

British Packet



AND ARGENTINE NEWS.

No. 955]

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7th, 1844.

[Established in 1826.]

BUENOS AYRES.

Our last dates from Montevideo come down to the 2nd inst. The *Nacional* is greatly perplexed to account for the defection of 10 Colonels, 5 Lieutenant-Colonels, 7 Majors, 8 Captains, and 31 Lieutenants, whose names are given by General Urquiza as having withdrawn from the hopeless cause of Rivera and taken refuge in Rio Grande, besides 1 Colonel, 1 Lieut.-Colonel, and 22 privates who had joined the liberating forces on the 3rd ult. In forwarding the list of these individuals General Urquiza remarks: "The hero (Rivera) promised a great deal by October, but November will pass too without us seeing his face; however only a short time will elapse before he shows us his back." With the exception of long-winded remarks, in the usual strain of bombast and deception, on this subject, the Montevideo papers contain nothing particular, unless we take into account a rather angry and by no means edifying polemic between the *Nacional* and the *Constitucional* respecting the inspiration of the Bible! We wonder that the pamphleteer who not long since invoked the interests of religion as a justification for foreign intervention, has not sallied forth on this occasion. Surely the Christian zeal which he then so ardently displayed cannot have already cooled down into passive indifference. However, be this as it may, the garrison takes little interest in the contest, for whilst the luminaries of the press were thus fighting about the Divine authority of Scripture, the ex-French legionists were plotting a revolt. The scheme miscarried, however, from some defect in the arrangements, and in consequence several arrests were made and the surgeon to the corps banished. This gentleman who was formerly lauded to the skies by the *Nacional* and is now contemptuously called by that print a "matasanos," arrived a few days since in this city, heartily glad, we should presume, at seeing himself safely removed from a scene of so much turmoil.

The last advices from Paraguay confirm the report of military movements on its frontier, in consequence of the late piratical acts of the intrusive authorities of Corrientes. It is added that the Congress of Paraguay which ought not to assemble till 1849, had been convoked to an extraordinary session for the purpose of deliberating on this affair. In the meantime the Government had issued the following decree:—

THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF PARAGUAY.

Considering: that the Government of Corrientes abruptly and unexpectedly adopted the measure of stopping the passage of the merchant vessels engaged in commercial intercourse with this Republic: that notwithstanding the friendly relations and duties prescribed by the treaty of commerce which binds that Province with this Republic, the Government of Corrientes has not previously nor subsequently to the taking of a measure which so much affects the interests of the subjects of this Republic, communicated it to this Government:

That in view of such proceeding the Sup. Government being at a loss to know whether such embargo or capture comprised or not the vessels or cargoes

of the inhabitants of the Republic, and having requested of the Government of Corrientes the necessary explanation on this subject in order to deliberate in the matter, the latter merely promised to give it on the cessation of the special reasons which it said did not allow it at present to do so, thus being wanting to the obligation and respect which governments mutually owe to each other: that being newly urged to satisfy such a just demand, setting forth that delay in giving the required explanation was highly offensive to the dignity of this Republic, it accompanied a copy of the decree bearing date the 7th of this month with the note of the same date which it has forwarded in explanation of the facts which gave rise to the demand of the Supreme Government in its notes of the 16th and 26th of September last: that in the said note dated the 7th inst., it has gone so far as to charge this Government with being already in a state of hostility towards it, and with concurrence in the acts of the enemies of Corrientes, employing also the arrogance of saying that "a people injured to war never counts the number of its enemies to grapple with them":

Considering, finally, that it is a duty of every Government to sustain the respect due to the nation it represents, and never to consent to any proceeding that offends its dignity and glory, has ordered and decreed:—

Art. 1. For the present and until otherwise ordained the ports of the Republic are closed to the Province of Corrientes.

Art. 2. Any vessels from Corrientes at present in the ports of the Republic may withdraw with their property in the term of twelve days from the date of this decree.

Art. 3. Merchants from the lower provinces as well as those of any other nations can return at will and in the manner they may think fit, in view of the aforesaid decree of the Government of Corrientes.

Let this published in the customary form and inserted in the National Repertory.

Assumption, October 14th, 1844.
CARLOS ANTONIO LOPEZ.

ANDRES GIL,

Secretary of Government and provisionally charged with the Foreign department.

TO THE MERCANTILE COMMUNITY.

As individuals whom the Mercantile world have honoured with their confidence, we consider ourselves under the obligation of effecting all, that might injure our character and impede our career. This is the sole object of this publication.

The undersigned having commenced a few days ago the sale by auction of a quantity of damaged Paraguay yerba belonging to Mr. Gutierrez, and deposited in the stores Calle de Cuyo No. on having seen the same sale announced to day by Messrs. Gowland & Co., that is to say the continuation of that commenced by us, the public might be led to suppose that want of confidence or of bidders or some such motive had induced the proprietor of this article to employ other auctioneers, and as this might injure our mercantile credit acquired by unimpeachable honesty and punctuality in our engagements of which we are proud, we hasten to remove the doubts which may be entertained on this subject.

We were ordered to announce the sale of the aforesaid yerba to the highest bidder, without the least indication of its being damaged (1). And it was not until the moment of commencing the sale, and when the conditions of payment were being stipulated, that we were informed that some sacks were a little damaged but that it was not worth mentioning. A numerous and respectable assemblage of Merchants in this line being present, we commenced the sale of a lot of twelve sacks, which were sold at forty-one dollars per arroba, as they were, one with another. On proposing the second lot we could not obtain so high an offer because it began to be rumoured that the yerba was in a very bad

state, and that not more than one half of it was of any value, and that that in the tiers at the further end of the store was in a still worse state &c. The owner then told us that he could not allow it to be sold for less than forty dollars per arroba, and if we could not obtain that price that we were not to sell it. As it was our duty, we proposed some other lots, but perceiving that it was useless, and we were only playing a part repugnant to our feelings we suspended the sale stating the plain truth to those present; that the owner would not sell it under forty dollars the arroba, and that they might purchase at that price if they pleased. In consequence of this announcement every one withdrew with the exception of the purchaser of the aforesaid twelve sacks, who on taking them down to be weighed observed that they were still in a worse state than they appeared to be, and that some of them underneath were quite rotten: we were conscious that he was correct but he acted with great consideration and took them away. This is all that passed.

We do not, therefore, know to what we must attribute this offence so publicly and gratuitously offered to us by persons to whom not many days back we had given particular and unequivocal proofs of the probity and disinterestedness by which it is well known we are guided in our professional pursuits.

Let the public judge; we submit to its decision.
IBARRA & MACOME,
Buenos Ayres, December 4th 1844.

(1) See the announcement of the sale in the "Diario de la Tarde, No. 3,956"

VICTORIA THEATRE.

The dramatic performances have lately been confined to this Theatre, and attract we hear tolerable audiences, considering the advanced period of the season and heat of the weather. There will be an operatic performance this evening.

The 2nd inst., was the anniversary of the birth day of H. M. the Emperor of Brazil, upon which occasion the Brazilian merchant vessels in this port displayed their colours, and at 1 P. M. the fort saluted in honor of the day, with 21 guns.

The funeral of the late Mr. George Macartney Portis, took place on Saturday last, at the British Protestant Cemetery, and was most numerously attended. The deceased was a native of Ireland and had been nearly 20 years in this country, where he was highly respected.

The Alameda was thronged with ladies on Sunday evening last, but it was provoking to see all the seats occupied by men: indeed, we have received many complaints on this their want of gallantry and politeness.

BATHING.—The sultry heat of Monday last attracted numerous bathers to the river on that evening.

The Weather this week has been changeable.

THERMOMETER in the Mirador of the Commercial Room since our last:—

Saturday	72
Sunday	78
Monday	86
Tuesday	78
Wednesday	70
Thursday	74
Friday	84

Advertisements.

SHIP CHANDLERY & GROCERIES.

FRERS, MALCOLM & CO,

SHIP CHANDLERS & GROCERS, No. 41, Alameda (opposite the landing place), thankful to Captains and the public for past favours, would respectfully inform them that they have received and offer for sale, at a very small advance, a complete assortment of Ship Chandlery and Groceries, embracing—cordage lines, twine of all sorts and sizes, Russian, English and German sail-cloths, tar, pitch and oakum, paints, oils, cut and wrought nails, hooks and thimbles, &c. &c.

Groceries.

Tea, sugar, coffee, rice, pickles, sauces, molasses and vinegar, raisins, dried peaches and pears, lard, soap, candles and tobacco. Superior brandy, holland's gin, Jamaica rum and cane. Port, sherry, madeira, malaga and carlon wines, champagne, cider, porter, ale, cordials &c. &c.

Always on hand bread, salted beef and pork, in barrels. A quantity of English new potatoes for sale by the basket cheap.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 28th, 1844.

NOTICE TO BRITISH SUBJECTS.

THE undersigned, Her Britannic Majesty's Consul, hereby gives notice that a General Meeting of the subscribers to the Presbyterian Church Establishment, in Buenos Ayres, will be held at their Chapel on Wednesday the 11th December, at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of laying before it the accounts of the Church Committee, and in order to make the necessary appropriations for this year.

CHARLES GRIFFITHS,

H. B. M's Consul

British Consulate, Buenos Ayres, 25th Nov., 1844.

For Sale.

A MOST excellent new Chronometer by Hornby. Also a thorough bred Sheep Dog well trained, any one wishing for either of the above will find this a desirable opportunity for purchasing the same on reasonable terms.

Apply to Mr. Brown, Watch Maker, Calle de la Piedad, or to Mr. Patrick Fleming, Ship Chandler.

November, 27th, 1844.

SUMMER GOODS

AT THE

HOSIERY AND HABERDASHERY ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 35, CALLE DE CANGALLO.

CONSISTING of gentlemen's Polish frocks, jackets, vests, and pantaloons. A complete assortment of prunella and cloth boots and shoes. French black and white silk hats, cravats, stocks, handkerchiefs, gloves, braces, white and coloured shirts. Men and boys caps of all description. Bed rugs and blankets. Linen and cotton socks and stockings. Merino Shirts and drawers. Cloth and hair brushes. Fancy walking sticks and various other articles all selling at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

A STOCK OF CHILIAN STRAW HATS.

ROBERT BURNS!

A few copies of Robert Burns, "The Airshire Bard," also of Burns' Monument, for sale at James Steadman's shop, No. 46 Calle de la Universidad, in front of the College Church.

TO LET.

A LARGE Sala and Bedroom furnished, with board if required. Enquire No. 32, Calle del 25 de Mayo.

As one of the Subscribers to the British Medical Dispensary, we have received a pamphlet which we conceive it a duty we owe the public to publish.

British Medical Dispensary,

SUPPORTED BY

VOLUNTARY SUBSCRIPTIONS & DONATIONS.

ACTING COMMITTEE FOR THE PRESENT YEAR.

T. Hughes, President, T. Armstrong, J. Black, Rev. A. D. Fahey, J. Hughes, R. Hudson, Rev. B. Lodge, S. Phipps, J. Whitaker, —F. Hargrave, Secretary—Dr. Robinson, Medical Attendant—Dr. Mackenna, Surgeon—Mr. Bishop, Apothecary.

In the year 1827, several of the British Residents in Buenos Ayres formed themselves into a Society for the purpose of affording assistance and relief to such of their countrymen visiting this Province as should fall into distress and destitution.

Under various names and with different measures of public support, this Society has continued its benevolent exertions to the present time; and by its instrumentality much misery has been alleviated, many deserving cases pointed out to public and private sympathy, and the disgrace removed from a Christian Community of leaving the sick and needy of their brethren unregarded in a foreign land. To the poor it has been a protection and defence and to those in more prosperous circumstances it has facilitated the performance of an agreeable duty by presenting a channel by which their generosity might flow, in acts of kindness and real benefit, to their indigent neighbours.

In this country where employment is easily obtained and temperate industry is almost sure of encouragement and reward, the most urgent calls for pecuniary assistance are addressed to us by the sick and infirm; and accordingly from long experience,

the Society has learnt the propriety of directing its chief attention to these objects; and under the name of the British Medical Dispensary, has provided medicine and medical attendance in their own houses to British Subjects unable to procure them for themselves, and has defrayed the Funeral Expenses of such of their deceased countrymen as have died without friends or resources. One great advantage which recommends this limited career is the easy escape from the abuses which would almost inevitably attend in a greater or less degree, the distribution of sums of money; the principle objection (which has been long felt and acknowledged) is, that many necessitous cases are debarred from the benefits of the Institution by the want of a proper asylum during the time they are under medical treatment.

Artisans who have become impoverished by continued illness; labourers from the country; sailors from the ships in the harbour, must be often without the means of obtaining suitable lodgings, and their is manifest difficulty in Buenos Ayres for persons ever so well disposed, to find a fit place for the reception of individual cases of sickness which come before them. Consequently, on many occasions, recourse has not been had to this Institution, where its assistance was very much needed; in others its interposition has not been of that avail which, in other circumstances might have been reasonably expected, and sometimes our suffering countrymen have sought and obtained from the generosity of the native public that asylum in their hospitals for the sick which was not provided for them by those on whose consideration on they had the first claim. Great thanks are due to the conductors of the Native Hospitals for the readiness with which they have received our countrymen, and for the care which has been taken of them in their illness; but it cannot be thought equitable nor becoming our characters as Christians and Englishmen to continue to burden the liberality of others with a duty which we are well able to perform ourselves. Besides, it is not possible to derive the same advantages from strangers, though actuated by the best dispositions and possessed of the greatest skill, which would be obtainable, in a well regulated institution, among persons of the same language, habits and prejudices. Under these circumstances, an appeal has been made to all the British subjects residing in Buenos Ayres to assist in establishing an Infirmary or Hospital in connexion with the Medical Dispensary, and to furnish it with all the appointments necessary for the successful prosecution of its designs.

To shelter and relieve the destitute sick is the primary object which the projectors have had in view and to which their attention has especially been directed, but there is little doubt that others also will be desirous of availing themselves of the advantages to be obtained in such an establishment; and it is intended to admit persons whose circumstances do not require gratuitous relief, when there is room, upon their undertaking to make a reasonable payment for their expenses. The Committee appointed by the General Meeting of June 11th, have endeavoured to call all possible attention to the measure among the British residents, and recommended it to their support; and the result has been encouraging and gratifying in a high degree, and fully manifests that Englishmen, when they leave their native shores, do not leave their native habits of brotherly kindness behind them. As will be seen by the annexed list, a sum amounting to nearly \$35,000 has been already collected, and doubtless there are others who would readily contribute to the good work if application had been made to them. Especially among the mechanics and labourers there is reason to believe that there are many whose names have been omitted for this cause, and they are hereby informed that their contributions will be thankfully received by the Secretary, and their names will be added to an amended list which will be printed in the course of a fortnight. In an institution of this kind designed for the common benefit of all who need, all are invited to co-operate, in proportion as God has prospered them, and to assist in making it as effectual as possible in promoting the comfort and the character of our community.

The operations of the Dispensary are at present carried on at No. 15, Calle de la Independencia, in premises which have been found sufficient for a commencement; but if the number of applications for admission increases, or if the benefits of the institution are to be extended to those who are likely to desire them on payment of their expenses, it will be necessary to remove to larger premises. After an experience of more than three months the Committee refer with satisfaction to the proceedings of the Institution, as the best proof of its claim upon the support of the British community.

The following are the principles on which the Committee propose that the Dispensary shall be conducted:—

Regulations of the BRITISH MEDICAL DISPENSARY.

1. That the British Medical Dispensary provide medicine and medical attendance to indigent British subjects during illness.
2. That those who require it may receive the benefits of the Society at their houses as heretofore.
3. That for the present females can receive the benefit of the Society in their own houses only.
4. That deserving cases be admitted, as in-door patients, into the Infirmary of the Institution.
5. That all orders for admission into the Infirmary, or for medical attendance at home, be issued by the Secretary.
6. That the Secretary grant an order for admission into the Infirmary, if there be room; or for medical attendance at patients' houses, upon receipt of a proper recommendation from a subscriber.
7. That the Secretary's order be subject to the approval of the Medical Attendant; and that no patient be considered duly entered until he has been examined by the Medical Attendant and pronounced a fit object.
8. That a register of the patients of the British Medical Dispensary both in and out of the Infirmary be kept by the Secretary and another by the Medical Attendant.
9. That the Medical Attendant visit the Infirmary every day and be requested to point out to the Visiting Committee any thing which seems to him to require observation.
10. That the Medical Attendant be requested to send notice to the Surgeon when his attendance is required.
11. That a Visiting Committee of Two shall inspect the Infirmary at least twice every week and make a report of their visit in a book kept on the premises for the purpose.
12. That the general management of the Institution according to the established rules shall devolve on the Visiting Committee for the time being.
13. That each Visiting Committee continue in office for one month, and that the members of the Committee take office as visitors in rotation.
14. That there be a meeting of the Committee once in every month, before which the reports of the Medical Attendant, the Surgeon, and the Visiting Committee, be produced, and an account of the expenditure of the past month.
15. That all accounts be approved by the Committee before they are presented to the Treasurer for payment.
16. That the funds of the Institution be committed to the charge of the Treasurer.
17. That the Treasurer keep in hand a sufficient sum for the probable expenses of each month, and invest the remainder for the benefit of the Dispensary.
18. That in investing the funds of the Dispensary the Treasurer look rather to security than amount of interest.
19. That the Treasurer lay before the Committee once in three months a detailed statement of the finances.
20. That the Secretary be furnished with a copy of the Treasurer's quarterly statement for the inspection of any subscriber who may wish to see it.
21. That subscriptions be considered due on the first day of July in each year and be paid in advance.
22. That there be a General Annual Meeting in the last week in June at which the new Committee be appointed.
23. That notice shall be given by public advertisement seven clear days before the general meeting.
24. That a Special Meeting of the Subscribers may be called by the Secretary upon receipt of a written application to that effect signed by ten subscribers of not less than \$50 each.
25. That the Secretary may also grant orders of admission to a limited number of sick persons who are not in indigent circumstances, upon their engaging to pay their expenses and to comply with the rules of the Infirmary.
26. That such patients shall never occupy more than one-third of the whole accommodation provided in the Infirmary.
27. That the sum charged for the expense of patients be for the present fixed at \$10 daily.
28. That a copy of the Rules be observed by the patients in the Infirmary be hung up in each of the wards.
29. That no one except the Medical Attendant, Surgeon, or Visiting Committee, be authorized to exempt any patient from the strict observance of the rules; and that no such exemption be given without stating the reason of it in writing for the inspection of the Committee at the Monthly Meeting.
30. That the Infirmary may be inspected by visitors at proper hours determined by the Committee, and that a book be kept for the insertion of the names

of such visitors, and any remarks which they may think proper to make.
 51. That the Committee be authorized to suspend the observance of the above rules, or to add to them, at their discretion, until the next General Meeting

LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS.

H. E. JOHN H. MANDEVILLE, £5 sterling.

FRANCIS LEESON BALL, Esq., \$200.

CHARLES GRIFFITHS, Esq., H. M.'s Consul, \$200.

Name	Amount	Name	Amount
Armstrong, Thomas	\$1000	Gray, William	\$50
Appleyard, Benjamin	500	Golding, James	20
Atkinson, Charles	300	Gardner, John	50
Ashworth, George	200	Godfrey, Henry	50
Abbott, James	50	Gifford Brothers	200
Acheron, William	30	Gibson, James	25
Achinelly, Stephen	25	Getting, J. C.	150
Anderson, George	25	Green, Henry	20
Anderson, Andrew	25	Gowland, Thomas	60
Archer, R.	50	Gowland, Daniel	500
Baxter, Captain	100	Gloede, Carl	50
Bateson, Samuel	100	Gloede, Ferdinand	25
Barber & Orr	500	Gillman, Malcolm	20
Barber, Charles	50	Garrett, William	50
Barton, James	120	George, Mary	20
Brodie, Thomas	50	Grouchy, Captain de	50
Brown & Co.	50	Gibson, William	25
Bullrich, A.	30	Hargreaves, James	100
Bennaton, Joseph	25	Hodgson & Robinson	200
Black, James	200	Hargrave, Frederic	400
Bayley, John	100	Harvey, Charles	50
Balman, John	100	Haynes, George R.	100
Brownell, Stegmann & Co, 6 months	300	Hannah, John	100
Buttner, George F.	100	Hunt, Hiram	50
Bechem	250	Hargreaves, Arthur	100
Best & Brothers	200	Horton, Alfred	50
Bremner, Frederick	50	Hudson, Robert	200
Barros, James F.	20	Horne, Charles R.	200
Bell, John D.	20	Hasting, Richard	25
Bevans, Mrs.	100	Hughes, John	500
Bevens, Miss P.	50	Hall, J. S.	50
Barton, James, jun.	50	Haymes, Henry	100
Bunge, Hugo	50	Heathfield, Mrs.	200
Bell, George	50	Harding, James	20
Ballauf, William	50	Hill, Mrs. S.	50
Bader, Charles	59	Hart, Henry	50
Benbow, George	150	Hansen, N. P.	100
Barbour, Robert	50	Halbach, Francis	100
Bingham, Captain	100	Herbert, Captain	100
Black, John	50	Hill, Sampson	50
Burke, John	50	Howard, Charles	100
Briscoe, Twyford & Co.	400	Hooper, Captain	30
Elnes, John	50	Hargreaves, Richard L.	300
Carlie & Co., R. & J., 6 months	300	Hughes & Brothers	500
Coyle, James	100	Inglis, Warwick	50
Cash, Charles	20	Ibarra, Gregorio	20
Collins, Robert	50	Inglis, William	60
Clayson, W. F.	50	Inglis, Pearce	60
Cowos, James	20	Jackson, J. A.	100
Clarke, William	50	Jackson, Charles	100
Cook, James	50	Jaune, William	200
Cranwell, Edward	200	Kelsey, William	50
Collins, Robert	50	Kronk, A. F.	50
Clarke, Thomas	100	Kidd, Thomas	50
Cummins, William	25	King, Mrs.	50
Carman, Benjamin	50	Losh, William	100
Clarke, John	100	Love	100
Clarke, Edwin	100	Long, John B.	20
Delisle, F. & C.	500	Landlan, John	100
Duncan, Thomas	100	Lavastier, Phillip	50
Daws, Charles	100	Lodge, Rev. B.	500
Daws, Richard	100	Lumb, Edward	400
Daws, William	100	Lord, George	100
Dick, Peter	25	Laing, John	500
Dalton, John	20	Lockley, John	100
Davies, William	20	Livingston, William	50
Dominick, F. W.	50	Lindenau & Bonnin	25
Domiguez, Celestino	50	Lea, Samuel	50
Doetjen, G. C.	250	Littlewood, Thomas	100
Dowse, H. & G.	400	Lawrence, Mathew	100
Dowdall, George	200	Moore, Patrick	50
Davidson, John	100	Morrison, Charles	50
Dickson & Co., 6 months	300	MacNab, Duncan	100
Dickson, Spenser	200	Malcolm, John	50
Dorr, Addison	25	Mahan, F.	50
Dubbers, H.	25	MacLean, Walter	20
Downes, William	100	McCann, William	50
Dale, John	54	Meares, Joseph	25
Dunoyer, Miss	50	Murray, Dr. A.	50
Ede, Frederick C.	100	W. H.	25
Eastman, John	240	D. R.	25
Edwards, Amory	100	Macone, George S.	50
Elliot, Thomas	20	Masefield, R. B.	100
Fleming, Patrick	100	Mackinlay, Edmund	100
Foley, Bartholomy	50	Morris, George	50
Falconet, Francis	200	Mohr, Francis	250
Fahey, Rev. A. D.	200	Mohr, Joseph	250
Fay, John G.	100	Do. do. being the	1875
Fleming, David	50	contributions of several gentlemen	
Fraser, James	25	Mackinlay, Alexander	600
Pitton, John	100	Mackenna, Dr.	100
Greenway, Henry	20	Munn, Henry	100

(Continued in the next page.)

MERCHANT VESSELS
 IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES ON THURSDAY LAST.
 For Arrivals and Sailings of Friday—See Marine List.

Date of Arrival	Vessels and Captains Names.	Tons	Consignees.	Destinations, &c.
British				
Sept. 20	Barque Delhi, John Young	342	John Best & Brothers	London
24	Brig Hibbert, Luke Bruce	324	John Galt Smith & Co.	Liverpool
Oct. 1	Barque Ann Best, James Maychell	335	John Best & Brothers	Great Britain
2	Brig Elizabeth, C. N. French	226	Biscoe, Twyford & Co.	Great Britain
6	Barque Nerio, Robson Weighill	338	Thomas Armstrong	London
17	Schooner Thos. Edwards, G. Brickley	178	Kennie, Macfarlane, & Co.	Falmouth
23	Barque Arabella, Thomas Jackson	257	Thomas Armstrong	London
Nov. 7	Brig Rebecca Jane, Peter La Mesurier	215	Bertram Le Breton & Delisle	Liverpool
8	Brig William Inglis, William Neal	181	Kennie, Macfarlane & Co.	Liverpool
11	Barque Holywood, Joseph Lowthion	299	John Galt Smith & Co.	Rio Grande to load for London
12	Brig Urania, Samuel Martin	305	Hughes & Brothers	Great Britain
13	Brig Brazilian Packet, John Faddy	200	Henry & George Dowse	London
14	Brig Philomela, Robert Bell	237	John Best & Brothers	Great Britain
14	Barque Rebecca, Patrick Togan	251	Thomas Gowland & Co.	London
14	Barque Chio, George Sibree	216	Nicholson, Green & Co.	London
15	Schr. Commodore, William Ralsbeck	164	Brownell, Stegmann & Co.	Great Britain
22	Brig Wilton Wood, Matthew Russell	243	John Best & Brothers	Liverpool
23	Bar. Mary & Ann, Lewis Whiteaway	212	Kennie, Macfarlane & Co.	Liverpool
27	Barque Emily, Thomas Toogood	294	Bertram Le Breton & Delisle	Breter
Dec. 4	Barque Sovereign, James Porritt	241	Hughes & Brothers	
American				
Sept. 13	1843. Barque Hobart, Collier	204	Daniel Gowland & Co.	
Sept. 13	Barque King Philip, George Upton	201	Daniel Gowland & Co.	
Nov. 14	Ship John Cadmus, William Canham	47	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	
17	Barque Izette, William Harrou	275	Daniel Gowland & Co.	Boston.
French				
Oct. 9	Barque Napoleon, Nicole Rabardy	227	Tomas Rouse	
9	Barque Diana, Andre Armateur	338	Zunaran & Treserra	Havre de Grace
10	Brig Cettos, Francis Portal	149	Louis Chapeaurouge, & Co.	Bordeaux
Nov. 2	Barque Commerce de Paris, Got	235	Jacobs Paravicini	Marseilles
3	Schr. Louis-Marie, A. B. Maugendre	150	John Baptist Freig	Havre de Grace
Dec. 1	Ship Parana, Lecomte	203	Enrique Ochoa & Co.	Havre de Grace
4	Barque Jacques, Benjamin David	215	Zunaran & Treserra	Havre de Grace
Sardinian				
July 11	B.N. Sde la Misericordia, Rocata iento	149	Jacinto Caprile	Genoa.
Aug. 9	Brigantine Francisco, Luis Corretto	125		
Sept. 20	S. Siempre lo stesso, Aug. Ferraro	208	Pietratera & Co.	Genoa.
Oct. 25	Barque Prudencia, H. Caravottio	235	Henrique Ochoa & Co.	Genoa.
29	Barque Egdna, Francisco Vierchi	172	Pietratera, Piaggio & Co.	Brazil.
Nov. 5	Brig Fampero, Jose Buzzo	126	Antonio Roca	Rio Janeiro
13	Brig Vicente, Vicente Janitapani	141	Livaillet & Sons	Brazil.
15	S. Trunfo del Brazl, Nicolas Manara	156	Livaillet & Sons	Brazil.
20	Barque Victorioso, Vicente Vacaro	283	Pietratera, Piaggio & Co.	Brazil.
Spanish				
Aug. 30	Brig Manuel, Pedro Garcia	150	Zunaran & Treserra	Malaga
Sept. 24	Brig Eolo, Joaquin Pares	147	Prodr Antonio Sanchez	Havana
24	Polacre San Antonio, Joaquin Durat	100	Felipe Semllosa	Havana
Oct. 25	Brig Triunfo, Juan Pons y Morro	150	John Jacob Kliek & Co.	Brazil.
31	Brigantine Procer, Juan Millet	90	Prodr Antonio Sanchez	Havana
Nov. 7	Polacre Mensuero, Juana Millet	109	Livaillet & Sons	Havana
12	Brig Concordia, Angel D. de Sosa	151	Livaillet & Sons	Cadiz
12	Barque Guadaloupe, Nicolas Arraste	170	Livaillet & Sons	Havana
17	Polacre Iris, Miguel Julia	106	Livaillet & Sons	Havana
18	Brig Corueta, Clemente Regui	191	Livaillet & Sons	Corueta
21	Brig Joven Clemente, Augustin Maig	140	Livaillet & Sons	Havana
22	Brig Duende, Jose Guadalupe	105	Livaillet & Sons	Havana
30	Barque Tomas Gones, B. Dominick	163	Livaillet & Sons	Havana
30	Brig Paquete de Matanza, Juan Artea	180	José Uhagon	Havana
Brazilian				
Nov. 1	Brig Pensamento, Manuel M. Mergu	225	Manuel Araujo Monteiro	Brazil
8	Brigantine Suspiro, A. C. Ribeiro	173	Manuel A. Monteiro	do.
14	Brig Confianza, José Maria de Sa	208	Sa Pereira & Meyrelles	do.
22	Brig. sympathia, Joaquin Acevedo	119	Sa Pereira & Meyrelles	do.
23	Brig Convencion, Joaquin A. Santos	165	Sa Pereira & Meyrelles	do.
Dec. 4	Polacre Virginia, Geronimo J. Feliz	152	Juan Balbino Soriano	do.
Danish				
Nov. 5	Barque Faedronsmunde, Jens Lutzen	232	Thode, & Co.	Falmouth.
Nov. 7	Brig Thorwaldsen, Frederick Stage	234	Mohr, Ludovici & Co.	Falmouth.
11	Brig Condor, Fole Frelsen	127	Bunge, Hutz & Co.	Falmouth.
14	Brig Sarah, G. Bartolsen	142	Zunaran & Treserra	Antwerp.
14	Schooner Eltona, A. E. Amundsen	127	Charles K. Home	Hamburg
18	Br. Alwina & Clara, Hans Schmidt	200	Thode & Co.	
23	Brig Fortuna, Mortin Olsen	164	Bertram Le Breton & Delisle	
Hamburg.				
Sept. 6	Bar. Mercurus, Jan Janzen Ney	226	John Jacob Kliek, & Co.	Havana.
Oct. 2	Barque Menes, Ciano Lima	220	Jacobs Paravicini	Antwerp
31	Bar. Dorothea Wilhelmina, H. Reimer	244	C. R. Home	Salen
Nov. 17	Br. Amphitrite, Jan Jacobus Arends	216	Thode & Co.	
17	Brig Victoria, Gustavo G. Schroeder	150	Thode & Co.	Altona.
30	Brig Conrad, John H. Harms	180	Louis Winter	Falmouth.
Belgian				
Oct. 16	Brig Lesseliers, John Henriksen	221	Mohr, Ludovici, & Co.	Antwerp.
21	Brig Plantin, Frederick Knudson	236	Bunge Hutz & Co.	Cowes.
Bremen				
Oct. 9	Brig Helena, Gerhard Hilder Junr.	170	Mohr, Ludovici & Co.	Antwerp
17	Brig Johannes Casar, Gerl. Elberfeld	168	Zimmermann, Frazier, & Co.	Havana
24	Brig Maria Albert, J. Haasloop	200	Bunge, Hutz & Co.	Bremen.
Nov. 9	Brig Estafette, Carl Wessels	150	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	Havana.
14	Brig Arion, Frederick Luyties	140	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	Cuba.
Prussian				
Nov. 17	Brig Dido, Gustave Malchow	200	Mohr, Ludovici & Co.	Falmouth.
19	Br. Herzog Bogislaw, John F. Jaeger	250	Bunge, Hutz & Co.	
Portuguese				
Nov. 6	Schr. Joven Duima, A. G. de Avellar	136	Juan Geronimo Martinez	Brazil
Swedish				
Nov. 17	Ship Oscar, Christian F. Dahl	250	Thode & Co.	Bahia
Dec. 1	Brigan Experiment, F. Reutererons	230	Zimmermann, Frazier & Co.	Boston.
Russian				
Nov. 17	Brig Alexander, Hermann Preuss	300	Mohr, Ludovici & Co.	Boston.
Dutch				
Nov. 18	Galliot Plata, John Henry Henning	160	Thode & Co.	Falmouth.
Norwegian				
Nov. 11	Brig Washington, William Smith	138	Eduardo Freyer	New York
Oldenburg				
Nov. 13	Brigantine Iris, William Friches	150	Corti, Franchelli & Co.	Bremen

FOREIGN VESSELS OF WAR.
None.

