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(No. 1369.)

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

The Vice-President of the Honourable Chamber of Representatives.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 30th, 1852.

To H. E. the Provisional Governor, Brigadier General of the Army of the Province, Don Manuel G. Paz.

The undersigned Vice-President has the honor of transcribing the following law which the Honourable Chamber of Representatives has sanctioned on this date.

"The Honourable Chamber of Representatives of the Province, in exercise of the ordinary and extraordinary sovereignty with which it is invested, has sanctioned the law of the following tenor:

Art. 1st.—In conformity with the provisions of the law of the 25th December 1823, Don Martin Alana is named Governor and Captain General of the Province.

Art. 2d.—Let the corresponding certificate be forwarded to him, which shall be signed by the President of the Chamber, and countersigned by the Secretary, sealing it with the seal of the Legislature of the Province.

Art. 3d.—Let it be communicated to the Provisional Governor, in order that he may acquaint the nominee to present himself before the Honourable Chamber, on tomorrow the 31st instant at noon, to take the established oath.

MARCELO GAMBOA.

Dr. Bernardo Velez Gutierrez.

Secretary.

Buenos Ayres Oct. 30th, 1852.

To H. E. the Governor and Captain General.

The Honourable Chamber of Representatives in the session of this date, has sanctioned the law a certified copy of which I have the satisfaction of forwarding to Y. E. In conformity therewith I advise Y. E. to present yourself at twelve o'clock to-morrow before the Representatives of the People to take the established oath.

On adding Y. E. to the Chief Magistrate of the Country, Y. E. may accept my cordial wishes that Heaven may illumine and protect your Administration, so that the Country after such profane oscillations, may consolidate its institutions, its tranquillity and prosper.

God preserve Y. E. many years.

MANUEL G. PAZ.

JOSE M. PIRAN.

To H. E. the Governor and Captain General of the Province, Brigadier Don Manuel G. Paz.

Most Excellent Sir,

I have had the honor of receiving the distinguished note of this date, wherein Y. E. is pleased to forward to me a copy of the law which the Honourable Chamber of Representatives of the Province has designated to confer on me the highest post of its Governor and Captain General.

I am overwhelmed, Most Excellent Sir, by your selection and the confidence of my country. I cannot at this moment do more than to manifest to Y. E. in order that you may be able to transmit it to the knowledge of the Honourable Chamber, that I will present myself at the hour appointed, for the purpose designated in that law.

But I cannot conclude without taking the liberty of signifying to Y. E. that I am not to your person, a witness of your merit and virtues, associated in your tasks since you desire to confer on the despatch of a Ministry, and you are perfectly aware of the thorough integrity of your character,—except my tribute salutes to you, whose sincerity I do not doubt, and the expression of the patriotic sentiments that have always formed the merit of Y. E.

God preserve Y. E. many years.

VALENTIN ALSINA.

The 1st Vice-President of the Honourable Chamber of Representatives.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 30th, 1852.

To THE EXECUTIVE POWER.

The 1st Vice-President has the honor of communicating to the Executive Power the law which the Honourable Chamber has sanctioned on this date.

"The Honourable Chamber of Representatives of the Province, in exercise of its ordinary and extraordinary Sovereignty with which it is invested, has sanctioned the validity and force of law:

AND

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1852.

[Established in 1826.]

Art. 1st.—General Don Manuel Guillermo Paz is named Brigadier General of the Army of the Province.

Art. 2d.—He shall enjoy the full pay of his grade, whether or not he may be in active service.

Art. 3d.—Let it be communicated to the Executive Power, for its corresponding effects.

MARCELO GAMBOA.

Dr. Bernardo Velez Gutierrez.

Secretary.

Ministry of Government.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 31st, 1852.

All the formalities of law having been complied with, the Provisional Government decrees:

Art. 1st.—In conformity with the laws of the 23d Dec. 1823, and 30th Instant, Don Manuel Alana is named in possession of the command of the Province.

Art. 2d.—Let his recognition as Governor and Captain General of the Province be ordered, communicated and published.

PINTO.

JOSE M. PIRAN.

Ministry of Government.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 31st, 1852.

Till the nomination of the Ministers of Government be effected, the Governmental resolutions shall be issued in the name of the Under-Secretary of the Ministry of Government.

VALENTIN ALSINA.

Department of Economics.

Colonel Don Bartolome Mire's name is named Minister of State and Department of Government and Foreign Relations.

Citizen Don Bautista Pena in that of Finance.

General Don José Maria Flores in that of War and Marine.

Let it be communicated and published.

ALSINA.

Benedicto Meloni.

PROCLAMATION.

TO THE REGIMENTS "DRAGONES DE LA PATRIA."

Soldiers!—Since the memorable 11th of Sept., when the People became independent, our domination is no usurper. At other times you may have been the slaves of Roes, "Dragones de la Patria." So then that your conduct correspond to your designation; that your valor and discipline be worthy the great cause which we have sworn to maintain.

Companions!—Those party devices and sanguinary mottoes, that for twenty years have done nothing else than stain the uniform of the soldiers of the Republic, have now ceased. Henceforth the "Dragones de la Patria" wear no badge of distinction but the national colors which hold aloft, and which our wings of victory, from the Plate to Rio-Branco, and from Chile to Brazil.

Comrades!—As "Dragones de la Patria," as soldiers of liberty, we shall always be side for side with the legal authority, whose motto is the standard of civilization and glory. Your Chief, a soldier of liberty since the 11th of Sept. has no other aspiration, nor enters into any other wish, than to labour with all his might in favour of the rights of the People.

Accompany me then, to maintain this resolution, worthy of an old servant of the Country, and you shall have required the regular retirement for you by your Chief and friend.

Francisco Chacero.

Chacero, Oct. 28th, 1852.

(To facilitate reference we affix the dates of their publication in the "Progreso.")

Oct. 28th.—Decree authorizing that of the 7th April last, which allowed certain Ayres Establecimientos to grant certificates, that were admitted instead of regular courses pursued at the University.

Oct. 28th.—Decree authorizing that of the present year preventing such certificates until such a time as a person's examinations and their teachers must present a list of their names during the first fifteen days of the current month.

Decree deciding that the Medical Students employed in the Public Hospitals must henceforth be determined by public competition.

Decree organizing the School of Medicine, and establishing the formalities to be observed on the public examination for degrees.

Government subscription to non-official papers of the "Nacion," "Mundo," "Nacional," and the "Paran," 100 copies of each; said subscription subject at any time to revision.

Note of Colonel Lagos announcing his arrival in this Capital, and expressing his firm determination, as an Argentine soldier, to defend the cause of the Province of Buenos Ayres.

Oct. 30th.—Resolution of the Honourable Chamber authorizing the despatch of consumption of 600 barrels flour, &c., introduced by Don Santiago Anaral in virtue of the Decree of the 22d July.

Note from the Chief of Police, stating that the price of Flour from deposit had been fixed at 300 current dollars per barrel.

Another from the same, reporting that the "Paternal Report" had come off with the greatest ease.

Oct. 31st.—Decree, connected with the election of the Governor Proprietary; for which see Official Documents.

Reply of the Ministers, Secretaries and Consular Agents to the note of the Minister of Government, transmitting to them the law of the Honourable Chamber, in relation to the expediency of the free navigation of the Paran, and concerning it in so far as regards the Province of Buenos Ayres.

Note from the Minister of Government to the Chief of Police, Don Miguel Azcuena, thanking him for the timely base arrangements at the Fraternal Rooms, for the reception of H. E., and the Decree appointing the new Ministers, for which see Official Documents.

Nov. 3d.—Reply from the Ministers of Government, accepting their respective appointments.

Inventory of the Public Library, as directed by Don Marcos Sastra, on the 10th March last; on which date it contained, under the name of books, 15,268 vols.

Note of Don Manuel Guillermo Paz, to the Honourable Chamber of Representatives, thanking it for the honor conferred upon him by the sanction of the 11th Sept., which elevated him to the rank of Brigadier General of the Army of the Province.

Notes from the Captain of the Port, stating that in the Month of Oct. 383 passengers had arrived and 522 departed. During the same period 72 merchant vessels, of 12,940 tons arrived, and 43 of 6,737 tons departed.—Coasting craft arrived, 221 of 5,921 tons; and sailed 200 of 7,039 tons.

Note from the Ministry of Finance, requesting all claims against the Public Treasury, of date anterior to the 31d Feb. last, to be rendered to the Office within eight days, and all others within the terms of 30 days, reckoned from the 31st Oct.

Nov. 4th.—Draft of admitted to the Honourable Chamber of Representatives, authorizing the Executive to dispose of \$200,000 of the surplus accumulated in the Public Office of the Sinking Fund of the Public Credit, for the purpose of discharging in full the debt contracted by the other body, that took part in the movement of the 11th Sept. last; for one half of which the Government will contribute, and the other half and appropriate \$200,000, monthly from the ordinary revenues of the Province, for the progressive liquidation of the debt.

Abstract of the sums already paid to the forces in the City, amounting to \$3,177,966 currency which with \$2,000,000 still due, make a sum total of \$6,080,316; besides which extraordinary revenues have been decreed by the Executive amounting to \$1,250,496.

Resolution, on the suggestion of the Chief of Police, that official and private correspondence directed to the different districts of the Province by the General Post Office, and which through the Police is now sent to the Government, be given henceforward; due notice to be given to the days on which said correspondence is to be forwarded.

Retired Statesmen.

The following sparkling utter, which we extract from the "Times," may serve as a breathing tonic, in the necessary reaction and sort of social weeping, that are apt to attend such sweeping changes as those through which we

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Notices from the National Authorities, Commissions on subjects of general interest, Notices in relation to Public Schools, Churches, Hospitals and Benevolent Societies, &c., gratis.

[Established in 1826.]

are passing; and moreover we think that the dirt now being deposited on the Alameda, is a "thing decidedly in a wrong place."

"Recent censures should every now and then be issued or compiled, to rid the public of the public service. The best intellect cannot subsist in idleness and inactivity. It must occupy itself about something in general of a useful nature. There was poor Sir Robert Peel, for example, when the doors of the Treasury were shut in his face, we do not find him taking to French novels and chignons, but to the study of the history of agriculture, to digging and drainage being the serious occupations of his life. When a man of such a stony intellect is deprived of the activity of his character into farming, it is certainly his example and his advice must be of great advantage to the community. We may here quote Lord Palmerston, as another illustration of the same principle—and by a strange coincidence, the late Secretary for Foreign Affairs is following close in the wake of the late Premier. Sir Robert was all for drainage. Lord Palmerston equally devoted to manure. The same activity of mind which could extort gold compensation for Don Pacifico from the rains of the Parthenon—could turn his eye, in pursuit of ideal kingdoms in Northern Italy and the great continent of the New World, to the rock amidst the jeryers of the Tiber, and the noble viscount took a more practical turn. The noble viscount determined to improve our great towns, to clear their dirt, and our streets of their difficulties, by one and the same operation. Well as it might be, the noble viscount might take a leaf out of your book, his credit to himself and advantage to the public. We do not determine to take any more steps to take the execution of the law into our hands. Let him do as he has begun, and advise him our warmest and most hearty support—at least in movement for manure."

It was at a public dinner given on Thursday last at Lewes—in the very heart of the protection to the community. We may now view the world in his new character. Lord Dufferin had mentioned in the course of a speech which he addressed to the assembled agriculturists, that the want of manure was felt in the vicinity of the farming community, and the price of guano was so dear that the Royal Agricultural Society of 1860, and offered a gold medal, for the discovery of a manure superior to guano, and capable of being sold at a moderate price. Little did he calculate upon the promptitude in execution of such an enterprise on the part of the agriculturists, who had the prospect of foreign excitement to boot.

Parliament was there ready for medals, 1000 might promise something, or anything that does not promise his observations to a conclusion, and in the course of the evening Lord Walsingham proposed a resolution, "That a just what I represent." Accordingly, "so to my sense of the importance of the subject, and of the fact to address the fact to make payable but such a sum as will be sufficient to meet the cost of the magistracies of the nation to the Romans, and how that is not a good deal more than the cost of the magistracies of the world at the time of their from the splendours. It is, perhaps, astonishing that our lively feelings are not more excited by the Rome's preponderance among the nations in connection with the ancient town of Lewes. At any rate, we are glad to see that you have brought him to the public words executed by that people.

The special voters wrought by nations spoiled."

The quotation was, of course, suggestive of our own railroads and the shareholders in such undertakings who, as we have already seen, are not "satisfied," but largely benefited in a country sense by the assistance they have afforded to the enterprise.

But the railways, now, how I think of it, did they know such about "satisfactory," which, by the bye, brings me to the subject of the railway in the substance of the train of thought by which the late Palmerston arrived at the following conclusions: "The railway is a great advantage to our own country, and it is more than all the Protestantism that we have poured into their wounds from 1848 onwards, and to the present time."

"Instead of sending to the other end of the world for manure for our fields, we shall find

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