

BRITISH PACKET



AND ARGENTINE NEWS.

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No. 1511.

BUENOS AYRES, Saturday, May 2, 1856.

Established in 1826.

American Intelligence.

The Reported Disturbances Between Lord Clarendon and Mr. Buchanan.

A report received by the telegraph from Halifax that Lord Clarendon and Mr. Buchanan had parted after an interview in which very angry words had been exchanged, has caused somewhat of a flutter in the commercial pulse here, and may be calculated to increase the uneasiness which for some time prevailed, as to the strength and durability of our friendly relations with our cousins upon the other side of the Atlantic. A moment's canvass, however, of the authority upon which the report is based, and consideration of the character of the two Statesmen between whom this verbal altercation is said to have taken place, will show at once how wholly improbable is such a rumour.

The journal upon whose authority this *canard* is reported, is the *Morning Advertiser*, a paper which is known as the receiver of all the filthy whispers and absurd fictions floating about the parlours of the British metropolis. It was established by the licensed Vitruvians of London as the organ of *Publican* principles, and through their patronage has obtained a place on the records of circulation second only to the *Times*, through of course following the levithian in the far off distance and with feeble step. But, though its circulation is extensive, it is exclusively confined to the bery and XX classes of London, who like strong, stalling reading, as a rich with fine drink. It lies like another Lazarus outside the Minister's door, to catch the smallest crumb of rumour, and upon the molehill of some smile of sign of a foreign Minister, as he passes out, builds up a mountain. It is more than probable that we owe to some twit in Mr. Buchanan's usually serene visage—the effect of neuralgia or a tight boot—this last portentous announcement. We have known still greater structures reared up by this same builder of *canards* on more flimsy foundations. The *Morning Advertiser* has no circulation among the more enlightened and intelligent classes in England, and has no reliable sources of information whatever. It is conducted by a Scotchman, Mr. Grant, author of the "Random Recollections of Houses of Lords and Commons," "The Great metropolis," &c., a very amusing personage, who declared for some years, on all public and private occasions, that he had devoted his life to the two objects of putting down the London *Times* and marrying a lady. It is probable that he has by this time become disenchanted of the former of these illusions. It is astonishing, indeed, the number of enthusiastic gentlemen who started in life in England with the object of putting down its present two greatest powers, the London *Times* and Lord Palmerston. Mr. Crumple has cherished a dream of this description for many years, and expended large sums in retaining himself and a Mr. Anstey, to put down the pleasant Premier. But after undergoing the vexation of seeing his co-laborer, Mr. Anstey, sell him, as he himself graphically pictures, "for an ice," and settle down as he has since done as the *Midas* of Hong Kong, he himself was slain by Palmerston in half a dozen jokes, and laughed lightly off the scene.

Indeed, nothing can be more inconsistent with the character of the two states who are presented in this rather rowdy fight, than such a personation of the angry boy. Mr. Buchanan is a gentleman who, however, firmly and rigidly he may press the views of his Government, possesses too much personal dignity to be betrayed into a wordy squabble. Then Lord Clarendon is a perfect creature of that calm climate of old diplomacy which is never ruffled by a hot or angry breath. Sent abroad early "to be for his country's good," he has been trained up in all those arts of simulation which are supposed to confer perfection in the profession to which he belongs. Of most courtly air and gracious manner, he conceals under an apparently honest and almost rash frankness the most felicitous cunning of approach and grasp of opportunity. It would be indeed strange to find one so thoroughly trained in the imperious school of Talleyrand depart from the smooth step of his order, and break into a row.

How far Lord Palmerston, who is imperious and obstinate, may be willing to consent to the withdrawal of Mr. Crampton and the substitution of another Minister in his place, is a matter of some question. The increased prospects of peace may induce him to assume a bolder attitude and higher tone. No one in England now; however, watches with a keener vision or takes more accurate measure of the flow of public opinion, and no one will be quicker to observe that that popular flood on which he has rode so gallantly against a Russian despot will

Amount of Produce shipped from the Port of Buenos Ayres, from 1st to 28th April 1856.

	GREAT BRITAIN.	FRANCE	GERMANY HOLLAND BELGIUM.	ITALY.	SPAIN.	HAVANA.	UNITED STATES.	BRAZIL.	PACIFIC.	MARTINICUS.	TOTAL OF APRIL.	TOTAL OF YEAR TO MAR.	GRAND TOTAL.
Number of vessels	9	3	8	2	3	4	4	2		1	36	142	178
Tonnage	2635	811	1997	307	688	849	1133	608		315	9373	35666	45039
ARTICLES													
Beef, pickled, quintals						14164					14164	103326	117490
Beef, preserved, cases											56	583	639
Bones	112900	55	1		20000						132000	189100	321100
Do, tons	248		8								256	873	1129
Bone ash, ten	991										991	3118	4019
Feathers, bales		5			2		3				10	52	62
Gum, tons												184	184
Hair, bales	45	51	8				89				193	816	1039
Do, sercons and bags	14	21					121				156	531	687
Do, cutting, bales	15		330		39		32				496	439	845
Hide, ox and cow, salted	8673	2318	9754	1456	400		4315				29321	216723	243444
Do, do, dry	5362	6069	17201	1395	21751		28337				80028	207725	287813
Do, horse, do		488			1160	75	354				2077	4568	6645
Do, do, salted	600	6713	3547		1000		1268				13128	43949	57977
Horns, ox and cow	10000	20000	37620		3297		12223				83740	314414	398154
Horn, tons			8								8	57	65
Skins, calf, bales					7		4				11	10	21
Do, deer, bales					83		75				159	514	674
Do, do, dozens					1		1				1	1	2
Do, goat bales							17				24	102	126
Do, do, dozens													
Do, nutria, bales	24										24	65	89
Do, do, dozens													
Do, sheep skins bales	67	223	88				2				380	2125	2505
Do, do, dozens		33									33	10	43
Do, slunk, calf, bales			3		7						10	10	20
Do, do, dozens							59				59	335	394
Mares grease, pipes											136	529	1665
Do, do, boxes	100	101	155		1						356	2417	2773
Tallow, pipes	15733	92	49								1731	5533	7264
Do, boxes	56				25	40					197	318	1383
Tobacco, boxes and sercons			6								6	1486	1492
Tobacco, bales	269	755	2468	133			465				4096	13459	17576
Do, sercons and bags											55	55	55

not sustain him in refusing the just requirements of the American people. For the rest, we shall not be at all surprised to hear, by the next steamer, that Mr. Buchanan has been partaking of a pleasant farewell dinner with Lord Clarendon, and smoking in all love and gentleness a parting pipe of peace. So let Wall-street be not disheartened, but move merrily along her way.

It is a question of very little importance whether, at a late interview, Lord Clarendon and Mr. Buchanan exchanged hard words, and parted angrily or not. The significance of any such occurrence would consist in defining the temper of Her Majesty's Government in regard to outstanding questions with the Government of this country. But no such definition is needed. Contemporaneously with the date of the acrocyrial quarrel, Lord Clarendon made explanations in the House of Lords decisive of the position of the Ministry. We have a tolerably full summary of his remarks. On the 31st of Jan. Parliament was opened by the Queen in person. The Address had been moved and seconded in the Lords, when the Earl of Derby remarked that no allusion was made by Her Majesty to the imbrogio with America, and asked explanations from the Foreign Secretary. The Minister made the explanations. In regard to the enlistment difficulty, he stated that the conduct of Mr. Crampton met with the unqualified approval of his Government; that the enlistment could not be regarded as an infraction of American laws; and, consequently, the reparation demanded by the American Government would not be conceded. Upon the Central American controversy he was no less explicit. The Ministry regarded the view communicated by the Secretary to Mr. Buchanan, in his latest dispatch, as a finality. Further negotiation on the subject between the two powers was out of the question. The only pacific alternative, namely, reference to arbitration, the Government of the United States had declined. The issue was made up on both sides, and could only be determined by trial of arms. Such was the substance of Lord Clarendon's statement; and, because made at the opening of the Session, and in the presence and upon the challenge of a powerful opposition, and even before the Address had been voted, it may be viewed as possessing the highest authority. To both demands of our Government a final negative is returned. We are referred to the last appeal; and how it can be avoided is a riddle, which even the scholastic logic of Attorney-General Caleb Cushing may be unable to solve.

We do not presume to say what ought to be the conduct of the President and Congress, touching this extremely delicate subject. What has been the uniform conduct of this and of all

other Governments, in the presence of such cases, there is less difficulty and no presumption in saying. The issue was always promptly met. The dignity and political influence of a Government, in relation to others, have been elevated valuation which forbids submission to insult or wrong, however powerful the aggressive party. Precedent requires the dismissal of Mr. Crampton; the immediate withdrawal of exequaturs issued to British Consuls engaged notoriously in the recruiting speculation; and such action on the part of Congress, as is usual when a solemn and recent Treaty has been violated, and the violators, declining redress propose to perpetrate the wrong. What trick of sophistry, what plea of expediency, can be decently used to postpone this obvious and obviously proper course, we cannot foresee. What hope will remain of retaining that respect and control in international politics, without which the United States will be a blank on the world's map, we cannot imagine. Very surely a timid and indecisive policy now dictated by apprehensions of war, must be as productive of war and bloodshed hereafter, as were the dragon's teeth in the fable. A peace so costly must be preserved by repeated and still more humiliating submission, until the popular pride at last gets the better of transient and ill-judged considerations of interest, and a contest may result with all the added violence which accumulated injuries and contumely must stimulate. That is clearly the most pacific course which dictates resolute action now, as the preventive of vast calamities hereafter.

We of course anticipate no such far-seeing policy while the State Department remains in the present hands. Secretary Marcy, it is well known, retains his position only to preserve peace. The post occupied by Mr. Buchanan was, we are assured, tendered to Mr. Marcy and declined, because he regarded war as inevitable should he leave the one he now fills. To complete the full term of his administration in that office, and leave behind him green memories of a peace-loving and peace conservative temper, as characteristic of his term, is the crowning ambition of the Secretary of State; and will certainly be gratified, though the deluge follow immediately with evils immensely magnified by postponement. That circumstance, together with the indisposition of the Pierce oligarchy to adopt any policy, however wise, which meets the approval of senator Steward and the Republicans, will probably preclude any generous or manly action upon the existing issue, unless absolutely driven to it by congressional pressure. We shall see, presently whether that is to be applied and how successfully.

WOOL AND RAW MATERIAL FREE!

We learn, on good authority, that the important revision of our present Tariff recommended in the last Report of Secretary Guthrie, meets the hearty approval of the Committee of Ways and Means, of which Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, is the head, who will shortly report a Tariff Bill—drawn under the advice of Mr. James, of Rhode Island, and other manufacturers—which will fix the import duty on all Goods, made in whole or part of Wool, Silk, Cotton, Hemp, Flax, &c., at thirty per Cent., and admitting Wool, Dyestuffs, Raw Silk, and all raw materials, free. It is understood that this bill meets the approbation of the President and Cabinet, and that it will undoubtedly be carried through by a large majority.

We hope so. It will inaugurate a new era in American manufactures. It removes the incubus that the Tariff of 1846 has settled upon our manufacturing interests, and will give us a fair chance to compete with the manufactures of England, France and Germany, which have so long held undisputed control of our market.

The new tariff bill cannot become a law too soon. By recent advices from abroad, we learn that France, with the sagacity that has always characterized her domestic economy, since the Berlin and Milan decrees, has reduced the import duty on foreign wool to a mere nominal rate, and has also offered a bounty on the export of her own wolen fabrics! These measures will tend directly to protect her own manufacturers, and encourage them to compete for the markets of the United States—the only markets in which they can expect to sell their goods in large quantities.

It becomes, therefore, a matter of self-defence, for our Congress to repeal immediately the present duty on wool and raw material, and to enact such a tariff law as that which is about to be submitted by the Committee of Ways and Means; which tends to counteract all the hostile legislation of foreign countries, and to discriminate in favor of American Industry, above all others.

BUENOS AYRES.

Monthly Retrospect.

In the department of manufactured goods, thanks to the very moderate importation of the last months, there is a better and healthier tone than the market has presented for the last two years. A fair amount has been done during April for the local consumption, and the demand for the Confederate Provinces has been steady, active and progressive. With the definitive

APPRENTICE.

Wanted an active lad in the Boot-shop, Calle Piedra No. 374. a13 3p

The Friend of all.



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

MIRACULOUS CURE OF GENERAL DEBILITY.
Translation of a letter from Baboo Sorabjee Chetty, of Alahabad, dated 11th October 1854.
To Professor Holloway,
Sir—For a number of years I suffered most intensely from general debility, disordered state of the liver, together with melancholy and drowsy feelings, which were horrible in the extreme. I had advice from some of the most clever native physicians, but to no purpose, my malady only increased. Being a strict Mussulman, I knew not what to do, (as the preparations of Europeans are forbidden by my holy religion) but after wavering between two opinions for some time, I determined to try your Pills, and by the grace of Allah, they have been the means of my restoration to health. Although fifty-eight years of age, I am now as agile as a boy, and have renewed vigor in every sense of the word. Accept my Salams, and believe me yours till death
(Signed) BABOO SORABJEE CHETTY.

AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR DROPSY.

Extract of a letter from the Rev. Octavio Martin of the London Mission, dated Manhattan, May 10th 1854.
To Professor Holloway,
Sir—Among my various travels, I have observed with great satisfaction the beneficial effect of your Pills in many cases where medical skill has been deflected. A most remarkable instance occurred (touching this description) five months ago, and has ever been present since in my imagination. I deem myself therefore bound to make you acquainted with the facts. A poor woman, at this place, who appeared to me to be on the verge of death, was suffering dreadfully from this complaint she was tapped eight times, within six months. I visited her myself, and gave her a box of your pills, and after taking them for some time she continued them, and persevered for about nine weeks, when she was perfectly cured; and has since through the blessing of Providence enjoyed the best of health. They are a truly invaluable remedy for females at the time of life, and for young women with obstructions in their health.
Yours truly,
(Signed) OCTAVIO MARTIN

WONDERFUL CASE!—DEATH BOBBED OF ITS VICTIM!—ASTHMA (CURED)—AFTER GIVEN UP BY ALL!

Copy of a letter from Chas. Smith, Esq., of Benares, dated March 12th, 1854.
To Professor Holloway,
Sir—I have been a victim here for the last seven years and during the whole of that time, till within the last few days, suffered incessantly with asthma, attended with continual spitting of blood which completely shook my constitution and deprived me of rest both day and night. I consulted a number of medical men at this station, but without success. My case was eventually given up, and my friends reluctantly admitted that all hope of recovery was past. In this pitiable condition I took your Pills, after continuing them for a week the necessity of any disorder disappeared and in three months I was completely cured. I still enjoy the best of health, and now relish the most simple food.
I remain Sir, your obliged Servant,
(Signed) CHARLES SMITH.

LIVER COMPLAINT OF FOURTEEN YEARS DURATION.

Copy of a letter from Mrs. Jane Thompson, (Widow of Lieut Thompson,) of Dinapore, dated the 15th of July, 1854.
To Professor Holloway,
Sir—For fourteen years I was in the most delicate state of health, suffering continuously from liver complaint and indigestion, the least thing deranging me from attending to my ordinary avocations although my diet was the most simple and regular. Fortunately about ten months ago when my health seemed likely to have fled, a friend kindly advised me to try your Pills, which after some persistence I consented to me. I need not say they quickly produced a change for the better, and by continuing them, every symptom of my disorder disappeared and I am now perfectly cured; my health being better than it has been for the last fifteen years. I ought not to forget to mention that my daughter aged sixteen who suffers considerably for two years, has just been restored to health by your invaluable Pills. I am Sir, (an advocate for your system of medicine, and your obliged Servant,
(Signed) JANE THOMPSON.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Ague | Indigestion |
| Asthma | Jandice |
| Bilious Complaints | Liver Complaints |
| Bleeding on the Skin | Lumbago |
| Bowel Complaints | Piles |
| Colic | Rheumatism |
| Constipation of the Bowels | Retention of Urine |
| Consumption | Serofula, or King's Evil |
| Debility | Sore Throat |
| Dropsy | Stomach and Gravel |
| Dysentery | Secondary Symptoms |
| Erysipelas | The Buboereux |
| Female Irregularities | Tumours |
| Fever of all kinds | Ulcers |
| Fits | Veneral Affections |
| Gout | Worms of all kinds |
| Head-ache | Weakness, from what ever de ac |
| Inflammation | |

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar, London), and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire; also wholesale and retail, in pots and boxes at the Drug Store of J. EASTMAN, No. 7, Calle Defensa.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder, are affixed to each box.

IMPORTANT SALE OF PROPERTY.

Belonging to the Heirs of the late F. J. Kaufmann:
1st.—The Barraca forming the corner of the Calles Piedra and Uruguay, with house, galpon, &c., having 44 varas frontage, and 70 in depth (entrance No. 410, Calle Piedra).
2d.—The house No. 418 Calle Piedra, with 6 1/2 varas frontage, and 70 in depth.
3d.—The Quinta situated in the calle Socorro, about 1 1/2 squares from the Cinco Esquinas, with 105 varas frontage to the North, and 105 varas frontage to the South, containing a large collection of choice fruit trees and a house in a fair state of repairs.
4th.—The large and commodious house, No. 54 calle Mayo, opposite the Commercial Rooms, now called the Victoria Hotel, front 10 and a half varas, depth 20 and a half.
For further particulars apply to the Curators at No. 106, calle Piedra, where the titles inventory plans, &c. may be seen.

BUENOS AYRES AND THE PROVINCES OF THE RIVER PLATE, BY NORTH AMERICAN SEMINARY.

For sale at G. & H. Mackers, Calle San Martin No. 20. m8-c0

This Institution, located in the house formerly occupied by Spencer J. Wild, Esq., No. 73, Calle Maypa, and conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Carrow, will be opened for the reception of pupils on the 7th of January.

It will consist of three departments, viz: one for infants, another for boys of advanced years, and a third for young ladies. Such alterations have been made in the apartments of the house as will afford separate and commodious halls of study for each class of pupils.

Instructions will be given in all the branches of a liberal education. The pupils will be under the constant and careful superintendance of the principals. The principals have enjoyed the best opportunities for acquiring a complete knowledge of the various educational Institutions of their own country, and their system of teaching will be the same as that which is practiced in the United States with such pre eminent success.

Special attention will be given to the instruction of native children, whose parents wish them to acquire a thoroughly correct knowledge of the English language.

For particulars apply at the Institution, or at No. 18, Calle de la Merced.

The principals beg leave also to refer to the following gentlemen:
Thomas Armstrong, Esq., S. B. Hale, Esq., Henry Gilbert, Esq., Col. Joseph Graham, H. J. Lopez, Esq., W. T. Livingston, Esq., Dr. H. W. Kennedy. j5-c0

To Passengers per Barque William Pate.
All p. rons indebted to Captain Joseph Spott for balance of passage money by the above mentioned barque, are hereby requested to call at the house of Messrs. Best Brothers, of this City, and settle the same; otherwise, legal proceedings will be instituted against them by parties who hold a formal Power of Attorney for that purpose. n10-c0

BEST SMITH COALS.

New landing, Hartwood double screened nut coal, and will be delivered at purchaser's house full English ton, [2240 lbs.]. One ton of this coal will go as far as one and a half of ordinary smith coal.

ALSO, new landing Newcastle iron chold coal, and will be delivered full one ton at purchasers house. Apply at Calle Defensa No. 20. n10-c0

Ziberia frente al Colegio.

Calle Santa Rosa, No. 46.
FINE BOOKS.
Great assortment of books suitable for Christmas day.
History of England, by Goldsmith, 1 vol.
Adventures of Robinson Crusoe, 1 vol., with numerous engravings by Grandville.
Byron's Poetical Works, 1 vol.
Arabian Nights, 1 vol.
Popular display of the Wonders, 1 vol.
Bouffon's Natural History, 1 vol.
Friendship's Offering, 1 vol.
The Bachelor's Christmas.
Simpson's Works, and many other novels and illustrated books of every description. d22-

ANGLO-FRENCH SEMINARY.

CALLE SANTA CLARA No. 129.
The undersigned, ex-teacher of the "English Seminary," begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that on the 2d of January next, he will open the said establishment, limited to the number of fifty scholars, and hopes that by his assiduous application he will merit a share of their protection and approbation. W. PARODY.

REMOVAL.

The Office of J. T. Blackaway & Co. has removed from San Martin No. 90 to Chacabuco No 6 1/2 front of the Filarmónica rooms.

TO LET an Office with front to the street. Apply at calle San Martin No. 90. a5-3p

ENGLISH SEMINARY.

SUIPACHIA, No. 24.
Josiah Negrotto, Principal, assisted by two others; and by

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|-------------|---|--|
| Professors. | { | Dupuis, Mathematics. |
| | | Larsen, Latin. |
| | | Roca, French. |
| | | White, English and Spanish. |
| Professors. | { | Cadiz, Book keeping in Spanish. |
| | | Jensen, " " " English. |
| | | " Drawing. |
| | | Navarro, Vocal and Instrumental music. |

The most satisfactory proof of the efficient organization of this institution, is the unsolicited patronage uninterruptedly awarded to it notwithstanding the undiluting execution of its salutary regulations.

The premises afford every desirable convenience for boarders, half boarders and day scholars. The studies will be resumed on Monday next, 7th inst.

The programme may be had by application to the Principal, and the best bona fide referees that can possibly be given, are the parents and guardians of the present and former scholars.

NEGROTTTO.

Buenos Ayres, January 24, 1856.

CATTLE FOR SALE.

At about 15 leagues to the south of this City, from 6 to 700 head of black cattle tame.
Wanted for the same establishment two M. dianeros persons to take stock on shares.
For further particulars apply at calle Defensa No. 114.

NOTICE.

The copartnership which has hitherto existed under the firm of Eberhard & Co., at this place and Montevideo expires this day. The same business as heretofore will be continued under the new firm of Fels & Co., by the undersigned partners, who take charge of the liquidation of all affairs of the extinct firm.

L. A. SCHULTZ,
H. SPILCKER,
J. T. FELS,
J. E. CLAUSSEN,
A. HORNEY.

Buenos Ayres and Montevideo, December 31 1855.

G.A.S.

James Colquhoun and Sons, Gas-engineers in all its departments, have the honour of acquainting the inhabitants of this City, that they are prepared to place the expense of new lamps; the charges being moderate, and a satisfactory guarantee given to parties who require such alterations— Apply at Calle San Martin, No. 12. j5 19-c0

Their long experience in England and elsewhere is a sufficient voucher for their competency in the art, and having in their employment some of the first class, as also materials of the best quality, they can produce work superior to any thing in the Country, and for which they will hold themselves responsible to their employers.

They also acquaint the Public, that any kind of lamp that has served for oil, can be altered in their establishments so as to serve for Gas, thereby saving the expense of new lamps; the charges being moderate, and a satisfactory guarantee given to parties who require such alterations— Apply at Calle San Martin, No. 12. j5 19-c0

TO LET.

To a single gentleman, two or four unfurnished, or if required, furnished rooms, with attendance, situated at four squares from the Plaza de la Victoria. Apply calle de Esmeralda, 18. a 26 3p

BROWN WINDSOR SOAP.

G. & H. Macken have on sale a lot of very superior Windsor Soap. a 36 1p

MERCHANT VESSELS from Sea in the Port of Buenos Ayres on the 30th ult.

Date of Arrival	Name	Tonnage	Origin	Destination
Nov. 10	Sch. 7 de Marzo	137	BRITISH	Harris
Dec. 29	Bk. Gensler	111	BRITISH	William
Jan. 9	Bk. Alan Best	333	BRITISH	Clyde
Jan. 22	Bk. Kyle	532	BRITISH	William
Jan. 26	Bk. Ocean Spite	243	BRITISH	Kapit
Feb. 1	Bk. Victory	757	BRITISH	West
Feb. 6	Bk. Glouba	219	BRITISH	Grandad
Feb. 29	Bk. Water Whirl	402	BRITISH	Armsburgh
Mar. 2	Bk. Favourite	277	BRITISH	Grimshich
Mar. 2	Bk. Jona	215	BRITISH	Whitton
Mar. 4	Bk. Emerald	292	BRITISH	Dixon
Mar. 22	Bk. Fortuna	259	BRITISH	Wellman
Mar. 23	Bk. Vehicula	290	BRITISH	Baird
Mar. 29	Bk. Admiral Napier	359	BRITISH	Lovel
Mar. 29	Bk. Danusia	276	BRITISH	Level
April 10	Bk. Olio	216	BRITISH	P. Grubly
April 17	Bk. Istria	362	BRITISH	Saunders
April 21	Bk. Annie Carlyle	291	BRITISH	Bowling
April 22	Bk. John Risson	395	BRITISH	Finn
April 22	Bk. Salacia	283	BRITISH	Eller
April 29	Sch. Venus	148	BRITISH	J. M. Brewer

Date of Arrival	Name	Tonnage	Origin	Destination
Jan. 6	Bk. W. L. Lewis	254	AMERICAN	Sellawial
April 1	Bk. Mary William	265	AMERICAN	Nelsonson
April 12	Bk. Rebecca	534	AMERICAN	Wick
April 13	Bk. Jarrad	462	AMERICAN	Lange
April 21	Bk. Kiriandil	520	AMERICAN	Bendall
April 28	Bk. West Coast	331	AMERICAN	G. G. M. Stinson

Date of Arrival	Name	Tonnage	Origin	Destination
Mar. 27	Bk. Pietro Alexandra	248	FRENCH	Thibaud
Mar. 27	Bk. Jean d'Are	297	FRENCH	Gaiment
Mar. 28	Bk. Genet	201	FRENCH	Lang
April 6	Bk. Henri de Louis	192	FRENCH	Souque
April 9	Bk. Gad	628	FRENCH	Carret
April 21	Bk. A. Laine	416	FRENCH	M. de la
April 21	Bk. Alys	416	FRENCH	Dumouss
April 27	Bk. Indus	517	FRENCH	Barita
April 28	Bk. Caroline	188	FRENCH	F. Bajjan
April 28	Bk. Pauline et Victoire	233	FRENCH	Deparant

Date of Arrival	Name	Tonnage	Origin	Destination
Dec. 22	Bk. Joven Eduardo	260	SPANISH	Sansat
Jan. 6	Bk. Juan	215	SPANISH	Meyrelles
Jan. 22	Bk. Union	113	SPANISH	E. Ochoa & Co.
Jan. 24	Bk. Siro	234	SPANISH	Bertrand
Mar. 6	Bk. José Leon	—	SPANISH	—
Mar. 6	Bk. Julio	—	SPANISH	—
April 3	Bk. Antonio Maria	228	SPANISH	Mataro
April 6	Bk. Eloisa	200	SPANISH	Ferrer
April 8	Bk. Manuel	165	SPANISH	Ducal
April 11	Bk. Moniquita	155	SPANISH	Garcia
April 13	Bk. Estelvina	109	SPANISH	Sise
April 27	Bk. Felix	208	SPANISH	D. Garcia

Date of Arrival	Name	Tonnage	Origin	Destination
Feb. 10	Bk. Concepcion	182	SARDINIAN	Chiazza
Mar. 21	Bk. Pietro	241	SARDINIAN	Cusumana
Mar. 25	Bk. Lariano	200	SARDINIAN	Chiazza
Mar. 27	Bk. Casera Familia	85	SARDINIAN	Pedesta
April 1	Bk. Chusa	242	SARDINIAN	Vassallo
April 13	Bk. Tomasia	227	SARDINIAN	Garzoli

Date of Arrival	Name	Tonnage	Origin	Destination
Mar. 2	Bk. Guillermina	157	BRAZILIAN	Cardia
Mar. 16	Bk. Copernico	—	BRAZILIAN	—
Mar. 25	Bk. Copernico	—	BRAZILIAN	—
Mar. 27	Bk. Polcano	176	BRAZILIAN	Gonzalez
April 11	Pol. Adela y Rosa	188	BRAZILIAN	Nicolich

Date of Arrival	Name	Tonnage	Origin	Destination
April 27	Bk. Dorothea	200	DANISH	Diewitz
Jan. 9	Bk. Norge	600	HANNOVERIAN	Selberg

Date of Arrival	Name	Tonnage	Origin	Destination
Jan. 20	Bk. Plantin	280	BELGIAN	Freudea
April 6	Bk. Daniel Ross	480	HAMBURG	Kessel