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(No. 1413.)

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

Customs laws, sanctioned by the Honourable Chamber of Representatives for the year 1857.

CHAPTER I.  
Of Maritime Imports.

Art. 1st.—Gold and silver, coined or in bullion, precious stones, and seals, beads and generally any object destined for public worship, as also the ornaments of the Altar, and other articles of the Argentine Provinces in general, are declared free from any duty on their introduction into this Province.

Art. 2d.—Wrought gold and silver, manufactured with or without precious stones, and articles of gold and silver, every instrument or utensil with handles or ornaments of said metals, made of iron, steel, or of any other metal, such as knives, cut-throats, razors, and other articles of iron, steel, copper, brass, tin, or any other metal, and articles of tin, copper, brass, tin, or any other metal, and articles of tin, copper, brass, tin, or any other metal, shall pay an *ad valorem* duty of 5 per cent.

Art. 3d.—Wool and wools for manufacturers shall pay 10 per cent.

Art. 4th.—Raw and sewing silk, and all manufactures of said material shall pay 12 per cent.

Art. 5th.—Manufactures of wool, flax and cotton, except paper, and all articles of silk, except paper, of all kinds including that for printing, instruments, and all other articles not comprehended in the dispositions of this law shall pay 15 per cent.

Art. 6th.—Clothes of wool, flax, and cotton, boots and shoes, riding saddles, horse harness, sugar, tanned skins, and in general all edibles, shall pay 20 per cent.

Art. 7th.—From the preceding article are excepted wheat, flour and Italian corn, the first of which shall pay the equivalent of 12 rials silver per *fanega*, the second a like sum per *caja*, and the third the equivalent 1 rial silver per *fanega*.

Art. 8th.—Liquors, and spirituous liquors in general shall pay 25 per cent.

Art. 9th.—The charge of portage for articles of import, shall be 10 per cent. except dollar each package, in proportion to their weight and bulk.

Art. 10th.—The leakage allowed on wines, and spiritous liquors, beer and vinegar in wood, shall be calculated according to the port where the vessel loaded, allowing 10 per cent. for ports situated on the other side of the line, six per cent. from ports on this side, and 8 per cent. from ports within the Cape.

Art. 11th.—The allowance for breakage on bottled liquors, shall be 4 per cent. having come from the other side of the line, 4 per cent. from this side, and 2 per cent. from within the Cape.

CHAPTER II.  
Maritime Exports.

Art. 12th.—Bull, ox, and calskins shall pay two dollars each.

Art. 13th.—Skins of oxen and wild horse shall pay one dollar each.

Art. 14th.—Sleep skins shall pay three dollars per *caja*.

Art. 15th.—Slunk skins and other skins not enumerated in the preceding articles shall pay 4 per cent on their marketable value.

Art. 16th.—Animals of tallow and grease melted or raw, shall pay 3 dollars per *caja*.

Art. 17th.—Salted tongues in barrels shall pay five dollars per *caja*.

Art. 18th.—As live stock, black cattle shall pay 6 dollars each, horses 4 dollars each, swine and sheep two dollars each.

Art. 19th.—Animals of tallow and grease melted or raw, shall pay 3 rials per *arroba*.

Art. 20th.—Hair and wool dirty or washed shall pay two dollars per *caja*.

Art. 21st.—Bones, horns, and horn tips shall pay 4 per cent on their marketable value.

Art. 22d.—Any product or manufacture of the Province, not included in the foregoing articles, and in general all the fruits and products of the country, which are free from duty on their exportation.

Art. 23d.—Gold and silver, coined or in bullion are also free from duty.

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1853.

CHAPTER 3D.  
Of Land Imports.

Art. 24th.—The fruits and products of the Argentine Provinces are exempt from duties.

Art. 25th.—The introduction by land of any foreign article of merchandise subject to Customhouse duty, is prohibited.

CHAPTER 4th.  
Of the manner in which the duties are to be calculated.

Art. 26th.—The duties shall be calculated upon the wholesale market prices by Inspectors assisted by Appraisers.

Art. 27th.—Should an article consist of two or more materials, that have different duties assigned to them by this law, the one corresponding to that which pays the highest duty shall be recovered.

Art. 28th.—The Inspectors shall be assisted by Appraisers for the valuation of the articles to be dispatched for consumption: the Inspector of liquors and edibles by one who is conversant with the quality and value of the same, and the Inspector of manufactured articles by two Appraisers, one of whom shall be conversant with the prices of manufactured goods in general, and the other with the value of hardware.

Art. 29th.—The duties on the Customs shall pass yearly to the Tribunal of Commerce a list of ten dealers in liquors and edibles, and three in hardware, goods and commodities dealers in hardware.

Art. 30th.—The Appraiser who is to accompany the Inspector of liquors and edibles shall be drawn by lot from the first ten; the other six Appraisers shall be drawn by lot separately, one-half from the dealers in soft goods, and the other from those in hardware.

Art. 31st.—The lots shall be drawn by the Tribunal of Commerce every three months, and the names of the Appraisers, and the list will be supplied by lot, on the notice of the Collector.

Art. 32th.—The Appraisers shall discharge this duty for three consecutive months, without entering into the ballot for the re-employment.

Art. 33th.—The Appraisers shall attend daily at the despatch of the articles, and conjointly with the Inspector, and in presence of the party interested, shall fix the valuation which shall be noted by the Inspector.

Art. 34th.—The Appraisers shall attend at the table of the Inspector on the following day, to rectify the valuation made on the preceding day, at which the party interested may attend, and the manifest being signed by the Inspector and the Appraisers, and the date having been appended, the former shall remit it to the Collector General for his immediate liquidation.

Art. 35th.—Should any difference, exceeding ten per cent. on the valuation, arise between the Inspector and the party interested, three import Merchants shall decide thereon before the Collector of the Customs.

Art. 36th.—The Merchant Arbiters shall be formed yearly for said purpose, by the Tribunal of Commerce.

Art. 37th.—The Arbiters when met must decide before separating, and their sentence shall be carried into effect without appeal.

Art. 38th.—Should the value of the goods exceeding one thousand dollars, the Merchants shall accept lots, for equal instalments, at the following terms: first three and six months.

Art. 39th.—No one indebted to the Customs, shall be admitted to the office, until he is satisfied to discharge in the Office.

Art. 40th.—The alterations made in the import duties, shall be carried into effect, and shall come into effect from and after the 1st of January 1854.

Art. 41st.—The present law shall be revised annually.

Art. 42d.—Let it be communicated to the Executive Power.

AND

densed but characteristic account of the reception of the Royal Party, at the Palace of Industry.

"The members of the committee received Her Majesty as she alighted, and conducted her at once to a small and prettily fitted up apartment adjoining the main entrance. Thence, after a moment's pause, and preceded by them, she entered the central hall. From gallery and floor arose at once the most hearty cheers, which, accompanied by the music of the National Anthem, and the waving of hats and handkerchiefs, were prolonged as she advanced to the upper end of the hall. His Royal Highness Prince Albert and the young Princess accompanied Her Majesty, who was attended by the Duchess of Wellington, leaning on the arm of the Lord-Lieutenant, and the Countess St. Germans on that of Earl Granville. The committee who, headed by their chairman, George Roe, led the way, having reached the foot of the raised dais on which the throne had been placed, formed a semicircle at its base—while the Queen and the other members of the Royal family, according the custom took their places. Her Majesty in the center with the Prince of Wales on her right hand and Prince Albert and Prince Arthur on her left. The spectacle which the hall now presented was singularly imposing—in front, the ever august and venerable Sovereign, looking kindly, the Court, in an attitude of respectful attendance, and beyond them, on the verge of the highest eminence of the Irish nobility. The Queen appeared touched by the scene, which, probably, recalled to her memory some of the same description, though still more splendid. His Royal Highness Prince Albert seemed also affected, and both great emotion for some minutes over the great area of the hall, to the "splendid" which his enthusiasm of loyalty suggested to the assembled multitude. The deep sighs of expectation followed, as, at a signal from the Lord-Lieutenant, the Committee of the Exhibition drew forward, and their chairman Mr. Roe, read the following address which was applied to him by Mr. Deane, the secretary.

"May it please your Majesty,—"We, the Executive Committee of the Great Industrial Exhibition, cordially, tendering a dutiful welcome to your Majesty on your arrival in this part of your dominions, trust to extend to you the same loyal and devoted attachment to your throne and person.

"Recollecting the deep gratification which your Majesty affords to your Irish subjects by your gracious visits to this metropolis, and in former occasions, we cannot fail to attribute our being honoured by your august presence this day to your Majesty's special wish to foster and encourage an enterprise having for its object the industrial and intellectual improvement of your people.

"In this building, raised at the cost of a high-minded and generous person, whose name is honourably identified with projects of practical utility and grandeur, we are present for your Majesty's inspection a collection of arts and manufactures from most of the nations of Europe.

"To your Majesty and your Royal Consort we offer our grateful thanks, for the early and gracious encouragement extended to this undertaking, by your promise of those contributions which now grace the Exhibition.

"Acknowledging the assistance and hearty cooperation we have received from England and Scotland, as well as from foreign countries, in promoting this enterprise, which we have laboured to realize, we earnestly pray that your Majesty and your Royal House may long live to witness and enjoy the increased prosperity of your subjects, and their advance in all that can elevate and improve a nation."

In a clear firm voice Her Majesty made the following gracious reply:—"If receive with sincere pleasure your address, and I thank you for the expression of your loyal and devoted attachment. I will highly contribute to the relations of arts and manufactures from most of the countries of Europe, the object of which was to promote the industrial and intellectual improvement of my people, and it has added much to my gratification, in revisiting this portion of my dominions. I am proud to be present on a spirit of energy and self-reliance, and will not pecuniarily derive satisfaction from the public manifestations of my Irish subjects."

Lord Grenville was handing a copy of this reply to Mr. Roe, when an amusing incident occurred, which for a moment or two drew the attention of the assemblage en-

terest advertisements received till Friday a month, and visited with the most attentive and judicious at the following rates:

Not exceeding six lines, one insertion 38; three insertions 68; and five insertions 122. Those exceeding six lines, four full lines for the 1st, and two for each subsequent insertion.

Notices from the National Authorities, Consular Notices on subject of general interest, notices of Public Schools, Churches, Hospitals, benevolent and Beneficent Societies, 10—per page.

[Published in 1826.]

tirely away from the ceremony, and concentrated it upon another part of the hall. A very elegant bronze fountain, exhibited by Andrie, and placed in the hall, had tempted several of the spectators to eluster round it for a better view of it than it could afford. Whether the Royal speech had exercised a mystic influence upon it, or the moment was deemed propitious for a display of the kind, we are not prepared to say. It is certain that the Irishman's love of a noble overture or somebody who had the power to give certain effect to what he wanted to do, was certain that this fountain began to play, and the delectable application of a shower-bath under such circumstances, is not to be wondered at.

REPUBLIC OF CHILE.—We have been the first four numbers of the "Valparaiso Echo," a semi-monthly journal published in the English Language, and avowedly an "Organ of the Foreign Population in Chile." It contains a mass of interesting local matter, which ought and we trust will command the liberal patronage of the community to whose interests it is specially devoted; but we are at a loss to fancy from what source it can have derived certain notices of this section of South America; that all its smack more or less of Albany, and the Argentine Club that we have less than a year ago, we submit a few samples that neither merit nor require any comment.

Aug. 31st.—"Argentine Republic.—The last news we have is of the desertion of the late naval force of the Director General Urquiza, which under the command of Comodoro Coe, abandoned the cause of the Constitution. Coe abandoned the cause of the authority of the insurrectionary government, and the cause of the Republic, which Coe was obliged of Buenos Ayres. It is said that Coe was bribed of Montevideo, and having embarked his family, and the price of his treachery on board one of the English barking himself, was on the point of commencing his voyage to Montevideo, when he was prohibited from so doing by order of H. B. M's. Consul at Buenos Ayres still continues closely besieged by the forces of the Director.

"The new Constitution was solemnly sworn in all the provinces on the 9th of July last, and being the anniversary of one of the great instances of the success of the Argentine Republic.

"The provinces are perfectly tranquil and quietly realize the benefits of the present constituent Congress of Santa Fe and of the Director General Urquiza."

Sept. 14th.—"In our last number our notice of affairs in that state were very meagre and succinct indeed, owing to the paucity of communications from that quarter. The long expected port at length came in on the 5th inst., and we are in receipt of the "Constitution of the Mendoza up to the 24th ult., the last dates in Mendoza, and the arrival of the Rio de la Plata and the seat of war were of the 4th ult. The intelligence was gathered from the paper referred to, and is so important, and we hasten to afford our readers a few extracts from the principal features of the advice before us.

"The most striking circumstance is the cessation of hostilities of the besieged city of Buenos Ayres and the surrender of the part of the Supreme Director of the Republic, under the orders of General Urquiza.

"The Director General Urquiza, finding it impossible to continue the siege, and impose the new constitution on it at a point of bayonet, wisely considering that a continuation of the war would only tend to weaken the country, without arriving at any other result than anarchy and ruin, his own feelings, and the intelligence paralyzed effect by the desertion of the squadron under Commodore Coe, has desisted from his enterprise, and has been obliged to withdraw the army under General Urquiza was to submit to the authorities of Buenos Ayres, declaring that he was in a great measure satisfied with the submission having been agreed by the Government of the city, it was forthwith acted upon, and the intelligence was immediately disseminated at once recognized throughout the whole territory of the province, and tranquillity followed.

"General Urquiza addressed a message to the Congress, resigning the Directorship of the Republic, but that body refused to admit his resignation.

"The remaining provinces stand firm by

Foreign Intelligence.

IRELAND.—In the distracted state of Europe, it is pleasing to see how securely Queen Victoria has enthroned herself in the hearts of her Irish subjects, by a considerate and well timed course of policy. Her dissection in visiting the Dublin Industrial Exhibition is appreciated in its true light, and cannot fail to be productive of the most happy results. The following is a cou-

of the following gracious reply:—"If receive with sincere pleasure your address, and I thank you for the expression of your loyal and devoted attachment. I will highly contribute to the relations of arts and manufactures from most of the countries of Europe, the object of which was to promote the industrial and intellectual improvement of my people, and it has added much to my gratification, in revisiting this portion of my dominions. I am proud to be present on a spirit of energy and self-reliance, and will not pecuniarily derive satisfaction from the public manifestations of my Irish subjects."

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The A. I. coppered and copperfastened fast sailing Russian schooner 'SACKS'...

For Rio de Janeiro.

The A. I. Brazilian brig 'Carmello'...

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The A. I. Hamburg brig 'Serena Oscar'...

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Apply to her Consignees Messrs. Nicholson, Green & Co. For London direct.

The superior and copperfastened copperplated British bark 'Manuelita'...

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The very fast sailing Sardinian brig 'Populana'...

Apply to her Consignees Messrs. Nicholson, Green & Co. For London direct.

The superior and copperfastened copperplated British bark 'Manuelita'...

For Rio de Janeiro.

The very fast sailing Sardinian brig 'Populana'...

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For Rio de Janeiro.

The very fast sailing Sardinian brig 'Populana'...

For Sale. At J. BLUES'S Store, No. 48 Calle Mayo and No. 10 Calle La Merced... Superior port and sherry wines... Good old Madeira wines...

Notice to Merchants. At the Office No. 73, Calle Defensa, will be found on Sale, PRINTED CUSTOM HOUSE FORMS...

Notice. Wanted, water to go a short distance into the country. Any person interested will please apply at No. 19 Calle de la Reconquista.

For New York. The well known American ship 'Margaret Eliza'...

SHERRY WINE & COGNAC BRANDY. On sale, some superior brown Sherry at \$30 per gallon...

JOSEPH S. ARRIOLO. Custom House and General Commission Agent. All kinds of Goods and other articles received for sale...

SE W I N G. Dresses, Mantillas, and plain sewing; Millinery, and Children's Clothing...

Notice. The British Consulate General will be removed on Wednesday next to No. 7 Calle de Mayo.

A Visit to Mexico. By W. Parish Robertson, on sale at G. & H. Mackern's, 20 Calle San Martin.

Notice. An English female, fully competent, offers her services as a governess to be applied to Calle Defensa, No. 335.

For Sale. The whole establishment known as the 'Estafeta de la Union' existing already to the owner on the Premises.

ALMANACK FOR 1854. At \$100 THE GROSS. These persons who have stores in the country are informed...

German Apothecary AND Wholesale Drug Store, Calle de la Merced, No. 52. Offering the Argentine Theatre...

Notice. During my travels I have visited the most celebrated manufacturers of Germany, France, and Italy...

Notice. The partnership heretofore existing between O. J. Hayes and John Eastman...

Notice. The undersigned has this day entered into a partnership with the firm of Juan Gutierrez & Co.

Notice. 'Velasco's Spanish and English Dictionary, Spang & Surense's English and French Dictionary, 'Oleander's Grammar to learn Spanish'...

Notice. GENERAL FURNITURE WARE. No. 1303 Calle de la Victoria. Brass and Iron Bedsteads in every variety...

Notice. A Quinta, consisting of about 10 and 11 squares of ground, with a good house...

For Sale. A Quinta, consisting of about 10 and 11 squares of ground, with a good house...

Notice. A Quinta, consisting of about 10 and 11 squares of ground, with a good house...

Notice. A Quinta, consisting of about 10 and 11 squares of ground, with a good house...

Cumberland Hams. A few just received; also superior Brandy, Gin, Ale, Porter, Groceries and Naval Stores...

Mr. Julio Hornung begs to inform the Commercial Society of this city that he has this day opened his office...

SHIPING LIST. P. HERRERA & Co. Agents. 2000 Calle de Mayo. For Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Maranhao, Ceara, Pernambuco, Maranhao, Ceara, Pernambuco, Maranhao, Ceara...

MERCHANT VESSELS FROM THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES ON THE 15th inst.

Table with columns: Date of Arrival, Name of Vessel, Captain, Name of Consignees. Includes entries for BRITISH and AMERICAN ships.

Table with columns: Date of Arrival, Name of Vessel, Captain, Name of Consignees. Includes entries for BRITISH ships.

Table with columns: Date of Arrival, Name of Vessel, Captain, Name of Consignees. Includes entries for BRITISH ships.

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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. For Sale at No. 14, Calle Santa Clara. One of a horse power, portable Parsonage Machine...