

# British Packet

## AND ARGENTINE NEWS.

No. 844

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1842.

[Established in 1826.]

### BUENOS AYRES.

The late Montevideo papers inform us that Rivera and Ferré had had an interview at Paysandu, previously to the opening of the intended Congress of Patentes, and that a scene similar to that between Puschum and Lockie occurred, the parties shaking hands and mutually exclaiming—"Brother, brother, we are both in the wrong." Neither of the Governors-errant of Entreríos and Santa Fé was present at the conference. Paz was prevented by illness, but no notice is assigned for the non-appearance of Lopez.

The "Britannia" gives an extract of a letter from its "Own Correspondent" in Goya, dated 16th ult., in which the inroads of the Chaco Indians into the territory of Santa Fé, are extolled with malignant satisfaction, inasmuch as the barbarians were guilty of no excesses but merely stealing horses and cattle. To what a pretty pass we are come to at last—to see a paper calling itself English thus unblushingly constitute itself into an open panegyrist of robbery!

The "Britannia's" "Own Correspondent" farther states: "That the parties from whom he has his information tell him that General La Madrid was already on the frontier of Cordova, having been victorious in two battles, in one of which he defeated Rivera who escaped with four men; they did not know the name of the chief in command at the other, although they were assured it was one of some note; this had been communicated by two natives of Santiago, who had fled from Cordova and taken refuge with the Indians. The inhabitants of Cordova had removed their property to the Groets (fort) of the Tio. Colonel Peñañosa, Chaclo, was behaving admirably as commander of the vanguard."

That such stuff should gain credence in an out-of-way place like Goya is not surprising; but what do we to think of the effrontery of the journalist who puts it forth as authentic intelligence? Is it not evident that he cares not how much he insults the understanding of his readers in this country, if he can but impose upon those abroad? It is in fact a piece with the fabrication contained in the "Britannia," a short time since, that 2000 Bolivian troops had entered the Argentine territory to carry on hostilities against General Rosas, to which the important documents from Bolivia inserted in our paper of this day afford such ample refutation.

An article from the *Morning Post* of the 3rd of August, upon the affairs of this country, is copied in the "Britannia." From the general perversion of facts which pervades it, and the strong analogy it bears to the effusions of that print, it presents internal evidence enough that it is concocted from materials furnished by some of the Montevideo cliques.

### BOLIVIAN REPUBLIC.

Government House, July 19, 1842.

Sir,

The undersigned, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Bolivian Republic, has had the honor to receive the esteemed communication of H. E. the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Argentine Confederation, dated 5th March last, and with it a copy of the Convention of Peace celebrated on the 25th October 1840, with France, which H. E. has had the kindness to forward to the government of Bolivia.

Convinced as this government was, of the

justice, moderation, and dignity of the government charged with the Foreign Affairs of the Argentine Confederation, and no less with the enlightened and honorable policy of H. M. the King of the French; it confidently expected and hoped that the differences which had so unfortunately arisen between both Nations, would terminate in the same happy manner as they have done, and which permanently secures the rights of the Argentine Confederation.

The undersigned therefore on so pleasing an occasion may be permitted, in the name of his government, to congratulate the enlightened government of Buenos Ayres—manifesting to it through the medium of H. E. the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Argentine Confederation, the infinite satisfaction it feels at the worthy and honorable termination of that contest.

The undersigned takes this opportunity to express to H. E. the Minister for Foreign Affairs the high respect and esteem with which he has the honor to subscribe himself his

Most obedient servant,

M. DE LA CRUZ MENDEZ.

To H. E. the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Argentine Confederation.—Buenos Ayres.

Bolivian Republic, Commandancy of the Southern Frontier, Tupiza, 31st July, 1842.—  
To H. E. the Governor of the Province of Jujuy. This Argentine N. Anzoategui, passed through this town a few days since on his way to Salta, propagating the incendiary rumour that the Republic of Bolivia was about to declare war against the Argentine Confederation; I did not arrest and place him at the disposal of my government to answer for a calumny of such paramount importance, to avoid any displeasure which his apprehension might have occasioned, and in consideration of his being an Argentine. In consequence of which and having seen letters forwarded from that Province to this town, enquiring if the assertion was true, I address myself to H. E., assuring you in the name of my government that such rumours are most false and are doubtless spread by the unitarians, and that I am instructed not only to maintain the most strict neutrality, but even to prevent the emigrants from taking any hostile measures against these governments, nor to disturb the tranquillity of the Confederate Provinces, with which my government, as it has expressed to me, desires to maintain the most perfect amity, of which I have the honor to inform Y. E., entreating you to communicate it to the other governments of the Argentine Confederation, as a proof of the good intentions which animate my government. I take this opportunity to express to Y. E. the respect and esteem with which I subscribe myself

Your most obedient servant,

The Colonel José Miguel Barron.

THE WEATHER.—Genial rains have fallen during the week.

Thermometer in the Mirador of the Commercial Room since our last—

Saturday	57
Sunday	61
Monday	60
Tuesday	68
Wednesday	74
Thursday	84
Friday	63

Foreign Merchant Vessels in the Port of Buenos Ayres on the evening of 21st inst.

British	9
American	9
French	9
Spanish	6
Sardinian	4
Brazilian	10
Hamburg	1
Swedish	1
Total	43

The schooners, &c., under the Brazilian and Sardinian flags, employed as packets between this and Montevideo, are not included in the above list.

In the list of visitors (inserted in our last) at the Ball at the Victoria Theatre on the 18th inst., we omitted to mention Baron Picoté d'Herrillon, Consul General of H. M. the King of Sardinia, and two Sardinian naval officers.

The *Gaceta* of 15th inst. contains a list of donations from Pergamino, in amount \$402 dollars currency, in aid of the war against the unitarians.

### Official Documents.

The *Gaceta* of 17th inst. contains a variety of documents from the Provinces of the Interior, amongst which is the following—

Tucuman, August 14, 1842.

The Governor and Captain General of the Province, General Celestino Gutierrez.

#### Considering—

That the fresh crime committed by the brutal miscreant unitarians, in coming to pillage and imbue in blood our Provinces, when they had scarcely commenced to breathe in the boom of peace, renders them unworthy of any indulgence, as also those who in any manner cooperate in their infamous enterprise.

Has ordered and decreed—

Art. 1. Every resident in the Province, must give an account to the government in the capital, and to the military chiefs in the country, of any miscreant unitarian who may be concealed in any portion of the Tucuman territory.

2. Those who conceal or know of the concealment of any miscreant unitarian, and do not give the information required in the preceding article, shall suffer the punishment awarded to the said miscreant unitarians.

3. All persons are called upon under the same penalty to give information of areas of any description which may be in the hands of private individuals without permission.

4. Let this be published.

GUTIERREZ.  
Adecalato de Gendar.

A note dated Tucuman 5th ult., from the Governor of that Province, in reply to the circular from General Justo José de Urquiza, congratulates the latter on his election to the Government of the Province of Entreríos.

**Advertisements.**

**Mr. GEORGE CLARK,**

Has Removed his School to No. 167 Calle de Piedad: his present premises offer every accommodation for Pupils. Terms 200 dollars and can hold from 100 dollars, day scholars 30 dollars. Mr C instructs his pupils in both the English and Spanish languages.

His translation classes and accounts for the Public Offices, and gives private lessons in the Spanish language and in Book-keeping. 1868

**Wants a Situation.**

A Young Man, who thoroughly understands the Grocery business and writes a good hand. He would endeavor to assist himself generally, and can give any suitable reference to a merchant and ship. A free address G. F. 50 Calle del 25 de Mayo will be immediately attended to. 1868

**BURTON ALE.**

I HAVE recently acquired a plentiful supply of the above excellent Ale brewed, and to be sold either in cask, bottle or by measure, at No. 70, Calle de la Piedad.

Wholesale as well as retail. Also Oysters, of different sizes, preserved. Buenos Ayres, October 6, 1842. 3

**Sir James Murray's,**

**FLUID MAGNEsia.**

ONE of the most important discoveries of the day is the discovery of the above fluid, which is a valuable Remedy. The great fame which this excellent medicine has acquired in Great Britain and throughout the whole world, is a sufficient proof of its superiority over all other Magnesia. In this fluid state the Magnesia is obtained in perfect purity, free from lime and other impurities, which generally exist in all other preparations of Magnesia.

In bilious affections, flatulency and acidity of the stomach it is far superior to the preparations of soda and potash.

As a mild, safe and gentle aperient, it is strongly recommended for delicate females, and peculiarly adapted (being perfectly harmless) for children whose bowels are constantly sore, or who are afflicted with an excess of acid.

To be had of A. Conzalez, Calle de la Paz, No. 21. Solo Agent for this Republic.

**FOR SALE.**

AT No. 29 Calle de Mayo, a Conzalez's fine dog, of Red & Co's acquisition fine forty comb. Also a small lot of superior warranted Jewellery.

**WANTED.**

A Girl from 12 to 15 years of age, capable of taking care of a child, to be had in both the English and Spanish Languages, apply at 124 Calle del Peru.

**THOMAS WHITEHEAD,**

Has opened his Dispensary at No. 45 Calle de la Catedral, where a large and complete assortment of medicines (including Murray's magnesia) are on sale. Also surgical instruments, of the best quality in his country, all at very reduced prices. He is now ready to let out of the houses in the Quinta known by the name of Alabaster, which may be had in possession immediately. 1843

**STEARINA CANDLES.**

MADE IN ENGLAND.

ARE on sale, in small cases containing an arbol each, at No. 32 Calle de la Universidad. 1843

**TO LET.**

A Desirable Summer residence, within twenty minutes of the Plaza, extensive lawns, marbler, coach-house and out-offices, garden, fruit tree, grape vine, &c. &c. Terms moderate, apply at 87 Calle de la Universidad.

**FOR SALE.**

ABOUT 200 load of home Cattle, and about 65 mares and colts, the Cows are good milch cows, and offer a good opportunity to any Person wishing to commence the Butter and Cheese business. For particulars apply to Mr. Francis Hartley, at the house of Don Juan Carlos Berroetche, Calle Berroetche about four square past the Plaza.

**FOR SALE.**

FROM Five to Six Thousand five Mouton Sheep, with ewes, lambs, &c. to be sold in 18 months from now, a lease of the land may also be had for a number of years if required. For particulars apply at No 33 Calle de la Universidad. 1843

**NOTICE.**

A Fencing Room is just opened at No. 12 Calle de Saintho, opposite the side door of San Miguel, where Fencing Lessons will be given daily, Thursday and Saturday evening, from 7 till 10 o'clock. The gentleman who cannot attend the regular hours, may have private lessons, either at their own houses, or at the Fencing master's.

There will be, on every Friday day, from 10 till 12 o'clock, a general annual exercise for the pupils; any one wishing to witness it will be admitted with the master's permission.

It is useless to recommend the advantages obtained for the personal security in so distinguished an art. Every body knows that in Europe still, in the chief cities of both hemispheres, this art is regarded as one of the most interesting branches for the completion of a manly education. So I will not dwell in explanation what every body knows as well as I do: I have only to state that I will do all in my power in order to merit the confidence and esteem of those who are ambitious, and especially those who will honor me with their confidence.

There will be weekly Saturday, commencing on the 15th inst. from 7 till 10, the exercise of the game obtained for the Fencing-room, with the object of examining and preserving the management of the sword, for those who are more advanced. I consequently take pleasure in inviting to the said examination the gentleman who wish to attend, that they may judge for themselves of the progress of the game, and receive the commendation for any teaching here made in so short a period, as well as to remark the method and system of a subtle and experienced, so that in the short space of three months one may make himself skilful in fencing.

**CHARLES BENTLEY.**

**Ginger Beer and Peppermint Manufactory.**

JAMES CARR, Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has opened his Manufactory in the Calle del Parque No. 42, where he intends to carry on his business and supply his customers on reasonable terms.

Some and Champagne bottles wanted, for which the highest price will be given. 1843

**ON SALE.**

AT No. 141 Calle de Piedad, the following articles: A few reduced prices, a few superior Cloths of the Coast of Brazil, River Plate, and round Cape Horn, Boxes of sailing directions, M. Murray's Book of signals, Nautical Almanac, M. Henry's Spanish Grammars, Dictionaries, &c. &c. 1824

**General Statement of the operations of the Public Stocks from their commencement on the 1st January 1822, up to the end of September 1842, together with Cash Account from 1st July to the 30th September of the present year.**

PUBLIC STOCKS.			
De.	4 per 100	6 per 100	Doll.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
To Amount raised by loans 30th Oct. 1822	2,000,000	22,360,000	
By Balance up to 23th March 1826	2,000,000	22,360,000	
	4,000,000	44,720,000	
By Amount of Stock, not in circulation, and placed in corporations and pious establishments	141,263	381,703 66	
By amount of Stock unplaced	10,327 64	7,438 3	
By amount of Stock redeemed, to 30th June last, by the Sink			
By amount of Stock redeemed, from the 1st July and 30th September last, &c., at the price of 92, 98 and 99	605,175 31	21,480,179 34	
By Balance being amount in circulation at this date	124,064 6	59,919,709 3	
	2,000,000	23,200,000	

CASH ACCOUNT.			
De.	Doll.	Rls.	Doll. Rls.
To balance at the end of June last.			729,038 31
To Amount received from the Customs to interest and sinking funds for July, August and September last			938,792 44
To amount returned for ordinary sinking fund	133,393 50		
To amount for interest on ordinary sink	337,992 71		
	470,992 3		
To amount received from the Customs for office expenses			414
			1,678,278

Ca.	Doll.	Rls.	Doll. Rls.
By Amount of interest } 4 per 100	16,162 14		481,255 3
By interest on sinking fund	6 per 100	465,092 14	
By amount of interest on ordinary sink in the present quarter			470,991 61
By amount of office expenses			414
By Balance to start } For interest	566,328 21		725,610 64
By amount of office expenses			414
			1,678,278

Buenos Ayres, September 30, 1842.

John Alsina, President; Miguel de Kijotes, Vice President; John Baptist Pein, Donato Fierro, Simon R. Mier, Augustin I. de Luca, Secretary and Accountant.

We received by H. B. M's packet Coactrice London papers to 3rd August. The following is from the "Times" of that date.

The Berenice, with the Bombay mail of the 15th of June, arrived at Suez on the 18th ult. Her mail reached Alexandria on the 23rd, at 1 a.m., Malta on the 27th, at half past 3 a.m., and Marseilles, by the Polyphemus, on the 31st, at 6 a.m.

China news to the 12th April, and Singapore journals to the 5th of May, have been received. It was said that Yang, an Imperial Commissioner, was en route to offer 40,000,000 dollars as compensation to the British for the expenses of the war, and the surrendered opinion: also the cession of Hong Kong as the price of peace.

The Chinese had already commenced removing the ruins and rubbish preparatory to rebuilding the Bogue forts.

Some fighting had taken place at Ningpo, in which 160 British routed 6,000 Chinese with the loss of from 5 to 700 slain. We had three killed and 40 wounded.

The *Agra Ulber*, of June 4, says that it was

reported that an army of observation would be assembled at Allahabad in the ensuing cold season.

**SCINDE.**

Among the items of intelligence which have reached us from Scinde, and which may be depended on as authentic, are an announcement that a large army, said to be 25,000 strong, is advancing from Mukhel to Hurrat, and that very suspicious conferences are being held at Hydrabad, between the Amcers and others, requiring the most vigilant attention of Major Outram.

The Seiks are said to be in force on the Muree territory, without their object being understood.

**AFGHANISTAN.**

We have news from Jellalabad to the 29th of May. Akbar Khan had demanded 10,000 rupees for General Elphinstone's remains. The *Delhi Gazette* of the 14th of May mentions that they had been interred, on the 30th of April, within the walls of Jellalabad. Akbar Khan claims that Dost Mahomed be sent back, and that we evacuate the country, leaving an agent at Cabul in Exchange for the English captives.

The army, it was thought, would not leave the place until they moved to Cabul, there to meet General Notf from Candahar.

The Khyber Pass was being re-occupied by the Afeedes, and the whole road to Cabul stockaded and defended by all the obstructions the enemy could oppose.

Captain Mackenzie has returned to Jellalabad on the 9th May from Lughman, with terms for the release of the prisoners.

General Sale's victory over Akbar Khan had struck such terror into the minds of the people that it was thought our troops might have moved on to the capital without resistance, had not the force been deficient in every requisite for so large an army.

A letter from Saugor of the 26th of May announces the Boordelais to have fled into the territory of Scinde.

**CRETAIN.**

Everything remains in *status quo*. Half the Candahar force had moved out to re-enforce Kelat i Ghilzie, and make a demonstration on Ghuznie.

General England crossed the Kejuck Kothul on the 2nd of May, with the loss of only four men wounded.

Instructions had been given on the 14th of May from the Adjutant General's office to withdraw the troops serving west of the Indus within the British provinces.

It was currently reported both in Paris and in London that the British armies were making great progress in China. It was even said that Pekin had been captured, and that such discontent prevailed in that Empire in consequence of the war, particularly along its 'sea board,' that the Emperor had determined on making peace on the terms proposed by the British.

Private letters received by the last Packet say that commercial affairs were looking better in England, and that there was every prospect of an abundant harvest.

**Shipping Memoranda.**

Vessels on the berth at Liverpool on the 3rd August.

- FOR BUENOS AYRES.
  - Barque Coactrice, 327 tons.
  - Barque Vitula, 295 tons, Capt. George Fielding.
- FOR MONTVIDEO AND BUENOS AYRES.
  - Barque Argentina, 245 tons, Captain Tilsen.
  - Schooner Maid of Cashmere, 177 tons, Captain P. B. Fishley.

H. B. M's packet Express, was to bring the September mail from Falmouth for the Brazils and River Plate.

**ARRIVED AT PALMOUTH.**

- July 21st. H. B. M's packet Petrel, from Rio Janeiro 25th May, Bahia 6th June, Pernambuco 15th do, with the mail forwarded here 25th April, by H. B. M's packet Coactrice.
- August 3rd, Belgian barque Louise, Lams, from Montevideo.

AT PORTSMOUTH.  
July 14, H. B. M's ship Acton, from Valparaiso 8th April, Rio Janeiro 21st May, with 1,250,000 dollars.

AT BRISTOL.  
July 11th, British brig Williams, Wilson, from Montevideo.

AT FLYMOUTH.  
August 2nd, British brigantine Jane Baxter, Hancock, hence 19th May.

AT LONDON.  
July 8th, British vessels Port Fleetwood and Fay, from Montevideo.  
" 10th, British brig Charles, Pearson, from Montevideo.

August 4th, British brig Progress, Butcher, from Montevideo.  
" (Falmouth 25th July), British brig Sarah Maria, Oldridge, hence 14th May.

AT LIVERPOOL.  
July 8th, British brig Brilliant, Cowan, from Montevideo.  
" 10th, British brig Mic Mac, Bell, from Montevideo.  
" 21st, British brig Habs, Shorland, from Montevideo.

August 2nd, British brig Kate, Scott, from Montevideo 14th May.

AT COKE.  
July 7th, British brig Reliance, from Montevideo.  
" 21st, British brig John Williams, Copeland, hence 8th May.

AT ANTWERP.  
July 6th, Hamburg barque J. and M., Schmidt, from Montevideo.

AT HAMBURG.  
July 8th, Danish ship Cybele, Hock, hence 24th April.

AT HAVRE DE GRACE.  
July 5th, French brig Yeloe, Figeuillan, from Montevideo.  
" 8th, French brig Trois Femmes, Perier, from Montevideo.  
" French brig Ville de Bayonne, Dermot, hence 28th April.  
" 12th, Danish brig Wilhelmine, Toosby, hence 7th May.

AT MARSCELLES.  
July 18th, French brig Ave Maria, Mehes, hence 8th April.

AT GENOA.  
June 25th, Sardinian brig Prudenta, Pietrera, from Montevideo.  
July 7th, Sardinian brig Margaria, Vaccaro, from Montevideo.  
" 17th, Sardinian brig Capriccio, Capello, hence 23rd April.  
" 20th, Sardinian brig Paolina, Corvetto, from Montevideo.

AT CADIZ.  
June 27th, Spanish brig Sobano, Urizar, hence 10th April.

AT QUEBEC.  
June 15th, British brig Ceres, Knutson, from Montevideo.

AT BOSTON.  
July 3rd, Prussian barque Hiram, Ehmans, hence 1st May.

AT HAVANA.  
June 1st, Spanish polacre Juno, Domenech, hence 12th March.  
" 3rd, Spanish brig Amnistia, Nosotros, and Emilia, from Montevideo.  
" 21st, British brig Iris, Henderson, from Montevideo.  
" 23rd, British brig Flora, Dupliron, from Montevideo.  
" Spanish brig Norma, Balasteros, hence 15th March.  
" 26th, French barque George, Fatto, hence 12th April.  
" 28th, Spanish brig Vencedor, Roses, from Montevideo.

AT MATANZAS.  
June 1st, Spanish brigantine Celestina, Alsina, hence 25th March.  
" 18th, ——— Albina and Clara, Albers, from Montevideo.

ARRIVED AT RIO JANEIRO.  
21st ult., Brazilian zumbra Nova Sociada, hence 7th ult.  
26th, H. B. M's packet Crane, from Falmouth 5th August, and Bahia, with the mails for the River Plate.  
" American barque King Philip, Willis, hence 13th ult.

SAILED FROM RIO JANEIRO.  
17th ult., H. B. M's packet Swift, for Falmouth, via Bahia and Pernambuco, with the mail forwarded hence 28th August, by H. B. M's packet Cockatrice.

## MARINE LIST.

PORT OF BUENOS AYRES.

October 15.—Wind N. N. E. Rain.

Arrived, H. B. M's packet schooner Cockatrice, 6 guns, Lieut. Justus

## MERCHANT VESSELS

IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES ON FRIDAY LAST.  
For Arrivals and Sailings of Friday—See Marine List.

Date of Arrival	Vessels and Captains Names.	Tons	Consignees.	Destinations, &c.
<b>British.</b>				
June 15	Barque Unfamed, James Rae.....	267	Brewell, Stegmann & Co.	Coke.
July 6	Brig Achiver, Robert Mill.....	178	Farber and Orr.....	Liverpool.
Aug. 6	Brig Ursula, Henry Stratford.....	172	Henry and George Dowse.....	London.
12	Barque John Cook, John Cross.....	220	Palmer, Maclellan and Co.....	London.
Sept. 1	Brig Bella Portina, John W. Pratt.....	128	Palmer, Maclellan and Co.....	London.
10	Barque Cuba, Edward Robson.....	240	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.....	Boston.
Oct. 17	Brig Chamois, Henry Cundy.....	183	Charles M. Horne.....	Liverpool.
20	Barque Acton, John Green.....	221	Thos and Brothers.....	Montevideo.
23	Barque Pampero, John Roberts.....	157	Nicholson, Green and Co.....	London.
30	Barque Jean Baptiste, Levi Henry Potts.....	244	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.....	London.
<b>American.</b>				
Aug. 13	Ship Henry Kneeland, Lock.....	302	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.....	London.
Sept. 2	Barque Smyth, George Dyer.....	200	Oliver J. Hayes and Co.....	New York.
6	Schooner Vigilant, George Upton.....	109	Doane and Co.....	Boston.
15	Ship Carolana, Eliza Ewell.....	208	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.....	Boston.
Oct. 1	Brigantine Tatler, Charles Saunders.....	94	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.....	London.
9	Brig Oswego, John Green.....	150	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.....	London.
13	Brigantine Agushi, Parker Brown.....	150	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.....	London.
17	Schooner Sarah, Thomas C. Chase.....	67	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.....	London.
<b>French.</b>				
Sept. 5	Brig Louise, Joseph B. Canard.....	179	Benoit and Constantin.....	Havre de Grace.
15	Brig Louise, G. Amann.....	142	Hermann Dufourq.....	Bourdeaux.
17	Ship Zentilianus, Passenart.....	140	Joseph Pasquier.....	Havre de Grace.
23	Ship Paquette Bordelaise, C. Matras.....	127	Lavallol and sons.....	Havre de Grace.
28	Brig Cybele, Pierre Lafon.....	178	Joseph Ort Baudouin.....	Havre de Grace.
Oct. 17	Brig Frederic Eugene, P. Brouton.....	97	Berthoud Herand.....	Cette.
<b>Sardinian.</b>				
Sept. 26	P/voAcra Dario, Giacomo Boniano.....	167	Livallol and sons.....	Genoa.
Oct. 12	Brig Second April, Gerommo Perani.....	156	Cattolici Caprini.....	Genoa.
17	Polacre San Rocco, Tommaso Fontanari.....	106	Padaro, Fontanari and Co.....	Genoa.
<b>Spanish.</b>				
Aug. 2	Polacre Estrella, Jose Millet.....	118	Lavallol and sons.....	Barcelona.
25	Barque Barceloneta, Jean Maritany.....	120	Lavallol and sons.....	Barcelona.
Sept. 2	Brig Manuel, Pedro Garcia.....	155	Zamarran and Trezona.....	Malaga.
10	Brig Esperanza, Rafael Natta.....	176	Zamarran and Trezona.....	Cadix & Barcelona.
<b>Brazilian.</b>				
Sept. 20	Brigantine 7th September, J.F. Ferreira.....	189	Vires and Thomeau.....	Brazil.
28	Brig Confianza, Henrique Freitas.....	129	Jose Pereira y Meyreles.....	Brazil.
Oct. 5	P/voAcra Nra. Sra. de Iffigeneia, Semprino.....	125	Carlos Galvao.....	Montevideo.
16	Brigantine Esperanca, Joao F. Silva.....	150	Jose Pereira Carreiros.....	Brazil.
7	Brigantine Caloch, Juan M. de Oliveira.....	104	Manuel Azevedo Ramos.....	Brazil.
9	Brig Independencia, Joaquin A. Mata.....	180	Juan Sousa Monteiro.....	Brazil.
9	Brig Dos Hermanos, Juan E. Gonzalez.....	170	Jose Pereira y Meyreles.....	Brazil.
12	Brig Amizade, Jose Francisco Araujo.....	126	Manuel Azevedo Ramos.....	Brazil.
17	Schooner Virginia, Joaquin F. de Oliveira.....	125	Agui G. de Eza and Co.....	Brazil.
20	Brig.....	20	Brig.....	Brazil.
<b>Hreman.</b>				
Oct. 9	Galliot London, Paul H. Henke.....	170	Joseph Parvizini.....	Montevideo.
<b>Hamburg.</b>				
Sept. 23	Barque Louise, Charles Hoye.....	220	Zamarran and Trezona.....	Cette.

**FOREIGN VESSELS OF WAR.**  
**BRITISH.** Ship Pearl, 20 guns, Captain Richard Henry Stopford.  
Packet schooner Spider, 6 guns, Lieut. Richard Elworthy Pym, Commander.  
Packet schooner Cockatrice, 6 guns, Lieut. James Ozanban, Commander.  
**UNITED STATES.** Corvette Despatch, 16 guns, Captain David G. Farragut.  
**FRENCH.** Brig Tancquer, 4 guns, Captain Le Comte Pierre Benjamin Domeygot.  
Schooner Eclair, Lieut. Jules Cloe, Commander.  
**BRAZILIAN.** Brigantine Agua, 12 guns, Captain Henry Hoffmuth.  
Brigantine Cameron, 5 guns, Captain José Maria Rodriguez.

Oxenham, Commander, from Rio Janeiro 28th ult., arrived at Montevideo 11th inst., sailed hence 13th, with the mail of the packet Crane, from Falmouth 5th August.

No passengers.  
October 16.—Wind S. W.

Arrived, Brazilian schooner Virginia, 123 tons, Joaquin Ferreira de Santos, from Rio Janeiro 1st inst., with sugar, rice, tobacco, &c., to Angel G. de Elin.  
American schooner Sarah, 69 tons, Thomas C. Chase, from Santos 1st inst., with sugar, &c., to Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.

French brig Frederick Eugene, 167 tons, Pierre Bronzon, from Cete 6th August, Montevideo 15th inst., with wine, oil, &c., to Bartolomeo Herand.  
Sardinian polacre San Narciso, 186 tons, Tomas Pietrera, from Gona 20th July, Montevideo 15th inst., with general cargo, to Dodero, Pietrera & Co.  
British brig Chamois, 185 tons, Henry Cundy, from London 23rd July, Montevideo 15th inst., with general cargo, to Charles R. Horne.

Sailed, British brig Lawsons, Peter Kay, for Valparaiso and Callao, calling off Montevideo, despatched by Livallol and sons, with 200 boxes and 591 marquetas with 7600 arrobas tallow, 2 bales with 1500 lbs. ostrich feathers. Loaded at Montevideo, 100 boxes and 223 marquetas with 2200 arrobas tallow.  
British brig Arab, Henry Preston, for London, despatched by Henry and George Dowse, with 2090 dry ox hides, 1745 salted do., 139 salted calf skins, 32 tons bones, 75 pipes, 2 half do. and 10 hogheads bone ashes, 162 pipes, 42 half do., 9 quarter do., 28 sacks and 72 marquetas with 8000 arrobas melted tallow, 39 bales with 1870 doz. and 5225½ lbs. nutria skins, 33 do. with 825 arrobas wool, 1 do. with 455 arrobas hair, 1 do. with 56 dozen deer skins, 4 do. with 100 doz. sheep skins, 2 do. with 200 horse hides.

October 18.—Wind N. E.

October 19.—Wind N. E.

No arrivals or sailings.

October 19.—Wind N. shifted to S. S. E. at 11 p.m.; strong with heavy rain.

Arrived, Brazilian brigantine of war Camaron, 5 guns, Captain José Maria Rodriguez, from Montevideo 17th inst.

French schooner of war Esclair, Lieut. Jose Cios, Commander, from Montevideo 17th.

Brazilian packet schooner Eufracia, Vicente de Paula Feira, from Montevideo 17th, to Hardoy, Cavaire & Co., with passengers.

Sailed, Brazilian packet schooner Armenia, Florentino José de Costa, for Montevideo, despatched by Geronimo Risso, with passengers.

October 20.—Wind S. S. E. strong, heavy rain all last night.

Arrived, Brazilian brig Incensable Marcel, 207 tons, José de Madurea, from Rio Janeiro 15th ult., Montevideo 19th inst., with sugar, tobacco, rice, &c., to Manuel Acevedo Ramos.

Brazilian brig Rufina, 235 tons, Manuel da Silva Santos, from Paraguaná 1st inst., with yerbos, &c., to Manuel Acevedo Ramos.

British barque Jean Baptiste, 224 tons, Levi Honeyburn, from Greenock 10th August, with general cargo, to Anderson, Weller & Co.

British barque Pampero, 207 tons, John Roberts, from Liverpool (calling off Montevideo) 14th August, with general cargo, to Nicholson, Green & Co.

Passengers, Cabin, Mr. Henry Green, Miss Kate Mackenna and maid, and Miss E. Sproston. Steerage, Mr. and Mrs. Kearney, Mr. Macdonald and Mary.

Passengers landed at Montevideo, Cabin, Miss Elizabeth Dalley, Miss Adelaide Parry and Master Edward Parry.

Sailed, National brig of war Americano, 11 guns, Captain Dozari, for the Paraná.

National schooner, 100 tons, &c.

October 21.—Wind E. N. E.

Arrived, Swedish brig Andros, 250 tons, Andreas Björnsen, from Newcastle 12th August, general cargo and 18 passengers, to Thompson, Mellick & Co.

Sailed, H. B. M. S. schooner Chimborazo, 5 guns, Lieut. Justus Oxenham, Commander, for Montevideo.

Brazilian brigantine of war Camaron, 5 guns, Captain José Maria Rodriguez, for Montevideo.

Sardinian packet schooner Luisa, Domingo Macchio, for Montevideo, despatched by Carlos Galeano, with merchandise and passengers.

Danish barque Achilles, Johan Lorenzen, for Falknouth for orders, despatched by Nicholson, Green & Co., with 14,251 dry ox and cow hides, 1500 salted do., 4000 lbs.

Brazilian brigantine Seventh September, Joaquim Francisco Ferrera, for Rio Janeiro, despatched by Vieira and Thimotes, with 252 dry hides, 1428 arrows tallow, 2000 animals jerked beef, 270 boxes tallow candles, 8 boxes dried fruit.

Bremen galleot Loudon Packet, Hermann Henke, for Montevideo, despatched by Jacob Paravicini, in ballast.

Grand Ball at the Marine Office on the night of the 17th inst., in celebration of the anniversary of the 11th October 1833, and of the victories achieved by the navy of the Confederation.

This Ball might give us any of its predecessors in magnificence and splendour. We must, however, as on other occasions, limit our remarks to a general description.

The patio of the Marine-office was boarded over and richly carpeted—a roof was erected which included the entire space and gave a well proportioned saloon, 105 feet long and 34 feet wide—the whole of which was lined with white linen surmounted with red drapery, producing a simple yet pleasing effect; the sides were ornamented with mirrors, interspersed with numerous coloured engravings in massive gilt frames—between each of these was a bracket which sustained branch candelabras—these and 12 superb chandeliers suspended from the roof shed a brilliant and powerful light over the gay scene. At the head of the saloon were the portraits of H. E. the Governor Brigadier General Juan Manuel de Rosas, the President of the Oriental State Don Manuel Oribe, and Admiral William Brown. These portraits were surrounded with cannon, musketry, swords, lance, drums, trumpets, and other appurtenances of war, and also four very pretty model vessels. Amongst the inscriptions in the room were the following—

“Los Federatos amantes de Nuestra Patria Restaurador de las Leyes, reconocidos al vencedor de Costa Brava.”

“24 Mayo de 1841.”

“25 Mayo de 1841.”

“9 de Diciembre de 1841.”

“A nuestra Tropa Restaurador de las Leyes, gloria eterna.”

“A la heroica Tropa de la Confederación Argentina, eterno honor.”

“Ocupare, Mos de Rosas.”

“Salud al Ejército Unido de la Confederación Argentina.”

“Reconocimientos a los valientes de la Confederación Argentina.”

“5 de Octubre de 1830.”

“11 de Octubre de 1833.”

“15 y 16 de Agosto de 1842.”

“A la virtuosa Manuela.”

The gallery for the orchestra was erected over a screen formed at the west entrance of the saloon—the musicians were the *artistes* composing the band of the Theatre.

The ladies' dressing rooms consisted of the apartments of the marine department situated in the Calle del 25 de Mayo, which had been elegantly fitted up for the purpose.

The gallery facing the river was covered in, and fitted with a very handsome apartment, in which refreshments of every description were provided for the gentlemen—the waters were numerous and attentive.

The supper table which was 90 feet long and 7 feet wide, was laid out in the spacious warehouse of the marine-office, which had been carpeted for the occasion, and pleasantly decorated with mirrors, pictures, &c. It was extremely well lit. Every delicacy was provided and the champagne flow abounded in boundless profusion.

In the supper room was a portrait of H. E. the Governor and of his deceased lady, with the inscription “Triunfo de la Federación.”

At 6 P.M., a strong detachment of the marine guard with their band halted in front of the marine-office in the Calle del 25 de Mayo, and sentinels having been placed at different posts, the remainder marched into a building prepared as a barracks.

At 9 o'clock the company began to assemble and the whirl of carriage wheels continued until long after midnight, but by the judicious management of the police and the troops, all confusion in the quick succession of carriages arriving and departing was avoided.

At 12 A.M. Manuela Rosas, daughter of the Governor, arrived in the private carriage of H. E. She entered the Ball-room amid loud and continued cheers. Shortly afterwards the band played the National Anthem, and several gentlemen amongst us sang an air composed for the occasion. The Ball was opened by Don M. Manuela with a minuet, in which H. E. Don Miguel Otero, Governor of the Province of Salta was her partner. She was constantly engaged in the dance, refusing none that solicited her. — Day broke in upon the happy scene—and yet the company did not separate—dancing was continued until long after sunrise, in spite of Byron's assertion that he

“Never saw one like me, the stars withdrawn,  
Whose bliss was clouded when dropping down the dawn.”

And also his advice to

“Ladies who have been dancing, or partaking  
In any other kind of excess,  
To abstain this morn'g from drinking  
The ball-rooms are the sun-bags to us.”

“I have seen what the language and the world  
Has blabbed make folk a little queer.”

In so numerous a company, both native and foreign, it is impossible for us to particularize—we have heard that there were about 500 ladies and 640 gentlemen present. Admiral Brown attended and was regaled with much interest.

Every precaution was taken against fire—casks of water were placed in various parts with a plentiful supply of buckets.

The Captain of the Port Don Pedro Ximenes, and the other gentlemen concerned in the getting up of this really grand and delightful entertainment, no praise can be too great—all that unbounded liberality, care and attention could effect were put in practice, they have, and deserve all that gratitude can offer. It is almost needless to say that the greatest order and regularity prevailed throughout.

Birth.

On the 16th inst., Mr. John Eastman, of a son, named James Eastman.

Married.

On the 17th inst., Mr. THOMAS MORAT, native of London, to Mrs. AMELIA JACKSON, native of Guernsey.

Bied.

On the 16th inst., aged 4 years, THOMAS, the son of Mr. William Turner, of the company of Pilots of this Port.

On the 18th, aged 43, after a long and painful illness, Mrs. ELIZA JULIA LOCKE, native of London, and many years a resident in this city. Her remains were conveyed to the British Protestant Cemetery on the 20th, accompanied by numerous friends.

MARKET.

There has been no business doing in British imports during the last week, there is no demand for standard articles, but it is likely such fancy goods suitable to our wants as may be received per “Jan Baptiste” and “Pampero” will be readily placed for town consumption at good prices.

Mediterranean produce has advanced, the only cargo arrived during the week from Cotto has been placed at about the following rates, Brandy 34 1/2 1550 dollars, Red wine 930 dollars, Muscatel in cases 52 dollars. The value of Spanish Brandy may be estimated this day at 1500 dollars.

The market for Flour is calmer, and prices are higher than at our last sales, have been made at 22 Spanish dollars, and some holders are asking 25 dollars. The demand for the country districts is very great, and the stock is almost entirely held by bakers. The future price of this article will be regulated in a great measure by the state of the weather during the incoming month.

Of Lumber we have to notice sales at last week's rates, the demand is limited.

We have heard of nothing in United States produce.

The transactions in articles from Brazil have been limited without much reduction in prices.

In Produce several sales have been made, such as limes alone 49 to 50 dollars, ox and cow hides 51 shillings, dry hides from the interior sales 23 1/2 shillings, silver per sebra, heavier weights 25 shillings; larger supplies are expected and holders are anxious to sell.

In Nuts little doing at last week's rates. Sherry and Raisins rather cheaper, but the price of mezzio wools is fully supported.

We have heard of nothing doing in Freights, there is no disposition to pay extreme prices—large vessels have been taken up at Montevideo at 62-6, and 61 for tallow and salted hides.

PRICES CURRENT.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including Donsbros, Spanish, Flour, Plata, Spanish, Six per cent, Exchange on England, Rio Janeiro, Hides, Oil, Tallow, and various oils and fats.

The highest price of Donsbros during the week 273 dollars. The lowest price 272 dollars. The highest price of Exchange on England during the week 3 p.m. The lowest do. 2 1/2 p.m. price.

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Mrs. GEORGE THOMAS, Responsible Editor.