

British Packet

AND

ARGENTINE NEWS.

N^o. 894.]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1843.

[Established in 1826

BUENOS AYRES.

CONSIDERABLE bustle was created in the neighbourhood of the Beach, on Sunday last, by the arrival of a Brazilian steamer, the bearer, it was presumed, of important intelligence. A boat came on shore late in the evening, when it was soon ascertained that she did, indeed, bring tidings of no ordinary interest; the following semi-official article which appeared in the *Journal do Commercio*, of Rio Janeiro, of the 23rd ult., having got into circulation:—

"The steam packet *Imperatrix* starts to-day for the River Plate on government service. We have reason to know that she carries out orders to our Minister near the Oriental Government to recognise the blockade of Montevideo by the naval forces of Buenos Ayres.

"We know, likewise, that the Oriental Government proposed to our Minister the bases of an offensive and defensive treaty, and that Señor Sinimbu having admitted those bases merely *ad referendum*, the Imperial Government has declared that it will not deviate from the absolutely neutral line of policy which it has chalked out to itself and faithfully followed since the commencement of the contest between the Argentine Confederation and the Oriental Republic."

We are happy to observe, from the promptness displayed by the Imperial Government on this occasion, that it entertains a just estimate of the importance of preserving, inviolate, the relations of friendship hitherto subsisting between Brazil and the Argentine Republic. We regret, however, that at the same time it has not volunteered ample satisfaction for the outrageous insult offered by its representative in Montevideo to the Confederation. It would thus have removed at once all ground for those serious reclamations which we have no doubt this Government will feel it to be its duty to make, and which, however temperately they may be urged, cannot, it is to be feared, fail of producing an effect injurious to the consolidation of those very ties of friendship which it is the manifest wish of the Imperial Cabinet, as it is the dictate of sound policy, to draw still closer.

The news of the rejection by Brazil of the overtures made through Sr. Sinimbu came upon the Riveristas in Montevideo like a thunderbolt; and all the fond illusions which had been created by that diplomatist's assurance of Brazilian sympathy vanished with appalling rapidity. The men in power, however, endeavoured to rally the drooping spirits of their followers, by issuing a proclamation in which it was gravely stated that the prospect of success on the part of the rebels, notwithstanding the blindness of Brazil in acknowledging the blockade and declining to enter into an offensive and defensive alliance with them, had never been more bright! The church bells, too, were set at work to ring a merry peal in celebration of an alleged vic-

tory said to have been gained more than a month ago over an Esteroian division; and the farce was subsequently repeated to give currency to a cock and a bull story about an advantage reported to have been obtained by one Flores over General Serrano Gomez, and the occupation of the whole province of Entrerios by the Corentino insurgents! But, however bold a front these desperate men and their infuriated French auxiliaries may wish to keep up, it is evident that despondency had taken deep root; for when the Italians were brought out to be reviewed by the Minister of War, all the magnificence of this functionary could not suppress the manifestation of a strong spirit of discontent which was only prevented from shewing itself more generally by the violence employed by the ruffians at his devotion towards those of their countrymen who then declared their intention of bearing arms no longer. In order to avert the threatening disorganization of least one of the foreign battalions, a decree was immediately issued prohibiting the departure of all persons from the country, whether natives or foreigners, except mere transients; and declaring that those who should be apprehended in the attempt to leave without a passport—which would only be granted in special cases—would be punished as deserters! We think that, under such circumstances, it is no enviable privilege to be a denizen of Montevideo. But will the neutral agents submit to such outrageous tyranny! This is a question which yet remains to be solved.

FESTIVAL OF SAN FRANCISCO.

The commencement of the festival was announced at day break on the 3rd inst., by a peal from the bells of the church of San Francisco, and other demonstrations, but the heavy rain in the evening prevented the usual numerous attendance at the *mailines* in that splendid temple. On the 4th, High Mass was celebrated, and discharges of the works, &c., took place from in front of the church, the interior of which was superbly decorated.

Friar Andrea, once so conspicuous at these celebrations and one of our oldest friends in Buenos Ayres, died, a short time since, at an advanced age, in the monastery of San Francisco, after a lingering and painful illness. He was much attached to English society, and many of our readers will recollect him—indeed, his amiable manners and cheerful disposition rendered him a favorite every where. The Friar was a great admirer of Saint Thomas a Becket, and always bore with good humour our strictures, when we, privileged as the Saint's countryman and name-sake, took occasion to censure his apparel with his sovereignty.

The town on the 5th inst. was decorated with flags, and the flag at the fort was displayed, in celebration of the anniversary of the 5th October, 1820, when General, then Colonel Juan Manuel de Rosas, entered this city at the head of his regiment, and restored order, and the legal authority.

A Neapolitan squadron consisting of a line of battle ship, 3 frigates, and 2 corvettes, arrived at Rio Janeiro on the 4th ult., 63 days from Naples, having on board the bride of H. M. the Emperor of Brazil.

The British brig Wilson lost her bowsprit during the squall yesterday morning, in consequence of another vessel having got foul of her.

We received by the *Minato*, London papers to the 5th August, and by way of Rio Janeiro we have London news to 17th August. It seems that Espartero has been obliged to quit Spain, his troops and the major part of his friends having abandoned his fortunes. He left that country in H. B. M.'s ship *Malabar*, 74 guns, Capt. Sir George Sartorius, for England, touching at Lisbon on his way thither. He did not land, because the Spanish Ambassador had acknowledged the new order of things in Spain. Thus, in all probability, has concluded for some time the political career of General Espartero, Regent of Spain, and Duke of Victoria.

From "The Morning Chronicle," August 5, MADRID, July 27.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

The principal novelty to-day is the cessation of the state of siege, which is declared at an end by a decree in to-day's *Gaceta*. We ought to thank the new government for this act at any rate. For the rest, dismissals and promotions continue, but the names of the parties are not of public interest. Aspizcoz, however, has been appointed inspector-general of artillery, and will not go as captain general to Valladolid. There is a difference existing between him and Narvaez. I alluded to it in a former letter. Aspizcoz was put forward by the more moderate section of the victorious party, but this has been for the present ousted by the more exalted, of which Serrano and Narvaez are the expression. The old parliamentary Moderados are understood to be opposed to Christina's return, and the majority of the members of the restored Lopez ministry are of the same opinion. They wish to call the Cortes together, and leave the question of the Queen's majority and of a regency to that tribunal. The military men generally, and more exalted Moderados, on the other hand, as represented by the *Heroldo* wish the presence of Christina as virtual Regent, while they would proclaim the majority of the young Queen forthwith. There seems to be a probability of serious difficulties arising on these heads. Already it is said that two battalions of infantry have left Madrid in a state of insubordination, and gone in the direction of Toledo, and that some cavalry went after them and united with them. As soon as the money given them to pronounce against Espartero is expended, we shall no doubt hear of more instances of the kind. No money now comes in from the provinces, and though the octroi on consumption be restored, the government must be seriously hampered to provide for 30,000 troops and upwards. The provincial juntas do not show any disposition to obey the self-constituted government established here.

An attempt has been made to invest Seville with two battalions and some cavalry, but it completely failed. The National Guards went out on the 22nd and defeated the invading force with much slaughter. We have no authentic accounts from Andalusia. Some newspapers appear to think it still possible that the Regent might patch up. (SEE LAST PAGE.)

Advertisements.

British Library, Buenos Ayres.

A SPECIAL Meeting of the Shareholders for the purpose of A dividing upon the number of Shareholders to be admitted, and other objects, will be held in the Library on Monday the 29th inst. at 8 o'clock. **W. GILPIN, Secretary.**
Buenos Ayres, 4th October, 1843.

Just Received,

At No. 49, CALLE DE LA PAZ.

A SUPERIOR assortment of Cut Glass Decanters, Cut Tumblers, and Cut Wine Glasses, of which are selling at very moderate prices. **47-3**

Notice.

JOHN MURPHY

BEGGS to acquaint his friends and the public, that, having finally settled the lawsuit that existed between Mrs. **HELEN MACAREY** and himself, before the Judge of Probate, Messrs. Docteur Don Cayetano Compana, he no longer will not be further responsible for any debt whatsoever that the said Mrs. Macarey may contract; since she no longer has any legitimate right to any part of the said John Macarey's property, either now, or at any future period. **47-3**

A LETTER was put into the letter box of the American barque **Massena Barney**, addressed "G. W. STARR, Esq.," without any direction. The owner can have it again on application at the Commercial Room.

For Baltimore,

The fine, first class, coppered and copper-fastened barque

"POTOMAC,"

H. B. GARDNER, Master,

IS now loading, and will be dispatched immediately. For Freight, or for Passage, on any day, please apply to the Consignees, Messrs. Daniel Gowling & Co., Gardner to the Licensed Ship Broker. **47-3**

For New-York,

The first-class, coppered copper-fastened American barque

"POTOMAC,"

Capt. ASA BEARDS,

CAN take a free load of cargo on freight, and has excellent accommodations for Passengers. Application to be made to Messrs. Zimmerman, Fraser & Co., or to

CHARLES R. HORNE,

Licensed Ship Broker.

No. 51, Calle de la Paz. **47-3**

To Let.

THE Premises No. 274, Calle de la Reconquista, known as the Britton Tavern. The House has ten Rooms, under a good roof, and also a large enclosed Yard, suitable for a business residence. **47-3**

Fresh Pegged Botines.

LATELY received, several cases American Pegged Botines, of the best quality, imported into this country and for sale.

At **D. FLEMING'S,**

No. 8, Calle de la Reconquista. **47-3**

THREE Numbers of the "British Packet" Newspaper, viz. - 26th vol., 2d and 16th inst. under an envelope without any direction, were put into the letter box of the Packet for England. They will be returned to their Owner on application at the Commercial Room.

AGENCY AND COMMISSION OFFICE,

15, Cornhill, London.

(Opposite the Royal Exchange.)

To Merchants, Commercial News Rooms, Public Libraries, Printers, Publishers of Newspapers, &c.

P. L. Simmonds,

GENERAL AGENT AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

IN offering his services to his friends and the colonial public in general, begs to acquaint them that he is now ready to receive orders for Supplies, and to send to the Colonies, including Stationery, New Books, Music, Periodicals, British and Foreign Newspapers, Printing Materials, Perfumery, Fancy Articles and Goods of every description of first-rate quality in the very lowest market prices of the day, and to transact business upon the most liberal terms, provided he is previously furnished with funds, or drafts at either home or short date, or references to some London or Liverpool house for payment.

P. L. Simmonds will receive consignments of any description of Merchandise, to be sent to the Colonies, and upon receipt of the bills of lading, will accept bills drawn upon him at three months, for two-thirds of the amount. Consignments entrusted to his care, will meet with every possible despatch in their dispatch, and will be forwarded with the greatest attention to the interests of the consignee.

An extensive knowledge of General Agency business, acquired during a long residence in the West Indies, and subsequent extensive course of business with all the British Colonies, the experience of several years in London, and his position as a Colonial Agent, coupled with promptitude, attention, and judgment, will, he trusts, tend to give satisfaction to those who favor him with their orders.

Reference may be made to the Editor of the "British Packet" Buenos Ayres, with whom Mr. S. has been in long and frequent communication.

James Coyle

BEGGS leave most respectfully to inform his friends and the public in general that he has recommenced his business of Dealing in all the Branches of the

For Sale.

A SMALL Farm, proper for making Butter or Cheese with Tame Cattle, Sheep, Horses and Mares, situated near Las Corchetas, about 4 leagues from town, formerly the property of Don Juan Harango, for particulars enquire at Mr. Fleming's Store, corner of Calle Capangallo and 29th of Mayo.

Mavannah Cigars.

A SMALL Lot superior quality in half boxes, quarter boxes, and loose, on sale, at moderate prices. At No. 64, TWENTY-SEVEN MAY STREET. **47-1**

MR. EDWARD JONES, who is supposed to be at present at Maldonado, will call at the residence of Mr. John Tough, No. 7, Altes de Eschobar, in this City; he will meet with his Nephew, THOMAS WALTER, who has come to the country, from London, proposing to see him on important family affairs. In the event of Mr. Jones not being able to come to Buenos Ayres, it is hoped he will immediately write to his Nephew, addressed as above. Buenos Ayres, Sept. 25, 1843.

HEREBY give Notice that a Meeting of the Subscribers to the British Medical Dispensary, and of British subjects generally, will be held in the School Room of the Episcopal Church, on Tuesday, the 10th October next, at 1 o'clock precisely, to determine upon the propriety of holding a suitable place as a Hospital, for the reception and relief of destitute British subjects during illness, of soliciting the cordial and support of H. B. M.'s Government for the same. British Consulate, Buenos Ayres, Sept. 29, 1843.

CHARLES GRIFFITHS,
H. M. Consul.

To the Editor of the British Packet.

DEAR SIR,—If you find the following lines worthy of insertion in your truly well conducted paper, you will greatly oblige by so doing, Your constant subscriber, X. Y. Z.

THE THOUGHT OF HOME.

Ah, me! THAT thought, it chills my heart, and mingles every joy.

For it leads me back to scenes, to pleasures long gone by?

Thrice, happy day! 'tis I no more shall I imagine view.

Ah! 'twere his sad and fitful dream I'll still remember you.

How many, oh, my childhood's home! I have been the happy hours.

I've spent amid thy meadows green, in musing in thy bowers.

Ye forests wild, ye mountains grand, that girt my early home,

Oh, let me be restored to thee, I ne'er again will roam.

But shall I ever see thee more, and shall my future be as happy as my past hath been in union with thee?

Ah, me, that doubt hath wrung my breast with many a bitter pang.

Heath wild the knell of many a joy that else had brightly sprung

To cheer me in my downward path of sorrow to the tomb!

And led behind an awful blank, a future blank with gloom.

Ah, yes! that thought, it chills my heart, and withers every joy.

For it leads me back to scenes of old, to pleasures long gone by.

To verdant slope and pleasant green where my sisters used to play,

And my mother sang us sweetest songs to charm the hours away.

Oh, happy hours, and friends so dear, when I was in my footsteps stray.

My heartstrings closely cling to thee, when I am far away.

And oft at midnight, lonely musing by my lamp's pale ray.

My soul is wrapt in mem'ry's spell, my spirit flies away

To peaceful scenes of former days, my childhood's happy home.

And I hear the voices once no sweet, sound soft in my ear's mild tone;

Then comes the thought, where are they now?—and whither now have flown

The friends, the home, the happiness, that once I call'd my own?

Ah! 'tis a lonely being now, towd' on a foreign shore,

Far, far from those by-gone delights, that I shall taste no more.—

Ah, yes! these thoughts, they chill my heart, and wither every joy.

For they lead me back to scenes of old, to pleasures long gone by.

Yours, very truly,
X. Y. Z.

To the Editor of the British Packet.

Once more, and for the last time, kind Mr. Editor, may I beg of you to insert in your valuable paper the following notice suitable to the old tune of "Down Derry Down."

I regret to find your correspondent, W. A. T., so zealous of his self-appointed privilege of Poor Laureate to "Little Girls and Boys" & "Neville's," his poetical talents which he equales with that of Byron's, perhaps, most calculated for such themes—for he is rich alike in "Verse" and "Farcé"; but, Mr. Editor, is he not severe!—I feel my own insignificance—I am ashamed after his trace to be seen—and I know not if I can laugh, eat, drink, or sleep.

With great respect,

And increased gratitude,
I remain a Don K. Y. (kindly yours)
And an OLD SUBSCRIBER.

To each man who reads this—who're he may be— He is known to dwell a poet—W. A. T.

Who is second to none,—nor to Byron gives place,
And on all the kit more, could throw dirt in their face.
Down Poes, Down, &c.
"Gentle Spirits," and "Cherubs," he calls to his aid,
"Ocean's treasures," and "India's," he has learned to
"Oceans treasures," and "India's," he has learned to
Then ye Ladies part schooling, on him set your eye,
He has loved "Little Girls"—may love you by and by.
Down, &c.

"Gems of Worth" he has studied, and "Beauty" admired
Then he writes on "An Ass," and gets greatly inspired.
He answers for one on which "Johnson" did rise,
And to trace his line back takes a natural pride.
Down, &c.

Where he lives, I can't say, nor his face have I ever seen,
Yet in spite of his learning, 'tis said he looks green:
And scandal (Oh scandal!) has whispered about
That fills cry, when he's seen, "The Man Nones has got out."
Down, &c.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd October, 1843.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

On Saturday last was performed, for the benefit of the "Primer Actor, Pascual Ruiz," the drama of the "Siege of Tarifa." After the play the Boleros were danced by Señor Benito Gimenez and Señora Alvara Garcia, and encored. The house was full in every part. Amongst the company were the lady of General Alvear, and family, H. E. the Governor of the Province of Salta, Don Miguel Otero, the Ministers Plenipotentiaries of England and France, Captain Oselow, of H. B. M.'s ship Daphne, and a number of Oriental families.

ARGENTINE THEATRE.

On the 23rd ult. the performances represented at the Victoria, for the benefit of Señor David, were repeated at this house, and attracted a numerous audience.

Shipping Memoranda.

ARRIVED AT RIO JANEIRO.

Aug. 27, Brazilian brig Confianza, Vianna, hence 13th August.

27, Brazilian brig Oriente, Siqueira, hence 13th August.

1st ult., American barque Harriett Thompson, Harris, hence 21st August.

1st " Brazilian schooner Virginia, Mesquita, from the Buceo 21st August, with hides, &c.

7th " H. B. M.'s packet Cockatrice, hence 21st August, Montevideo 24th do.

17th " Brazilian brig Encantador, Fernandez, hence 2nd ult.

2nd " Brazilian brig Ambai, Lemos, from the Buceo, with hides, &c.

18th " Brazilian brig Buen Jesus, Marquese, hence 29th August.

21st " H. B. M.'s packet Swift, from Fal-mouth 4th August, via Pernambuco and Bahia, with the mails for the river Plate.

STARTED FROM RIO JANEIRO.

17th ult., H. B. M.'s packet Penguin, for Fal-mouth, with the mail forwarded hence 21st August, by H. B. M.'s packet Cockatrice.

MERCHANT VESSELS

IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AIRES ON THURSDAY LAST.

For Arrivals and Sailings of Friday—See MARINE LIST.

Table with columns: Date of Arrival, Vessels and Captains Names, Consignees, Destinations, etc. Includes sections for British, American, and French vessels.

Table with columns: Date of Arrival, Vessels and Captains Names, Consignees, Destinations, etc. Includes sections for Hamburg, Bremen, Prussian, and other vessels.

FOREIGN VESSEL OF WAR. BRITISH Ship Daphne, 18 guns, Captain John James Outlaw.

MARINE LIST.

September 30.—Wind S.E. Arrived, Luca packet schooner Eufrasia, José Borbon, from Montevideo 28th inst., to Lavallol & Sons, with passengers. Luca packet brigantine Lusitano, Bartolomé Damsory, from Montevideo 28th inst., to Lavallol & Sons, with passengers. Sardinian packet schooner Carmen, Gavaso, from Montevideo 28th inst., to Rizzo, Galo & Co., with passengers. Swedish brig Lieutenant Pettersen, 141 tons, C. G. Hammarberg, from Cotte 25th May, Montevideo 28th inst., with part cargo, to Zumarán and Treserra. French brig Genevieve, 308 tons, Dubroque, from Bou réaux 25th July, Montevideo 28th inst., with wine, &c., to Zumarán & Treserra. British brig Nine, 299 tons, James Lamb, from Valparaiso 14th August, Montevideo 28th inst., with wheat, &c., to Daniel Goward & Co. Spanish brig Santandromo, 170 tons, Blas Mariano Gorrondo, from Barcelona 20th June, Malaga 11th July, Montevideo 28th inst., with wine, oil, &c., to Ochoa & Co. French brig Ocean, 200 tons, Johann Sturje, from Newcastle 1st June, Rio Janeiro 29th August, Montevideo 29th inst., in ballast, to Mohr, Ludovici & Co. Sardinian bark Amistad, 144 tons, Diego Cardiglia, from Genoa 8th March, Gibraltar 20th do., Montevideo 29th inst., in ballast, to Jacinto Caprile. National brigantine Calipso, 165 tons, Antonio de Souza, from the Buceo 28th ult., with produce, to José Pereira Carreiro & Co. National schooner Baron de Mackau, from the Buceo 28th ult., with produce. Sailed, Sardinian packet schooner Luisa, Antonio Cabañer, for Montevideo, despatched by Carlos Galeano, with passengers. Spanish brig Iris, Juan Garrido, for Cadix, despatched by Francisco Berdier, with 4220 dry ox and cow hides, 696 calf skins, 3493 slank calf skins, 372 dog skins, 3 bales with 150 doz. calf skins, 2 do. with 1200 lbs. ostrich feathers. Prussian bark Isaac, H. Langhoff, for Havans, despatched by Marion Liplane, with 4500 quintals jerked beef. American bark Mason Barney, Francis Scott, for New York, despatched by Oliver J. Hayes & Co., with 8699 dry ox and cow hides, 112 bales with 3000 arrobas wool, 4 do. with 125 arrobas hair, 51 do. with 1420 arrobas ostrich skins. Passengers.—Mrs. Captain P. Scott and daughter, Georgiann and Elms, daughters of Mr. Stephen Hallat. October 1.—W.E.—strong. Arrived, British brig Syrian, 184 tons, James Law, from Cotte 17th July, Montevideo 29th inst., with wine, to Thomas Goward & Co. American schooner William C. Ellison, 43 tons, Curtis Faucet, from Boston 27th June, Bahia 3rd ult., Montevideo 29th inst., with part cargo, to Daniel Goward & Co. Brazilian brigantine Suspiro, 178 tons, Antonio Coelho Ribeiro, from Colonia 30th ult., with produce, to Junz Souza Monteiro. Brazilian steamer Imperatriz, Captain Sequira Le Amedio de Costa, from Rio Janeiro 23rd ult., at 5 p.m., arrived at Montevideo 29th do., at 8 p.m., sailed thence this day at 4.15 a.m., and arrived hither at 5 p.m., with despatches from the government of Brazil, announcing their recognition of the blockade of Montevideo by the Argentine Squadron. October 2.—Wind N.W.E. Arrived, British schooner Minato, 193 tons, Stephen Tregearth, from Liverpool 8th August, general cargo, to Barber & Orr.

British brig *Bella Portefa*, 238 tons, John William Pyott, from Liverpool 24th July, general cargo, to Pariana, Macanister & Co.

French brig *Roger Bonemps*, 125 tons, Francois Tanguery, from Havre de Graco 3rd July, Montevideo 30th inst., with part cargo, to Angel G. de Elia.

Sailed, Austrian brig *Giorgio*, Stefano Viannovich, for Havana, despatched by Bertram Le Bretan & Delais, with 6080 quintals jerked beef, 5 bales with 150 arrobas wool.

British brig *Margaret Elizabeth*, Norman Melver, for Liverpool, despatched by Briscoe, Twyford & Co., with 5205 salted ox and cow hides, 10,000 bones, 4000 horns, 65 bales with 1900 arrobas wool, 24 do. and 52 chignons with 1290 arrobas hair.

October 3.—Wind E.N.E.—rain.

No arrivals.

British brig *Adino*, John Ross Baxter, for Liverpool, despatched by James C. Thompson, with 699 dry ox and cow hides, 4135 salted do., 12 salted horse hides, 149,500 horns, 40 pipes, 3 half and 1 quarter do., with 1520 arrobas tallow, 202 bales with 8000 arrobas wool, 27 do. with 750 arrobas horse hair, 1 do. with 100 horse hides.

Spanish barque *Industria*, Salvador Millet, for Malaga and Barcelona, despatched by Llavallol & Sons, with 9724 dry ox and cow hides, 185 slunk calf skins.

Brazilian brig *Convencion*, Joaquin Antonio de Acosta, for Rio Grande, despatched by Sa Pereira & Meyrelles, with 300 arrobas tallow, and some salt for ballast.

National schooner *Magnifico*, for the Bucoo, with merchandise.

October 4.—Wind S.S.W.—showery.

Arrived, American brig *Russian*, 222 tons, James Simpson, from Cadiz 11th August, Montevideo 3rd inst., with salt, to Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.

Sardinian brig *Pampero*, 120 tons, Jose Bizzo, from Rio Janeiro 11th ult., Montevideo 1st inst., with part cargo, to do.

Spanish schooner *Estrella*, 90 tons, leidro Marstany, from Barcelona 16th July, Malaga 1st August, Rio Janeiro 17th ult., Montevideo 2nd inst., with part cargo, to Pedro Antonio Sanchez.

Sailed, Prussian barque *Hiram*, Frederick Emme, for Cape de Verds, despatched by Bunn, Hutz & Co., in ballast.

Brazilian steamer *Imperatriz*, Captain Sesquia Le Ameyo de Costa, for Montevideo and Rio Janeiro.

Luca packet schooner *Eufracia*, Jose Borbon, for Montevideo, despatched by Angel G. de Elia, with passengers.

October 5.—Wind N.E.

Arrived, American brig *Plymouth*, 178 tons, J. B. Goodhue, from Boston 27th June, Montevideo 1st inst., with lumber, &c., to Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.

Sailed, French barque *Inca*, Gervais, for Havre de Graco, despatched by Hermann, Dufour & Co., with 11,509 dry ox and cow hides, 1213 salted do.

British brig *Mary Ann*, Walter Duncanson, for a port in Brazil, despatched by Henry and George Dowse, in ballast.

Spanish brig *Mimi*, Manuel Antonio Esquiagua for Bilbao, despatched by Zuman & Tressera with 8000 dry ox and cow hides.

October 6.—Wind N.—a heavy squall at 7 a.m.—showery.

Arrived, H. B. M.'s packet schooner *Cockatrice*, 6 guns, Lieut. Jakes Oxenham, Commander, from Rio Janeiro 24th ult., arrived at Montevideo 4th inst., sailed thence 6th, with the mail of the packet *Swift*, from Falmouth 4th August.

Passenger from Rio Janeiro to Montevideo, Señor José Negro.

From Rio Janeiro to Buenos Ayres, Señor Antonio Souli.

From Montevideo to Buenos Ayres, Messrs. Richard Foster and James Wigg.

Belgian barque

Foreign Merchant Vessels in the Port of Buenos Ayres on the evening of 6th inst.

British.....	32
American.....	15
French.....	15
Spanish.....	15
Sardinian.....	14
Brazilian.....	5
Hamburg.....	5
Swedish.....	3
Danish.....	3
Bremen.....	3
Russian.....	1
Portuguese.....	1
Prussian.....	1
Lubeck.....	1
Belgian.....	2
Luca.....	2
Norwegian.....	1
Oldenburg.....	1
	125

The schooners, &c., under the Brazilian and Sardinian flags, employed as packets and otherwise between this and Montevideo, &c., are not included in the above list.

THE WEATHER CONTINUES SEASONABLE.

Thermometer in the Mirador of the Commercial Room since our last—

Saturday.....	64
Sunday.....	63
Monday.....	66
Tuesday.....	64
Wednesday.....	60
Thursday.....	66
Friday.....	67

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

the affair by accepting the Lopez ministry, but it seems too late now to do so with honour, and his friends generally would, I believe, rather counsel his resignation.

The circular published by one of the *Espertero* ministry is strong and pithy, and well deserving perusal. It is as follows:—

"The editors of the *Centinel*, whose object was to labour in the formation of laws which might serve towards the great end of civilization, that is, to approach the point where the laws command every thing, and men nothing, do not find arguments for their objects in the present circumstances, in which there is no national militia, while there are thirty battalions at the order of the notorious Narvaez, and we have for Governor of Madrid Don Juan Prim, Conde de Reus, brigadier of infantry, &c., who has at his orders a battalion of Catalonians, without coats of arms, with guns and knives, and with a predisposition in their physiognomy that indicates that they would cut any one's throat at Prim's command, without any formal process. For these reasons, and because we are philosophers enough to appreciate the actual state of affairs, we consider that the *Centinel* ought to be silent, and it is silent.

"We will only remark, that we shall speak some day under this or some other name; not to change men or create new counts, generals, brigadiers, &c., the last end of our revolutions; but to make laws that they may cause the Spaniard to have more and pay less.

"As we have lost no post, since we neither obtained any, nor shall obtain it, we can speak without passion and without threats. Besides one set of men is no better than another unless they perform better.

"At the present moment we have the Lopez ministry in triumph; when the Moderados have the majority in the Cortes, we shall have another ministry. Most probably the Regency of Christian, and a marriage according to the will of France, and after the people have learnt that their day has arrived, they will make laws, and will despise and overthrow mercenary men. Such is the order of events. To progress towards this end is to act like men of a free heart; to turn from it to their own profit is to be egotical and bad."

Died.

On the 2nd inst., aged 92 years, at the British house, in this city, Lieutenant Philip Ayles Allen, of H. B. M.'s ship *Daphne*, native of the west of Ireland. His remains were conveyed to the British Protestant Ceme-

tery on the 3rd, accompanied by Captain Onslow of the *Dolphin*, and several of his officers, and followed by a party of the marines and seamen of that ship. The coffin was covered with the union jack, and on it was placed the hat and sword of the deceased. It was borne to its last abode by six seamen. The funeral service was read by the Rev. David Carson, Chaplain of the *Daphne*, at the conclusion of which the marines fired three volleys over the grave.

The ceremony attracted a considerable crowd of spectators, both native and foreign.

Advertisements.

To Let.

THREE or four Bed Rooms, furnished or unfurnished Calle de Peru, No. 145. The parties engaging them can be provided with breakfast and tea, if required. a7-3

Education.

It would be impossible to enumerate to my scholars and to the respectable public of Buenos Ayres, the opening of my classes, without manifesting how grateful I am, as also my assistants, for the honours with which we have been honoured in the examination we have just given.

It would be useless superfluous to state that we shall omit nothing, in order to correspond to the innumerable felicitations we have received, by making further efforts to present, in the first examination which we may give, the result which is to be expected from the abilities and application of the youths who are entrusted to our care.

The classes were re-opened on the 2nd and 5th of the present month.

The branches of education which are taught in the establishment are the following, viz.:

Writing.....	Latin
Reading.....	Rhetoric
Spanish.....	Logic
Mercantile Arithmetic.....	English
Explicit Arithmetic.....	Book keeping
Spelling.....	Mathematics
Geography.....	Cosmography
	History

Drawing.....
Music.....
Fencing.....
Dancing.....

There is still a vacancy for a few boarders, half-boarders, and day-scholars.

The hours in which my occupations allow me to attend to the persons who wish to see me, are from 7 to 9, and from 10 to 11 till 12.

JOHN B. PERRY.

Calle de Suipacha, No. 24.

PRICES CURRENT.

Doublons, Spanish.....	258 a dollars each.
Do. Patriot.....	258 a do.
Plata macanusa.....	14 a 154 do. for one dollar, Spanish.....
Do. Patriot and Patagona.....	16 a 64 do. each.
Six per cent.....	8 do. per cent.
Exchange on England.....	3 1/2 per dollar.
Do. France.....	274 a 48 cent per dollar.
Do. Rio Janeiro.....	16 a 164 do. do.
Do. Montevideo.....	15 a 60 do. do.
Do. North America.....	57 5/8 do.
Do. Spain.....	59 a 60 do. do.
Hides, salted.....	55 a 54 do.
Do. Horse.....	18 a 30 do. each.
Calf skins.....	60 a 65 per pound.
Sheep skins common.....	21 a 24 per dozen.
Do. fine.....	28 a 40 do.
Do. goat.....	16 a 18 do.
Do. skins.....	30 a 35 do.
Do. skins.....	30 a 35 do.
Chinchilla skins.....	40 a 50 dol. per dozen
Horse hair, short.....	24 a 36 dol. per strout
Do. mixed.....	28 a 40 do.
Do. long.....	30 a 100 do.
Wool, common.....	28 a 30 do.
Do. pickled.....	28 a 40 do.
Do. shorn from skins.....	15 do.
Do. mottled, dirty.....	15 a 40 do.
Tallow, pure.....	20 a 27 do.
Do. new.....	17 a 18 do.
Do. with grease.....	24 a 25 do.
Jerked beef.....	20 a 25 per quintal.
Horns, mixed.....	400 a 300 per thousand.
Do. Ox.....	400 a 450 do.
Sho leather.....	150 a 120 do.
Hair cuttings.....	35 a 36 per 100 lbs.
Salts, feathers.....	120 a 120 do.
Do. black.....	16 a 18 do.
Shard tongues.....	16 a 18 do.
Salt, on horse.....	16 a 16 per fanega.
Discount.....	1 a 2 per cent. per month.

The highest price of Doublons during the week 275 dollars lowest price 258 do. The highest rate of Exchange upon England during the week 3 1/2-16 pence. The lowest do. 3-12 pence.

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