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AND

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1852.

[Established in 1826.]

DIPLOMATIC RECEPTIONS.

On presenting his credentials, on the 11th instant, Sir Charles Holman addressed H. E. the Provisional Director in the following terms:—

The Queen my August Sovereign, being desirous to strengthen the bonds of amity and good will which happily subsist between the two nations, has entrusted me, in conjunction with the French Envoy, with a special mission to the Argentine Confederation. The forbearance and humane consideration for all interests which your Majesty has shown during your recent campaigns, has inspired Her Majesty and the British public with confidence in your wisdom and judgment. Her Majesty feels assured that your Excellency will lend your most earnest attention to such measures as in the execution of my instructions I may at the proper period bring to your notice, and that you will consider Her wishes as directed to the furtherance of objects, which, whilst they concern most closely the tranquility of nations, she hopes and believes tend to promote the interests of the countries over which you preside. My credentials, convinced that on all occasions you will afford me support and assistance.

To which H. E. General Urquiza made the following polite and appropriate reply:—

The Argentine Government, which feels the duty to rely on the friendship of the People and for the Government of Her Majesty, has not hesitated to conclude a permanent treaty in a permanent manner the bonds of amity, which happily exist between the two nations, and to which your Excellency has reciprocally expressed his concurrence.

It accepts with cordial satisfaction the courteous expression which the Minister addresses to you, in the name of his August Sovereign and the British People, and will endeavor in its policy not to belie the confidence it has inspired.

On the occasion which H. M. has confided to you, E., conjointly with the French Envoy, is an eloquent proof of the intentions that animate the policy of H. M. and the Argentine Government will do every thing in its power to draw closer the relations of amity and concord between the two countries.

It affords me much satisfaction, Mr. Minister, to receive the powers that have been given to you, E., for the discharge of your mission, and in its exercise I will lend every possible co-operation, that it may have a successful issue.

On the same occasion, Chevalier de Saint-Georges, on presenting his credentials, spoke as follows:—

Mr. Director.—I am manifesting to you, E., the powers, in virtue of which I am appointed, to discharge, conjointly with the Envoy of your Majesty, an extraordinary and special commission near the Government of the Argentine Confederation.

On confiding to me that honorable task the Princes, President of the Republic, fill complacency in giving your Excellency an evidence of the interest which they maintain the most friendly relations with the Argentine Government, and to see developed the cordials intercourse and friendship that exist between the two countries; according to the principles of justice and equity, applicable to all nations.

Prince Louis Napoleon has entire confidence, Mr. Director, in the personal character of your Excellency; in the elevation of your sentiments, and the wisdom of your views. I fulfil the orders that have been given me, to make a very cordial expression of my assurance to your Excellency, united with my most sincere and fervent wishes for the success and prosperity of the Argentine People's cause.

This statement is not less cordial and lively in tone, and I will use every effort, compatible with the obligations imposed upon me, by my position, and with the honor and interests of the Confederation, that the wishes of the Princes President, which are, in my own, may have an effective realization.

It has been satisfactory and affecting for me to learn the confidence which the President of the French Republic has in my personal character, and to be acquainted of his prayers and solicitations for the prosperity of the Argentine People. I most cordially appreciate them.

The prayers are not less sincere and ardent, which I present to the Almighty, for the happiness of the Princes President and for all that concerns the welfare and prosperity of France, and that so to evidence it, during the course of the mission, that will be cordially to the lofty capacity of you, E.

STENOGRAPHS OF OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

(To facilitate reference we affix the dates of their publication in the "Progreso.")

Aug. 12th.—Representation from the Justice of Peace of Conchales, requesting permission to re-engage a soldier, on account of the frequent and quiet, the proceeds to be applied to the repairs of the public roads leading to the Capital.—Reply in favour of the project, by the Collector General of the Custom House, and the Government.

Decrease abolishing the practice of public lotteries as authorized by the King of Spain, and the contracts entered into by the late Government; and ordering the sums that had been paid to account, to be returned to the proprietors.

Decree of the Princes President, acknowledging receipt of the decree that delivered up to him the embargoed property of General Rozas, with its respective value of hands to H. E. the Provisional Director, for an eminent act of public justice, and noble generosity, that evinces a solemn principle in the legislation of the country, and a solid guarantee of order in favor of property.

Public reception of Sr. Carlos Holman and M. de St. Georges, as Envoys Extraordinary, on a special joint mission, from the Governments of England and France, near that of the Argentine Confederation.—See Official Documents.

Aug. 13th.—Decree from the Department of Foreign Relations, appointing Colonel Don Manuel de Urquiza, as a special Commissioner, near the Government of the Republic of Bolivia.

Notes of Don Leonardo de Souza Leite Acevedo, Charge d'Affaires of H. M. the Queen of Portugal, announcing that his presence was required for a time in Montevideo; and that during his absence the Consulate General was confided to Sr. Morfeyros, Portuguese Consul, and Sr. de la Cruz, Argentine Consul, near Montevideo, with H. E. the Minister of Foreign Affairs, on diplomatic and international matters, returning letters of office, as his presence might be necessary; and in consequence soliciting passports for himself and family.—Reply stating the conformity of H. E. the Provisional Director, and forwarding the passports solicited.

Decree of Don Manuel Ramon y Rubert, inferring that Don Gerónimo Suarez de la Haza, a French subject, who had been banished to Rio, to 16 officers and 146 privates of the Liberating Army.—Reply, thanking Sr. Rubert for his patriotic and noble services.

Aug. 14th.—Decree appointing the Administrative Commission of the Asylum for Marine Orphans, to be composed of Sr. Manuel Tomas Iriarte, President; Colonels Don Mariano Rodriguez, Don Juan Antonio Garzon, Don Manuel de Urquiza, Sr. Manuel Frezzano, Don Manuel P. Rojas, and Don Francisco Dolbes, and Sergeants Major Don Vicente Truffo and Don Marcos Roldan, jury members.

Decree appointing public competition for the Chair of Public Latin, English, and French, at present vacant in the University of this Capital.—Inviting Candidates for that Chair, to make application in writing to the Rector of the University, on or before the 10th September, to enable public competition to take place on the 15th of the same: those that fall out, to be left open, for the English and French on or before the 25th instant, further details to be opportunely announced by the Secretary of the University.

Decree reinstating Dr. Manuel Insaurralde in his office as a Member of the Supreme Court of Justice, on the ground of his representation and petition to that effect.

Note from the Justice of Peace of Pergamino, requesting the amount of the property tax for said District for the current year.

Intimations respecting a reported case of smuggling, that appeared in the "Telégrafo" of the 6th inst.; with the avowed declaration of Don Juan José Rocha, author of the paragraph, referred to.

Report of the Administrator of the Men's Hospital, as to the inadequate accommodation and attendance of that Institution.

Reply to the preceding, thanking the Superintendent for the interest manifested in behalf of the establishment; and enjoining the strictest vigilance, and due information as to the deficiencies experienced, or the reforms of which it may be susceptible.

Decree imposing a duty of one dollar each on the mares introduced for the steam vats in this town, and country.

Decree of the Department of Finance, assigning retiring pensions, equal to their full pay, to the Cashier General, Don Felipe Escurra, to the Assistant Cashier, Don Victorino Piazuelo, and to the Accountant General, Don Juan José Urquiza.—and appointing as their respective successors, Don Pedro C. Ferri, Don Juan José Aldasoro, and Don Bartolomé Latoré.—also Don Eusebio Rosende its Clerk of the Treasury.

Decree authorizing the Chief of Police to contract with Don Matias Penneri, for the erection of a new bridge on the road leading to Santos Lugares; to be indemnified by a postage duty, leviable on those who avail themselves of it.

Notice from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, enforcing the necessity of all ships papers being introduced to the Argentine Consulate at the place of their despatch; and that after six months from the date of the present notice, Aug. 13th, no vessel will be admitted without said requisite.

Aug. 17th.—Notes from Dr. Miguel Galarza, Governor of the Diocese, acknowledging receipt of the intimation that General Urquiza had assumed the office of Provisional Director, and offering his decided cooperation for the attainment of the benefic objects proposed by him.

Note authorizing the Chief of Police to establish an impost of two rials per head on the Capital; eight dollars per head on each log; and two on each sucking pig; diapensary by collectors and inspection, and applying the proceeds to the benefit of the streets.

Notes from the Chief of Police, stating that Don Vicente Rosa, in the name of certain Spaniards, proposed to form a Reading Room in this City, which would be connected with an Hospital or house of refuge for indigent Spaniards.—Reply of the Government, highly approving the philanthropic design proposed by Don Vicente Rosa, on behalf of the Spanish community.

Reply of the Chief of Police, respecting the repairs effected on the Barraca Road, and the necessity of a monthly designation for completing the same, by retaining a servicable staff.—Reply authorizing to appropriate 200000 per month to the purpose of questions and to the maintenance of the Commission of said road, certain public works, and other persons, that may be rendered available for the same purpose.

Note from the same, proposing the removal of the Chief of Police, and the representation to the Public Jail.—Reply, sanctioning the same, with the knowledge and intervention of the other persons named.

Representation of Don Tomas Rouseau as to the introduction of a new branch of iron, duty by collectors and inspection, and applying the proceeds to the benefit of the streets, as a bounty for introducing the new traffic.—Reply, conceding the privilege in the terms solicited.

Decree assigning to Dr. Vicente Lopez the full amount of his actual Salary as Member of the Supreme Court of Government, on retirement, and to Dr. Manuel Baez, the half of his salary, as legal Advisor to the Tribunal of Commerce, and other persons named.

Note from the Government of Rioja to Don Angel Elia, acquainting him that he had been elected, together with Sr. Diego Alatorre, to represent the Province of Rioja in the ensuing Constituent Congress.—Reply from Don Angel Elia, accepting the honor conferred upon him, and expressing his thanks for the honor conferred upon him.

Reclamation of Don José Hornos, requesting the mode of collecting the duties on cattle

Advertisements received till Friday afternoon, and inserted thereon, and attended at the following rates: Not exceeding five lines insertion, 38 (three) insertions, 58; and each subsequent insertion, 12 rials. Those exceeding six lines will be charged in proportion.

Notices from the National Association, Comandante Morales on subject of general interest, Notices of Public Markets, Hospitals, Beneficent Donations Societies, &c.—gratis.

introduced for the supply of the Capital.—Reply, setting the mode in which said duties were to be collected, namely, that cattle be introduced lawfully for the consumption of the City, and afterwards taken to the Saladero, they must pay the full duties in both cases.

Aug. 18th.—Notes from the Majordomo of the Illustrious Corporation of the Most Holy Rosario, reminding the Government of a vow of an annual thanksgiving, in the month of July, for the victory obtained over the British forces commanded by General Horelby; and soliciting the Government to recognize the actual performance of the vow, by a small assignment in behalf of the customary religious solemnities.—Reply of the Government, mandating the sum of one thousand dollars annually, for the purpose referred to.

Aug. 19th.—Notes from Sr. Matias Penneri, acknowledging receipt of the Decree reinstating him in his judicial capacity as a member of the Supreme Court of Justice, and returning thanks. Note from the Justices of Peace of Flores and Chivilcoy, requesting the amount of the proprietary tax for said Districts for the current year.

POLICE NOTICE.

The Chief of Police.—

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 14th, 1852. The degrading and noisy character, so continually presented, by the sight of drunk men in the public streets, is not only a scandal to the City, but a source of danger to the quarels, that are attended by the death of those who surrender themselves to its violence, and to the injury of the innocent security the victims of those who abandon themselves to its excesses.

The prohibitive measures that have been repeatedly adopted by the Public authorities, have not proved sufficient to deter them from doing so whilst they leave subsisting the opportunity, that incites to it and facilitates the vice of drunkenness.

The Chief of Police, in fulfilment of the orders he has received from the Superior Government, and of the existing prohibitive orders.—

Art. 1st.—That in no store, groshop, or public house, or in any other place where sold, shall any kind of liquor hereafter be sold, to be consumed there, and in view of the prohibition.

2d.—Should a drunk person be found in any of the aforesaid houses, his owner will be sentenced to a fine of 1008 for the first occasion, 3008 for the second; and in case of relapse for a third time, to having his house shut for a given period.

3d.—Those who are found drunk in the streets shall be apprehended by the Police, and sentenced to the penalties established by the provisions of the Decrees of the 11th June 1852, provided they are not soldiers.

4th.—Any person who is found in possession of any prohibited arms, or fireworks, that he may be placed at the disposal of his respective Chief.

5th.—Those individuals are declared in full view, who prohibit the use of the knife, or any other arm within the City.

6th.—Those who from their employment may be made use of the knife, must never wear it beyond the place where it is employed for their labours.

7th.—Any person who may require to carry any prohibited arm, shall only be allowed to do so, by a license granted by the Department of Police. The license may not be held for more than three months, paying a contribution of 108 for each time he may obtain it.

8th.—The names of those who obtain such licenses, shall be published in the journals of the Capital.

9th.—The fines imposed by the 2d article of this regulation, shall be paid to the authorities which are exacted by the 6th article, shall be published monthly, and the sums of the fines collected in public Hospitals, and beneficent establishments.

10th.—This disposition shall be published in the journals of the Capital.

MIGUEL J. AZURENAGA.

Decree extending to drunkards the existing dispositions against vagrants.—

Buenos Ayres, June 11th, 1852.

Any one who may appear in public, abandoned to habitual idleness, should he not have property or some occupation to provide for his subsistence, shall be held included in the declaration of the 18th Dec. 1851, respecting vagrants.







