mules for Bahia.

# MARINE LIST.

## Port of Buenos Ayres.

April 2.—Wind E.

Arrived, Danish sch. *Venezia*, H. P. Peerehy, from Malaga 7th December, with wine, oil, olives, &c., to Zúñaran & Treserra.

Belgian galliot *Antonius*, H. H. Lange, from Hamburg 10th December, Montevideo 1st inst., with 99 Merino sheep, including 19 born during the voyage; gin, &c., to Brownell, Stegmann & Co. Passengers from Hamburg, Messrs. Jonathan Taber Fox, John Müller, and — Papsdorf; and from Montevideo, Dr. L. Raven.

American brig *Curlew*, Joseph Cheever, from Rio Janeiro 1st ult., Montevideo 31st, in ballast, to Daniel Gowland & Co.

Brazilian sch. brig *Dos Amigos*, Francisco Antonio de Santiago, from Paragua 8th ult., with 815 tierces yerba, &c., to J. S. Monteiro.

National packet sch. *Luisa*, Moratore, from Montevideo 1st, to Carlos Galeano.

National sch. *Constellation*, (Pilot-boat), from Euseñada.

April 3.—Wind N. N. E.

No arrivals or sailings.

April 4.—Wind S. S. E.

No arrivals or sailings.

April 5.—Wind E., strong at night.

Arrived, Brazilian sch.-brig *Caboclo*, José Joaquin Oliveira, from Paragua 20th ult., with yerba, sugar, &c., to M. A. Ramos.

Sailed, National sch. *Constellation*, (Pilot-boat), on a cruise in the river.

(At night) Oriental packet schooner *Rosa*, Schiaffino, for Montevideo.

April 6.—Wind E., slight rain in the morning.

No arrivals or sailings.

The *Rosa*, which sailed last night, was in sight this morning.

April 7.—Wind E. S. E., strong in the evening.

Arrived, (at night) National brig *Ximeno*, Harris, from Patagonia 31st ult., Montevideo 6th inst., with salt, to Edward Lumb. Passengers, Don Antonio Peter and family, 10 in number; Don Francisco Parra, and Doña Maria Antonia; and, landed in Montevideo, Don Juliano Rosqueles, wife, and 2 children, and Madame Herbert. Passenger from Montevideo, Mr. H. Davis.

Sailed, British brig *Mars*, George B. Walmsley, for Euseñada, to load with horses and mules for the Island of Demerara.

British brig *Frisk*, William Whiteaway, for Montevideo to finish her loading for Liverpool, despatched by Rennie, Macfarlane & Co., with 3285 salted hides, 99,100 ox hoofs, 35 fanegas salt, 60 bales hay. Passenger for Montevideo, Captain Baldwin.

April 8.—Wind N. N. E., strong.

Arrived, National sch. *Constellation*, (Pilot-boat), from a cruise in the river.

Sailed, British brig *Betsy*, Hunter, for Montevideo to finish her loading for Liverpool, despatched by Parlane, Macalister & Co., with 6563 salted hides, 27,708 horns, 35 pipes with 1400 arrobas tallow, 17 bales with 1600 doz. nutria skins, 92 do. with 1970 arrobas wool, 24 do. with 610 doz. sheep skins. Passenger for Montevideo, Mr. Walter Maclean.

The *Mars* and *Frisk*, which sailed yesterday, were in sight this day.

Sailed from Euseñada.

2d. inst.—British barque *Agnes*, Robert Cumming, for the West Indies, with 162 mules and 2 horses.

## SHIPPING MEMORANDA.

Vessels passed Point Indio.

30th ult., at 10 A. M., Wind W. N. W.—Thomas Leech, hence 29th.

On 1st inst., at 6 A. M., Wind N. W.—Artemis, hence 31st ult.

On 3d, at 6 A. M., Wind N.—Ipoerita, hence 31st inst.  
“ “ at 4 P. M., Wind E. N. E.—Agnes, from Euseñada 3d.

Arrived at Montevideo.

30th ult.—American brig *Globe*, ———, from Baltimore 30th January, with 1172 barrels flour, tea, rice, &c., to Zimmerman, Eggler & Co.

Austrian polacre *Oocinlas*, from Barcelona 15th January.

Sardinian brig *Octavio* & *Carolina*, from Genoa 15th January.

Brazilian brig *Isabel*, from Rio Grande 22d ult.

British sch. *Vixen*, taken from Island Mayo, 5th February 30th January, with 1172 barrels flour, tea, rice, &c., to Zimmerman, Eggler & Co.

On 1st inst., at 6 A. M., Wind N. W.—Artemis, hence 31st ult.

On 3d, at 6 A. M., Wind N.—Ipoerita, hence 31st inst.

American brig *Tim*, from Rio Janeiro 12 days.  
A French barque from Havre de Grace 30 days.  
H. B. M.'s. surveying vessels *Sulphur* and *Starling*, last from Sta. Catalina.

Sailed from Montevideo.

30th ult.—H. B. M.'s. packet *Spout*, for Rio Janeiro.  
81st.—British brig *John Scott*, for Exmouth.

The brig *Mary* sailed from Liverpool on 4th February, for Buenos Ayres.

The *Tyro* spoke on 6th March, on the Line, the February packet from Falmonth, having on board Mr. Mandeville, H. B. M.'s. Minister Plenipotentiary to the Argentine Republic.

To the Editor of the British Packet.

SIR, Will you allow me a small space in the columns of your paper, for the purpose of calling the attention of the North Americans to the situation of the Benevolent Society.—an adjourned general meeting of whose members is notified in another part of the Packet.

It cannot be too much regretted that this Society, established under auspices so flattering, and which has during its short existence, in so many instances alleviated the destitute and suffering of our countrymen, and provided the means of performing with decency the last obsequies of the dead, should be allowed to languish for want of the requisite funds; and I trust it is only necessary that the fact should be known, to insure it that support which its philanthropic character merits.

Should any doubts be entertained as to the judicious application of the funds by the Trustees, an examination of the *Minutes*, which are open to inspection, would at once dissipate them, and, it is hoped, re-awaken our zeal in its behalf.

A Resident American.

Buenos Ayres, April 8.

## CIRCUS.

PARQUE ARGENTINO, (VAUXHALL.)  
“Steward's Equestrian Company” performed at the Parque Argentino, on the afternoon of the 3d inst. During the morning they traversed the streets on horseback, in full dress, preceded by soldier boys with bugle horns.

## THEATRE.

The Theatre has not yet opened, in consequence, we believe, of the illness of Señor Gonzales, and that he has not yet been able to come to any arrangement with the proprietor of the house, Señor Olague.

THE ALAMEDA was very thinly attended on Sunday last.

THE WEATHER has been fine and seasonable throughout the week.—thermometer 63 to 70.

We have been requested to put into English the French epistle inserted in our last, which that wicked journal “The Age,” published in London, avers was written by General Jackson to Louis Philippe. The following is our version of this classical document, and to say truth, we have been put to our “wit's-end” in translating it:—

“You see, my old Cock, all that I had to say to my subjects the Yankee-doodles, in a pretty considerable damn'd particular tarnation long and tough yarn, that I would stand no more nonsense about what the English call blunt. You must fork out the money, my omnipotent of the Barricades, quick and no mistake. Tip off hand, stump it up you close-fisted miser, or I swear by all the rattlesnakes in Kentucky, Old Hickory will have a shy at your cock-boats before you can say Jack Robinson. It's of no use, it's no go, for you to say that you are as poor as the devil or a church mouse. It's all my eye and Betty Martin. I know better, you old scamp. I know that you have in your pouch, eleven millions sterling, ready money; and I'll play hell and Tommy with you, in the twinkling of a bed-post, in a brace of shakes, in a pig's whisper, if you don't come down right slick with the moppuses.

“Therefore, you gallowes old rogue, put those compliments of the season into your pipe, and smoke as hard as you like; and down with the dust if you wish to save your bacon.

“So no more at present from  
“ANDREW JACKSON.”

## FIRST DEEDS IN NEW SOUTH WALES.

The first landing was on the 26th of January, 1788; in 1789, the first harvest was reaped at Paramatta; in 1790, the first settler, James Reese, took possession of his land; twelve prisoners located in 1791, upon the Hawkesbury, sup-

plied, in 1793, twelve hundred bushels of corn; in 1796, the first play was performed; in 1808, the first newspaper was printed, and in the same year the first suicide occurred—that of a man who hung himself in jail; in 1805, the first colonial vessel was built; in 1806, the first great Hawkesbury flood happened; in 1810, the first census of the population, stock, and cultivated land was made, the first toll-gates were built, caterpillars first made their appearance, the streets of Sydney received names, weekly markets were established, and the first public races instituted; in 1813, the first fair was held, at Paramatta; in 1817, the first bank was established; in 1820, the first colonial tobacco was sold; in 1825, the first book was reviewed; in the same year the first breach of promise of marriage came before the criminal courts; and in 1826, the first public concert was held.

Cure for the Small Pox.—At a meeting of the French Royal Academy of Medicine, Mons. Valpean read an essay to prove that if the pustules in this disease be canterized within two days after the eruption, they die away entirely, and if even later, their duration is abridged, and no traces of them are left. The caustic which he used was a solution of nitrate of silver, into which he dipped a probe, with which he pierced the centre of each pustule; this remedy he had tried in numerous cases with a very good effect.

## Arrived.

On 25th ult., by the Rev. Mr. BROWN.—MR. SAMUEL SHAW FOLKES, of Sibthorp, Nottinghamshire, England, to Mrs. MARY DAVIS, of Gibraltar.

## Died.

On 3d inst., Mr. PATRICK M'KELONE, aged 31 years; a native of Ireland, for several years a resident in this city, and formerly of Liverpool.

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

### North American Benevolent Society.

AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING of the Subscribers to the said Society will be held at MR. BECH'S HOTEL, on Monday evening, 11th inst., at 7 o'clock. A general and punctual attendance is particularly requested, as business of importance will be laid before the Meeting.

(By order.)

J. M. ELA, Secretary.

### Removal.

J. A. MAYER, Tailor, has the honor to inform his Customers and the Public, that he has Removed his Shop from the Calle de la Paz,

To No. 50, Calle de Cangallo,

(Nearly opposite the Theatre.)

J. A. M. has on hand an Excellent Assortment of Superfine and second-rate CLOTH, also an Assortment of Silks, Cottons, &c., for Waistcoats, which he offers to make up in the latest fashion, and on most reasonable terms.

London Newspapers “Atlas” of 10th January, and “Age” 3d January.

The above are requested to be returned to No. 50, Calle del 25 de Mayo.

## PRICES CURRENT.

Doublions, Spanish,.....	124 a 125 dollars each.
Do. Patriot,.....	121 a 121½ do. do.
Plata macuquina,.....	7 a 7½ do. for one.
Dollars, Spanish,.....	7½ a 7½ do. each.
Do. Patriot, & Patacones,.....	7½ a 7½ do. do.
6 per cent. Stock,.....	7½ a 75 do. percent.
Bank Shares,.....	150 a 150 do. each.
Exchange on England,.....	6 13-16 a 16 pence & dollar
Do. on Rio Janeiro,.....	375 a uls. p. ct. p.m.
Do. on Montevideo,.....	7½ a p. patacon.
Do. on United States,.....	7½ a do. p. U.S. d.t.
Hides, Ox, best,.....	32 a 35 do. p. pesada.
Do. country,.....	26 a 29 do. do.
Do. weighing 23 to 24 lbs,.....	26 a 27 do. do.
Do. salted,.....	24 a 25 do. do.
Do. Horse,.....	10 a 11 do. each.
Nutria Skins,.....	18 a 22 do. per dozen.
Chinchilla Skins,.....	29 a 37 do. do.
Wool, common,.....	9½ a 12 do. per arroba.
Hair, long,.....	23 a 39 do. do.
Do. mixed,.....	23 a 26 do. do.
Jerked Beef,.....	16 a 17 do. p. quintal.
Tallow, melted,.....	11 a 13½ do. p. arroba.
Horns,.....	128 a 550 do. per mt.
Flour, (North American),.....	70 a 75 do. per barrel.
Salt, on board,.....	12 a 14 do. p. Jurega.
Discount,.....	1½ a 2 p. ct. p. month.

The highest price of Doublions during the week, 125 dollars. The lowest price, 121 dollars.

The highest rate of Exchange upon England during the week, 6 13-16 pence. The lowest ditto, 63 pence.

PRINTED AT THE STATE PRINTING-OFFICE, No. 19, Calle de Obacabuco. Published every SATURDAY, at No. 59, Calle del 25 de Mayo; where Subscriptions and Communications are received by the Editor.

PRICE.—EIGHT DOLLARS (currency) PER QUARTER. Single numbers, 5 cents.

ALEXANDER BRASLER, Responsible Editor.

**PASSION WEEK.**

"**HOLY THURSDAY.**"—In addition to the notices in our last, we have to state that at noon on Holy Thursday, the colours at the Fort, Marine-Office, and of various vessels in the port, were hoisted half-mast, and yards crossed; the shops were closed, horses and vehicles no longer appeared in the streets; the bells of the various Churches ceased to toll, and universal stillness prevailed. Soon, however, the streets and Churches were thronged with people; and this continued during the afternoon, and until half-past 9 at night. Never on any similar occasion in Buenos Ayres, have we witnessed so great a concourse of females, and all were attired in sables. The throng was so immense that it was with difficulty we could make our way to the entrance of the Churches, particularly at *La Merced* and *El Colegio*. We passed through the cloisters and vestry of the latter, and took our station near the High Altar, which was tastefully but not so splendidly decorated as on previous anniversaries of the day; neither was the music so effective. The piano was well played; the vocal performers had little opportunity of displaying their talent; and the whole concluded shortly after 8 in the evening.

At the Church of *La Merced*, the High Altar was brilliantly decorated. Near the entrance door were, an image of Christ in the act of being scourged, and one of the Virgin adorned with flowers. Images of a similar description were placed in front of other Churches, and in several streets, and under the arched way of the *Cabildo*. At the latter, and in the *Calle de la Paz*, as also close to the *Colegio*, temporary pulpits were erected, from which individuals delivered "holy discourses" to numerous congregations. There was music during the evening at the Church of *La Merced*, and at that of *San Francisco*. The greatest order prevailed throughout the day, notwithstanding the crowded state of the streets and Churches; and, in pursuance of the order from the Police Department noticed in our last, the groups of spectators which were wont to assemble around the Churches, were no longer permitted. The night was sultry, and the heat inside the "holy temples" excessive.

"**GOOD FRIDAY.**"—The splendours of the High Altars in the different Churches, were veiled. Sermons analogous to the day were delivered, and solemn strains performed; but there was no music in the evening at the *College Church*, as on other years; neither was there any *retreta* on this nor on the preceding evening, which seemed to cause considerable disappointment to the crowd which had collected on both nights in the *Plaza de la Victoria*, and other places, to hear it. We believe the Bands had, as usual, devoted several weeks to rehearsing the music intended to be performed at the *retreta* on the night of Holy Thursday, and on that of Good-Friday, but the performances were interdicted by the Authority. The disappointment to us, as it respects the music, was not very great, its tones being always too dull and tedious to suit our taste; but there was something interesting in the scene; the costume of the bands—the muffled drums—the slow march—the lights—the attendant soldiery, with arms reversed—and the great assemblage which used to collect on the occasion, constituting all the respectable portion of society in Buenos Ayres—rendered it pleasing, and even exciting; therefore, as it regards ourselves, we regret the deprivation.

**SATURDAY.**—At mid-day the guns from the Fort announced "the resurrection." Colours were then run up to the mast head, and yards squared, amidst the ringing of the bells of the different Churches, heating of drums, fire-works, &c. &c.; shops were opened, "the hum of business" again commenced, and the ladies threw aside their Church attire and assumed that of brighter tints. The Sardinian *polacre* Tatis, in the Inner Roads, also fired a salute in honor of the event. During the afternoon, a number of Judasses were hung up in various parts of the town;—there was one in the Fort, another on the *Alameda*, but the most important one was suspended in the *Plaza de la Victoria*, meant, so it was said, to represent an *Umbrian*. This figure held in its right hand a paper on which was inscribed "*Amigos del Pais*," and other defunct journals of this city; and on the reverse—"Pluto." In its left hand it had also a paper with the words:

"*¡Vivad nos Buenos Aires!*  
"*¡Mueran los extranjeros!*  
"*¡Mueran los Judasses!*"

On its back was written—

"*¡Mueran los Judasses!*  
"*¡Mueran los Judasses!*"

The redoubtable figure was blown up in great style preceding, as well as his companions.

His Excellency the Governor, accompanied by Colonels Ramos, Rodriguez, Ramirez, and other officers, on horseback, and escorted by three cavalry soldiers, visited the *Alameda* during the afternoon, and the *Plaza de la Victoria* in the evening; and witnessed the exit of the Judas in the latter place. The attendance, too, of ladies and gentlemen, was very great.

The band of the regiment of *Patricios*, and that of the *Guardia Argentina*, left the Fort at half-past 8 o'clock, to perform the *retreta*—both preceded by globular lights. That appertaining to the *Guardia Argentina*, was splendid and new; the transparencies were prettily designed, the general colour red. The two bands halted in the *Calle de la Victoria*, and played selections from *Tancredi*, and other operas. The throng to hear the bands was very great; the *Calle de la Victoria* was at times almost impassable. The weather on the three evenings of Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, was pleasant and moonlit.

**SUNDAY.**—Other Judasses were burnt on this evening, amidst the ascension of fire-balloons, and discharges of rockets and other fire-works. One of them was suspended near the *College Church*; another in the *Artillery Park*. Judas has had no mercy shewn him this year in Buenos Ayres.

**LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS**

TOWARDS PAYING OFF THE DEBTS AND DEFRAYING THE EXPENSES OF REPAIRS OF THE British Episcopal Church, Buenos Ayres, During the Years 1834 and 1835.

Hamilton C. J. Hamilton, Esq.,	-\$300
Mrs. Hamilton,	200
Rev. Mr. Armstrong,	200
Mr. George Nuttall,	200
Mr. Thomas Sillitoe,	200
Mr. Gregory Haxell,	200
Mr. John Downes,	200
Messrs. Muhr & Ludovici,	200
Messrs. Dorr, Reincke & Lees,	200
Messrs. Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.,	200
Mr. John Harratt,	100
Mr. James How,	100
Mr. George Beley,	100
Messrs. Dixon & Co.,	100
Messrs. Bertram, Delisle & Co.,	100
Mr. John Appleyard,	100
Mr. Samuel Bishop,	100
Mr. Edward Lumb,	100
Mr. Alfred Barber,	100
Messrs. Charles Tayleur & Co.,	100
Messrs. Brownell, Stegmann & Co.,	100
Messrs. Anderson, Weller & Co.,	100
Messrs. Lafone, Robinson & Co.,	100
Messrs. Parlange, Macalister & Co.,	100
Messrs. R. & J. Carlisle,	100
Messrs. Plowes, Atkinson & Co.,	100
Mr. J. S. Allen,	100
Mrs. E. Milner,	100
Mrs. C. Chambers,	100
Mr. James Barton,	100
Messrs. J. & S. Lyons,	100
Mr. James Hargreaves,	100
Mr. Daniel Gowland,	100
Mr. Thomas Armstrong,	100
Mr. S. Puddicombe,	100
Mr. Walter Laidlaw,	100
Mr. Stephen Hallett,	100
Mr. James Mitchell,	100
Mr. John Whitaker,	100
Mr. George Lord,	100
Mrs. Booth,	150
Mr. George Dowdall,	50
Mr. Martin Perfumo,	50
Mr. James C. Thompson,	50
Mr. Thomas Best,	50
Mr. G. M. Portis,	50
Mr. Alexander Spears,	50
Mr. John Nuttall,	50
Mr. John Macfarlane,	50
Mr. Maurice Lewis,	50
Mr. James Coyle,	50
Mr. Charles H. Twyford,	50
Mr. G. S. Macome,	50
Mr. John Dalton,	50
Mr. William Gilpin,	50
Mr. Robert Hyne,	50
Messrs. J. J. Arriola & Co.,	50
Mr. J. H. Smith,	50
Mr. T. S. Parkinson,	50
Mr. Joshua Thwaites,	50
Mrs. Brown,	50
Mr. John Kennedy,	50
Mr. John Ludlam,	50
Mr. Thomas Jones,	50
Mr. Hugh White,	50
Mr. James Dunnett,	50
Messrs. Henry & George Dowse,	50

Carried forward, . . . \$6,550

Brought forward,	\$6,550
Mr. Donald Mackenzie,	50
Mr. Dominick Gillbully,	50
Mr. James Steadman,	50
Mr. Samuel Hesse,	50
Mr. Thomas Lindsay,	50
Mr. Henry W. Gilbert,	50
Mr. Francis Dunnett,	50
Mr. William Inglis,	50
Mr. Thomas Stuart,	50
Mr. George P. Becher,	50
Mr. C. M. Falcon,	50
Mr. Stewart Douglas,	50
Mr. George Mackenzie,	50
Mr. James Black,	50
Mr. A. Deihl,	50
Mr. Henry H. Jones,	50
Mr. John Watson,	50
Mr. Robert Hudson,	50
Mr. James Willis,	50
Mr. Charles R. Horne,	30
Mr. John Wilson,	30
Mr. William Murphy,	30
Mr. Thomas Dugdy,	30
Mr. Edward Newton,	30
Mr. Thomas Binns,	30
Mr. Benjamin Williams,	30
Mr. Henry Holland,	30
Mr. Richard Carlisle,	30
Mr. C. Brock,	30
Mr. P. L. M. DeLisle,	30
Mr. Thomas Crowe,	25
Mr. J. Q. Beech,	25
Mr. Thomas Gowland,	25
Mr. T. Moore,	25
Dr. M. Morrison,	25
Mr. R. A. Portis,	25
Mr. R. M'C.,	20
Mr. Edward Armstrong,	10
	\$8,010

Subscriptions received after the Accounts were presented at the Meeting held on 29th inst., the same having been handed over to the Committee appointed for the present year:

Mr. Henry Harratt,	\$50
Mr. William Gilpin,	50
Mr. Thomas Tucker,	20
	\$120

Buenos Ayres, 30th March, 1836.  
GEORGE NUTTALL, TREASURER.  
THOMAS SILLITOE, TRUSTEE.

(From the *World of Fashion* of 1st January, 1836.)  
**LONDON AT THE OPENING OF THE NEW YEAR.**

The New Year opens, and let us take a glance at fashionable London, its people, parties, pastimes, plays, and pleasures. The New Year, however, never opens well: fashionable folks are all enjoying the festivities of Christmas, over the hills and far away; and the few stragglers in London, can only amuse themselves by dropping into the theatres, or at some accidental concert which may start up as it were for no other purpose than that of preventing their death from *ennui*. Fashionable houses are still, for the most part, closed; nothing is to be seen outside but the eternal French grey shutters with gilt mouldings, at windows where we are accustomed to catch the merry smile of Lady A—G—, or behold the finely polished brow and rosy cheek of the Countess of E—; Lady M—'s swan-like neck is not seen above the balustrade of her mansion, her eyes gazing upon the groupes of *elegans* caracolling in the Park; nor do we see the beautiful raventresses of Lady E—C—, waving in the breeze, among the choice plants in her veranda, which choice plants by the way, are safely housed, until the spring and Lady Emily return to call them to life and loveliness again. The Court being at Brighton, those of the fashionable world that are not enjoying the hospitalities of their friends at country mansions, are located near their Sovereign; but as the Court breaks up at the end of this month, we anticipate London becoming gay again at the commencement of February, when the beaux and belles will return to the enjoyment of our fashionable circles. There are preparations for them in all quarters. Almack's is to open with increased brilliancy. Braham is to put forth some extraordinary novelties; concerts are to be given upon a more splendid scale than usual; and we are given to understand, that some of the leading men of *ton* have determined upon giving a series of entertainments that shall surpass every thing of the kind. The success of the *Bachelor's Picnic*, on the banks of the Thames, last year, has inspired some noble *celebrities* with the idea of other entertainments upon an enlarged scale; so that the bachelors will shew that, although ne-