

British Packet

AND

ARGENTINE NEWS.

No. 812.]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, MARCH 12, 1842.

[YEAR XLV.]

BUENOS AYRES.

The Gaeta of yesterday contains the copy of a proclamation which the Governor of Santa Fé Don Juan Pablo Lopez, has addressed to his soldiers. It is headed "Federacion, Patriotismo, Lealtad & Muerte." It is extremely long—the commencing lines will however give our readers an idea of its general strain—they are as follows

SOLDIERS,

Prestad vuestra atencion—which in Shakerian language would be—"Lend me your ears—your General, your friend, your fellow countryman speaks to you. The traitor, impious mercant unitarian, Juan Manuel de Rosas, has decreed my extermination, yours and that of all the Province."

The Gaeta of 10th inst., contains details of donations to the government in aid of the war against the unitarians, including 10,697 dollars from the parish of Monserrat, with a list of the donors, and a note to H. E. the Governor Brigadier General Juan Manuel de Rosas upon the occasion, from Don Manuel Casca Gache, Justice of Peace of Monserrat, in which he states that as sincere and patriotic intention had caused this liberal demonstration, and that the parties who subscribed are ready to lay down their lives if necessary in aid of the enlightened and patriotic administration of General Rosas, and for the attainment of the total extermination of the *infidel race unitaria, perceras anti-Americana y siempre traidora.*

The same paper also contains a letter of congratulation dated Santos Lugares de Rosas 25th ult., from various officers and employes at the campment there, to H. E. the Governor, on the ratification of the Convention of Peace with France.

Also a note to the government dated 3rd inst., from the Comitees appointed to regulate the price of beef, in which it advises that the price should remain as heretofore, for the ensuing six months, viz., at three dollars the arroba.

Also two intercepted letters dated 5th November 1st and 10th 1841, addressed to Don Santiago Vasquez.

Merchant Vessels in the Port of Buenos Ayres (last evening (11th inst).)

British.....	23
American.....	14
French.....	7
Spanish.....	5
Sardinian.....	6
Belgian.....	1
Brazilian.....	1
Danish.....	3
Prussian.....	8
Swedish.....	4
Norwegian.....	1
Hamburgh.....	3
Portuguese.....	1
Russian.....	1
Total.....	81

The schooners, &c., under the Brazilian and Sardinian flags, employed as packets between this and Montevideo, are not included in the above list.

THE WEATHER this week has been boisterous—the rain however which fell on Tuesday last proved highly acceptable both to town and country.

Thermometer in the Mirador of the Commercial Firm since our last—

Saturday.....	72
Sunday.....	66
Monday.....	74
Tuesday.....	71
Wednesday.....	69
Thursday.....	72
Friday.....	82

Official Documents.

Two decrees dated the 10th inst., were published yesterday—stating that in consequence of the present multiplied attentions of the government, the Treasury Bills shall, until otherwise determined, bear the half signature of the Accountant Generals, and of the Treasurer General. Also that the orders of the Governor of the Province, on the Treasury and Collector General's office, shall bear his *rubrica* and the half signature of the Minister of Finance.—Those of the Delegate Governor, shall continue with his half signature and the entire signature of the Minister of Finance.

The decree of the 15th May 1835, which ordained that no document for payment should be satisfied by the Treasury without the half signature of the Governor and the entire signature of the Minister of Finance, and intervention of the Collector General's office, shall remain in full force with the exception of what is herein stated.

From the Gaeta of 7th inst.

It appeared that the recreant unitarians had perpetrated all the crimes and infamy of the most notorious outlaws. It appeared that they had already done sufficient to excite the just malediction of the country of which they were unworthy, the anathema of the civilised world, and the execration even of the most unenlightened people. But they have augmented the catalogue of their perfidious and unequalled iniquities by the commission of an antisocial and barbarous attempt. They have now every title to claim originality in giving birth to a crime calculated radically to overturn nations and plunge them into misery and interminable disasters.

They now employ themselves in circulating apocryphal letters with the lithographic signature of Our Illustrious Restorer of the Laws.

In one of them, dated the 10th of June 1841, the Consuls of Paraguay, and that Province and its government are charged with pursuing a policy of perjury and sacrilegious policy. This letter had been sent to the government of Paraguay by the self-styled government of the milatío Rivera in the Oriental State, accompanied by documents which it averred were official, in order to place its authenticity beyond a doubt, stating that it had been directed to a person who no longer exists, and that after his decease it had passed into the hands of the said intrusive Oriental government.

Although the enlightened Consuls of Paraguay have exact and satisfactory information

respecting the iniquity of the recreant unitarians in this base and infamous forgery, it is necessary to place these infernal fabrications if this vice and immoral club in a clear light.

It is sufficient to compare the contents of this letter forged by the recreant unitarians with the friendly period of the last *Messico* of Our Government to the Hon. House of Representatives, to be aware of all the absurdity of its imposture manufactured in Montevideo! We cannot forbear transcribing that friendly and benevolent expression towards Paraguay and its government in that classical and important document.

"The government observes with infinite pleasure that the Provincials of Paraguay, re-establishing its commercial relations with this, evinces its fraternal feeling & the Confederation. It wishes it the solid prosperity and happiness to which it is conducted by the worthy government of enlightened patriots who rule over it, and it is gratified with the reflection that the ties which have ever allied it, in a distinguished place, with the great Argentine family remain unbroken."

These honorable expressions coincide with the notoriety of facts. There has never been written in this Province during the two epochs of the administration of Our Illustrious Restorer of the Laws, any thing against Paraguay, nor against its government, or against the Dictator Dr. Don José Gaspar Francia, or his policy. This is a fact which no one can deny because it is borne out by evidence.

The recreant unitarians who by an anti-social and scandalous abuse of the lithographic art have forged this letter, are those who have erred written and declared against Paraguay and the administration of the late Dictator Dr. Francia. They are those who ever had the declared intention to invade that country with the object of plundering it of its specie and its wealth, disturb its tranquillity, peace and happiness, and to drag forth men in order to sacrifice them in their vandal and iniquitous aggressions.

This is not the only apocryphal letter with the lithographic signature of H. E. which the recreant unitarians have caused to be circulated, nor is this the first time they have used this vile art, forbidden by the laws and civilisation; a number of others have been distributed in the Republics of America, and in some of the nations of Europe. In every point of view they may arrogate to themselves the originality of this crime, subversive of social order from the daring extension which has been given to these infamous forgeries.

The milatío Rivera, Ferré and other recreant unitarians who have converted the noble liberty of the press into an unbridled attack against conservative principles, have by their criminal and scandalous abuse of the lithographic press, an abuse at once immoral and disgraceful, merited the execration of the world.

The letters published in Montevideo attributed to H. E. Our Illustrious Restorer of the Laws are apocryphal, forged in the same laboratory as that we have just mentioned. We loudly denounce these vile forgeries to Europe, to America and the civilised world, in order that the anathema of the laws and civilisation may fall upon them.

In this Printing-office there are for public inspection some letters with the lithographic signature of H. E. of those brought into play by the recreant unitarians, which reveal more and more the iniquity, perfidy and infamy of these barbarous enemies of their country, of God and of man.

The Delegate Governor,

To H. E. the Governor and Captain General of the Province, Our Illustrious Restaurator of the Laws Brigadier General Juan Manuel de Rosas.

The undersigned feels infinite satisfaction in laying before Y. E. the important information he has received from H. E. the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the Government charged with the Foreign Affairs near H. M. the King of the French in Paris.

He notifies under date 29th October last, his having received the most distinguished attentions from H. M. Louis Philippe and his family, and the most kind reception from the Ministers, Vice-Admirals Mackau and Dupotet, and other persons of the Court: that on the 15th of the Convention of Peace with France celebrated on the 29th of the same month of the year 1840 took place, and that H. E. the Minister Plenipotentiary of France appointed to reside near this government, would be the bearer of the copy of the Convention ratified by H. M.

At the same time that the enlightened government of France has evinced in an unequivocal manner a benevolent policy, worthy of its high station and grandeur and conformable to its justice and honor, the renowned name Excellence Sir, which the Argentine Confederation has acquired, by sustaining nobly and moderately a question of principles with one of the most enlightened and powerful Nations of the world, is due to the heroism with which its worthy Chief Our Illustrious Restaurator of the Laws Brigadier General Juan Manuel de Rosas, knew how to excite the patriotic feelings of good and faithful Argentines. The vile deserters of the Sacred Cause of American Independence, the recreant unitarians are now humiliated in the eyes of the world and despised by all the lovers of the liberty of the American Continent.

Neither their execrable defections nor the difficulties of all sorts which they threw in the way of the government, nor their vile, nor can in the least diminish be imitable and firm determination of the faithful federalists, to convert the Republic into a heap of ruins, rather than consent that its honor and dignity be tarnished.

The undersigned would be wanting in one of the most cherished duties, were he not to offer to Y. E. his cordial congratulations on such honorable and pleasing events.

Be pleased Y. E. to admit them, with the ardent expression of his profound gratitude, for the great services whereby you continually augment the glory of the Argentine Confederation.

God preserve F. E. many years.

FELIPE ARANA.

From the Gaceta of 7th inst.

It is with infinite pleasure we announce that the Convention celebrated between H. M. the King of the French and H. E. the Governor and Captain General of the Province of Buenos Ayres, charged with the Foreign Affairs of the Argentine Confederation, through the medium of their respective Plenipotentiaries, H. E. the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Baron de Mackau, Great Officer of the Royal Order of the Legion of Honor, Vice-Admiral of H. M.'s Royal Navy, and H. E. the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Camarita Dr. Don Felipe Arana, the 29th of October 1840, has been ratified by H. M. the King of the French, the exchange of ratifications having taken place in Paris on the 15th of the same month of October of the year 1841.

This important diplomatic solemnity has placed the seal to that honorable and happy compact as glorious to France as to the Argentine Confederation. This firmly re-establishes friendly relations between both governments, being the effect of the wisdom of their policy, their just and moderate proceedings, and of the dignity and talent of the distinguished individual who on the part of France negotiated with judgment, sincerity and honor in the arrangement of the differences which existed and which have terminated for ever.

"Upon so grateful an occasion we feel the most lively pleasure in expressing our fervent congratulations towards H. M. the King of the French and his enlightened Cabinet, towards

France and those worthy Deputies who in one of the most enlightened tribunals of the civilized world, defended the principles consecrated in the Convention of the 29th of October and the noble cause of reason. It is likewise satisfactory to us to offer our grateful thanks to the honorable and enlightened Representatives of H. M. H. E. Vice-Admiral Baron de Mackau, Peer of France, and to H. E. Vice-Admiral Dupotet, worthy as they are of the esteem of their government, of France and of the gratitude of the Argentines."

February 5, 1842.

To H. E. the Governor and Captain General of the Province Our Illustrious Restaurator of the Laws Brigadier General Juan Manuel de Rosas.

EXCELLENT SIR,

The undersigned proprietor of the Lithographic Printing Office of the Arts, has the honor to lay before Y. E. the two inclosed collections of prints depicting the glorious triumphs which the Argentine Squadron, under the command of the valiant Admiral Brown, has sustained against that of the recreant unitarian usurper of the Oriental State the maltrato Riveros. These prints will at once serve to eternalize the glory with the navy of the Republic has obtained under the wise direction of Y. E., and inform posterity of the disgrace with which the odious unitarians have been covered on the waters of the Plata, where, as in every portion of the Republic they have been signally defeated.

Be pleased Y. E. to accept this trifling demonstration of the high esteem and profound respect with which I remain your most obedient humble servant,

LUIS ALDAS.

Buenos Ayres, March 4, 1842.

The Governor of Buenos Ayres, &c. &c. &c.

To H. E. the Delegate Governor of the Province of Cordova.

The esteemed note of Y. E. dated 27th January last, has informed the undersigned of the glorious triumph obtained at the Tio, by the valiant federalists against the recreant unitarian Manuel Solas, and the horde under his command.

The undersigned feels infinite pleasure in congratulating Y. E. on this honorable feat of arms, and upon the ardent martial attitude of the Province of Cordova, against the recreant unitarians and against the miserable odious leader Mascariña.

God preserve Y. E. many years.

JUAN MANUEL DE ROSAS.

The Gaceta of 7th inst., in one of its leading articles, speaks in terms of high reprobation of the secret political clubs or societies which from time to time have been formed in various parts of the Continent of America and Europe against legal governments, and cites various instances of the bloodshed, desolation and misery they have caused.

The following is an extract from said article.

"The press in their hands is a vehicle for defamation, deceit and calumny, against men who are responsible for their genius, knowledge and virtues, and whose days have been passed with honor and utility to their country and to the human species. It is these clubs, that by this method essay to pervert public opinion, who seek at the holy principles of Religion, Nature and Society, and who would confound all in universal chaos.

"It is these clubs that in America have caused the barbarous murders of the Illustrious Americans Suere, Dorrego, Quiroga, Portales, Heredia, and other noble martyrs, victims of their rancor and treachery.

"They are the same who in 1830, 1833, 1835 and 1839 sought to assassinate the Supreme Chief of the Republic, Our Illustrious Restaurator of the Laws, Brigadier General Juan Manuel de Rosas, and lately by means of the infernal machine sent from Montevideo.

"The Illustrious Chief who now presides over the destinies of the Argentine Confederation, has ever combated the mischievous influence of these clubs, fulfilling with dignity the mission of defending Society against an odious power which plots its destruction."

In another leading article in the same paper is an exposition of the conduct of Don Juan Pablo Lopez, Governor of the Province of Santa Fe. It is extremely long, and commences as follows—

"An act of treason accompanied by most infamous circumstances, a miserable desertion, perpetrated by a treacherous worthless ungrateful individual, unworthy of the blood which circulates in his veins, has been for some time notorious and carries in itself its process and its stigma. The despicable Juan Pablo Lopez, converted into a recreant unitarian in worthy alliance with the recreant unitarians Paz, Rivera and Ferré, has made a least of the most loathsome treachery. If we have not occupied ourselves with this subject, it was because we were repugnant and loth to present the brutal villany and perfidy of the recreant Mascariña in all its deformity. But it is now necessary to deface the columns of our journal by inserting in his loathsome name, on the occasion of the near approach of the exemplary chastisement of Heaven.

The article concludes as follows—

"The war of vandalism, &c., carried on by the recreant unitarian Mascariña cannot sustain him against the victorious lances of the warriors of the Confederation. Nor can the recreant unitarians Paz and Ferré in the midst of the great difficulties with which they are struggling and in their precarious situation offer the anchor of salvation to the base deserter Mascariña. The self-called army of the odious unitarian Paz, diminishing daily by the desertion of the Corrientes, presents a picture of immorality and disorder aggravated by the incapacity which ever reigns against the notorious recreant unitarian criminals."

The Gaceta of 7th contains details of various donations made to the State, of cattle for the use of the army, viz., from Don José Gregorio Lozano, Mariano Baudry, Pedro José Vela, A. Ibañez de Luza, and 500 dollars from Doña María Josefa Biron de Azebedo, all being in aid of the war against the unitarians, in support of which the donors state, that they are ready to make every sacrifice.

Advertisements.

MEDICINES, &c.

THOMAS WHITEFIELD, begs to inform his friends and the public, that he has imported direct from Europe, a great Stock of Medicines and Surgical Instruments, which for quality and variety have been rarely equalled, and never surpassed in this City.

He has also received a quantity of all the requisites for fitting up Apothecary's shops, wholesale and retail. No. 30 Calle de la Catedral.

February 17, 1842.

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NOTICE.

ON SALE, at No. 49 Calle de la Paz, Black Tea at 14, 19 and 20 dollars per lb. China tea from 100 to 130 dollars per set. tea sets at 6 dollars each, white plates 10 and 12 dollars per dozen, red edged do. at 13 dollars per dozen, blue edged do. at 15 dollars per dozen, blue plates, willow plates, at 20 dollars per doz.

Likewise other articles of crockery—ware of the same pattern, jug and washing basin at from 30 to 40 dollars per pair. m123

Notice to British Subjects.

THE Undersigned Her Britannic Majesty's Consul, hereby gives notice, that a General Meeting of the Subscribers to the Scotch Presbyterian Church, will be held at their Chapel on Tuesday the 16th inst., at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating and appointing the Trustees of the establishment for the present year.

CHARLES GRIFFITHS, H. M's Consul. British Consulate, Buenos Ayres, March 3, 1842.

HAWANA CIGARS.

OF the first quality, are on sale at the house of George S. Macome, No. 111, Calle de Mexico.

Steven's Patent Balances.

THE Undersigned offers for sale three of these superior Balances, with Spanish weights. They are the most convenient of any for weighing produce, or articles of any kind, and are highly recommended by those who have used them.

DANIEL GOWLAND & Co.

TO LET.

TWO Furnished Rooms, apply at No. 50 Calle de la Catedral.

Buenos Ayres, March 9, 1842.

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MERCHANT VESSELS
IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES ON THURSDAY LAST.
For Arrivals and Sailings of Friday—See Marine List.

Date	Vessels and Captains Names.	Tons	Consignees.	Destinations, &c.
Nov. 23	British. Brig St. George, Joseph Gwynne.....	240	Greenway, Gordon and Co.	Great Britain.
Nov. 23	Brig Gerald, James Mathews.....	189	Robert Hastie Wilson, & Co.	London.
Nov. 23	Brig Frank, William Whiteaway.....	189	James Taylor and Co.	Falmouth.
Nov. 23	Brig Dryad, Robert Bickley.....	213	Dickson and Co.....	Liverpool.
Nov. 23	Brig John Thomas Carr, James Hargrave.....	213	Henry and George Davis.	London.
Nov. 23	Brig Malvina, Richard Burton.....	185	Henry and George Davis.	Yokohama.
Nov. 23	Brig Heddard, R. Leggett.....	188	R. J. Gardin and Co.....	Liverpool.
Nov. 23	Brig John Scott, Kay, Robinson.....	252	Robert and O'Connell.....	London.
Nov. 23	Brig Belmont, Isaac Chapman Galen.....	189	Thomas Armstrong.....	London.
Nov. 23	Barque Holywood, James M. Holywood.....	242	John Best South and Co.....	Falmouth.
Jan. 2	Brig Enchantress, George Chyng.....	227	Robert Hastie Wilson.....	Mauritius.
Jan. 2	Barque Mary and Ann, A. H. Blackton.....	219	James Taylor and Co.....	Valparaiso via M.V.
Jan. 2	Brig Pitt, Stephen Thorne.....	231	Brace, Taylor and Co.....	Liverpool.
Jan. 2	Barque Mohawk, George Bolinger.....	250	John Galt Smith and Co.....	West India.
Jan. 2	Barque Fortia, J. Hillier.....	219	James Taylor and Co.....	Great Britain.
Jan. 2	Brig Rose, James Reeve.....	189	John Best South and Co.....	Great Britain.
Jan. 2	Barque Jim Boyling, Levi Horvath.....	244	Anderson, Waller and Co.....	Great Britain.
Jan. 2	Brig Wilton Wood, Matthew Rowell.....	242	John Best and Brothers.....	Great Britain.
Jan. 2	Brig Altam, Thomas Lander Stewart.....	217	Edmund Mackintosh.....	Falkland Islands.
Jan. 2	Brigentine Rose Edgars, George Galloway.....	219	James G. Thompson.....	Montevideo.
Jan. 2	Barque Salina, John Dickenson.....	216	Charles Taylor and Co.....	Liverpool.
Jan. 2	Brig John Williams, John Capelham.....	243	Hughes, Brothers.....	Great Britain.
Jan. 2	Brig Elizabeth Buckham, J. Bowler.....	243	Charles, Maclean and Co.....	Great Britain.
Jan. 2	Brig Sarah Maria, John Oldridge.....	146	Charles Taylor and Co.....	Great Britain.
Jan. 2	American. Brigque Madison, Michael Wain.....	202	Zimmerman, Frazer & Co.	Philadelphia.
Jan. 2	Schooner Delta, James Marchant.....	74	John G. Lowry and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 2	Schooner Fountain, Caleb Norwood.....	74	John G. Lowry and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 2	Brig Olive, Samuel Hargrave.....	178	Daniel Gove and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 2	Brig Cecadonia, Elias Wells.....	202	Zimmerman, Frazer & Co.	Boston.
Jan. 2	Brig Falconer, Edward Colburn.....	202	Zimmerman, Frazer & Co.	Boston.
Jan. 2	Brig Dwight, John Wootton.....	403	Zimmerman, Frazer & Co.	Boston.
Jan. 2	Brig Ouellet, John Green.....	403	Zimmerman, Frazer & Co.	Boston.
Jan. 2	Brigentine William Dyer, C. B. Sear.....	172	Daniel Gove and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 2	Schooner Albion, J. E. Francis.....	109	Daniel Gove and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 2	Brig Lexington, Samuel Chamberlain.....	189	Daniel Gove and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 2	Barque Mason Barter, Francis Scott.....	440	Oliver J. Hayes and Co.....	New York.
Jan. 2	Barque Three Brothers, Philip Pugh.....	242	Daniel Gove and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 2	Barque Donna, Benjamin Kirkman.....	207	Daniel Gove and Co.....	Boston.
Dec. 11	French. Brigque Louisa, J. E. Maignan.....	190	Rine and Constantin.....	Havre de Grace.
Dec. 11	Barque Elise, Alexander Goulofroy.....	200	Hermann Dubourg.....	Havre de Grace.
Jan. 1	Brigantine Caprice, Agostino de Canto.....	178	Daniel Gove and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 1	Brig Olive, Gust.....	123	John Baptist Pugh.....	Boston.
Jan. 1	Brig Ave Maria, Francis Mones.....	188	Alexander Row Lafone.....	Marseilles.
Jan. 1	Barque Pa, Chavalier.....	141	Poral and Co.....	Havre de Grace.
Jan. 1	Barque Furieuse, Lereux.....	214	John Baptist Pugh.....	Havre de Grace.
Jan. 1	Barque George, Jans.....	225	Greenway, Gordon and Co.....	Havana.
Jan. 1	Sardinian. Schooner Oriole, S. S. Andren.....	111	Antonini, Brothers and Co.....	Havana.
Jan. 1	Brig Universo, Pirato Bella.....	128	Liviani and sons.....	Havana.
Jan. 1	Brig Capriccio, Santiago Capello.....	172	Fariato Capello.....	Genoa.
Jan. 1	Polacca Nina, Giannacchia del Canto.....	183	Dickson, Peterson and Co.....	Genoa.
Jan. 1	Brig William Toli, Luis Praga.....	225	Fariato Capello.....	Genoa.
Jan. 1	Brigentine S. Giorgio, Giacchino.....	119	Liviani and sons.....	Havana.
Dec. 21	Polacca Jans, José Domestich.....	202	Nicholson, Green and Co.....	Havana.
Dec. 21	Brig Norma, Venanzio Ballarino.....	201	Zemanar and Traversa.....	Havana.
Dec. 21	Polacca Jannita, M. Antonio Gilari.....	110	Liviani and sons.....	Spain.
Dec. 21	Brigentine Proce, Jan. Mill.....	183	Liviani and sons.....	Havana.
Dec. 21	Polacca Union, Gabriel Puga.....	161	Zemanar and Traversa.....	West India.
Dec. 21	Brig Solana, Sebastian Chamberlain.....	189	Daniel Gove and Co.....	Boston.
Dec. 21	Barque Paula, Domingo Zabala.....	95	Liviani and sons.....	Cadix.
Dec. 21	Brigantine Calabona, Jaime Albas.....	96	Liviani and sons.....	Havana.
Dec. 21	Danish. Brigentine Apollo, Hahn.....	113	Klick and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 14	Brig Dresden, L. C. T. Nelson.....	95	Nelson Herwig.....	Bahia Blanca.
Jan. 14	Schooner Kandler, James Clausen.....	145	Henry and George Dovee.....	Havre de Grace.
Jan. 14	Ship Cynthia, Erick Beck.....	120	John G. Kier and Co.....	Hamburg.
Jan. 14	Brig Thoralvinn, Frederick Stage.....	200	Greenway, Gordon and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 14	Brig Willmann, J. F. Toomey.....	120	John Jacob Klick and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 14	Brig Anna Margaretha, G. Horkner.....	120	John Jacob Klick and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 14	Brig Catherine, M. A. Anderson.....	202	John Jacob Klick and Co.....	Boston.
Jan. 14	Brazilian. Brigantine Sappo, Antonio Ribeiro.....	171	João Sousa Monteiro.....	Brazil.
Jan. 14	Brig Anis de Ivry, P. T. Neudecker.....	171	João Sousa Monteiro.....	Brazil.
March 1	Brig Desceador, Joa. F. Fernandes.....	250	Berger's Mayflower.....	Brazil.
March 1	Brig Louisa, Louisa.....	250	Bunge, Hutz and Co.....	Continent.
Dec. 18	Prussian. Brigque Herta, Fredrick Emann.....	216	Alexander Ross Lafone.....	Boston.
Dec. 18	Hamburg. Brig Helena, A. E. Vandyke.....	190	Zimmerman, Frazer & Co.....	Hamburg.
March 1	Brig Charlotte, F. Bestman.....	120	John G. Lowry and Co.....	Boston.
March 1	Brig Edmund, M. J. Schmidt.....	74	Bunge, Hutz and Co.....	Falmouth.
Jan. 16	Swedish. Brigentine Aurora, G. D. Sackmal.....	14	Bunge, Hutz and Co.....	Falmouth.
Jan. 16	Brig Gustafson Peterson, Hammarberg.....	200	Zemanar and Traversa.....	Cato.
Jan. 16	Brig Hines, C. M. S. Svalander.....	200	Charles Horn.....	Bahia Blanca.
Jan. 16	Brig Hilda Charlotte, Y. G. Lindman.....	200	Charles Horn.....	Bahia Blanca.
Jan. 16	Norwegian. Brigque Crown Prince, Arkivoging.....	233	Zemanar and Traversa.....	Cato.
March 1	Ship Fure, Messerschlo, Oostland.....	400	Thompson, Mellis and Co.....	Cowes.
Feb. 21	Portuguese. Brigantine Salim, Antonio L. Pereira.....	170	Vera and Thimoteo.....	Brazil.

FRENCH FOREIGN VESSELS OF WAR.
Corvette Archon, 28 guns, Captain Penrose.
SARDINIAN. Frigate Des Geveys, 50 guns, Captain Mameli.

From the London Prices Current, December 28, 1841.
TALLOW.—A fair demand existed for P. Y. Candle, 48s 9d, paid for parcels on the spot, and 49s to 49s 6d for delivery next year.

A Constantinople correspondent of the *Constitutionnel*, says that on the 1st December, when the news of the birth of the Prince of Wales reached the Ottoman Capital, all the European vessels of war stationed off the city dressed themselves out with their flags and fired salutes in honor of the event.

The fine weather attracted numerous visitors to the Retiro and Alameda on Sunday evening last.

A salute of 21 guns was fired from the Fort in the afternoon of Monday last, in honor of the ratification of the Convention of Peace with France.

Shipping Memoranda.

The Brazilian brigantine *Suspiro*, which had been driven on shore in the gale of the 15th January last, has been got off.

Vessels on the berth at Liverpool on the 2nd January last.

FOR BUENOS AYRES.
Barque Lawson, 255 tons, Captain Key.
Brig John Blake, 210 tons, Captain Churchward.
Brig Star, 182 tons, Captain John Clementson.
Schooner Navigator, 145 tons, Captain Lefevre.
FOR MONTVIDEO AND BUENOS AYRES.
Brig Eliza Bell, 199 tons, Captain J. Bell.
Brig Aylesford, 223 tons, Captain James Murray.
Brig James Kay, Captain A. Lorion.
Brig Lady Cornwall, 188 tons, Captain J. Poe.
Barque Lancashire, 193 tons, Captain Cummings.

ARRIVED AT LONDON.
December 24th, British brig Emma Graham, Ferguson, hence 16th October.
27th, British brig Mary Halkett, Fogg, hence 5th October.

AT LIVERPOOL.
December 28th, British brig Famo, Pringle, hence 24th October.

AT FALMOUTH.
December 27th, Belgian brig Windhond, Langheche, hence 23rd October.
Her letters arrived in Liverpool on the 28th December.

AT COWES.
December 29th, British ship Uruguay, Kelo, hence 31st October and sailed for Antwerp. Her letters arrived in Liverpool on the 30th December.

AT BOSTON.
December 8th, American barque Cowper, Upton, hence 3rd October.

ARRIVED AT RIO JANEIRO.
9th ult., Portuguese brigantine Bom Jesus de Matosinhos, J. A. de Matosinhos, hence 5th January.

SAILED FROM MONTVIDEO.
3rd inst., H. B. M's packet Cockatrice, for Rio Janeiro.

MARINE LIST.
PORT OF BUENOS AYRES.

March 5.—Wind N.
Arrived, Hamburg brig Edmond, 174 tons, M. J. Schmidt, from Hamburg 20th December, Montevideo 3rd inst., general cargo, to Bunge, Hutz & Co. Passengers from Montevideo, Messrs. A. Bornefeld, Behrbom and Kriger.
American brig Lexington, 197 tons, Samuel Chandler, from Boston 28th November, Montevideo 3rd inst., in ballast, to John Best and Brothers.
Sailed, Sardinian packet schooner Rosa, Juan Bautista Schiaffino, for Montevideo, despatched by Carlos Galeano, with some domestic goods and passengers.

March 6.—Wind N.
No arrivals.
Sailed, five vessels of the National Squadron, for Montevideo, viz—
Brig General Belgrano, 24 guns, bearing the flag of Admiral William Brown.
Brig San Martin, 18 guns, Captain William Bathurst.
Brig Cagancha, 16 guns, Captain José Maria Pinedo.
Ship Twentyfifth May, 26 guns, Captain John King.
Schooner Ninth July, 5 guns, Lieut. Edward Brown, Commander.
Spanish brig Conde de Luchana, Juan Bautista Zavala, for Cadix, despatched by Liviani and sons, with 7180 dry hides, 1057 salted do.

March 7.—Wind E. strong in the evening.
Arrived, Brazilian packet schooner Bufancia, Mariano Francisco de Silva, from Montevideo 5th inst., to Hardy, Caviru & Co., with passengers.
Brazilian packet lugger Hictora, José Bastas, from Montevideo 5th, to Carlos Galeano, with passengers.
British brig Sarah Maria, 146 tons, John Oldridge, from Liverpool 2nd January, general cargo, to Charles Taylor & Co.
Danish brig Catherine, 202 tons, M. A. Anderson, from Hamburg 5th December, Montevideo 5th inst., general cargo, to John Jacob Klick & Co.
Passengers from Hamburg, Messrs. Charles Zeigler, J. Carl, L. Starckenburg, A. Mallor, W. Seydell and wife.
American barque Mason Barney, 240 tons, Francis Scott, from New York 23rd November, Montevideo 4th inst., general cargo, to Oliver J. Hayes & Co.
Passengers from Montevideo, Mrs. F. Dominick and 2 children, Miss Olivia Dominick, Miss Loring, Messrs. William L. Tenkor, W. H. Miller and John Eastman.
American barque Three Brothers, 263 tons, Philip P. Pinell, from Salem 24th December, Montevideo 4th inst., general cargo, to Daniel Gove and Co.

American barque *Dromo*, 267 tons, Benjamin Pickering, from Salem 22th December, Montevideo 6th inst., general cargo, to Daniel Gowland & Co.

March 8.—Wind E. S. E. strong—foggy—rain

Arrived, Sardinian zamacra *Ten Amigos*, 45 tons, Christofli Chiappi, from Montevideo 6th inst., with cargo, to order.

March 9.—Wind E. S. E. strong.

No arrivals or sailings.

March 10.—Wind E. S. E. strong.

Arrived, National Frigate, from Patagonia 4th inst., 550 fangas worth, &c., to Angel G. Elia.

National brig *Maria*, Roquer, from San Nicolas, with produce.

March 11.—Wind N. opposite coast visible—Rain in the evening.

Arrived, Sardinian packet schooner *Rosa*, Juan Bautista Schiaffino, from Montevideo 10th, to Carlos Galzano, with passengers.

Hamburgh brig

Sailed, British brig *Frisk*, William Whitway, for Cork or Falmouth for orders, despatched by Charles Taylor & Co.

Hamburgh brig *Idelena*, for Hamburgh, French barque *Louise Marie*, for Havre de Grace, and Swedish brig *Mimor*, for Bahia Blanca.

Cargoes, &c., next week.

Brazilian packet schooner *Carmon*, for Montevideo, despatched by Hamilton, Brothers, with domestic goods and passengers.

Brazilian packet schooner *Eufracia*, Mariano Francisco de Silva, for Montevideo despatched by Harday, Cavrau & Co., with passengers.

From the *Philadelphia National Gazette*, December 23, 1841.

But a few weeks since there appeared some prospect of a termination of all apprehension of a war with England. M'Leod had been acquitted and discharged. Grogan had been returned, and the British Colonial authorities had made the *amende honorable*, by discharging from service the officer by whom he had been arrested. The Boundary question was in a fair way to be settled by peaceful arbitration. As if, however, to prevent the realization of the hopes of those who desired to see an end to the irritation, we have now the correspondence of Mr. Stevenson with Lords Palmerston and Aberdeen, in which the United States are made to claim that the use of their flag shall shield from examination every vessel by which they are sent, however strong may be the reason for believing that their crew is composed of pirates, or dealers in slaves, and that it has no claim to bear that, or perhaps any other than the bloody flag. This trade is denounced by all the civilized nations of the world. We ourselves have declared it piracy, yet we would deny to all nations the power of ascertaining whether or not a vessel the master of which, upon occasion, chooses to use our flag, is a pirate. A ship may be robbed and a pirate is entitled to claim shelter under the flag which the captain thinks it expedient at that moment to display!

By our ancestors, the right of sanctuary was limited to certain places, and to the inhabitants of the London *White Friars*, or the Parisian *Closter Miracles*, were liable to arrest only on leaving those privileged enclosures. Had they understood the rights of criminals as fully as Mr. Stevenson, they would grant freedom from arrest to all who wore red caps, or blue coats, or to such as sported yellow ribbons on their breasts. Duke Hildobred and Captain Colepepper would have found it unnecessary to conceal themselves in Alesia, but would have strutted up to the Emperor at Strind and Chesapeake, and the *Duc d'Egypte* would have travelled the *Rue St. Honoré*, with the same freedom that, agreeably to the doctrines of Mr. Stevenson, the Blackbeards and Kids of Mr. Stevenson, and the same ruffians, those of Great Britain will exempt them from all interference on the part of our countrymen.

No portion of our diplomatic correspondence has ever covered us more egregiously than that to which we now allude. Heretofore, whether right

or wrong, we have always appeared to say what we meant, but now the world must believe that we mean the reverse of what we say, and that while we profess a desire to put down the slave trade, it is our intention to do all that is in our power to prevent its extinction. While our actions shall continue thus opposed to our words the world must believe us hypocrites.

Unworthily and untenable, as it appears to us, is this claim, it is advocated by many jurists, in a manner to warrant the belief that they would deem its rejection by Great Britain their ground of war. The people of the South are irritated against that country, because of sundry acts in relation to slavery, while those of the North see in a war the highest retributive tariff, and men are very apt to be led to believe, that measures which appear likely to enrich them, cannot be disadvantageous to the community at large. Many others, who have no interest that they can deem likely to be promoted by war, advocate recourse to it on the ground that occasional wars are, to the purification of the moral atmosphere, as necessary as are storms and tempests to that which we breathe.

Many, very many persons, would hesitate to redress a real grievance, lest the national honor should be tarnished; and they would resort to hostilities, rather than yield in the slightest degree.

We have no hesitation in admitting that it is difficult to grant what may be convincingly proved to be fair and reasonable, when the claim therefore assumes too pre-emptory a form, as is so frequently the case with those which Great Britain has to make; yet we hold that the national honor would be far more tarnished by refusing what is right than in according it, even though the demand had been made in a disagreeable form. A really just man will not hesitate to do justice, under any circumstances.

Such a man will hesitate long before he will refuse, for some fancied—or even real—indignum, to do what he knows to be right, when the consequence of that refusal may be the ruin of thousands of families, and the sacrifice of tens of thousands of lives. To most persons in the country, unfortunately for us, war is a word of the meaning of which they have little idea. Having had little experience of its horrors, they have not learned to associate with it the bombardment of cities and the plundering of houses, with their accompaniments, murder, rape, and all the other abominations which it carries in its train.

Died.

On the 5th inst., aged 45 years, Mr. CONRAD KOHLER, a native of Saxony, and many years a resident in Buenos Ayres, where he was highly esteemed. His remains were deposited in the German Protestant Cemetery on the 6th.

The funeral was most respectfully attended.

Advertisements.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
THE Underigned hereby gives notice to the Public, that the Government has granted him the exclusive privilege of making and selling during six years or less, whatever quantity he may invent for preserving hides and skins from being injured by the worm.

Whoever gentlemen who wish to see the Patent, may satisfy themselves at the house of the underigned, No. 276 Calle de la Piedad, and will see therein the numerous facts which prove the efficacy of his preservative, as corroborated by the sworn declarations of a great number of very respectable witnesses, to which his notes being added the actual experience made with 6 cargoes of hides, which having been shipped in the middle of last summer to different parts of Europe, arrived all of them at the place of destination perfectly free from worm. In fact the certainty of its being a real Specific is now established beyond all doubt.

The price of this article is 150 dollars, Buenos Ayres currency, per pipe, of 120 gallons, with which quantity 300 ox hides, or 450 dozen sheepskins or 600 dozen extra skins may be cured. The former may be fully dipped in the water, the latter being wetted on the flesh-side. The expense of labour is very little more than the usual bearing of skins—To save great part of the expense of carriage, the underigned sells it in a concentrated state, which prepared to be used, must be diluted with 24 times the quantity of water. The common price of the article in this concentrated state is 20 dollars per franc.

Who who wish to be supplied with any quantity of said preservative, will be promptly attended to by applying to Mr. Emilio Vernet, No. 103 Calle de la Reconquista, or No. 76 Calle de la Paz.

m12 4. LEWIS VERNET.

TO BE LET.

GENTLE and commodious unfurnished apartment, in a central situation, consisting of Parlor, Bed room, Kitchen, servants room, and Stabling, if required, for further particulars enquire on the Premises, Calle de la Universidad, No. 167. m12 3

MR. TEVIERRE.

SURGEON DEIST of the City of New York and late from Montevideo, has the honor to advise the Public, that he has just arrived in this City, where he proposes to exercise his profession for a short period, previous to his departure.

The progress that has been made in Dental Surgery within a few years in the United States has been very great, and has excited great interest to preserve the teeth, so necessary for mastication, clearness of the voice, and to give beauty and expression to the countenance. He has brought a handsome assortment of Mineral Teeth of great beauty and duration, being perfect imitations of nature, (and which he inserts without pain) thereby removing the scruples that all persons must have against those extracted from the dead, and which has sometimes caused most painful diseases.

He cleans and extracts teeth, by the latest improved method, and cures all diseases of the gums. Fills with pure gold, silver or mineral cement, those that are decayed, arresting their further decomposition and preventing them from falling out. Childrens teeth regulated with great care, and made to grow healthy regular and beautiful.

Mr. Tevierre has an excellent remedy for the tooth ache, which in most cases cures, and in all cases alleviates it, and a chemical composition to render loose and superior powder that preserves and beautifies the teeth, giving them a pearl whiteness.

He has established himself for the present at Mr. Palma's Calle de Mayo, numero 47, between Nos. 40, where he can be consulted from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily. Families attended to at their dwellings, if not too far. Prices moderate. m12 3

Passage & goods for Montevideo.

WILTON WOOD, CAPTAIN RUSSELL.

Will leave Buenos Ayres for Montevideo on the 18th inst., and will take cargo if a sufficient quantity offers, also has good accommodations for passengers.

Apply to Messrs Russell, or to Messrs. JOHN BEST and BROTHERS, Buenos Ayres, March 11, 1842.

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Doublers, Spanish.....	dollars each.
Do. extra.....	do. do.
Plata macquina.....	do. do.
Dollars, Spanish.....	do. each.
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Six per cent. Stock.....	60	65 do. per cent.
Exchange on England.....	3 1/4	65 do. per cent.
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Do. Rio de Janeiro.....	17 1/2	per cent.
Do. Montevideo.....	17 1/2	per cent.
Do. United States.....	per U.S. dollar	
Hides, Ox, for Eng. & Gor. 63	65	65 p.p. pasada
Do. for Spain.....	55	do.
Do. for N. America.....	58	59 do.
Do. do.....	60	62 do.
Do. do.....	50	55 do.
Do. Horses.....	18	19 do. each.
Calf skins.....	67	68 do.
Sheep skins, common.....	31	32 per dozen
Do. fine.....	36	38 do.
Deer skins.....	16	18 do.
Goat skins.....	35	40 do.
Nutria skins.....	30	40 do. per lb.
Chamois.....	90	100 do. operations
Horse hair, short.....	40	41 per arroba.
Do. mixed.....	41	46 do.
Do. long.....	47	47 do.
Wool, common.....	18	20 do.
Do. picked.....	35	40 do.
Do. shorn from skins.....	45	45 do.
Do. washed.....	15	40 do.
Tallow, pure.....	28	30 do.
Do. raw.....	18	23 do.
Do. grease.....	20	27 do.
Jersey Beef.....	14	25 per quinta
Horns, mixed.....	300	400 per mil.
Do. Ox.....	800	900 do.
Shamrock.....	100	100 do.
Hide cuttings.....	34	38 per 100 lbs
Exotic leathers, white.....	20	22 do.
Salted tongues.....	Black.....	20
Salt, on board.....	11	12 per 125
Discount.....	per cent. pr month

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