

# British Packet

AND

## ARGENTINE NEWS.

No. 859]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1843.

[Established in 1826.

### BUENOS AYRES.

THE quarter of the *British Packet*, expired with the last number.

As the solution of the Rio de la Plata question approaches, the interest in passing events becomes proportionally more intense. With regard to the nature of the issue there is indeed no rational ground for doubt, but as to the manner there is certainly ample room for speculation, and it will require the lapse of a few days to enable the most observant spectator to form any thing like a correct judgment. For our part we shall abstain from offering any opinion as to whether Rivera will hazard another pitched battle or withdraw, as many suppose he will do, with his cavalry forces to seek a junction with his allies the Rio Grande rebels, leaving Montevideo to defend itself, and trusting for the rest to the "chapter of accidents." This is precisely the problem which a few days will resolve.

In the meantime the powerful and victorious army of the Confederation approaches the environs of Montevideo, whilst a strong reinforcement, under the command of General Antonio Diaz, the Secretary at War of the Oriental legal government, advances from Colonia to join it. We shudder at the idea that the desperation of a few reckless men should subject the town to the calamities of an assault, and cherish the hope that an effort of Oriental patriotism will render illusory all their mad designs.

Letters from Montevideo draw a most appalling picture of the state of the country generally, from the atrocities committed by the partisans of the usurper in their retreat towards Montevideo, whither the victims of Rivera's favourite system of warfare—women, children, and old men—have flocked, and present a most heart-rending spectacle, such as cannot be witnessed without exciting in the bosom of the impartial and humane foreigner feelings of deep indignation against the ruthless devastator.

On the 25th ult., the National brig of war General San Martin, 18 guns, Captain William Balthurst, got under way from off Montevideo, for Colonia, there to await the arrival of the troops to be disembarked at that place. On the 26th, at 7 50, A.M., she anchored in the harbor of Colonia, about a quarter of a mile from the battery. At 8 a flag of truce was hoisted on shore, which was answered from the brig. Some alarm which had been caused by her arrival immediately subsided, and she was plentifully supplied with fresh provisions by the inhabitants. In the afternoon, five sail of transports, with troops, under the command of Col. Isidro Quesada, arrived from Ensenada; the greater part were disembarked that evening, and the remainder on the following morning. On the 28th, nine transports with troops, from the Island of Martin Garcia, arrived, and with them Gen. Antonio Diaz, Minister of War and Finance of the Oriental State. On the 29th, the authorities on shore sent 7 launches, and the troops were landed 9 miles to the westward of that port, from whence they marched into the town. The Minister Diaz landed the same evening. The Oriental flag was displayed from the flag-staff on shore at 2 P.M., and a salute of 21 guns was fired by Col. Quesada's artillery. On the 30th, at 2 P.M., the General San Martin was dressed out, and dated the flag of the Oriental Republic with 21 guns. The Riveristas, previous to their departure, had

spiked the two 18 pounders on the battery, but in such a careless manner as gave no trouble to draw the nails which were left half in and half out of the touch holes.

The arrival of the troops, forming with the Orientals by whom they were joined, a division of 2500 men, caused Colonia to present a very lively and interesting appearance, notwithstanding that it had been abandoned by a number of its inhabitants. The landing of the troops was under the superintendance of Lieut. Alvaro Alsogaray, whose exertions on the occasion were unexampled. Twenty two vessels (including the transports) were anchored in the port.

On the 29th, the French brig of war *Tacique* anchored at Colonia, from Montevideo, and departed for Buenos Ayres early on the following morning.

### House of Representatives of the Province of Buenos Ayres.

THE House at its sittings on the 10th ult., took into consideration the message of the Government.

Señor Garrigas said, it was a document worthy of the highest praise. It appealed to the heart of every true Argentine, for who could read of the glories of the country, the flattering prospects now before it, by the destruction of the ruthless Unitarians, who have for so many years disturbed the public peace and caused such horrible ravages and bloodshed in every part of the Confederation, without enthusiasm? It is now free from these savage hordes. The Confederate Provinces, with the aid of the liberating army, have inflicted exemplary chastisement upon these infamous vandals, and all that remains is the recollection of their enormous crimes, coupled with enduring hate. The victorious Federal hosts, have just given a severe lesson to the remnant of these anarchists, and their vile chief the traitor usurper of the Oriental territory, who had the audacity to carry war into the Province of Entrerios and sack its defenceless coasts, but he fled coward like, from the presence of the intrepid Federals, abandoning his sword, uniform, and all that might inspire him in his flight to save his abhorred existence. Such conduct is ever the attendant on treachery, cowardice, and meanness, and is in strict accordance with his low origin and brutal nature. This wretch yielded, with the intent of adding to the catalogue of his atrocities. He conceived the horrible project of dragging after him the inhabitants of Paysandu, Salto, and other towns, in his route, but meeting with resistance therein, he set fire to the towns, causing thereby infinite misery. Such is the civilization, enlightenment, and magnanimity, which these speciable writers of the usurper so much extol. Humanity shudders at the contemplation of the picture of horrors; whole families have been reduced by him to orphanage, for many who fled from the desquaring flames, perished in the effort to cross the rivers. But, gentlemen, these crimes are common to Rivera. It is not the first time that Paysandu and other towns of the Oriental State have been the victims of his incendiarism. However, the liberators of the Oriental people, the conquerors of Arroyo Grande, those who have freed the Republic from this band of villains, will, under Divine Providence, exact exemplary satisfaction. And to whom, gentlemen, are these great triumphs of the Argentine arms, to whom, if not the illustrious chief of the State, Don Juan Manuel

de Rosas, who by his talent, energy, and wise combinations, has paved the way for them. He has crowned the expectations of the country, and is worthy of all esteem.

The hon. member, after commenting upon various parts of the message, noticed the deficit of 25,055,537 dollars of 1841, by stating that the House ought to assure the Government, that it would take into consideration the means of meeting it, and providing for the public wants, and that as it regarded the wish of H. E. the Governor to retire from the fatigues of office, the House, in his (Señor Garrigas's) opinion, ought to reply, that it is profoundly sensible of the justice of his claim, but that the well-being of the country depends upon his continuing at the head of public affairs, until a permanent peace be obtained, which now there is every reason to believe will soon take place. Therefore, the House trusts he will make this fresh sacrifice for his country and remain in command.

The discussion closed—the draft of a communication for the consideration of the House, in answer to the message being referred to the Committee for Constitutional affairs.

The 2nd inst. being the day of "La Purificacion de Nuestra Señora," was kept as a class holiday in Buenos Ayres.

High Mass and Te Deum were celebrated at the church of La Merced, on Thursday last ("Candelmas Day"). The regiment Guardia Argentina attended as heretofore. Its grenadier company was drawn up in front of the church and fired three volleys.

THE WEATHER has been sultry this week. Thermometer in the *Mirador* of the Commercial Room since our last—

Saturday	.....	77
Sunday	.....	70
Monday	.....	80
Tuesday	.....	80
Wednesday	.....	82
Thursday	.....	75
Friday	.....	82

### Official Documents.

A note dated 29th ult., from Señor José Gregorio Lezama, to the Government, states that he makes over to it 12,500 dollars 4 reals, currency, being the value of articles furnished to the arsenal. Señor Lezama adds, that this donation is in consequence with the principles he has invariably professed, not to hesitate at any sacrifice that might aid in putting down the brutal miscreant unitarians enemies of God and of man, and that this feeling will continue to his latest hour. He would request that his Excellency the Governor Don Juan Manuel de Rosas may deign to appropriate the sum in question towards the expenses of the worthy and invincible Squadron of the Argentine Confederation, the terror of the miscreant unitario mulatto Rivera, assuring his Excellency the author of all his glories and grandeur of the country, of his firm determination to sacrifice life and property in defence of the sacred cause of the Argentine Confederation, and of his Excellency, and that he makes the donation as a testimony of the attachment and respect he bears towards his worthy person.

**Advertisements.**

**CAPTAINS OF VESSELS**

AND other Gentlemen who visit Montevideo, an opportunity is afforded them to accommodate themselves with comfortable Board and Lodgings at **Wm. Z. Nott's**, Calle de San Francisco, third door from the Church, Montevideo.

W. Z. N. begs to return his sincere thanks to those Gentlemen who have patronized his stores his commendation, and hopes that by strict attention to his business and their comforts, he will warmly merit a continuance of their favours.

Drawers if required sent to private houses. — 285 3

**NOTICE.**

**THE MIRROR** for January and July 1842. The Literary Magazine, Nos. 1282, 1289 and 1290, for July 1842, Nos. 943 and 1044 1842.

It is requested that the above-mentioned works may be returned.

**HARDWARE STORE.**

**DEALERS** and Customers are respectfully informed that the Hardware Store 140 Calle de la Piedad, on being owned by Mr. George Nuttall, has been remodelled, and in household articles are estimated for inspection. During the late commercial pressure in England, it is well known that iron tools suffered and were sold at a sacrifice, and were compelled to sell at a considerable reduction in price; the proprietors of this establishment have, therefore, arranged their terms in accordance with the reduction made in Great Britain.

NUTTALL, McCANN & CO.

**PASSENGERS**

**For Coves and Havre de Grace.**

The fine fast-sailing Bark

**ELIZABETH.**

285 Tons.

ROBERT HENRY, Master.

Will sail for the above ports early in the ensuing month. She has excellent accommodations for passengers, including a separate cabin for a family.

Apply to the Commanders.

Messrs. NICHOLSON, GREEN & Co.

or to

Mr. CHARLES S. HORNE,

Ship Broker.

**ALE & PORTER BREWERY,**

AT THE RETIRO.

IN THE HOUSE OF AZCUEBAGA.

A Quantity of English Pale Ale, equal to the best imported from England, is on sale at this establishment, bottled and draught.

Orders for the delivery at the houses of the purchasers are received at the Brewery; at Mr. Charles Zeigler's Store, No. 40, Calle de la Piedad; at Mr. Adolph Buller's Store, 40, Calle de la Piedad and La Piedad and Peru. The price delivered at the houses of the customers are: 24 dollars per cask, containing the bottles; 9 dollars per gallon, the cask being furnished by the purchaser. — 311 3

**JOHN REYNOLDS**

**BEGS** leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has just purchased a large Assortment of CHINA, of various Colours and Patterns, and which comprise the most complete and splendid Tea and Coffee Sets which he has ever yet received, and which will sell at the following low Prices:—

—Dollars. Dollars

Viz.,—White, with Gold Edges 250 to 300 per Set.

Red Ditto 250 to 300 "

And others to 600 "

He has likewise a handsome Assortment of FLOWER STANDS, in Sets, 2 to 5, Set of the most beautiful Patterns and Colours, at from 100 to 150 Dollars per Set. Calle de la Paz, No. 49.

**BIBLES**

**AND** the Book of Common Prayer, (printed since the accession to the throne of our present Majesty,) may be had at the Bookseller's Shop, No. 54, University Street, fronting the College Church. — 228 5

**Literary Gazette, for September, 1842.**

It is particularly requested that the above may be returned to No. 59, Calle del 25 de Mayo.

**PORTRAITS**

**OF** Queen Victoria and Prince Albert, also, a choice selection of Colours and Paints, Engravings, and a few copies of Ackerman's Forget Me Not, for 1843, for sale, at the Bookseller's Shop, No. 54, University Street, fronting the College Church. — 228 3

**ARCHIBALD GLOVER,**

BRICK-LAYER, STONE-CUTTER, &c.

**RESPECTFULLY** presents his thanks to his Friends for the patronage he has received in their past, and begs to remind them and the Public generally, that he has the honour of being offering his Services in all the varied Departments of his Business, and hopes, from his long standing in this Country, the increasing attention he has given to his system, and by a full attention to please, to merit a share of Public Favour.

Apply at No. 278, Calle de las Representaciones. — 228 3

**ATAKSON.**

TAILOR.

**REMOVED** from Calle Chacabuco No. 102, to Bolazare No. 3. Orders executed on the shortest Notice, and upon the Lowest Terms. — 228 3

**WANTED,**

**A Small Family, a WOMAN TO COOK AND IRON.** For further Particulars, apply at No. 59, Calle del 25 de Mayo.

**PROVINCE OF CORRIENTES.**

We have been favoured with the Corrientes Journal "**Avisador Federal**," dated 1st ult., and a variety of other interesting documents from that city, including the following

**PROCLAMATION.**

*The Governor and Captain General of the Province to its inhabitants.*

**FELLOW COUNTRYMEN!**—Hear the candid voice of your government; hear the echo of truth, reason and justice. You have experienced three years of misfortune and bitter disappointment. You have been cruelly deceived, tyrannized over and reduced to misery and orphanage by a perjured man, who abusing your confidence has made you serve as the instruments of his ambition, of his intrigues, and what is more horrible, he, to this infamous treason by which he trampled upon the rights of the country, has endeavoured to withdraw you from the Argentine Confederation, and involved you in a contest with the power of the Republic, which covered with glory had armed in defence of its laws, its honor and liberty—against this power created for so noble and generous an object, he also put in requisition calumny, immorality, deprecation and fraud.

He has taken you from the bosom of your families, and dragged you to shed your blood to uphold these same wretches who deprived you of the most valuable boon of peace.

**CORRIENTINOS COMPAÑE RÓCHOS!**—In the year 1820 you swore before God and man to defend the Sacred Federal system: Divine Providence bestowed its benediction on your vows and showered blessings on you. From that period you began to enjoy all manner of happiness—Life, honor and property were respected, and the Province was in possession of enviable tranquility until 1837.

The sepulchre contains the mortal remains of the individual who then brought on your misfortunes. Heaven inflicted its chastisement on him and order was re-established. You were crowned with the blessings of peace, when the miscreant unitarians found another grateful man who lent himself to perjury, and anarchy was declared. You have before you the result: tears, bloodshed and mourning in place of prosperity, honor and felicity.

The army of the Confederation appears, recalling to you the recollection of your duties. It presents you the emblem of Federation with the olive branch of peace. At the sight of these champions of liberty, the maltrato Rivera flies dismayed and sees the purchase which he had made of you from the traitor Ferré at once annulled. — Soldiers, you are well aware of the manner in which he obliged you to give battle in order to prevent your return to the Province. With tired horses on the margins of the Uruguay, he sought to force you to follow him and emigrate from your country. You well know that gold was the price of your blood, and that the tyrant pocketed it with an infernal greediness, even in moments when the miscreant unitarians were driven to desperation.

In that emergency in which Divine justice decreed to place the self-styled Governor Ferré, when the victims were intermingled with the sacrificer, he beheld grief and mourning; then, fellow-countrymen, you beheld with horror the crowning of his wickedness. He directed you to murder and to rob, and at the very moment I was taking charge of the Government, he violently seized from the coffers of the State more than thirty thousand dollars which he has stolen from the Province of Corrientes. He likewise sacked the park and carried away all the arms and munitions of war for the purpose of transporting himself out of a country which, for its own misfortune, gave him birth. See what a return has been made for your sacrifices.

**CITIZENS!**—Reflect for a moment, recall to recollection the Lavalle's, Paz's, Lopez's, and all those villains who lighted up the torch of discord and preyed upon your substance—they have all betrayed you. Now ask, where are those fellow-countrymen, who did thousands services to their country, and lamented in secret their hapless fate! They would tell you that they have been persecuted and expatriated without any form of trial.

Let your miseries then terminate for ever—unite yourselves to the Government who only labours for your welfare, and to establish firmly

Federation, Peace, and Confraternity with the Republic.

FEDERICO D. CABRAL. Justo Diaz de Yvay. Corrientes, Dec. 18, 1842.

**DECREE.**

**CORRIENTES, January 4, 1843.**

**VIVA LA FEDERACION ARGENTINA!** 34th year of the Liberty, and 28th of the Independence.

*The Governor and Captain General of the Province.*

**CONSIDERANDO,**—That the decree of 31st October, 1839, abolishing the use of the red device, was the work of an audacious usurper of the public power, that the alleged motives for that proceeding were false, calumnious, and contradictory.

Considering, on the other hand, that the decree of 22nd February, 1837, was the spontaneous expression of the Corrientino people, manifested by the paternal Government of that period, under whose sway commerce, and every branch of industry flourished, and that its re-establishment is a consequence of the principles proclaimed by the present administration, it being besides an emblem of the national glory, liberty, and confraternity of all the Provinces of the Argentine Confederation, has ordered and decreed.

**Article 1.**—The decree of 31st October, 1839, promulgated by the recreant Unitarian traitor, Pedro Ferré, is declared null and void.

**2.**—The 1st article of the decree of 22nd February, 1837, ordering the use of the red device, shall remain in full force.

**3.**—All citizens, as well as the civil and military employes, are to wear the said device.

**4.**—Let this be published, &c.

CABRAL.

Justo Diaz de Yvay.

The "**Avisador Federal**" is well got up; the number we have seen contains three leading articles written with no common talent—one of them entitled the "**New Year**." After giving an account of the political events in this country, during the present administration, it being in which the Province of Corrientes was concerned, concludes as follows:—

"Such is the sketch of events in the year 1842 for the history of traitors, until their discomfiture on the 6th of December. That same year the Confederation put forth its great resources, forces perfectly organized and accustomed to victory, officers of talent and decision, acting with admirable concert, and at the head of all, the illustrious Defender of American Independence, General Rosas, who, in spite of his calumnies and malignant revilers, has gloriously succeeded in upholding the dignity and honour of our country, restraining anarchy, and securing the sacred cause of federation. Under such benign auspices commences the year 1843, which finds the Province of Corrientes liberated from its oppressors, and presided over by a federal and patriotic Government, which makes every exertion to re-establish domestic tranquility and the best understanding with the sister Provinces; indeed nothing can be more flattering than the prospect, to announce every dominant branch of a prosperity."

From the same paper we copy the following:

**FARAGUAY.**

"We understand that their Excellencies the Consuls of Paraguay, have answered, in the most kind manner, the official communication of our Governor, announcing his election to the command of the Province, assuring him that the hoped understanding which subsists with that country will remain unaltered. We likewise learn from private letters that the Consular Government, has issued orders to furnish those of our countrymen, who were banished by the traitor Ferré, with every necessary aid to return to the Province."

A work has lately been published in London, entitled "**Arundine Cami**," by Henry Drury, A. M., in which extracts from Shakespeare and some of the most popular English poems, songs, and nursery rhymes, appear in Greek and Latin verse, forming a volume of infinite amusement and instruction, even to the most classical. From Shakespeare there is a version in Latin of the scene where poor Claudio shrinks with such natural apprehensions—

"Ay, but to die and go we know not whither."

Of Gray's Elegy—

"The curfew tolls the knell of parting day,"

"Had I a heart for falsehood framed."

And— "Billy Talor was a brisk young fellow."

In Greek we have— "Sing a song of sixpence

A pocket full of rye."

And— "Three children sliding on the ice."

It is well known that no language is so prolific in nursery tales as the English—many of them have been put into French verse, of which the following are specimens—

DES BOUTS RIMES.

Traduits avec une exactitude littérale des originaux qui se trouvent préservés dans les Archives de la "Nurserie" Anglaise.

Sujet tiré de la vieille légende de "Humpty Dumpty."

Humpty Dumpty pendait au mur,

Humpty Dumpty tomba à terre ;

Ni tous les chevaux, ni les hommes du Roi,

Mettront Humpty Dumpty comme autrefois.

L'air connu de "LITTLE BO-BOP."

Petit Bo-Boton,

A perdu ses moutons,

Ei ne se sait pas qui les a pris ;

O laissez-les tranquilles,

Ils viendront en ville,

Et chacun sa queue après lui.

Calque sur "LITTLE BOYS AND GIRLS."

Garçons et filles, venez toujours,

La lune est brillante comme le jour ;

Venez au bruit d'un joyeux éclat,

Venez du bon cœur, ou ne venez pas.

SPANISH.

The monster of anarchy has again raised its head in this unfortunate land. This time it has been a question of economy which has produced the new insurrection. The ministry wished to permit the introduction of British cottons duty free; a measure which was strongly opposed in Catalonia. In consequence of this, on the 15th November the people of Barcelona rose against the Regent Espartero, and after three days fighting with the troops of the garrison, commanded by Generals Pastors and Zubano, obliged the former to surrender, and shut up the latter in the citadel of Montjuich, where it was thought he would soon be obliged to capitulate. Vich, Tarragona, and Gerona, have followed up the movement in Barcelona, and God knows to what all this will lead.—Spanish Paper.

MARINE LIST.

PORT OF BUENOS AYRES.

The British schooner noticed in our last as having arrived on the 27th ult., was the John Williams, 71 tons, John Ridley, from Lisbon 15th Nov., with salt, to Henry and George Dowse.

January 28.—Wind S.S.W. shifted in the evening to S.S.E. strong.

No arrivals.

Sailed, Brazilian packet schooner Carmen, Florentino José de Rosa, for Montevideo, despatched by Riso, Gallo, & Co., with passengers.

Brazilian packet schooner Africana, Vicente de Paula Freire, for Montevideo, despatched by Hardy, Cavaia, & Co., with passengers.

Brazilian packet lugger Electra, Mariano Sousa, for Montevideo, despatched by Carlos Galeano, with passengers.

Sardinian packet schooner Ross, Pablo Muratorio, for Montevideo, despatched by Carlos Galeano, with passengers.

Spanish brig Henrique, Juan Baezolo, for Montevideo, to land for the island of Cuba, despatched by Zúmaran and Traversa, in ballast.

French brig Etolie, Honoré Daumas, for Havre de Grace, despatched by Llavallol & Sons, with 8916 dr ox hides, 6008 salted ox hides, 1600 dry horse hides, 30 pipes with 1140 arrobas tallow, 63 baltes with 1575 arrobas wool, 15 do. with 4984 doz. goat skins, 9 do. with 513 arrobas horse hair, 4 do. with 100 doz. sheep skins, 9 do. with 800 lbs. ostrich feathers.

January 29.—Wind E. strong.

Arrived, Bremen barque Julius and Edward, 200 tons, Rajte Siedenbarg from Bremen 7th November, Island Sal 18th ult., Montevideo 27th inst. with 21 lastres coals, and 80 meyas salt, to Zimmermann, Frazier, & Co.

Passengers from Montevideo.—Mr. Charles Redwald and Lady, and Mr. Skinner.

Swedish barque Figaro, 280 tons, H. W. Kreckler, from Gottenburg 2nd November, Montevideo 28th inst., with lumber, &c., to Juan Balbino Soriano.

January 30.—Wind N.

Arrived, French brig of war Tactique, 4 guns, Captain Le Comte Pierre Benjamin Denis Pouget, from Montevideo 28th inst., Colonia 30th.

MERCHANT VESSELS IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES ON THURSDAY LAST. For Arrivals and Sailings of Friday—See Marine List.

Date of Arrival	Vessel and Captain's Name	Tons	Consignees	Destinations, &c.
<b>BRITISH.</b>				
Nov. 20	Barque Cambridge, John Dobson	239	Thompson, Mellis and Co.	London.
Decr. 4	Brig Lion-White, John Harvey	292	Nicholson, Green and Co.	Liverpool.
4	Brig Scotland, Thos. Carmichael	184	Charles E. Harter & Co.	Falmouth for orders.
10	Barque Olympia, Joseph H. Wardell	292	Parlane, Macaulist and Co.	London.
15	Brigain, J. J. Clanchair, S. Brown	185	James C. Thompson	Great Britain.
15	Brig Queen Vails, Geo. Fielding	295	Janet C. Thompson	London.
18	Brig Queen of the Isles, F. M. Richard	295	James C. Thompson	London.
18	Brig Reg Anaham Swanson	221	Thomas, Marfitt & Co.	Valparaiso.
30	Brig Arctura, William Thompson	300	John Best and Brothers	Liverpool.
4	Brig Sarah Milne, Thomas Kerr	278	Anderson, Waller and Co.	Valparaiso.
12	Brigine Siletta, Joseph Bill	166	Charles Taylor and Co.	Falmouth for orders.
13	Brigantine Navigator, John Lefevre	143	Anderson, Waller and Co.	London.
14	Brig Fenton, George Willis	221	An Aronson, Waller and Co.	London.
15	Brig Harriet, John Mann	165	Dowdall and Lewis	London.
17	Brig Sarah Milne, Thomas Kerr	278	Henry and George Dowse	London.
27	Schooner John Williams, John Ridley	71	Henry and George Dowse	London.
<b>AMERICAN.</b>				
Decr. 9	Brig Commissary, Henry Smith	237	John Best and Brothers	Boston.
21	Barque Three Brothers, F. W. Marsh	363	Daniel Gowland and Co.	Salem.
15	Brig Arctura, Correll S. Bullen	253	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	New York.
24	Barque Miss Erbery, Francis Scott	240	Oliver J. Hayes and Co.	New York.
31	Ship Boston, Joseph Adams	297	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	Philadelphia.
Jan. 12	Brigantine Henry, John C. Otis	153	Harris, Hutz & Co.	Boston.
13	Ship Lettie, J. K. Fenwick	275	Daniel Goodwin and Co.	Boston.
13	Brig Yintage, John A. Phipps	199	Daniel Goodwin and Co.	Salem.
18	Brig Celestine, William C. Lewis	255	Zúmaran and Traversa	Valparaiso.
21	Brig Cabot, Samuel Gore	297	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	Boston.
21	Barque Plais, Joseph Michels	263	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	Philadelphia.
<b>FRENCH.</b>				
Dec. 10	Barque Louise-Marie, J. P. E. Maguand	190	John Baptist Prellig	Havre de Grace.
13	Brig Anne Sophie, Lemarquand	93	Ferdinand Delisle, junr.	Havre de Grace.
31	Brig Etolie, Chuvon	255	Zúmaran and Traversa	Cette.
25	Brig Virginia, August Sommer	162	Herman Dufrey & Co.	Havre de Grace.
<b>SARDINIAN.</b>				
15	Palace Maria, Domingo Carmelo	151	Jacinto Negrotes	Marselles.
22	Brig Martha Teresa, Pedro Baharano	148	Llavallol and sons	Genoa.
Jan. 2	Schooner Diana, Carlos Eschala	112	Llavallol and sons	Genoa.
3	Brig Esperanza, Juan B. Gastallo	212	Jacinto Capria	Genoa.
3	Schooner Aurora, Antonio Jorral	178	Llavallol and sons	Genoa.
5	Brigantine Fortmann, J. B. Rigualoni	112	Llavallol and sons	Genoa.
10	Brig Elia de Oros, A. Grubell	178	Llavallol and sons	Genoa.
16	Schooner Maria, Antonio Juliano	178	Llavallol and sons	Genoa.
16	Brig Coscodilla, Juan Maria Pallas	237	Jacinto Capria	Genoa.
19	Brig Angulo, Angel Pomegallo	194	Jacinto Capria	Genoa.
26	Palace Miss, Juan Batistati de Canto	125	Nicola Doderz	Genoa.
<b>SPANISH.</b>				
Dec. 10	Palace Borda, Japen Beldan	110	Zúmaran and Traversa	Matanzas.
11	Barque Paula, Juan Domingo Zabala	295	Llavallol and sons	Genoa.
14	Brig Gato, Joaquin Parra	151	Llavallol and sons	Genoa.
Jan. 2	Brig Comodoro, J. J. de la Cruz	125	Llavallol and sons	Genoa.
<b>BRAZILIAN.</b>				
Dec. 21	Brig Dos Hermanos, Juan G. Gonzalez	170	Sa. Pereira and Meyrells	Brazil.
21	Brigantine Saopra, Antomio Ribaura	176	Juan Susan Monteiro	Brazil.
Jan. 10	Brig Ofelia, Francisco A. C. Viana	165	Viana, Hayes and Co.	Brazil.
10	Schooner Virginia, Joaquim F. Soutal	125	Angel G. de Elin	Brazil.
21	Barque Firenze, Narciso de Santana	224	Vieira del Thimone	London.
<b>SWEDISH.</b>				
Decr. 3	Brigantine Oran, Nelschal Larsson	160	John Jacob Klich & Co.	Cowes for orders.
27	Brig Orton, E. J. Hallberg	285	Jacob Farvagnin	Continant.
Jan. 29	Barque Figaro, H. W. Kreckler	280	Juan Balbino Soriano	Continant.
<b>DANISH.</b>				
Dec. 15	Barque Oran, John C. Matheson	188	John Jacob Klich & Co.	Cette.
17	Ship Orion, Jose Peter Bjornsen	258	R. and J. Carlisle and Co.	Falmouth for orders.
Jan. 2	Schooner Charlotte, Julius Anderson	148	Green and Co.	Cowes for orders.
7	Brigantine Hortensia, C. Fogliano	93	John Jacob Klich & Co.	Hamburg.
11	Barque Doris, Hans Peter	112	John Jacob Klich & Co.	Havre de Grace.
<b>HAMBURG.</b>				
Dec. 11	Brig Etolie, Joseph Marshall	305	Zúmaran and Traversa	Marselles.
17	Brig Vesta, Gustaf H. Bussio	166	John Jacob Klich & Co.	London.
<b>RUSSIAN.</b>				
Decr. 1	Barque Thedor Heinrich, S. B. Paulsen	260	John Jacob Klich & Co.	Astapor.
10	Brig Alexander, Hermann Praus	169	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	Boston.
<b>FRENCH.</b>				
Nov. 24	Brig President, Hermann Hering	250	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	Falmouth for orders.
Dec. 29	Barque Julia Edward, Edg. Siedenbarg	306	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	London.
<b>NEW ZEALAND.</b>				
Dec. 21	Brig Harmonie, Waller & Konan Lund	174	Thompson, Mellis and Co.	Havana.
Jan. 21	Brigaceo E. A. Kroger	240	Charles R. Horne	Cette.
<b>LATVIAN.</b>				
Jan. 23	Schooner E. Azilo, Cayetano Gianni	9	Risso, Gallo and Co.	Cette.
23	Brigantine V. Hutnau	80	—	—
<b>PORTUGUESE.</b>				
Jan. 5	Brigantine Fernand, José F. de Luz	156	Angel G. de Elin	Brazil.
26	Brigantine Rival, Francisco R. Santos	169	Marcos Azevedo Ramos	Brazil.

FOREIGN VESSELS OF WAR.

<b>BRITISH</b>	Brig Fantome, 16 guns, Captain Philip George Hayes.
	Packet schooner Cockatrice, 6 guns, Lieut. Justo Oakenham, Commander.
<b>FRENCH</b>	Brig Tactique, 4 guns, Captain Le Comte Pierre Benjamin Denis Pouget.
<b>SARDINIAN</b>	Brig Etolie, 18 guns, Captain the Count Fierro.

Sailed, Swedish brigantine Experiment, Fridolf Ruterstrom, for Falmouth and the Continent, despatched by Zimmermann, Frazier, & Co., with 10,815 dry ox and cow hides, 507 wet salted do. do., and 100 lining hides.

Sardinian packet schooner Luisa, Domingo Maccio, for Montevideo, despatched by Carlos Galeano, with passengers.

Sardinian schooner Rosita, Salvador Ronvis, for Montevideo, despatched by Dodero & Co., in ballast.

January 31.—Wind N.

Arrived, Spanish brig Cronometro, 123 tons, Jacinto Hombrabella, from Barcelona 12th November, Malaga, 13th December, Montevideo 29th inst., with wine, oil, raisins, &c., to Llavallol & Sons.

February 1.—Wind W.S.W., slight rain early in the morning.

Arrived, Brazilian packet brigantine Lusitana, 145 tons, José Pedro de Mora Pava y Lima, from Montevideo 30th ult., to Llavallol and Sons, with 130 passengers.

Sailed, Brazilian polacre Nuestra, Señora de la Guardia, José Joaquim Sampayo, for Montevideo, despatched by Carlos Galanos, in ballast.

Sardinian brig Pampero, José Bozza, for Rio Janeiro, despatched by Vieira and Timotheo, with 1540 quintals jerked beef, 25 pipes with 950 arrobas grease, 9 hogheads American tobacco.

February 2.—Wind W.

Arrived, French brig Caroline, 138 tons, Hilaire Gautier, from Cette 13th November, with wine, oil, &c., to Bartholomew Howard.

Sailed, H. B. M.'s brig Fantome, 16 guns, Captain Philip George Haynes, for Montevideo.

French brig Mariá Carolina, Jacques Belirid, for Havre de Grace, despatched by Llavallol & Sons, with 5-24 dry ox hides, 3004 salted do. do., 360 dry horse hides, 8 pipes, 6 half do., 7 quarter do., 44 maraquas and 45 cases, with 1000 arrobas melted tallow, 7 bales with 175 arrobas wool, 2 do. with 50 doz. sheep skins, 8 do. with 277 arrobas hair, 1 do. with 744 doz. goat skins, 1 do. with 33 doz. deer skins, 1 do. with 50 doz. bacacha skins.

American brig America, William Treadwell, for New York, despatched by Daniel Howard & Co., with 3833 dry ox and cow hides, 15,000 horns, 346 calf skins, 9389 lbs. nutria skins, 263 bales with 6575 arrobas wool.

February 3.—Wind N.

Arrived, French polacre Pilotin, 141 tons, August Tavera, from Marseilles 10th November, Montevideo 30th inst., with wine, &c., to Marion Laplane.

Two British brigs, supposed John Thomas Carr and Charles K.

Sailed, French brig war Tactique, 4 guns, Captain Le Comte Pierre Benjamin Denis Pouget, for Montevideo.

### Shipping Memoranda.

ARRIVED AT FALMOUTH.

November 11, H. B. M.'s Packet Swift, from Rio Janeiro 17th September, Bahia 20th do., Pernambuco 9th October, with the mail forwarded hence 28th August, by H. B. M.'s Packet Cockatrice.

November 16, H. B. M.'s Packet Crane, from Rio Janeiro 13th October, with the mail forwarded hence 17th September, by H. B. M.'s Packet Viper.

Foreign Merchant Vessels in the Port of Buenos Ayres on the evening of 3rd inst.

British.....	18
American.....	11
French.....	7
Spanish.....	7
Sardinian.....	11
Brazilian.....	5
Hamburg.....	2
Swedish.....	2
Danish.....	2
Prussian.....	2
Bremen.....	2
Russian.....	2
Norwegian.....	2
Lucca.....	2
Portuguese.....	2
Total.....	78

The schooners, &c., under the Brazilian and Sardinian flags, many of as packets between this and Montevideo, are not included in the above list.

### ARGENTINE THEATRE.

On 29th ult., was performed "El Honor Ultrajado."

### VICTORIA THEATRE.

On Tuesday, was performed for the benefit of Señor José Calzada the tragedy of "Clotilde." It related to a rich Hebrew, who fell a sacrifice to his riches—that is, he was murdered. His murderer was denounced by a jealous woman, who accused her paramour, and he was com-

mitted to prison. She visited him there, reproaches and repentance followed—and both perished. It was a long play, and did not conclude until 1 o'clock on the following morning. The audience was numerous.

On Thursday, "Los dos tocosys," and some 'galantly show' exhibitions of the magic lantern.

### CIRCO OLIMPICO.

The performances here are very attractive, and are attended by a growing audience. We have not seen the new performers Señor Abdala and his lady, but according to report they exceed expectation, especially the lady, who has been denominated the "little sprite."

QUEEN VICTORIA WAS on a visit at Walmer Castle on the 15th November last. The "Thunderer," 84 gun ship, was at that period in attendance upon her Majesty, that ship's departure for Brazil being postponed. The following is from an English paper of 19th November:—

"The Duke of Wellington met her Majesty at Sandwich, and escorted the Queen to within a short distance from Walmer, when he left the carriage to precede her, for the purpose of receiving his Sovereign on her sighting at the fortress. Her Majesty was driven over the draw-bridge, when the Duke, who wore the ribbon of the Garter and several orders, received the Queen, and handed her from the carriage. Her Majesty looked remarkably well, and appeared in excellent spirits, as she ascended the grand staircase leaning upon the arm of the Duke. Soon after her arrival the Queen walked out upon the ramparts for a few minutes, and enjoyed, by moonlight, the fine view which presented itself, whilst the "Thunderer" man-of-war, lying off the Castle, and the guns of the old fortress, fired their tributes of respectful attention."

### SPAIN.

In another column of this day's Packet we give the intelligence of an insurrection which broke out in Barcelona on the 15th of November last. By subsequent advices we learn that the Regent Espartero advanced upon that city with a strong army, and the inhabitants refusing to surrender, it was bombarded and finally reduced to obedience after about 1000 bombs had been thrown. The troops of the Regent took possession of the place on the 3rd of December.

### FRANCE AND ALGERIA.

A correspondent of the Morning Post, in a letter dated Malta, October 31st, mentions a report, that intelligence had arrived at Tunis, that the Arabs from the interior had risen against the French, had cut off all communication between the outposts and the garrison, and were, in fact, blockading the city from the land side. These very Arabs, it is added, had been supplied with arms by the French to act against Abd-el-Kader, who has succeeded in getting up this rising of the people of the desert.

### SYRIA.

According to intelligence from Beyrout by the Great Liverpool, the Maronites and the Druses, who were armed by the British, have been joined by another powerful sect, the Mautual, and entered into a solemn league and compact to expel the Ottomans. Their first rencontre, the Albanians, (in the Turkish service,) lost 100 men, and had 400 wounded. A Maronite convent has been attacked, and the whole of Mount Lebanon is under arms.

The Paris papers of Monday state that, according to accounts from Alexandria and Beyrout, no doubt remained that the Syrians had defeated the Turks, and were preparing to attack Beteden, the residence of Omer Pacha.

### TURKEY.

Letters from Constantinople of the 19th October, state that Mustapha Pacha has had orders to remain in Syria, on account of fresh disorders in the Lebanon, and because the Envoys of the Great Powers have not accepted the offers of the Porte relative to Syria. Omer Pacha also remains. The Armuts are ordered to the Persian frontier.

### Birth.

On the 29th ult., Mrs. BARTHOLOMEW FOLBY, of a son.

### Married.

On the 15th of December last, at Chateaux, Mr. LAWES D. CARRASO, native of Glasgow, to Mademoiselle ROSE DENEGRE, native of Paris.

### Died.

On Sunday, the 29th ult., aged 50 years, after a few days' illness, sincerely and devoutly regretted by all who knew him, MARRICK LEWIS, Esq., native of Kingston, Jamaica, and many years a resident in this city. His remains were conveyed to the British Protestant Cemetery on the 30th, accompanied by numerous friends.

On the 30th aged 34 years, after a few hours illness, Miss HARY ANN DENLUREY. Her remains were conveyed to the Cemetery of the Recoleta on the 31st.

On the 1st inst., aged 33 years, ELIZABETH, wife of Mr. John Reynolds, of this city. The deceased was a native of the Island of Arran, Scotland. Her remains were conveyed on the 2nd to the British Protestant Cemetery.

### Advertisements.

#### WANTED.

A WET NURSE for an Infant 5 Months old. Apply at No. 30, Calle de Cangallo.

#### NOTICE.

THE Committee entrusted with the erection of a study for the Preservation and Improvement of the Canal of San Fernando, designated "Fomento de Rios," inviting those persons who would be willing to undertake the work to call on the Chairman of said Committee, who resides at the Town of San Fernando.

### FOR SALE OR CHARTER.

THESE covered and copperplated Ship "EDWARD," of 240 tons burthen, Thomas S. Steel, master, newly caulked and coppered had November 2nd daily repaired from Montevideo.

For further particulars apply to her Consignees,

ZIMMERMAN, FRAZIER, & Co.,

No. 69, Calle de la Recoquana.

### PRICES CURRENT.

Doublons, Spanish.....	281	do.	dollars each.
Do. Patriot.....	269	do.	do. do.
Plate macquish.....	16	17 1/2	do. for one Dollar, Spanish.....
Do. Patriot and Macquish.....	17 1/2	18	do. each.
Do. Patriot and Macquish.....	17 1/2	17 1/2	do. do.
Six per cent. Stock.....	63	64	do. per cent.
Exchange on England.....	21	21 1/2	cent per dollar.
Do. France.....	21	21 1/2	cent per dollar.
Do. Rio Janeiro.....	18 1/2	19	do. per piece.
Do. Montevideo.....	18 1/2	18 1/2	do. do.
Do. United States.....	nominal	per U. S. dollar.	
Hides, ox, foreign.....	53	55	do. per cow.
Do. North American.....	54	55	do. do.
Do. Spain.....	57	58	do. do.
Hides, English.....	52	53	do. do.
Do. Harms.....	16	18	do. each.
Salt skins.....	58	60	per pounds.
Shew skins.....	28	29	per dogskin.
Do. fine.....	28	29	do. do.
Deer skins.....	11	11	do. do.
Goatskins.....	31	35	do. do.
Nutria skins.....	21	24	do. per lb.
Chastilly skins.....	16	20	do. per do.
Horse hair, short.....	29	30	doll. per arroba.
Do. mixed.....	27	28	do. do.
Do. long.....	27	28	do. do.
Wool, common, washed.....	16	32	do.
Do. picked.....	18	32	do.
Do. shorn from skins.....	26	26	do. do.
Shew, mixed, dirty.....	15	40	do.
Tallow, pure.....	22	22	do.
Do. raw.....	19	37	do.
Do. long.....	16	37	do.
Jerked beef.....	16	20	per hundred.
Do. salted.....	16	20	do. do.
Do. Ox.....	400	500	per thousand.
Shin bones.....	150	150	do.
Hide cuttings.....	22	21	per 100 lbs.
Outsides East India, white.....	18	30	per lb.
Salted tongue.....	9	0	do.
Salt, on board.....	16	18	per fanegas.
Discount.....	1	1 1/2	per cent. per month.

The highest price of Doublons during the week 282 dollars. The lowest 280 dollars. The highest rate of Exchange upon England during the week 21 1/2 pence. The lowest do. 21 1/2 pence.

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GEORGE THOMAS, Responsible Editor.