

British Packet

AND
ARGENTINE NEWS.

N^o. 767.]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1841.

[VOL. XV.]

BUENOS AYRES.

With this number concludes the quarter of the *British Packet*.

We have no news to communicate this week from the Interior.

We have received English papers to 23rd February, they are extremely barren of political news. The money market was much depressed in consequence of the uncertain state of affairs with France and the United States. The 3 per cent Consols have been as low as 88. One of the London papers says that all the foreign funds were equally depressed except those of Buenos Ayres, which were "very lively" and found purchasers at 22 and 23.

Don Manuel Sarrazet, embarked on Tuesday afternoon last, in a French man of war boat, and went on board the French brig of war *Tactique*, in which he sailed on Wednesday for Montevideo, thence he goes to Rio Janeiro in another French vessel of war. He was accompanied to the place of embarkation by Mr. Mandeville, H. B. M.'s Minister Plenipotentiary, the Charge d'Affairs of France, and Don Miguel Riglos.

We hear that Señor Sarrazet is appointed Minister Plenipotentiary of this Republic to the Court of the Tuilleries, and that he will immediately proceed from Rio Janeiro to France, in fulfilment of his mission.

The parish North of the Cathedral was decorated with flags on Saturday afternoon last, and at night illuminated, it being the *vespers of the nation* proposed by the Vice-President and Commissioners of the corps of Serenos, on the preservation of the life of H. E. Governor Rosas and his daughter from the *Infernal Machine*. In the evening a band of military music was stationed in front of the Argentine Theatre and performed until a late hour. Some excellent fire works were discharged, including a profusion of splendid rockets, many of them on exploding in the air emitted numerous lights which produced a beautiful effect. The night was fine and the festivities attracted a crowd of spectators. On Sunday High Mass and Te Deum were celebrated at the Church of La Merced to a vast congregation, the parish was again adorned with flags and illuminated at night, at which period and during the day rockets of number were discharged. Bands of music also paraded through various streets of the district. In the evening the

GRAND BALL

(announced in our last) took place at the Argentine Theatre, which was fitted up for the occasion with exceeding splendour. The pit was transformed into a vast saloon for dancing, the lower boxes being removed in order to give it more extension and in this part chairs and sofas were arranged. The portrait of H. E. Governor Rosas was placed on a pedestal under

the government box and surrounded with flags. The victories gained by the arms of the country in its struggle for Independence were inscribed around the saloon, and the *Señores* was conspicuously placed "El Cuerpo de Serenos a Nuestro Ilustre Restaurador." The upper boxes were occupied by ladies and gentlemen who did not take part in the dance.—From the ceiling were suspended handsome chandeliers; that in the centre was remarkable for its size, beauty, decoration, and the great number of lights issuing from it. Mirrors were placed in front of the boxes, which multiplied the lights and gave to the saloon an appearance at once dazzling and curious. The music was admirably arranged, and the great width of the saloon afforded ample space for two sets to dance, which was often the case during the night, so that the effect of the view from the upper boxes of so many persons engaged in the charming amusement, the simple yet elegant attire of the ladies—their loveliness and grace with which they glided along the rich crimson carpeting of the magnificent saloon, may be imagined but not described. It was a spectacle which will not easily be forgotten.—The dances were the contra-dance, waltzes, quadrilles, the "minuet federal," &c. &c.

The Señorita Doña Adria Diaz, sang twice during the evening accompanied by the piano. The dulcet tones of her voice and the taste she displayed in her singing, excited admiration, enthusiasm, and in some breasts perhaps other emotions.

The ladies wore charmingly attired; white and light coloured dresses predominated, and both it and its ornaments, the emblems of innocence and happiness. Flowers formed the principal ornament of the head, whilst the curls gently waving gave additional interest to many a lovely face. Diamond and pearl necklaces, bracelets and rings were generally worn.

The Señorita Doña Manuela Rosas (as ever), charmed every eye by her frankness and amiability.

Refreshments of every description were laid out in the saloon of a house contiguous to the theatre. The supper-table was arranged on the stage, and when the curtain rose and discovered the splendid banquet, with the blaze of light emitted from elegant chandeliers, it elicited a burst of admiration. It almost appeared as if the Lamp of Aladdin had had some share in the affair. We can only say that the viands and wines were of the first quality and superabundant; the champagne was sparkling and in great request. Whilst one party were at supper others continued dancing so that the request did not occasion any pause in the dance.

The attendance although extremely numerous was select, and included persons of the highest rank, and we regret that our notice of it must be brief. Amongst the company were the daughter of H. E. the Governor Dona Manuela Rosas, the lady and daughter of H. E. the Delegate Governor, Don Antonio Diaz, lady and daughters, Generals Mancilla and Guido and their ladies, the lady of General Alvear and daughters, the lady of the deceased General Quiroga and daughters, the Minister Plenipotentiary of H. B. Majesty, the Charge d'Affairs of France and that of Brazil, the Marquis de Litta, Captain Frankland of H. B.'s ship *Pearl*, several French naval officers whose names we could not learn, and a great number of foreign ladies and gentlemen.

The company did not separate until 7 o'clock in the morning of the 26th. And they separated, with the entertainment, grateful

for the attentions they had received and regretting that moments so happy, should so speedily pass away.

"Well speeds alike the banquet and the ball;
And the gay dance of bounding Beauty's train
Links grace and harmony in happiest chain:
Bliss are the early hearts and gentle hands
That mingle there in well accented bands;
It is a sight the careless brow might scorn,
And make Age smile, and dream itself to youth,
And Youth forget such hour was past on earth!
So springs the exulting bosom to that mirth!"

Byron.

THE WEATHER has been variable since our last—the thermometer on Saturday and Sunday was at 70—since which it has ranged from 60 to 65.

Official Documents.

The Director of the Vaccine Establishment addressed the following note to the government under date Buenos Ayres, 25th March, 1841.

The undersigned has the honor to forward to the Under Secretary of the Home Department, in order that it be laid before H. E. the Delegate Governor Don Felipe Arana, a statement of those of both sexes who have been vaccinated in this city and in the contiguous districts of the Province, from the 1st January to the 31st December 1840.

The number vaccinated this year 1841, which is much less than in the last and other years. When vaccination commenced last year there was every reason to expect it would have greatly increased, but the war made us by the recent and odious unitarians, especially by the hordes of the miscreant assassin Juan Lavalle and the unitarian anarchist rebel La Madrid, obliged the Province to take measures of defence, and deprived it of that quiet so necessary for this beneficial operation: it is however some consolation to notice the excellent and genuine state of the vaccine matter which has been administered.

The day is not far distant, when this iniquitous race, humbled to the dust, will give an opportunity to the Federals to resume their useful labours, and then, protected by the powerful arm of Our Illustrious Restorer of the Laws, the Hero of the Desert, Heroic Defender of American Liberty, Brigadier General Juan Manuel de Rosas, in the Province and throughout the Confederation will feel secure, vaccination will increase, with those other blessings which are the inseparable companions of domestic peace.

God preserve you many years.

JUJO GARCIA VALDEZ.

The Justices of Peace of the parish North of the Cathedral, José María Guerra Argüeso, and the Commissioners Pedro Romero, Pedro Ximeno and Florencio Escardo, addressed a note under date 20th ult., to the Governor, stating that they held at his disposal 32,569 dollars 5 rials currency, and 7 dollars 6 rials in specie, subscribed by the inhabitants of said parish, in aid of the war which the "insidious unprincipled odious mislato unitarian Rivera, has dared to declare against the Argentine Confederation."

At the same time they place at the disposal of H. E. for the same object the sum of 16,003 dollars 4 rials currency, and 1 dollar in specie, nett proceeds of the theatrical performances at the Argentine Theatre on 6th February last.

The *Gazette* of the month of April contains notes to the government from various individuals who have made donations in aid of the war against the unitarians, viz:—

On the 10th from the Postmaster Don Fernando Garcia, stating that he has supplied the troops at Santos Lugares de Rosas with 55 oxen gratis, and that for his service as Postmaster from the 19th March 1840, until the termination of the war against the "traitor unitarians," he shall refrain from making any charge.

On the 19th, a list of donations in amount 5375 dollars, from the districts of Fortin de Arceco.

On the 19th, a note from Don Eulalio Lopez Osorio, declining to receive 6393 dollars and other claims for military services and transportation at Mercedes from November 1839.

On the 20th, a list of ladies (*Señoras Federales*) of the district of San Andres de Giles, who have subscribed 1311 dollars, and of gentlemen of the same district who have subscribed 4309 dollars.

On 23rd, a note from Don Tiborcio Lina, Justice of Peace of San Antonio Arceco, declining in his own name and in that of the Commission to receive the 1 per cent to which they are entitled for collecting the *Contribucion Directa*.

On 24th, a list of donations from the Canton de Piquin, in amount 1940 dollars, and a donation of 300 dollars from Don Santiago Barabini.

On 28th, a note from Commandant Victoriano Aguilar, inclosing a list of individuals of the Patrio Union of Buenos Ayres who have subscribed 16,452 dollars.

The government in their notes of reply returned thanks for these "patriotic donations."

The *Gazette* of 17th ult., contains the particulars of the cause between Mr. Thomas Whitfield and the assignees of Mr. John Harratt, and the decision thereon of the Tribunal de recursos extraordinarios.

There were great rejoicings at Bahia Blanca and Patagonia on receiving the news of the victory at Quebracho and other successes of the federal arms. A salute of 21 guns was fired from Fort Argentino, and on the following day (17th January) the troops of the garrison of the Bahia Blanca district were under arms, the portrait of Governor Rosas was raised in procession to the Church, cannon and volleys of musquetry were fired, and the town was decorated with flags and illuminated for three successive nights. Similar demonstrations took place at Del Carmen (Patagonia's capital).

Great rejoicings took place at Dolores on 13th ult., the anniversary of the installation of Don Juan Manuel de Rosas as Governor and Captain General of the Province, and at Salto to celebrate the preservation of Governor Rosas and his daughter from the infernal machine. Don Bartolomé Gomez, the Justice of Peace, in his communication upon the subject, says that nothing could exceed the enthusiasm displayed by the inhabitants of Salto for H. E., and their exertions against the menacing unitarians. The town was decorated with flags and illuminated, the portrait of Governor Rosas was carried in procession amid gun firing, discharges of rockets, incessant chattering, the ringing of bells, and the constant performance of music. High Mass and Te Deum were celebrated, and two grand balls were given in which the greatest order prevailed, and the dancing was kept up until a very late hour.

Extract of a letter from a Correspondent of "The Times" newspaper dated Paris, January 17th.

It is not for me to speculate, much less to prophesy, but, notwithstanding a temporary lull, it strikes me that the chances of a prolonged peace are every day diminishing. All the activity and energy, all the young and vigorous blood of France, vehemently long for war.—The moaned interests, the bankers, the capitalists, and some of the large shopkeepers, desire peace; but the great mass of the proprietors are neutral, and look on with calm indifference; "le sol" (according to the expression of Napoleon *le tremble peu*.) Many there are, no doubt, among this class, who look to war for

the realization of their hopes of a return of the old dynasty—some, but very few, for a restoration of the Imperial sway; but, I repeat, the great mass, with a few exceptions, is indifferent, while the schools, the universities, the clerks, the workmen, and 30,000 *sous-officiers*, forming the basis and sinews of the army, the staff, in a word, of which future Hoches, Neys, and Murats will be made, are one and all for prompt and immediate war. For the present month or the next three months, or even year, these turbulent spirits may be kept under, but I tell you, in the long language, *Levee est ete*, and that the man or the dynasty who seeks to curb them will ultimately fail in the attempt. These men are impelled by two of the strongest passions—selfishness, and a sense of wrong, however imaginary and unfounded. Acting to the suggestions of a calculating self-interest the ferocity of the military spirit and the hoarded venom of a "lodged hate," all the stronger for being repressed for a season, they long for the moment when the lust of revenge and the thirst of revenge may be simultaneously gratified. This, you will say, is but a gloomy prophecy; but what I have observed for the last four months affords me proof that the colours are not overcharged.

I will now bring you to the consideration of the pamphlet of General Bugeaud, from which I have detained you too long. You are aware that Bugeaud, though occasionally rash, not hotheaded, and most imprudent as a speaker, is a man of decided nerve and ability as a soldier, and a great favourite with Louis Philippe— a Populor with the army and the Chateau—a wealthy proprietor, an experienced agriculturist—he is one of those men formed to curb and chastise the *populaccio* and *homicidio*, as the Italians expressively phrase it, of large cities. Nor is this his only talent. He would oppose himself singly to a turbulent soldiery or to an ambitious gang of pestilent *sous-officiers*, and break the neck of their disobedience, or perish in the attempt.

Altogether he has signalized his devotion in a very noble manner by becoming the saviour of the Duchesse de Berry while that giddy and unfortunate Princess was confined in the Chateau of Bayle.

Subsequently he evinced at Algiers that inflexible will and that personal firmness which mark him out as the individual man best fitted to decimate the sections of Paris, should they raise their mutinous heads or attempt again to construct revolutionary barricades.

Appreciated by the last Ministry, or by the Ministry of the 1st of March, as it is fantastically called, he was named a second time to the command of Algiers, and Soult and Gutzkow, confiding in the energetic vigour of the man, have fully sanctioned the appointment of their predecessors in office. Anything, therefore, that comes from such a character in his peculiar speciality is well worthy of attention, more particularly at the present time, and I make no apology for giving you an analysis of the whole of his pamphlet.

General Bugeaud lays down as an axiom which admits of no dispute, that the position and the political conformation of France, combined with the system of opposition, in which she is now placed with other Powers, impose upon her the obligation of being always prepared for war. "We are armed, and we continue to be," says he, "here the frigate which I have been writing to you is destined irrevocably by the best authority," "but it is doubtful whether our preparations can be perfect in the coming spring. 450,000 men we undoubtedly call for, but will they be sufficient, and shall we have enough of horses for our cavalry?—Are the horses and men sufficiently well trained to enter into immediate campaign?" and this question the General is inclined to answer in the negative.

"Good armies," says he, and he says truly, "are not impracticable in France. There is any nation in the world, has need of a good and numerous army. It is a sad and indispensable necessity of her situation. Her troops should not merely equal those of her neighbours, they should be superior in all respects, because she is exposed to fight single-handed against Europe, and because the configuration of her territory from east to north, and the insignificant distance of her frontiers from her capital, demand that all the chances of gaining the first battles should be in her favour. France, therefore, has large and excellent armies; but how are these to be had in the present state of

her finances? I think the problem may be solved by having 200 battalions composed of men who have served seven years, and in enrolling the remainder of the contingents without requiring them to quit their homes *dans les cadres des trois années détachées*. The cadre of such company should be placed in the centre of the arrondissement of the company, where the soldier should be fully exercised, &c.

A royalist paper, called *La France*, has published fractions of three letters, said to be written by Louis Philippe—not as the Duke of Orleans before his coming to the throne—but as King of the French since the revolution of July, 1830.

The first letter is on the subject of Algiers. It proves that the repeated assertions of Lord Alerdeen and the Duke of Wellington, relative to the engagements taken by the Polignoe Ministry, and repeated by Louis Philippe, on the expulsion of Charles X., were true in all and every particular. It promises that the engagements would be punctually adhered to on the first suitable occasion—but it calls for time, as the signal of the evacuation of Algiers must occasion violent recriminations, and produce disastrous results. It promises that the Citizen King.

The first letter is headed—
"FORTHWITH PROMISE TO ABANDON ALGIERES."
"Here is the famous epistle in question—you who are fully aware of the necessities which inspired it, can commit no mistake respecting the real meaning it must have for us, and although I copy it myself, I shall beware of telling you to *discuss vigorously* and conscientiously to the letters."

"As a general thesis, my most sincere and firmest resolution is to maintain inviolate all the treaties which have been concluded for the last 15 years between the powers of Europe and France. With respect to what concerns the occupation of Algiers, I have still more particular and more powerful motives to fulfil faithfully the engagements taken by my family with Great Britain."

"These motives are the lively desire I feel of being agreeable to his Britannic Majesty, and my deep conviction that an intimate alliance between the two countries is necessary, not only to their respective interests, but also to the interest of the liberty and civilisation of Europe. You may, therefore, Monsieur l'Ambassadeur, affirm to your government that mine will punctually execute all the engagements taken by his Charles X. respecting the affair of Algiers."

"But I beg you to direct the attention of the British Cabinet to the present state of the public mind in France, and to make it observe that the evacuation of Algiers would be the signal of the most violent recriminations against my government, that it might give rise to disastrous results, and that it is essential to the peace of Europe not to render unpopular a new-born power endeavouring to constitute itself. It is therefore necessary that his Britannic Majesty, tranquillised with respect to our intentions, and convinced of our firm resolve to fulfil therein his promise of the restoration, SHALL LEAVE US THE CHOICE OF TIME AND THE MEANS FOR SO DOING."

Several Paris papers have been seized for publishing these letters, which are said to be forgeries.

Advertisements.

Metropolitan for November 1840.

THE Person who has taken the above work from the Commission Room is requested to return it.

HAVANA CIGARS.

OF the first quality, are on sale at the house of George S. Mace & Co. No. 150, Calle de Mexico.

SP. OF LL SIZES.

FOR SALE in the Court-yard at the corner of the Calle del Parque, beyond the Alameda. Apply to Mr. Edward Stack, Calle del 25 de Mayo, No. 68.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned *he* formed a partnership to carry on the general Commission business, under the firms of Barber and Orr in this City, and Orr and Barber in Liverpool.

ALFRED BARBER. WILLIAM ORR.

MERCHANT VESSELS
IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES ON THURSDAY LAST.
For Arrivals and Sailings of British—See Marine List.

Date of Arrival	Vessels and Captains Names.	Company.	Destinations, &c.
British.			
Nov. 18	Brig Agnes, Thomas Seale.	257 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Liverpool.
Dec. 4	Brig Eliza, Richard Walker.	184 Daniel Gowland and Co.	Gondri.
Feb. 10	Brigre Diana, Robert Brown.	245 James C. Thompson.	Liverpool.
Feb. 10	Schooner Silvana, F. A. Mearns.	209 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Falmouth.
Nov. 17	Schooner Aquatino, John G. Gruchy.	177 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Liverpool.
Mar. 1	Brig Emma, M. Ballou.	282 John B. Taylor and Co.	Cowes for orders.
Mar. 1	Brig Ranger, George Gray.	191 Dowland and Lewis.	London.
Mar. 1	Brig Wanda, M. K. Powell.	282 John B. Taylor and Co.	Liverpool.
Mar. 1	Brig Lady Harvey, Thomas Reed.	288 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Falmouth.
Mar. 1	Brig Eddy, J. Hillier.	285 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Liverpool.
Mar. 1	Brig George, John Deane.	285 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Liverpool.
Mar. 1	Brig Hollywood, Evan M. Halliday.	291 John Salt Smith and Co.	Great Britain.
Mar. 1	Brig Islay, Robert Dunlop.	285 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Liverpool.
Mar. 1	Brig James, Thomas Gorton.	246 Brown, Taylor and Co.	Liverpool.
Mar. 1	Brig Mac, M. K. Powell.	282 Robert, Hunt, Wilson and Co.	Falmouth.
Mar. 1	Brig Conitors of Durham, V. V.	282 Robert, Hunt, Wilson and Co.	Liverpool.
Mar. 1	Brig Flax, Stephen Thorne.	231 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Liverpool.
Mar. 1	Brig Fredrick, John Harvey.	222 Nicholson, Green and Co.	Liverpool.
April 1	Brig Cherub, William Whitley.	252 Best and Brothers.	Liverpool.
April 1	Brig Light, John Harvey.	222 Nicholson, Green and Co.	Liverpool.
April 1	Brig Argosine Ross Effendi, J. Williams.	1759 J. C. Thompson.	Montevideo.
April 1	Brig St. John the Baptist, Griffin.	244 Anderson, Weller and Co.	London.
April 1	Brig Wanda, M. K. Powell.	282 John B. Taylor and Co.	Great Britain.
April 1	Brig Ariadne, Thomas Thompson.	300 John Salt and Brothers.	Liverpool.
April 1	Brig Cognac, Peter A. Wilson Turner.	282 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Liverpool.
April 1	Brig James, John B. Wilson.	188 Anderson, Weller and Co.	London.
April 1	Brigre Elizabeth, William Turner.	282 John Salt and Brothers.	Liverpool.
April 1	Brigre Crystal, Robert Dickson.	282 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Liverpool.
American.			
Nov. 4	Brigantine Fair America, E. Rowe.	148 Daniel Gowland and Co.	Boston.
Nov. 4	Brig Clara, James Anthony.	191 Daniel Gowland and Co.	Boston.
Nov. 10	Ship London, Myers Green.	191 Daniel Gowland and Co.	Boston.
Feb. 23	Brig Dawson, James Green, Junr.	184 Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.	Montevideo.
Mar. 1	Ship Carthagen, W. R. Wells.	208 Grosvenor, Gordon and Co.	Boston.
Mar. 1	Ship Oregon, Jonathan Smith.	239 Daniel Gowland and Co.	Boston.
Mar. 1	Ship Kermans, Daniel P. Upton.	238 Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.	Montevideo.
Mar. 1	Ship Union, Joseph Adams.	228 Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.	New York.
April 1	Brigre M. A. Michael, Michael W.	262 William A. Rhodes.	Philadelphia.
April 1	Brig Virginia, W. J. Hillier.	238 Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.	Montevideo.
April 1	Brigre Joseph, Warren Hunt.	238 Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.	Montevideo.
April 1	Brig Susan, J. B. Goldbach.	123 Daniel Gowland and Co.	Boston.
April 1	Brig Messenger, B. A. Taylor.	123 Daniel Gowland and Co.	Boston.
April 1	Brigre Stedius, Joseph Lindsay.	262 Jones and Johnson.	New York.
April 1	Brigre Vernon, W. A. Robins.	267 Thomas Armstrong.	Boston.
French.			
Nov. 4	Brigre Duquesne, J. O. Deans, P. Adm.	219 Seris and Co.	Havre de Grace.
Nov. 4	Brigre Duquesne, Leclerc.	219 Seris and Co.	Havre de Grace.
Nov. 4	Brigre Duquesne, Barbedienne.	282 Goret, Seris and Co.	Havre de Grace.
Nov. 4	Brigre Duquesne, Bost.	123 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Rio Janeiro.
Nov. 4	Brigre Duquesne, Pierre Girard.	123 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Rio Janeiro.
Mar. 7	Brigre Camone, Narcain.	267 Lhuissier.	Havre de Grace.
Mar. 7	Brigre Hermant, M. Marquet.	267 Lhuissier.	Havre de Grace.
Mar. 7	Brigre Beures, Caradore.	171 Ferdinand Delisle.	Marseille.
Sardinian.			
Nov. 4	Brigre Ancon, Manuel Vapallo.	274 Jacinto Capelle.	Genoa.
Nov. 4	Brigre Inca, John Chera.	189 Blac and Constantini.	Genoa.
Nov. 4	Brigre Bona Maria, Manuel Fontana.	194 Lovell.	Genoa.
Nov. 4	Polacca Salvador, Francisco Cruz.	180 José O. Bussalini.	Genoa.
Nov. 4	Schooner Rosendo, Antonio Rossi.	180 José O. Bussalini.	Genoa.
Nov. 4	Brigre Maria Eugenia, Luis Ballo.	247 Zanarun and Trossi.	Montevideo.
Nov. 4	Schooner Alfredo, Lino Agostino.	114 Antonio Lilla and Co.	Montevideo.
April 25	Polacca Cesar Agusto, Pietro Agostino.	114 Antonio Lilla and Co.	Montevideo.
Spanish.			
Mar. 23	Brig Cervantes, Bruno Garcia.	185 Liverpool.	Cadiz.
April 17	Brig Conde de Luchana, Juan B. Zaval.	120 Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.	Cadiz.
April 17	Brig Francisco, Francisco Salomon.	72 Zimmerman and Fremers.	Genoa.
April 17	Polacca Nra. Sen. de Genoa, A. Boti.	71 Zimmerman and Fremers.	Genoa.
Danish.			
Dec. 21	Brig Phoenix, Hans Schmidt.	170 J. J. Kluck and Co.	Genoa.
Dec. 21	Brig Anna Dorothea, M. Karberg.	249 Charles R. Horn.	Havre.
Dec. 21	Brigre Jacob, Edvard Fredrik.	249 Charles R. Horn.	Havre.
Mar. 7	Brig Catherine, M. Anderson.	322 J. J. Kluck and Co.	Havre.
Mar. 7	Brig Fortune, N. P. Nielsen.	162 Grosvenor, Gordon and Co.	Havre.
April 27	Brig Tordenskiold, Peter Emmerich.	222 J. J. Kluck and Co.	Havre.
Bremen.			
April 1	Brig Louis, Van Hagen.	246 Bunge, Hutz and Co.	Bremen.
April 1	Brig Catherine, John Wessels.	188 Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.	Montevideo.
Brazilian.			
Nov. 18	Brigre Inia, J. M. de Silva.	201 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Liverpool.
Nov. 18	Brigre Oriente del Brasil.	187 Viana and Tinoco.	Pernambuco.
Nov. 18	Brigre Genoa, F. de A. A. de Silva.	201 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Liverpool.
Nov. 18	Brigre Independencia, J. A. Mala.	188 Viana and Tinoco.	Pernambuco.
Nov. 18	Schooner Almas, Francisco Paul.	43 José Coelho Meryelles.	Montevideo.
Nov. 18	Brigantine Catigé, A. G. de A. Mala.	43 José Coelho Meryelles.	Montevideo.
Nov. 18	Brigantine Novo Brillante, F. L. Santos.	123 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Boston.
Nov. 18	Polacca Concepcion, Jose A. Avila.	123 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Boston.
Nov. 18	Brigre Vera Cruz de Ajuda, L. J. da Costa.	123 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Boston.
Nov. 18	Brigantine Lactancia, Jose A. Avila.	123 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Boston.
Nov. 18	Brigantine Botão Preto, A. M. Viana.	123 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Boston.
Hamburg.			
Feb. 8	Brigre Maria Elizabeth, Follen.	208 Bunge, Hutz and Co.	Amsterdam.
Feb. 8	Brigre Letza and Louisa, C. Reinhard.	220 J. J. Kluck and Co.	Amsterdam.
Mar. 22	Brigre Washington, J. A. Rognberg.	165 Liverpool.	Hamburg.
Mar. 22	Brigre Helen, A. E. V. Rognberg.	165 Liverpool.	Hamburg.
April 21	Brigre Penelope, Jacob Jensen.	270 Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.	Hamburg.
April 21	Brigre Penelope, Jacob Jensen.	270 Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.	Hamburg.
April 21	Brigre Venus, Hertz.	270 Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.	Hamburg.
Mar. 4	Brigre Diana, L. M. Westberg.	178 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Liverpool.
Mar. 4	Brigre Theresia, G. Westberg.	178 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Liverpool.
April 1	Brigre Tina, S. A. Fogelmark.	275 Parlane, Macalister and Co.	Liverpool.
Norwegian.			
Dec. 10	Brigre Severinshavn, A. B. Logstrup.	246 Bunge, Hutz and Co.	Amsterdam.
Dec. 10	Brigre Nodda, Nicolayson, Tryder.	188 Antonio Aldan.	Continent.
Belgian.			
Feb. 8	Brigre Indulgente, S. J. Miller.	242 Bunge, Hutz and Co.	Amsterdam.
April 27	Brigre Caroline, G. L. Ypen.	242 Nicholson, Green and Co.	Cowes for orders.
Hessian.			
Jan. 22	Brigre Johanna, Moberg.	280 Bunge, Hutz and Co.	Amsterdam.
Austrian.			
Feb. 22	Brigre Regina Victoria, Santos Rami.	243 Antonio de Aldean.	Cowes for orders.
Argentine.			
Feb. 11	Brigantine Gaudin, Levi Honeymann.	122 Anderson, Weller and Co.	London.
Dutch.			
Feb. 24	Galles Het Vennem, H. Finksthorp.	156 Bunge, Hutz and Co.	Amsterdam.
April 27	Brigre Pante, G. K. Bötcher.	156 Alexander Ross LaFoue.	Liverpool.

FOREIGN VESSELS OF WAR.
 BRITISH. Ship *Perse*, 20 guns, Captain Charles Colville Franklin.
 FRENCH. Brig *Cygnus*, 22 guns, Captain Marie-Joseph Alphonse Olin-Pillon.
 UNITED STATES. Schooner *Enterprise*, 10 guns, Lieut. L. W. Goldsborough, Commander.
 BRAZILIAN. Brigantine *Camaron*, 3 guns, Captain Rodriguez.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE BRITISH PACKET.

SIR,

Many of your readers were disappointed that in your last number you passed over the sailing of H. B.'s brig *Clio* without any mention of her Captain, officers, smart boats and well dressed crews, as you was wont to do, with others of H. M.'s ships, such as the *Calliope*, *Acton*, &c. &c. Captain Fremantle of the *Clio* (whose amiable manners by the bye I have often heard you praise) and his officers, by their gentlemanly conduct, have gathered golden opinions from all sorts of people" in this capital, and therefore merited that eulogy at your hands which you have often so deservedly bestowed on other naval officers who have visited Buenos Ayres.

Your insertion of this memorandum will oblige
 SEVERAL OF YOUR SUBSCRIBERS.

Buenos Ayres, April 28, 1841.

MARINE LIST.
PORT OF BUENOS AYRES.

April 24.—Wind S. hazy.

No arrivals.

Sailed, British brig James, Charles Stewart, for London, despatched by Robert Leys, with 2500 salted hides, 55,000 bones, 1567 pipes with 6435 arribas tallow, 131 bales and 1 bag with 3168 arribas wool, 9 bales with 1350 doz. nutria skins.

H. B.'s brig *Partridge*, 10 guns, (packet) William Morris, Lieut. Commander, for Montevideo and Rio Janeiro.

Passengers for Montevideo, Messrs. Alfred Peabody, Oliver J. Hayes, Daniel Cash, Captain Perkins and others (names unknown).

The Spanish brig *Globo* which sailed yesterday was in sight this day.

April 25.—Wind N. hazy.

Brazilian brigantine *Lucitano*, 145 tons, José Dominguez, from Montevideo 23rd, to Llavallol, general cargo and passengers.

Brazilian brigantine *Baeta Porto*, 135 tons, Anselmo Marques do Viera, from Rio Janeiro 7th inst., Montevideo 19th, rice, tobacco, &c., to Vera and Timoteo.

Sailed, American brig *Dromo*, Benjamin Pickering, for Salem, despatched by Daniel Gowland & Co., with 1242 dry hides, 5 bales and 21 chigwas with 400 arribas hair, 35 bales with 875 doz. sleep skins, and 350 fangas salt (return cargo).

British brig *Agnes*, John Alexander, for Cork for orders, despatched by Anderson, Weller & Co., with 6132 wet salted hides, 8386 horns, 21 pipes, 18 half doz. and 10 quarter doz. with 1235 arribas tallow.

French brig *Yucataca*, Hinnen, for Havana, despatched by Martin Hardoy & Co., with 3792 quintals beef, 37 pipes, 19 half doz. and 33 quarter doz. with 1760 arribas tallow.

American ship *Forum*, Eben Caldwell, for Boston, despatched by Zimmerman, Frazier & Co., with 12,055 dry ox and cow hides, 4251 salted ox and cow hides, 850 horse hides, 205 marten cats, 30 barrels, 79 caaks and 37 chigwas with 3177 arribas tallow, 47 chigwas with 5901 arribas hair.

April 26.—Wind S. S. W. hazy.

Arrived, British brig *Oriente*, 235 tons, Robert Dickson, from St. Ubes 18th February, Montevideo 23rd inst., 603 maves salt, to Parlane, Macalister & Co.

Sardinian polacca *Cesar Augusto*, 200 tons, Pietro Avegno, from Montevideo 24th, cerebrials and paper, to Llavallol.

Bremen brig *Catherine*, 180 tons, John Wessels, from Island Mayo 7th ult., Montevideo 24th inst., to Zimmerman, Frazier & Co., 110 maves salt, 139 doublebuds and 10 patacons.

Hamburg brig *Penelope*, 174 tons, Jacob Jensen, from Montevideo 24th, to Zimmermann, Frazier & Co., in ballast.

Sailed, Brazilian brigantine *Maria del Carmen*, Alejandro A. Silva, for Montevideo, despatched by Martin Hardoy & Co., with 200 fangas salt and passengers.

Brazilian schooner *Anta Constanza*, José Bastos, for Montevideo, despatched by Carlos Galleano, with passengers.

The National brigantine of war *San Martin*, left the inner roads this afternoon and joined the National squadron in the outer roads.

April 27.—Wind N. N. E.

Arrived, Danish brig *Tordenskiold*, 232 tons, Peter Emmerich, from Montevideo 24th, general cargo, to J. J. Kluck & Co.

Spanish brig *Conde de Luchana*, 120 tons, Juan Bautista Zaval, from Montevideo 23rd, in ballast, to Llavallol.

Prussian brig *Patriot*, 180 tons, G. R. Botcher, from Montevideo 23rd, 4003 salted hides, 18,000 horns, 100 pine planks, to Alexander Ross LaFoue.

Sailed, American ship *Russelas*, Stephen Cutler, for Boston, despatched by Grosvenor, Gordon & Co., with 600 fangas salt (return cargo) for ballast.

Brasilia zuzanca Fourteenth November, Jun J. Ferreira, for Rio Janeiro, despatched by Vira and Tomtoe, with 1593 quintals jerked beef, 8 dry hides, 150 arrobas tallow.

April 28.—Wind N. E. shifted to S. S. E. in the afternoon. Rain early in the morning and at night.

Arrived, Spanish brig Francisco, 173 tons, Francisco Salomon, from Cetta 22nd January, Montevideo 19th inst., 254 pipes and 200 cases wine, 75 cases brandy, to Zuzaman and Trezorra.

Spanish polacre Nuestra Señora de la Gracia, 21 tons, A. G. Y. hotel, from Rio Janeiro 18th ult., Montevideo 27th inst., coffee, &c., to order.

Sailed, French brig of war Tactique, 4 guns, Captain Le Comte Pierre Benjamin Doras Pouget, for Montevideo.

Passenger, Don Manuel Sarraets.

April 29.—Wind S. S. E.

Arrived, American barque Vernon, 306 tons, W. A. Robbins, from Montevideo 27th, 65 pieces timber, &c., to Thomas Armstrong.

Brazilian pack schooner Eufracia, Mariano Francisco de Silva, from Montevideo 28th, to Martin Hardy & Co., with passengers.

At night, Prussian brig Urania, 250 tons, H. B. Baumbach, from Cetta 13th February, Montevideo 27th inst., with wine and general cargo, to Zuzaman and Trezorra.

Sailed, Swedish barque Svea, Christian Visser, for Coves for orders to a port of the Continent, despatched by Alexander Ross Lafone, with 9333 wet salted hides, 15,956 horns, 41,000 bones, 237 bales with 1875 quintals hide cuttings, 26 do. with 650 arrobas wool, 8 do. with 260 arrobas hair.

American barque Moscow, Thomas C. Simpson, for Boston, despatched by Zimmermann, Frazier & Co., with 3900 dry hides, 4 bales with 84 doz. sheep skins, 2 do. with 174 calf skins, 1 do. with 300 doz. nutria skins, 4 do. with 200 doz. deer skins, 431 do. with 10,775 arrobas wool.

Sardinian brig Triunfo del Brazil, Carrascol, for Montevideo, despatched by Antonio Aldana & Co., in ballast.

April 30.—Wind N. rain. Hazy.

Arrived, British barque Hindley, 101 tons, William Henry Weldy, from Liverpool 27th January, arrived at Montevideo and inst., sailed thence 28th, general cargo, to Charles Tayleur & Co.

The three vessels which sailed yesterday were in sight this morning.

Merchant Vessels in the Port of Buenos Ayres last evening (30th ult.).

British.....	29
American.....	15
Spanish.....	8
French.....	8
Sardinian.....	8
Belgian.....	2
Swedish.....	4
Norwegian.....	2
Hamburgh.....	5
Brazilian.....	12
Danish.....	6
Bremen.....	2
Russian.....	1
Austrian.....	1
Argentine.....	1
Dutch.....	1
Prussian.....	2
Total.....	103

The above include the Brazilian brig Penzimento, which we have withdrawn from our list of vessels in Port on Thursday last, conceiving she would have sailed.

Vessels posted to sail.

THIS DAY.
British brig Lady Harvey, for Liverpool.
British brig Munro, for Cowes.
American ship Brutus, for New York.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

We have not attended this Theatre lately, and therefore can only notice the representations as we have seen them advertised, viz:—

On 23rd ult., 'Taycole' was repeated by the amateurs—prices double—the proceeds, after paying expences, to be given to the hospital for men.

On 25th, The Troubadour and a farce.
On 27th, Ohello and a farce.
On 29th, La Fantasma de la Roca Negra, and the one act comedy of La Florentina.

Shipping Memoranda.

The British brig Irish Lass, from Liverpool, was wrecked a few days since on the Grand Castillos, Captain and crew saved.

We hear that there is no probability of saving any part of the cargo of the French barque Ede, which was wrecked on the Ortiz Bank. Her mast and spars have been brought to Buenos Ayres.

ARRIVED AT MONTEVIDEO.

- 25th ult., British brig Wilson, from Liverpool 20th February, to Tayleur & Co.
- " British brig Village Girl, from Liverpool 24th February, to Shaw, Brothers.
- " British brig Maria, from St. Ubes 26th February, to Lafone.
- " British brig Charles Kidd, from Lisbon 2nd March, to John Gowland.
- " British brig John, from Lisbon.
- " British brig Ambler, from Rio Janeiro.
- " American barque George and Ann, from Cadiz 25th February, to Zimmerman & Co.
- " French brig Jeune Raymond, from Bourdeaux 23rd February.
- " French brig Les Zaves, from Nantes 24th February.
- " Spanish ship Andaluza, from Brecelona 7th February, to Lisvallo.
- " Spanish brig Pepita, from Carthagena 12nd February, to Juan Nin.

SAILED FROM MONTEVIDEO.

28th ult., H.M.'s brig Partridge, for Rio Janeiro.

There are reports in town that two vessels have arrived at Las Conchas from Paraguay, and that all the persons who were detained in that country have been released. Should this be the case there is every probability of the trade being renewed with this country, which cannot but be highly advantageous to foreign commerce.

The heavy rain of yesterday will do away with all fears of a drought, which was seriously entertained by some persons.

The London papers report (averring that they have it from good authority) that Queen Victoria is again in that state in which all 'Ladies like to be who love their Lords.'

"The Age," London paper, says that a great many ladies are angry with Queen Victoria for not taking her baby with her when she opened the Parliament, as she could easily have made Prince Albert nurse it while she read the speech from the throne.

It was in contemplation to pave the streets of London with wood, as being more durable and convenient than stone. The experiment has been tried in several streets and answered every expectation.

Married.

On the 15th ult., by the Rev. Gonzales, Sr. Don PEDRO SALLES, of this City, to Miss JANE BASKETT, a native of London.

Died.

On the 11th ult., aged 15 months, JOHN, the son of Mr. Thomas Kidd.

Advertisements.

NOTICE.

ANY Captain who may have a small carriage-gun or dispoza of a 9-pounder or thereabout, will hear of a purchaser by applying at No. 59, Calle del 25 de Mayo.

50 DOLLARS REWARD.

LOST From the door of Mr. Palmer's Hotel, La No. 40, Calle del 25 de Mayo, on Wednesday, the 28th ult., a dark CHESTNUT HORSE, with an English bridle, shod the right fore foot and marked with the mark of Sr. Barrago and Don Alvaro Magalanes. The above reward will be paid to any person returning him to said hotel, or giving information that he may be recovered.

FOR SALE.

AT No. 85, Calle de la Universidad, an excellent assortment of English fire-proof glazed brown earthenware, from 17 inches diameter and downwards, wholesale and retail on reasonable terms. ml 3t.

A CARD.

LADIES and Gentlemen coming to Buenos Ayres can be furnished with gaiter appliances and board at Mrs. Connell's, where every attention will be paid to such as may honor her with their patronage.

Mrs. Connell returns her sincere thanks for favors hitherto rendered, and solicits a continuance of the same, at her establishment No. 36 Calle del 25 de Mayo.

FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

The Barque Diana, 314 tons, Robert Hyne, Master, has excellent accommodations, and will sail for Liverpool in a week or ten days, apply to Mr. James C. Thompson, Calle de la Paz.

PRICES CURRENT.

Doublions, Spanish.....	dollars each
Do. Patriot.....	do. do.
Plata oncoquina.....	do. for one
Dollars, Spanish.....	do. each.
Do Patriot and Patconas.....	do. do.
Six per cent Stock.....	60 a do. per ct.
Exchange on England.....	22 1/2 pence per dol.
Do. France.....	29 a 30 per dol.
Do. Rio Janeiro.....	a per for specie.
Do. Montevideo.....	18 1/2 U.S. dollar
Do. United States.....	per patacon.
Hides, Ox, for Eng. & Ger. 65 a 66 1/2 U.S. dollar	
Do. for France.....	62 a 63 do.
Do. for N. America.....	61 a 62 do.
Do. for Spain.....	67 a 68 do.
Do. salted.....	51 a 53 do.
Do. Horse.....	24 a 30 do. each.
Calf skins.....	62 a 54
Sheep skins, common.....	31 a 32 per dozen
Do. fine.....	35 a 36 do.
Deer skins.....	22 a 24 do.
Goat skins.....	40 a 45 do.
Nutria skins.....	51 a 6 do. per lb.
Chinchilla Skins.....	100 a 100 do. per dozen
Horse hair.....	42 a 50 per arroba.
Do. mixed.....	53 a 54 do.
Do. long.....	55 a 65 do.
Wool, common, washed.....	18 a 22 do.
Do. picked.....	35 a 40 do.
Do. shorn from skins.....	50 a 60 do.
Do. mestiza, dirty.....	15 a 25 do.
Tallow, pure.....	30 a 32 do.
Do. raw.....	20 a 22 do.
Do. with grease.....	35 a 26 do.
Jerked Beef.....	30 a 35 per quintal
Horse, mixed.....	300 a 400 per mil.
Do. Ox.....	700 a 800 do.
Shin bones.....	130 a 160 do.
Hide cuttings.....	30 a 35 per 100 lbs.
Ostrich feathers, white.....	22 a 24 per lb.
Do. black.....	11 a 12 do.
Salted tongue.....	10 a 13 per fan
Salt, on board.....	1 a 2 pr. ct. pr. month

The highest price of Doublions during the week dollars. The lowest price, dollars. The highest rate of Exchange upon England during the week 3 pence. The lowest ditto 2 pence.

PRINTED AT THE MERCANTILE AND GAZETTE OFFICE, No. 75, Calle de Uruguay.
Published every SATURDAY, at No. 59, Calle del 25 de Mayo; where Subscriptions and Communications are received by the Editor.
PRICE.—FIFTEEN DOLLARS, (CURRENCY) PER QUARTER—Single numbers 10 Reals.
GREGOR THOMAS, Responsible Editor.