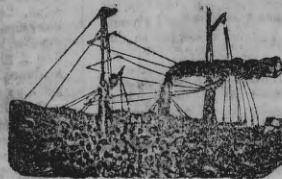


# BRITISH PACKET



## AND ARGENTINE NEWS.

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No. 1551.

BUENOS AYRES, Saturday, July 12, 1856.

Established in 1826.

### FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

#### The Treaty of Peace.

##### Article 20.

In exchange for the towns, ports, and territories enumerated in article 4 of the present Treaty, and in order the better to assure the liberty of the navigation of the Danube, H. M. the Emperor of all the Russias consents to the rectification of his frontier in Bessarabia.

The new frontier will start from the Black Sea, at one kilometre to the east of Lake Bourna-Sola, will perpendicularly rejoin the Akermann road, follow this road as far as the Valley of Trajan, pass to the South of Belgrade, reascend along the river of Yalpuck as far as Saratsika, and will terminate at Kakamori, on the Pruth. Above this point the old frontier between the two empires will undergo no modification.

Delegates of the contracting powers will settle, in its details, the boundary line of the new frontier.

##### Article 21.

The territory ceded by Russia shall be annexed to the Principality of Moldavia, under the suzerainty of the Sublime Porte.

The inhabitants of this territory will enjoy the rights and privileges assured to the Principalities, and during the space of three years they shall be permitted to remove their domicile elsewhere, freely disposing of their property.

##### Article 22.

The Principalities of Wallachia and Moldavia continue to enjoy, under the suzerainty of the Porte, and under the guarantee of the contracting powers, the privileges and immunities of which they are in possession. No exclusive protection shall be exercised over them by any one of the guaranteeing powers. There shall be no private (*particuliere*) right of interference with their internal affairs.

##### Article 23.

The Sublime Porte engages to preserve to the aforesaid Principalities an independent and national administration, as well as full liberty of worship, legislation, commerce and navigation.

The laws and statutes now in force shall be revised. To establish a complete accord as to this revision, a special commission, with regard to the composition of which the high contracting parties will come to an understanding, will assemble without delay at Bucharest, together with a commission of the Sublime Porte.

The task of this commission will be to inquire into the actual state and condition of the Principalities, and to propose the basis of their future organisation.

##### Article 24.

H. M. the Sultan promises to convoke immediately in each of the two provinces, a *divan ad hoc*, composed in such a manner as to constitute the most exact representation of the interests of all classes of society. These *divans* are to give expression to the wishes of the population relative to the definitive organisation of the Principalities. An instruction of the Congress will regulate the relations of the commission with these *divans*.

##### Article 25.

Taking into consideration the opinion expressed by the two *divans*, the commission will without delay, transmit the result of its own labour, to the present seat of the Conference. The final understanding with the Suzerain Power will be recorded (*consacree*) in a convention concluded at Paris between the high contracting Parties, and a *hatti-sheriff* conformable to the stipulations of the convention will definitively constitute the organisation of these—placed henceforth under the collective guarantee of all the Powers parties to the treaty.

##### Article 26.

It is agreed that there shall be in the Principalities an armed national force, organised with the object of maintaining the security of the interior, and assuring that of the frontiers. No impediment (*entrave*) is to be placed in the way of such extraordinary measures of defence as may accord with the Sublime Porte, the Principalities may be under the necessity of taking (*separatim appeles a prendre*) to repulse any foreign aggression.

##### Article 27.

If the internal tranquility of the Principalities should be menaced or compromised, the Sublime Porte will come to an understanding with the other contracting Powers as to the measures to be taken to maintain or to re-establish legal order. No armed intervention can take place without a previous accord with these powers.

##### Article 28.

The Principality of Servia will continue to be dependent upon (*a recevoir de*) the Sublime Porte so far as the Imperial Hatts, which fix and determine its rights and immunities placed henceforth under the collective guarantee of the contracting Powers.

In consequence the said Principality will preserve its independent and national administration as well as full liberty of worship, legislation, commerce and navigation.

##### Article 29.

The right of garrison of the Sublime Porte, such as is stipulated for by anterior regulations is maintained. No armed intervention is to take place in Servia without a previous accord between all the contracting powers.

##### Article 30.

His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias and his Majesty the Sultan keep in its integrity the state of their possessions in Asia, such as it existed legally before the rupture.

In order to prevent any local contest, the boundary of the frontier will be verified, and if need be, rectified, but so that no territorial prejudice shall result to either of the two parties from any such rectification.

With this view a mixed commission, composed of two Russian commissioners, two Ottoman commissioners, one French commissioner, and one English commissioner, shall be sent to the locality (*sur les lieux*) immediately after the re-establishment of diplomatic relations between the Courts of Russia and the Sublime Porte. The labours of this commission are to be terminated within the space of eight months, dating from the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty.

##### ARTICLE 31.

The territories occupied during the war by the troops of their Majesties the Emperor of the French, the Emperor of Austria, the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the King of Sardinia, under the terms of the Conventions signed at Constantinople on March 12, 1854, between France, Great Britain, and the Sublime Porte, the 14th of June of the same year between Austria and the Sublime Porte, and the 15th of March, 1855, between Sardinia and the Sublime Porte, shall be evacuated as soon as possible (*aussitot que faire se pourra*) after the ratification of the present treaty. The time within which the evacuation is to be effected (*les delais*) and the means of execution will be the subject of a convention between the Sublime Porte and the Powers whose troops occupy the territories.

##### Article 32.

Until the treaties or conventions which existed before the war upon the belligerent Powers shall have been renewed or replaced by new acts, the commerce of importation and exportation shall go on reciprocally upon the footing of the rules in force before the war, and their subjects shall in all other respects (*en toute maniere*) be respectively treated upon the footing of the most favoured nation.

##### Article 33.

The convention concluded this day between their Majesties the Emperor of the French, the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland of the one part, and His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias on the other part, relative to the Aland Isles, is and remains annexed to the present treaty, and shall have the same force and value as if it had made part of it.

##### Article 34.

The present treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged in Paris within the space of four weeks, or sooner, if possible. In faith of which the respective plenipotentiaries have signed it, and have hereto affixed the seal of their arms.

### ADDITIONAL AND TRANSITORY ARTICLE.

The stipulations of the convention respecting the Straits, signed this day, shall not be applicable to the vessels of war employed by the belligerent Powers for the evacuation by sea of the territories occupied by their armies; but the said stipulations shall resume their entire effect as soon as the evacuation shall be terminated. Done at Paris the 30th day of the month of March, in the year 1856.

### CONVENTIONS ANNEXED TO THE TREATY.

I.—Convention between Her Majesty, the Emperor of Austria, the Emperor of the French, the King of Prussia, the Emperor of Russia, and the King of Sardinia, on the one part, and the Sultan on the other part, respecting the Straits of the Dardanelles and of the Bosphorus.

(Signed at Paris March 30, 1856. Ratification exchanged at Paris April 27, 1856.)

In the name of Almighty God.

Art. 1. His Majesty the Sultan, on the one part, declares that he is firmly resolved to maintain for the future the principle invariably established as the ancient rule of his empire, and in virtue of which it has at all times been prohibited for the ships of war of foreign Powers to enter the Straits of the Dardanelles and of the Bosphorus, and that, so long as the Porte is at peace, His Majesty will admit no foreign ship of war into the said Straits.

And their Majesties the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Emperor of Austria, the Emperor of the French, the King of Prussia, the Emperor of All the Russias, and the King of Sardinia, on the other part, engage to respect this determination of the Sultan, and to conform themselves to the principle above declared.

Art. 2. The Sultan reserves to himself, as in past times, to deliver firmans of passage for light vessels under flag of war, which shall be employed, as usual, in the service of the missions of foreign powers.

Art. 3. The same exception applies to light vessels under flag of war, which each of the contracting powers authorised to station at the mouths of the Danube, in order to secure the execution of the regulations relative to the liberty of that river, and the number of which is not to exceed two for each power.

Art. 4. The present convention, annexed to the general treaty signed at Paris this day, shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged in the space of four weeks, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at Paris the 30th day of the month of March, in the year 1856.

2.—Convention between the Emperor of Russia and the Sultan, Limiting their Naval Force in the Black Sea.

(Signed at Paris, March 30. Ratifications exchanged at Paris, April 27, 1856.)

In the Name of Almighty God.

Art. 1. The high contracting parties mutually engage not to have in the Black Sea any other vessels of war than those of which the number, the force, and the dimensions are hereinafter stipulated.

Art. 2. The high contracting parties reserve to themselves each to maintain in that sea six steamvessels of 50 metres in length at the line of floatation, of a tonnage of 800 tons at the maximum, and four light steam or sailing vessels, of a tonnage which shall not exceed 200 tons each.

Art. 3. The present convention, annexed to the general treaty signed at Paris this day, shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged in the space of four weeks, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at Paris, the 13th day of the month of March, in the year 1856.

3.—Convention between His Majesty, the Emperor, of the French and the Emperor of Russia, respecting the Aland Islands.

(Signed at Paris, March 30, 1856.—Ratifications exchanged at Paris, April 27, 1856.)

In the Name of Almighty God.

Art. 1. His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, in order to respond to the desire which has been expressed to him by their Majesties the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the Emperor of the French, declares that the Aland Islands shall not be fortified, and that no military or naval establishment shall be maintained or created there.

Art. 2. The present convention, annexed to the general treaty signed at Paris this day shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged in the space of four weeks, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at Paris, the 30th of the month of March, in the year 1856.

### MARITIME LAW.

Declaration respecting Maritime Law, signed by the Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, Russia, Sardinia, and Turkey assembled in Congress at Paris, April 16, 1856.

### TRANSLATION.

The Plenipotentiaries who signed the treaty of Paris, of the 30th of March, 1856, assembled in conference.—Considering—

That maritime law, in time of war, has long been the subject of deplorable disputes;

That the uncertainty of the law and duties in such a matter gives rise to difference of opinion between neutrals and belligerents which may occasion serious difficulties, and even conflicts.

That it is consequently advantageous to establish at uniform doctrine on so important a point;

That the Plenipotentiaries assembled in Congress at Paris cannot better respond to the intentions by which their Governments are animated than by seeking to introduce into international relations fixed principles in this respect;

The abovementioned Plenipotentiaries, being duly authorized, resolved to concert among themselves as to the means of attaining this object; and, having come to an agreement, have adopted the following solemn declaration:

1. Privateering is, and remains, abolished.
2. The neutral flag covers enemy's goods, with the exception of contraband of war.
3. Neutral goods, with exception of contraband of war, are not liable to capture under enemy's flag.
4. Blockades, in order to be binding, must be effective—that is to say, maintained by a force sufficient really to prevent access to the coast of the enemy.

The Government of the undersigned Plenipotentiaries engage to bring the present declaration to the knowledge of the States which have not taken part in the Congress of Paris, and to invite them to accede to it.

Convinced that the maxims which they now proclaim cannot but be received with gratitude by the whole world, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries doubt not that the efforts of their Governments to obtain the general adoption thereof will be crowned with full success.

The present declaration in not and shall not be binding; except between those Powers who have acceded or shall accede to it.

Done at Paris, the 16th of April, 1856.

### BUENOS AYRES

After three hundred years of a colonial dependence, during which no means were spared to keep the colonists ignorant of their social rights, and unconquainted by intercourse with the world, a few resolute men assembled we might almost say fortuitously at Tucuman, swayed by innate impulses, it would now be difficult to decipher or describe, and dazzled perhaps by the example of the great Northern Republic, courageously dared to pronounce the word—Independence.

Since that epoch forty years of vicissitudes and reverses have elapsed, and the germ of thought expressed by that term has become a tangible and an enduring reality; indeed, like a sickly child to me

ternal affection, by the care and trouble it has cost.

The Argentine Republic, that should have corresponded to the ancient "Virreynato de Buenos Ayres," is now subdivided into parts of Bolivia, Paraguay, the Confederate Provinces, the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, and the non-descript state of Buenos Ayres; and perhaps the only bond of union common to all, is a sentiment of complacency and pride, associated with the memorable declaration of the 9th July 1816; that stands, like Jacob's pillar, a solitary monument in the desert of the past, but may one day serve as a nucleus and rallying point for the reunion of the scattered tribes, and the reconstruction of the Argentine nationality.

We have now completed the forty years of errors and wanderings in the desert, and the generation that sanctioned and sealed the declaration of independence, the heaven-inspired and miraculous passage of the Jordan, is all but extinct; and though personal ambition and party pretensions still present obstacles to be surmounted, there are other more powerful and permanent influences at work; that point to the proximate realization of the generous and patriotic idea implied in the declaration referred to. The bastard projects of sectional isolation and differential duties, are cobwebs that present a futile and ephemeral resistance to the energy of commercial enterprise and the omnipotence of steam navigation; the handmaids of Providence, if we may so speak, in working out the grand problem of modern civilisation. When the impotence of partial efforts has been fully demonstrated, and the mists of ignorance and local prejudice dissipated by mutual intercourse, men will see their interests in their true light and dimensions, and combine their efforts for a common object.

In regard to their independence, there is nothing to fear from the old metropolis, but as a barrier and counterpoise to the Empire of Brazil, it is indispensable that the South-American Republics should combine their efforts for mutual defence; and in particular that the sections of the Argentine Republic should set the example, as the most exposed, from their immediate vicinity, to the encroachments of a grasping and unscrupulous policy.

As our public demonstrations are pretty much a fac-simile of each other, we need not offer a particular description of so hackneyed a theme.

The attendance in the Plaza de la Victoria, on the evening of the 9th, was very numerous; and the spectators had an opportunity of appreciating the superior effect of gas illumination. The fireworks were also very effective, and the herald balloon more majestic in its ascent than we have been accustomed to witness on other occasions. On the contrary the attendance in the Cathedral was rather thin; but the theatres and other places of public resort, we are informed, had convincing proofs of the loyalty and enthusiasm of the inhabitants. Altogether the celebrations of 1856 went off with sufficient eclat, and were favoured with fine weather, that enhanced their effect.

**SOUTHERN FRONTIER.**—The recent news from the Azul are decidedly pacific. Commissioners had arrived from Cacique Catriel bearing despatches for H. E. the Governor, in which he makes solemn protestations of his wish to cultivate friendly relations with the Christians. He has forwarded some captives, and apologises for the delay in sending others, as they are widely scattered and require to be bought back from their respective captors; whose exclusive property they are recognised to be by the Indian code.

The circumstance of Calficura's keeping aloof, while Catriel, a subaltern Cacique, is put forward and allowed to treat in this matter, is rather suspicious; as of course the superior may at any stage decline to implement the stipulations of an inferior. These are difficulties arising from the kind of enemy with whom we have to do, and the want of reliable guarantees for the observance and fulfilment of any treaties into which they may enter.

In the meantime this partial contact with Catriel affords an opportunity of detaching him from the Confederacy; and if this can be effected, we should consider it the most important triumph of all, better than a treaty with Calficura himself. With this view we have been told that General Escalada proposes recognising his right to a district of land, and erecting on it a substantial and commodious house for his accommodation. It appears a most felicitous suggestion, and ought not to be lost sight of; and should funds be required for making the experiment, we venture to say that they will be forthcoming at the call of the gallant veteran, in whose zeal and self-devotion the hopes of the community rest now confided.

**BRAZIL AND PARAGUAY.**—President Lopez has demonstrated the better part of valour

and ratified the treaty negotiated on his behalf by Messrs. Lopez and Vargas. The treaty itself we have not published, but it is pretty well known that the free navigation of the Paraguay is distinctly stipulated, and the question of boundaries postponed for the next six years. We congratulate all parties concerned on this auspicious result.

**THE DRAG.**—According to a notice published in the daily papers, the Drag is now ready to operate, and will make trial of its powers to-morrow at the mouth of the Riachuelo. The Government, the Committee of management and other parties are invited to attend; and should the weather prove favourable no doubt a numerous concourse will be attracted by the novelty of the occasion.

To the community at large this is an undertaking of the greatest interest. With free ingress and egress the port of the Riachuelo is destined to become the central emporium, as regards the traffic of the interior rivers; and to complete the circle of communication we must insist anew, on the realization of one or other of the projected rail-roads from that point to the City. The greater the number of vessels attracted to that point, the greater the need of a cheap and expeditious mode of land conveyance; and of all the lines that have been or can be proposed, we are persuaded that none is of easier execution, or more likely to prove amply remunerative.

**DEAR BREAD.**—At the price we now pay for bread in Buenos Ayres, it is proper the public should know the situation and prospects of the grain market in New York, and for the purpose of supplying that information we give the following extract from a late number of the "New York Herald." We are not opposed to a reasonable protection to agricultural interests; but an import duty on grain and flour at the present rates is a scandal that we feel bound to denounce to the authorities; and we think most will feel in the same way after reading the extract above mentioned.

**FLOUR COMING DOWN.**—Who could have believed last December that flour in April, from common to good New York State flour, would be quoted in this city at a fraction under \$6 a barrel? Yet this thing has come to pass, and the probabilities are that flour, breadstuffs, and provisions of all kinds will continue to come down for the balance of the year. The bulk of our prodigious crops of last year still remains in the interior. In addition to this our long war in Europe and of still upward prices for breadstuffs, put in an immense breadth of land for the coming harvest. Should this harvest, therefore be an average one per acre, the aggregate yield will swell our existing surplus to an incredible amount; but should it be a harvest like that of last year, bread and meat will be cheap and plentiful beyond all anticipations. This will especially be the result with good crops in Europe, and the Russian depots in the Black Sea and the Baltic opened to the wants of England and France. We understand that on Wednesday from 8,000 to 10,000 barrels of flour were sold in this city at an advance of 1s upon a speculation; but this is no indication whatever of the suspension of the ebb tide. It is on the run, and must run out. We are not sorry. Our farmers have realised handsome prices for three or four years, and can afford a reduction without loss in a crop or two; and as the aggregate we have never known or heard of any country on the face of the earth that has suffered from bread being too cheap, so when they tell us that flour is coming down, we feel sufficiently resigned to exclaim—"let it come down."

**Each age.—12 JULY TH.**

Spanish Dollars and Palaeones	26
Port of Doubloons	3074
Spanish do	3074
Bills on England per Doubloon	65 24 1/2
do	65 24 1/2
Currency, per Dollar	2 1/2
do	2 1/2
France, per Doubloon	1 1/2
United States do	1 1/2
Bio Janeiro, highest prices during the week	3074
Patriot Doubloons	301
do	301
Exchange on England, highest during the week	65 1/2
do	65 1/2
do	65 1/2

**MARINE LIST.**

**Port of Buenos Ayres.**

**ARRIVALS.**

July 4th.

Pampero, British steamer, D. Soutar, from Montevideo 3d inst., with 73 casks lime, 11 boxes merchandise, 50 do absynth, 25 bags wheat, 60 bars iron, 19 hogheads and 10 kegs hardware. Passengers 80.

Courier, Danish brig, 125 tons, P. A. Petersen, from Hamburg 25th April, to Rosenthal Gayen & Co., with 1302 demijohns and 2064 boxes gin, 5 do cordials, 50 baskets champagne, 16 boxes furniture, 50 do cod-fish, 24 do zinc, 12 barrels zinc nails, 400 demijohns vinegar, 14 do barley, 7340 stock-fishes, 52 barrels tar, 40 boards, 8 lasts coal, 65 boxes steric candles, 2 do cheese, 21 do and 1 package mero chandise, 5 do samples.

Von Vincke, Bremen barque, 329 tons, J. Huesmann, from Cardiff 12th April, Rio Janeiro 14th June, to Lind Fehr & Co., with 356 tons coal.

Sirena, Spanish barque, 300 tons, J. Botet, from Barcelona 13th March Malaga 5th April, Montevideo 13th ult., to Llavallol & Sons, with 320 pipes 50 half do and 20 quarter do red wine, 50 do Malaga do, 20 do oil, 61 boxes 52 half do and 64 quarter do raisins, 20 barrels peas, 30 do sweet red pepper.

July 5th.

Prescott, American barque, 278 tons, L. Hall, et from Boston 14th April, to Rimmermann Frazier & Co., with 500 barrels rice, 266 do sugar, 200 do rosin, 300 bales wicking, 40 do domestics, 16 bundles spades, 12 boats, 45,000 shingles, 238 boxes tea, 20 do tobacco, 10 do flannel, 10 do drills, 1 do seeds, 3 do and 1 cask hardware, 70,000 feet lumber, 8000 dollars in gold.

C. L. Bevan, American barque, 338 tons, G. Pickett, from Baltimore 14th April, Montevideo 3d inst., to D. Gowland & Co., with 3016 barrels and 66 half do flour, 190 hams.

Huge Ballant, British barque, 364 tons, D. Lyle from Patnagua 13th Montevideo 30th ult. to German da Costa & Bros., with 771 tercios and 1575 half do yerba, 250 bags and 32 barrels rice, 10,500 pieces firewood.

July 6th.

Constitucion, National steamer S. Fidanza, from Montevideo 5th inst., with 103 kegs butter, 23 pieces machinery, 16 packages and 453 boxes tea, 7 do oil, 35 do 7 bales and 1 barrel merchandise. Passengers 110.

Menai, British steamer, J. B. Schiaffino, from Montevideo 5th inst., with 235 bags wheat, 50 half pipes wine, 9 boxes merchandise. Passenger 94.

July 9th.

Pampero, British steamer, D. Soutar, from Montevideo 8th inst., with 218 bags wheat, 60 half pipes wine, 14 boxes eggs, 49 do brandy, 10 do merchandise. Passengers 51.

Mensagera, Spanish polacre, 137 tons, J. Millet, from Patnagua, 18th ult., Montevideo 6th inst., to Llavallol & Sons, with 463 tercios and 539 half do yerba, 50 bags rice.

July 10th.

Brandywine, American brig, 207 tons, D. Corrick, from Philadelphia 21st April, Montevideo 8th inst., to E. H. Folmar, with 498 barrels flour, 704 do rice, 49 bags pepper, 100 kegs lar, 1 box books, 78 do tobacco, 200 do and 20 barrels starch, 8462 feet ash.

Sphais, French ship, 337 tons, Ceignard, from Bordeaux 18th April Montevideo 8th inst., to Lopez & Co. Passengers 11.

Sea Nymph, British brig, 236 tons, Harris, from Antwerp 18th April, Montevideo 7th inst., to J. B. Vignal.

Colemba, National brigantine, 123 tons, J. B. Gaggino, from Montevideo 8th inst., to B. Delfino.

Codan, Danish ship, 300 tons, J. P. Mers, from Hamburg 12th April, Montevideo 9th inst., to Rosenthal Gayen & Co.

**SAILLINGS.**

July 4th.

Solidor, French barque, for India in ballast dispatched by P. C. Jourle.

July 5th.

Johanna, Danish schooner, for Antwerp, dispatched by J. N. Bieber & Co., with 2151 dry ox & cow hides 906 salted do do 6 tons bones 174 bales Wool, 11 do sheep skins, 100 dry horse hides.

Pampere, British steamer for Montevideo.

July 6th.

Maraca, Brazilian brig, for Bahia in ballast, dispatched by Llavallol & Sons.

Lillian, American brigantine, for New York, dispatched by E. H. Folmar, with 3674 dry ox and cow hides, 3146 salted do do, 609 do horse do, 664 dry do do, 32 bales wool, 2 do hair, 13 do hide cuttings, 4000 horns.

James Carthy, British barque, for Liverpool, dispatched by J. Carthy, with 2373 salted ox and cow hides, 236 pipes tallow, 8 has and 197 bales wool, 19 do sheep skins, 21 do hair, 1 do and 7 boxes merrandise, 65 hog skins, 74,600 bones, 80 bars copper.

Cloilde, Belgian ship, for England, dispatched by J. N. Bieber & Co., with 209 tons ashes.

July 7th.

Jacob, Swedish brig, for Brazil, in ballast, dispatched by Rosenthal Gayen & Co.

Antagonist, American barque, for New York, dispatched by H. J. Ropes, with 3500 bones, 1616 horns, 2656 salted ox and cow hides, 481 do horse do, 500 do calf skins, 3584 dry ox and cow hides, 11 serons and 186 bales wool, 60 do hair, 41 do sheep skins, 6 do nutria do, 1 do deer do, 1 do goat do, 2 bales hair, 2 horses.

Manuel, Spanish brig, for Barcelona, dispatched Zumarán & Co., with 1000 salted horse hides, 1249 do ox and cow do, 11875 dry do do, 84 calf skins, 1 bale wool.

Adela y Rosa, Brazilian polacre, for Brazil, dispatched by Rosa, with 32 barrels tallow, 30 dry horse hides, 1000 horns, 3295 qy jerked beef, 700 bundles straw.

July 8th.

Menai, British steamer, for Montevideo.

Constitucion National steamer, for Montevideo.

Catharina, Danish brigantine, for Antwerp, dispatched by Collet Althgett, with 2009 dry ox and cow hides, 300 salted do do, 148 do horse do, 70 bales wool, 104 do sheep skins.

July 9th.

Catharina, Danish brigantine, for Paysandú, in ballast, dispatched by Zimmermann & Co.

Leao, Brazilian brig, for Brazil, in ballast dispatched by Frias Brothers.

Dahlia, Brazilian brigantine, for Rio Janeiro, dispatched by F. Arango & Co., with 121 pipes and 180 barrels tallow.

**MARRIED.**

On 7th inst. "Mr. Francisco Camilo Berdier", merchant of this city, to "Julia", eldest daughter of Mr. Addison Dorr of Boston and for many years a resident in Buenos-Ayres.

**THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.**

Capital TWO MILLIONS, in 100,000 Shares of £20 each.

TRUSTEES.—JOHN SHAW LARSON, Esq., and JOHN NATHAN LARSON, Esq., in LIVERPOOL.

DIRECTORS, &c., IN BUENOS-AIRES.

Charles Turner, Esq., Chairman.—John Bramley-Moore, Esq., M. P., and Ralph Brocklebank, Esq., Deputy Chairmen.

Michael Beider, Esq., George Booker, Esq., Thomas Bonch, Esq., Michael Bondfield, Esq., David Cannon, Esq., Thomas Dover, Esq., Robert Ellison Harvey, Esq., James Holmes, Esq., Thomas Dyson Hornby, Esq., John Horsfall, Esq., Richard Houghton, Esq., Edward Johnston, Esq., Roger John Jones, Esq., James Lawrence, Esq., Robert M. Andrew, Esq., W. J. Marrow, Esq., Francis Maxwell, Esq., William Smith, Esq., John Torr, Esq.

AUDITORS.—William Titherington, Esq., and John E. Kinson, Esq. SURVEYOR.—Hugh Neil, F. F. A. S. S. SURVEYOR.—Samuel Holmes, Esq. SOLICITOR.—Seth B. Booker, Esq. MANAGER AND ACTUARY.—Jerey J. M. Dove, Esq.

The undersigned beg to inform their friends and the Public that they have been appointed Agents to this Company, and are empowered to effect insurances on dwelling Houses, warehouses, & merchandise at moderate premiums: they will also receive proposals for Life Insurance.

The large Capital of the Company, the number and influence of its Proprietors, together with its successful management, enable it to rank with the most eligible offices in England, as regards the security and advantages offered to the Public.—This Company will always distinguish itself by its promptness in the settlement of just claims.—No charge is made for the Policy, and the amount insured by this Company have the unusual advantage of being covered against losses occasioned by Gas Explosions.

For full particulars apply to the Agents

**BROWNELLS GREY & CO.**

12 July 12-12 No. 15, calle Maipú.

**NOTICE.**

Strayed or fled from the District of Quilmes it is supposed towards the camp, a lad of about ten years of age, called Robert Anthony of English extraction but also speaks the Spanish.—Fair complexion, dark eyes, fair hair, and has a scar on the face head. He lived latterly in the family of Mr. John Barclay.

Any person delivering him to the Defensor General de Menores, or giving such information as may lead to his recovery, will be duly rewarded. Buenos Ayres, July 10th 1856.

Edward Anthony.

**SPANISH LANGUAGE.**

Mr. Danish teacher of the Spanish, language, translator of the Spanish, French and English languages No. 174, calle del Temple.

**ROOMS TO LET.**

A parlour and bedroom at No. 193 calle de la Reconquista. July 12—3p.

**TO LET.**

The spacious two story house calle 25 de Mayo No. 43, containing upwards of 20 apartments, cellar, alcove, &c, long known as the "Hotel de Paris." To see it, and for further particulars, apply at any hour of the day at calle Merced No 115. July 12—3p.

**SEEDS AND PLANTS.**

Sailors and others when on shore in the rivers Paraná and Uruguay may at all seasons collect a greater or less quantity of seeds and plants. These will be received and liberally paid at No. 15 calle Tucuman; where select assortments may always be found on sale. July 12—c. o.

A Foreigner requires two well furnished rooms, fronting the street, and near the centre of the City. A Fire grate required in the sitting room. Apply at 144 calle Piedra.

**SHEEP FARM.**

A person that can give good reference, holding a suerte de Estancia in the neigh bourhood of Colonia (Oriental State) wishes to enter into an engagement to settle from 4 to 5,000 sheep in said Estancia, the holder of the necessary sheep putting them in Colonia and the possessor of the land taking them on halves with personal attendance. Apply to Messrs Calvo Koch & Frias, Calle Belgrano, n.º 84. J. 28—3 p.

**NOTICE.**

In the press, and will be shortly published, a practical treatise on the teeth.

BY  
J. W. ROWLEY.  
Dentist.

This practical treatise on the teeth, contains instructions, that if properly attended to may prevent many months and years of agonizing pain, and premature deformity, that is when the opening of the lips discloses no longer two pearly rows within them. People are not generally sufficiently aware of the value and importance of the teeth, not merely as regards beauty or appearance, but the enjoyment of health. Without teeth, or with teeth rendered incapable of performing their functions, (which they often are from simple neglect or ignorance of the proper mode of preserving them) our food is not properly prepared for digestion which consequently becomes tardy in its progress, and inflicts on us, one half the evils that flesh is heaped to.



**THE LONDON ASSURANCE,**  
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER,  
1720.

**FOR INSURING BUILDINGS,**  
GOODS, MERCHANDISE,  
AND  
VESSELS IN PORT AND IN DOCK.  
Throughout Great Britain and Ireland,  
And in Foreign Countries.  
FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

SAMUEL GREGSON, Esq. M.P. Governor.  
JOHN ALVYS ARBUTHNOT Esq. Sub-Governor.  
JOHN ALEX. HANKE Esq. Deputy-Governor.

- DIRECTORS.**
- Nath. Alexander Esq.
  - Richard Beeghly Esq.
  - George Larous Esq.
  - Henry Bonham Bay Esq.
  - James Blyth Esq.
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  - Alex. Trotter Esq.
  - Thomas Weeding Esq.
  - Lestock Pench. Wilson Esq.

**Offices.**  
No. 7, Royal Exchange, & No. 7, Pall Mall.

- Terms of Insurance.**
1. Private dwelling houses, having the external walls of bricks and covered with the same, or with slate, tile, metal, cement, or other incombustible materials, 7s. 6d. per cent per annum. Contents of the house, the same or more.
  2. Buildings used wholly or partly, as Warehouses, or Shops, erected and covered as above, 10s. per cent per annum. Contents the same rate.
  3. Goods in private Custom House deposit stores, erected and covered as above, 10s. per cent per annum.
  4. Goods in general Custom House, Stores, and vessels in port, for 12 months, 10s.; for 6 months, 7s. 6d.; for 3 months, 5s.
  5. Barrack buildings, of wood, wholly or in part, if away from any crowded district, can likewise be insured, at a conventional premium.

**Conditions of Insurance.**

I. That preparatory to effecting any Insurance on Houses or Buildings, the party or parties making the same, shall specify of what materials the Walls and Roofs of such Houses and Buildings are respectively constructed, whether situated, and by whom occupied; and whether as private dwellings or otherwise; whether any manufacture or hazardous trade be carried on, or any hazardous articles be deposited or kept therein; also whether adjoining to or in the Risk of any Building or place in which any hazardous trade is carried on; whether any Steam Engine, Furnace, Mills, Stove, Coal- or other Apparatus, (whereof, heat is produced (common Fire Places, and Ovens for domestic use excepted) be erected on the premises, and if so shall give a particular description of the nature and construction thereof, respectively; and in case any alteration or addition be made therein or thereto respectively, or any hazardous articles be deposited or manufactured therein, after the Insurance is effected, notice thereof, respectively, shall be given to this Corporation, or to its Agents, and the same be approved by endorsement on the Policy, and the Policy or Insurance be null and void.

II. That upon the Insurance of Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, the nature and qualities thereof, and the Houses and Buildings or other places where the same are or is deposited and kept, shall be truly and accurately described, and likewise whether any Goods or articles of a hazardous nature be deposited therein.

III. That if any Houses, Buildings, Goods, or other Property, shall be insured by this Corporation, without having been truly and accurately described, so as that the nature and degree of the risk to which they may be exposed may be justly estimated; the Policy thereon shall be void.

IV. That Houses, Buildings, and Goods, in Trust or on Commission, intended to be insured, must be so described and declared at the time of effecting such Insurances, otherwise the Policy will not extend to cover such Property.

V. That losses by lightning will be made good where the Property assured by the Corporation has been actually set on fire thereby, and burnt in consequence thereof.

VI. That this Corporation will not be answerable for any loss or damage by fire, occasioned by any lightning, lightning power, civil commotion, riot, or any military or usurped power whatsoever, or for loss by fire occasioned by Earthquake or Hurricane.

VII. That no allowance will be made for any property which may be destroyed or damaged by its own natural heating or for any goods which may be destroyed or damaged while undergoing any process in or by which the application of fire-heat is necessary; neither will the Corporation be responsible for loss or damage by explosion of any kind.

VIII. That books of accounts, manuscripts, written securities, money, bank notes, bills, stamps, and gunpowder, will not be insured or comprehended in any insurance effected by or with this Corporation; nor will any loss or damage in any way, or of any description be made good, when more than 1 cwt. of Gunpowder shall be deposited or kept on the premises.

IX. That watches, trinkets, jewels, pearls, plate, musical instruments, pictures, prints, and drawings; china, glass, earthenware, looking glass plates, medals, coins, sculptures, or other curiosities will not be included in an insurance effected by this Corporation, or covered thereby, unless the same be particularly specified in the Policy.

X. That persons who have insured property with this Corporation shall give notice of any other insurance already made, or which shall afterwards be made elsewhere on the same property; so that a memorandum of such Insurance may be endorsed on the Policy or Policies effected with this Corporation, otherwise such Policy or Policies shall be void, and the premium paid thereon for the current year shall be forfeited to the Corporation and shall not be recovered back or claimed from them.

XI. That upon the death of any person insured by this Corporation, his or her Policy and interest therein may be transferred and continued to his or her representatives to whom the right of the Property insured shall belong by the Insured or his or her representatives, provided that the nature and circumstances of the risk in such Policy be not altered and such removal be allowed by the Corporation or its Agents, by indorsement on their respective Policies.

XII. That persons insured by this Corporation sustaining any loss or damage by fire, shall forthwith give notice to the Directors or Secretary of this Corporation, at their offices, No. 7, Royal Exchange, Cornhill, or to their Agents elsewhere; and shall deliver within a reasonable time, to the said Directors, their Secretary, or Agents, a true and correct account of their loss or damage respectively, and the nature and circumstances of their respective cases; which will admit of their being required, make proof of the same by their Oath, solemn declaration or affirmation, and that of their domestics or servants, and by the production of such books of accounts and such vouchers or evidence as may be required; and such vouchers and evidence as produce the validity whereof has been previously ascertained under the hand and seal of the Chief Magistrate of the district where the fire happened, or of the British Consul (unless such officer is resident), no loss or damage will be paid or made good by this Corporation.

XIII. That in every case of loss or damage for which the said Corporation shall be liable, the said Corporation shall

have the option, where the Insurance may be on goods, to supply the insured with the like quantity of goods of the same sort and kind, and of equal value and goodness with those destroyed or damaged by fire; or where the Insurance may be on houses and buildings, the said Corporation shall have the option, to rebuild or repair, and reinstatement the same, and put them into as good and substantial a condition as they were in at the time when such loss or damage, and, in case any difference shall arise touching any loss or damage, such difference shall be submitted to the arbitration of two indifferent persons; one to be chosen by the party insured, and the other by the Corporation, or its Agents, with liberty to appoint an Umpire, and the award, in writing, of the said referee, or of them and their Umpire, or any two of them, shall be conclusive and binding to all parties.

XIV. That if any fraud or deception shall be practised or attempted, or if any false declaration or fraudulent claim or statement shall have been made or practised in effecting of the said Policy or Policies, the said Corporation shall have the option, to rescind the said Policy or Policies, or to its Agents, with liberty to appoint an Umpire, and the award, in writing, of the said referee, or of them and their Umpire, or any two of them, shall be conclusive and binding to all parties.

XV. Insurances may be made for any period less than a twelve-month, but all such Insurances shall terminate at four o'clock in the afternoon of the day, specified in the Policy, without the allowance of fifteen days.

XVI. That no Insurance shall be conclusive or binding on this Corporation, unless the Premium be previously paid thereon; and persons desirous of continuing ANNUAL INSURANCES must make their respective payments thereon, on or before the commencement of each and every succeeding year, or within fifteen days next afterwards, otherwise such Insurances will expire on the respective days on which the payment on such Policy becomes due; and that the only evidence of such payments shall be the receipts of this Corporation or its Agents.

**BUENOS AYRES.**  
Agents, Messrs. DANIEL GOWLAND & Co. j14-12p

**WANTED.**  
A situation as waiter or servant a young man recently arrived from England leave address at No. 62 Calle Parague j28

Superior Port, Sherry, Champagne, Ale and Brandy. A small parcel of these articles will be found on sale at Calle Maypu, No. 4. j21 3p

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, Public Auctioneer, begs leave to inform his friends and the Commercial Community of this City, that owing to the friendly interposition of one of his friends he has again recommenced his business as Auctioneer and Commission Merchant at his usual residence Sta. Rosa, No. 68.

**MARIANO BILLINGHURST.**  
**SOAP MANUFACTORY.**  
Saladero del Alto.  
The partnership heretofore existing between William Downes and Gustav Fuss, in the Soap Manufactory is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Fuss is charged with the liquidation of all pending accounts.—Saladero del Alto June 1st, 1856. WILLIAM DOWNES. GUSTAV FUSS.

**BRITISH LIBRARY.**  
At a Meeting held lately by the Proprietors and Subscribers to this institution, the following important changes in the rules and management were agreed to in order to extend the benefit of the Library as far as possible to all classes of the community. viz:—  
To reduce the subscription to \$150 currency per annum.  
Every subscriber to become a proprietor after he has subscribed for two years.  
Measures to be taken immediately to arrange for considerable supplies of new and interesting works to come out every three months, besides Magazines and Reviews in due course.  
The Committee on making known these changes earnestly appeal to their countrymen of all classes but especially the young men in merchants' offices, to support them by at once calling at Messrs. Mackers' and entering their names as subscribers, for they believe that the establishment conducted on these principles will become one of the most useful in South America.  
A book list on the table of the Library in which the subscribers can enter any work they would wish the Committee to bring out. j14 3p

**BOOKS.**  
The Committee of the British Library have empowered Messrs. Mackers' to offer for sale at low price, a quantity of well bound books,—chiefly novels, series of magazines, &c. &c. j14-3p

**WANTED.**  
Two rooms unfurnished in a central situation; a note addressed R. H. and left at this office will be attended to. j14 c.o.

**FOR SALE.**  
At the store of Bunge Bornfeld & Co., Calle Defensa No. 70, a few casks of superior claret just received from Bordeaux, also Claret Biquet, Vieux Biquet, Chateau Lafitte, Chateau Margaux, in 1 dozen cases, and Champagne of the favorite brand "Comte de Merceul." j7 3p

**BRITISH LIBRARY.**  
The Committee beg to intimate to those parties who have books belonging to the Library in their possession, beyond the time allowed, that if they are not returned without delay the Committee will have to charge them with the cost of the marks. 7th June 1856. c.o.

**ON SALE.**  
At the Quinta Castillo, near the huerto de las Saucos, 600 fine sweet orange plants of 6 and 8 pears, will be sold cheap to clear the ground.  
Also a neat country house to let in the same Quinta. j7 3p

**THE SUBSCRIBERS** have on sale a small quantity of Messrs. Tennent's famed XX stout and India Pale Ale in half and in whole bottles. [BROWNELL'S BREW & Co. Calle Nayaip, No. 15

**SITUATION WANTED.**  
A person well acquainted with the management of an establishment of cattle or sheep, and who will make himself generally useful, and can give the best information as to character, offers his services for the camp. Apply at No. 73 Calle Merced. m17

**THE Cosmopolitan Sanatorium.**  
26, CALLE TUCUMAN, 26.  
Physicians and Proprietors, Private Residences.  
Dr. Leslie, Calle 25 de Mayo 58  
"Furst, "Representantes 193  
"Ventura Bosch, "Suypacha 32

- Regulations.**
- 1st.—That the establishment shall be visited at least once a day by each Physician.
  - 2d.—That the three Physicians shall meet, at least, once a week to consult upon all matters of importance.
  - 3d.—That each patient on admission shall state under whose care he wishes to be placed.
  - 4th.—That any patient expressly desiring to have the opinion of any other Physician, than the one under whose care he has placed himself, shall pay to each the usual consultation fee.
  - 5th.—That each patient shall pay for 15 days' attendance in advance, or give a satisfactory guarantee.
  - 6th.—That operations & leeches are not considered as included in the regular charges; and likewise that extraordinary cases will require a special agreement.

**Terms.**  
Common Wards \$20 per day  
Middle do 30 "  
Private Rooms 50 "  
m3-c.o.

**FRESH SUPPLIES.**  
Just landed from the Annie Worrall. Oatmeal, macaroni, pickles, currants, truckle cheese in bladder, fine table salt, in jars and small bags, 9 Glenfield's patent starch, fancy biscuits of all sorts and sizes. On sale at J. M. Noble's No. 114 calle Defensa.

Also a large assortment on hand of Teas and Groceries of all descriptions. m29 6p

**Notice to Mariners.**  
[No. 8]  
**FALKLAND ISLANDS.**  
**MIXED LIGHT ON CAPE PEMROKE.**

The Colonial Government at the Falkland Islands has given notice, that a Fixed light of the natural colour was established on Cape Pemroke on the first day of December last.

The light stands at a height of 110 feet above the mean level of the sea and is visible in ordinary weather at a distance of 14 miles. It shows a bright fixed light in every direction seaward, but is dark towards Port William, between the bearings of N. W. ¼ N. and West.

The tower is 60 feet high; it is circular and of iron, and at present painted black. It stands in lat. 51° 40' 42" S. long. 57° 41' 45" West of Greenwich. The illuminating apparatus is catoptric or reflecting and of the first order.

Cape Pemroke, on which a beacon has hitherto stood, forms the eastern-most point of the Falkland group, and also the South headland of Port William, within which, on its south side, is Stanley Harbour.

From the Uranie Rock (which lies east one mile from the outer rock of Volunteer point) the lighthouse bears S. 13° E. or S. by E. ¼ E. nearly, distant 9 ½ miles. From the centre of the large Wolf rock, to the southward, the lighthouse bears N. 7° E.

A vessel entering Port William will leave the light on the port hand; and the Master should be careful to observe that, as the flood tide sets strongly to the northward, and the obbto the southward in passing Cape Pemroke, he should not pass between this Cape and the Seal rocks (which lie north-east of it about ¼ mile) unless the ship is under steam or has a good commanding breeze; in light winds ab muchswell, it is better to pass outside.

(All bearings are Magnetic. Var. 16½° E. in 1856)  
By Command of their Lordships,  
JOHN WASHINGTON,  
Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, 5th Feb 1856.  
(The above Notice supersedes Notice No. 32 of the 16th Sept. 1855.)

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Falkland Islands, No. 1354; also Stanley Harbour, No. 1774; Sailing Directions for South America, p. 92, and 93; and the South America Lighthouse List, No. 27.

**WANTED.**  
A Farm servant of steady habits, with a thorough knowledge of ploughing. Also a man to take care of Sheep. Liberal salaries will be given. Apply at Mr. James Nobles, 116, Calle Defensa. m10-3p.

**NEWSPAPER AGENCY.**

The Illustrated London News and other English papers will in future be delivered in the Commercial Room calle 25 de Mayo  
On hand Punch bound in half yearly volumes, m3 c.o.

**TO LET.**  
Three or four rooms in Calle Piedad No. 274 three of them are papered and have windows to the street, to a family without children or single gentlemen at a moderate price. Apply at said residence. j28-3p

**MERCANTILE COURSE.**  
Santa Clara, No. 79.

Book-Keeping and accounting taught, both in Spanish and English extensively. Spanish and English explained thoroughly. Day and evening classes. T. GARCA CADIZ.

**TO LET.**  
Several rooms either furnished or unfurnished likewise two saloons furnished fronting the street, giving necessary attendance if required. Apply calle 25 de Mayo, No. 32. j21 2p

**TO THE PUBLIC.**  
M. Bousseau, dancing master, engages to teach in a limited period and for a stipulated sum, persons desirous of economising time, from their occupations or any other motive; the lessons strictly private. He also gives instructions to youth of either sex, in colleges or public seminaries, or in his own residence, as may suit their convenience. For further particulars apply at calle del Parque No. 206. j16-3p

**KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.**

This World-Renowned Medicine, which has obtained such celebrity in all parts of the Globe, in the cure of COUGH, ASTHMA, HOARSENESS, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, and other affections of the Chest and Pulmonary Organs, is strongly recommended to all suffering from any of the above disorders, as One Trial will be sufficient to prove their undoubted efficacy, being frequently used under the recommendation of the most eminent of the Faculty.

Prepared and Sold in Boxes and Tins of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c., 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Sold Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World.

N.B.—To prevent spurious imitation, please to observe that the words "KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES" are engraved on the Government Stamp of each Box, without which none are genuine.

**Important Testimonial**  
Copy of a letter from the late Colonel Hawker, (the well known Author on Gun and Shooting.)

Longparish House, near Whitechurch, Hants. Oct. 21, 1846.

Sir,—I cannot resist informing you of the extraordinary effect I have experienced by taking only a few of your LOZENGES. I had a cough for several weeks that defied all that had been prescribed for me; and yet I got completely rid of it by taking about half a small box of your Lozenges, which I find are the only ones that relieve the cough without deranging the stomach or digestive organs.

I am, Sir, your humble servant,  
H. HAWKER.

To Mr. Keating, 79, St. Paul's Church Yard, a 26-3p

**Shipping List**  
OF  
**HENRY A. GREEN.**

**FOR LONDON.**  
British bark Ocean, 165 tons, at J. K. Sanderson master, has disengaged room for bales. Consignees Messrs. Guillot Bertarelli & Co.

**FOR LONDON.**  
Hamburg brigantine Theresa Oscar, 135 tons, at T. Brandt master, has disengaged room for bales, and will sail in the course of 20 or 25 days. Consignees Messrs. Zimmermann Frazier & Co.

**FOR LONDON.**  
British bark Mainland, 331 tons, at Scott master, has disengaged room for salted hides and bales. Consignees Messrs. Parlange Graham & Co.

**FOR LIVERPOOL.**  
British brig Brothers, 155 tons, Ganwek master, has disengaged room for bales, and is now loading in the Inner Roads. Consignees Messrs. Rennie Tweedie & Co.

**FOR LIVERPOOL.**  
Hamburg brig Bertha, 230 tons, at G. —alder master, has disengaged room for bales. Consignees Messrs. F. de Arango & Co.

**FOR ANTWERP.**  
Belgian bark Packet, 230 tons, at E. Uytendoven master, has disengaged room for a few bales if offered immediately. Consignees Messrs. Bunge Bornfeld & Co.

**FOR NEW YORK.**  
American bark Mary Francis, 279 tons, Morton master, has upwards of half cargo engaged and shipping, and will have quick dispatch. Consignees Messrs. Lind Fehr & Co.

**FOR CALLAO.**  
British brig Windwarder, 327 tons, at Young master, will sail for the above destination in the course of 20 days, and will take cargo if offered. Consignees Messrs. Rennie Tweedie & Co.

For further particulars respecting the above mentioned vessels, please apply to their respective consignees; or to

**HENRY A GREEN.**  
No. 51: Calle Reconquista.

**The Friend of all.**



**HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.**

MIRACULOUS CURE OF GENERAL DEBILITY.  
Translation of a letter from Baboo Sorabjee Chetty, of  
Allahabad, dated 17th of October 1854.

To Professor Holloway,  
Sir—For a number of years I suffered most intensely  
from general debility, disordered state of the liver, together  
with indigestion and drowsy feelings, which were horrible  
to the extreme. I had advice from some of the most clever  
physicians, but strange to state, my mind only in fact  
improved, being a strict Mussulman, I knew not what to do,  
(as the preparations of Europeans are forbidden by our holy  
religion), but after wavering between two opinions for some  
months, I determined to try your Pills, and by the grace of  
Allah, they have been the means of my restoration to health.  
Although fifty-eight years of age, I am now as agile as a  
boy, and have renewed vigor in every sense of the word.  
Accept my Salutations, and believe me yours till death.  
(Signed) BABOO SORABJEE CHETTY.

AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR DROPSY.  
Extract of a letter from the Rev. Octavina Martin of the Lon-  
don Mission, dated Maulmain, May 12th 1844.

To Professor Holloway,  
Sir—Among my various travels, I have observed with  
great satisfaction the beneficial effect of your Pills in many  
cases where medical skill has been defied, particularly, A  
case where remarkable instance occurred (answering this descrip-  
tion) five months ago, and has ever been present since to  
my imagination, I deem myself therefore bound to make you  
acquainted with the facts. A poor woman, at this place,  
acquainted with me to be on the verge of death, was suffer-  
ing dreadfully from this complaint, she was laid up, and  
within six months, I visited her myself, and gave her a  
box of your pills, and after taking them, she seemed better,  
she continued them, and persevered for about nine weeks,  
she was perfectly cured, and has since through the  
kindness of Providence enjoyed the best of health. They are  
truly a valuable remedy for females at the turn of life, and  
for young women with obstructions in their health.  
Yours truly, OCTAVINA MARTIN

(Signed) OCTAVINA MARTIN  
WONDERFUL CASE!—DEATH ROBBED OF ITS  
VICTIM! ASTHMA CURED!—AFTER  
GIVEN UP BY ALL!!  
Copy of a letter from Chas. Smith, Esq., of Bonara,  
dated March 12th, 1854.

To Professor Holloway,  
Sir—I have been a resident here for the last seven years  
and during the whole of that time (ill within the last five  
months) suffered incessantly with asthma, attended with  
constant spitting of blood, which completely shook my constitu-  
tion and deprived me of rest both day and night. I consulted  
a number of medical men at this station, but unfortunately  
my case was eventually given up, and my friends reluctantly  
admitted that all hope of recovery was past.

But I was advised to use your Pills, after continuing  
them for 5 weeks the worst symptoms of my disorder disap-  
peared and in three months I was completely cured. I still  
enjoy the best of health, and now feel the most simple food.  
I remain Sir, your obliged Servant.  
(Signed) CHARLES SMITH.

LIVER COMPLAINT OF FOURTEEN YEARS  
DURATION.  
Copy of a letter from Mrs. Jane Thompson, (Widow of Lieut  
Thompson, of Dinapore, dated the 18th of July, 1854.

To Professor Holloway,  
Sir—For fourteen years I was in the most dolcitate state of  
health, suffering continuously from liver complaint and indig-  
estion, the least thing deterring me from attending to my regu-  
lar diet. Fortunately about six months ago when my health  
seemed totally to have fled, a friend kindly advised me to try  
your Pills, which after some persuasion I commenced to use,  
I must confess they quickly produced a change for the better,  
gradually continuing them, every symptom of my disorder disap-  
peared and I am now perfectly cured, my health being bet-  
ter than it has been for the last fifteen years. I ought not  
to forget to mention, that my daughter aged sixteen who suf-  
fered considerably for two years, has just been restored to  
health by your invaluable Pills. I am Sir, an advocate  
for your system of medicine, and your obedient Servant,  
(Signed) JANE THOMPSON.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious  
in the following complaints.  
Ague Indigestion  
Asthma Jaundice  
Bilious Complaints Liver Complaints  
Blotches on the Skin Lumbago  
Bowel Complaints Pile  
Colic Rheumatism  
Constipation of the Bowels Retention of Urine  
Consumption Scrofula, or King's Evil  
Debility Sore Throat  
Dropsy Stone and Gravel  
Dysentery Secondary Symptoms  
Erysipelas The Doublureux  
Female Irregularities Tumours  
Fever of all kinds Ulcers  
Fistula Venereal Affections  
Gout Worms of all kinds  
Head-ache Weakness, from what  
Inflammation &c &c &c

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway 244,  
Strand, (near Temple Bar, London), and by all respectable  
Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British  
Empire; also wholesale and retail, in pots and boxes at the  
Drug Store of J. EASTMAN & Co., No. 7, Calle Defensa.  
There is a considerable saving by taking the larger  
size.  
N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every  
disorder, are affixed to each Box.

**BEST SMITH'S COALS.**  
Now landing, Hartlepool double screened ton  
coal, and will be delivered at purchaser's house  
full English ton, [2240 lbs.] One ton of this coal  
will go as far as one and a half ordinary smith  
coal.

ALSO, now landing Newcastle household coal,  
and will be delivered full one ton at purchaser's  
house. Apply at Calle Defensa No. 20. n10—co

To Passengers per Barque William Piele.  
All persons indebted to Captain Joseph Sprout  
for balance of passage money by the above men-  
tioned barque, are hereby requested to call at the  
house of Messrs, Herb Brothers, of this City, and  
settle the same; otherwise, legal proceedings will  
be instituted against them by parties who hold a  
formal Power of Attorney for that purpose. n10—co

**ANGLO-BRENCH SEMINARY.**  
CALLE SANTA CLARA No. 129.  
The undersigned, ex-teacher of the "English  
Seminary" begs leave to inform his friends and  
the public, that on the 24 of January next, he  
will open the said establishment, limited to the  
number of fifty scholars, and hopes that by his  
assiduous application he will merit a share of their  
protection and approbation. W. FARODY.

**BUENOS AYRES**  
AND THE  
**Provinces of the River Plate,**  
BY  
**STRAIGHT WORKING PRINCIPLES**  
For sale at G. & H. Mackerns, Calle San Mar-  
tin No 20. mS—co

**NORTH AMERICAN SEM-  
INARY.**

This Institution, located in the house formerly  
occupied by Spencer J. Wild, Esq., No. 75, Calle  
Maypu, and conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Carrow,  
will be opened for the reception of pupils on the  
7th of January.

It will consist of three departments, viz: one  
for infants, another for boys of advanced years,  
and a third for young ladies. Such alterations  
have been made in the apartments of the house  
as will afford separate and commodious halls of  
study for each class of pupils.

Instructions will be given in all the branches of  
a liberal education. The pupils will be under the  
constant and careful superintendance of the prin-  
cipals. The principals have enjoyed the best  
opportunities for acquiring a complete knowledge  
of the various educational Institutions of their own  
country, and their system of teaching will be the  
same as that which is practiced in the United  
States with such pre eminent success.

Special attention will be given to the instruction  
of native children, whose parents may wish them  
to acquire a thoroughly correct knowledge of the  
English language.

For particulars apply at the Institution, or at  
No. 18, Calle de la Merced.  
The principals beg leave also to refer to the  
following gentlemen:  
Thomas Armstrong, Esq., S. B. Hale, Esq  
Henry Gilbert, Esq. Col. Joseph Graham, H. J  
Ropes, Esq., W. T. Livingston, Esq., Dr. H. W  
Kennedy. j5—co

**Libreria frente al Colegio.**  
Calle Santa Rosa, No. 46.

**FOR SALE.**  
Great assortment of books suitable for Chris-  
tianity.  
History of England, by Goldsmith, 1 vol.  
Adventures of Robinson Crusoe, 1 vol., with  
numerous engravings by Grandville.  
Byron's Poetical Works, 1 vol.  
Arabian Nights, 1 vol.  
Popular display of the Wonders, 1 vol.  
Buffon's Natural History, 1 vol.  
Friendship's Offering, 1 vol.  
The Bachelor's Christmas.  
Shakespeare's Works, and many other novels  
and illustrated books of every description. d22—

**ENGLISH SEMINARY.**  
SUIPACHA, No. 21.

Joshua Negrotto, Principal, assisted by two  
others; and by  
Dupuis, Mathematics.  
Larsen, Latin.  
Roca, French.  
White, English and Spanish  
Cutz, book keeping in Spanish  
English.  
Drawing.  
Navarro, Vocal and Instrumental  
music.

The most satisfactory proof of the efficient  
organization of this institution, is the unexampled  
patronage uninteruptedly awarded to it with  
standing the unflinching execution of its salutary  
regulations.

The premises afford every desirable convenience  
for boarders, half boarders and day scholars.

The studies will be resumed on Monday next,  
7th inst.  
The programme may be had by application to  
the Principal, and the best bona fide referees  
that can possibly be given, are the parents and  
guardians of the present and former scholars.

**NEGROTTA.**  
Buenos Ayres, January 24, 1856.

**CENTRAL VACCINATION  
INSTITUTION.**  
The Administrator of this Institution  
has arranged that it shall be open for  
inoculation every Thursday and Friday,  
from 12 to 2 p.m.

**NOTICE.**

Mr. Powell respectfully informs his friends and  
the public, that he intends opening the Scotch  
School for evening tuition on Monday June 24,  
to continue every other evening until further  
notice. Hours of attendance from 7 till 9.  
Persons wishing to attend are requested to  
signify the same to Mr. P. at Scotch school, be-  
tween the hours of 10 and 3, where terms may  
be obtained. m10 4p

**SCHOOL MASTER.**  
Wanted for a private school in the neighbour-  
hood of Chascomus, a person competent to give  
a good English education to young children. For  
particulars apply to the Revd. Mr. Smith at the  
Scotch Church, or to Mr. Thomas Drysdale calle  
San Francisco No. 64. j15—4p

**FOR SALE.**  
Assorted Pickles  
Durham Mustard  
Jams & Jellies  
Champagne Wine  
Split Pease  
Pearl Barley  
Black Currants  
Sherry in octaves  
Congou Tea  
Widior Soap.  
Apply at No. 119, Calle Chacabuco. m10—lp

**SITUATION WANTED.**  
An Englishman who understands his profession  
in all its departments, offers his services as a gar-  
dener; or would accept of a situation as door-  
keeper in a respectable family. A note addressed  
J.L. and left at this Office will be attended to.  
j1—3p

**NOTICE.**

The copartnership which has hitherto existed  
under the firm of Eberhard & Co., at this place  
and Montevideo expires this day. The same busi-  
ness as heretofore will be continued under the  
new firm of Fels & Co., by the undersigned part-  
ners, who take charge of the liquidation of all  
affairs of the extinct firm.

L. A. SCHULTZ,  
H. SPILCKER,  
J. T. FELS,  
J. E. CLAUSSEN,  
A. HORNEY.  
Buenos Ayres and Montevideo, December 31  
1855.

**JUST IMPORTED.**

Pickles, Salmon, Mackerel Herrings, and for  
sale at the store of James Noble No. 116 Calle  
Defensa. a 26 6p

**TO LET**  
One or two rooms furnished, at No.  
153 Calle Mayo. a19—co

**HIRING OFFICE.**

Calle de Federacion No. 57.  
In this Office situations are procured for  
clerks, servants, housemaids, cooks, mechanics,  
artisans, workmen and labourers. mbl 3p

**NOTICE.**

A young man just arrived from England and  
who can be well recommended wishes for a situa-  
tion as steward, or any similar employment in an  
English family, he thoroughly understands his  
duties. Apply at this office. m29—co

**Cure for the Foot Rot in Sheep.**

It is also found an excellent remedy to destroy  
maggots occasioned by the fly, and forms an  
excellent dressing to ulcerated wounds arising  
from them.  
Prepared and sold only S. Bishop, Chemist and  
Druggist, No. 49, Calle Defensa, opposite San  
Francisco Church. d31.—54co

**Tarpoulins.**

Ready made of nine yards long and six wide  
also six yards by four at moderate prices.  
Tarpoulins made to order of any dimensions  
required, by applying to No. 25, Paseo Julio.  
jy 19—co

**Historical Brochure.**

A Sketch of the civil and political  
history of Buenos Ayres, since the bat-  
tle of Monte Caseros, by  
**JOSE MARTIN BUSTAMANTE**

Published in Numbers of 40 pages  
each with a portrait; and to be complete  
in one Volume. Price \$10 per Number.  
Subscriptions received at the Printing  
Office of Mr. Bernheim, No. 73 Calle  
Defensa; at the Book-Store No. 20 Calle  
Peri; at the Book-Store in front of the  
College; and at the Litographic estab-  
lishment, No. 71 Calle Peri.

**TO FOREIGNERS.**

To Let, unfurnished, 3 or 4 rooms in a house  
occupied by an English family. Apply on the  
premises, No. 356 calle Corrientes, or at this  
office. m3

**MERCHANT VESSELS from Sea in the Port of Buenos Ayres  
on the 11th inst.**

Date of Arrival.	Class.	Names.	Tons.	BRITISH.	Consignees.	Destinations.
Jan. 26	Bk.	Ocean Spirit	233	Kayl	Best Brothers	Liverpool
April 30	Bgn.	Amesta	123	Noller	F. Arango & Co.	
May 8	Bk.	Melody	253	Isler	Hugbo Brothers	
May 12	Bk.	Helen Sophia	219	Oxleyden	Luhmann Meyer & Co.	
May 16	Bk.	Glen Elit	207	Hjopen	Villat & Sons	
May 17	Bg.	Ocean	127	Sanderson	G. Bertarelli & Co.	
May 20	Bk.	Brothers	259	Garrick	Bunze Tronstad & Co.	
May 21	Bk.	Maidland	331	Scott	Parlane Graham & Co.	
May 22	Bk.	Lits a Stewart	204	Stirling	Zimmerman & Co.	
May 26	Bk.	Criterion	257	Perquon	J. White & Co.	
July 5	Bk.	Hagy	264	Lyle	Kerr & Grierson	
July 10	Bg.	Sea Nympth	256	Harris	G. Costa & Bros.	
J					J. B. Vignat	
May 3	Bk.	Killy	477	AMERICAN.	Lind Fehr & Co.	
May 13	Bk.	Mary Frances	372	Johnson	J. & F. Mallmann	
May 22	Bk.	John Walla jun.	273	J. Douglas	Bunze Bornefeld & Co.	
May 29	Bk.	Grace Washington	190	J. S. Kelly	Hale & Co.	
June 13	Bk.	Lion	258	Moore	Hale & Co.	
June 19	Bgn.	Civilian	197	Smith	Hale & Co.	
June 21	Bk.	California	295	Higgins	Hale & Co.	
July 5	Bk.	O. L. Bran	278	Ballot	Z. Frazer & Co.	
July 10	Bg.	Brandywine	287	Pickett	D. Crawford & Co.	
J					E. H. Fohrer.	
April 6	Bk.	Henri et Louis	192	SOPUS.	Gautier & Audrin	
May 4	Sp.	Louise Gavcaux	346	Frenont	Biondi & Lafourcade	
June 25	Bg.	Proper	225	Dagreguarat	Zumaran & Co.	
July 10	Sp.	Cornelle	423	Billard	Zumaran & Co.	
J					Lopez & Co.	
Jan. 6	Bgn.	Paca	203	D. Garcia	F. Orellana	
April 27	Bk.	Pablo	216	Oliver	Llavall & Sons	
May 4	Bg.	Pea	544	Suares	Zumaran & Co.	
May 13	Bk.	Elvira	125	Paiz y More	F. Arango & Co.	
May 19	Bk.	Celina	245	Gonzaz	A. Ristred & Sons	
May 21	Bk.	Amalia	242	Aguierre	S. Sorriano	
June 14	Bk.	Clauo	211	Boig	Ochoa & Co.	
June 29	Pol.	Angelita	336	Mauais	Arango & Co.	
July 4	Bk.	Silvana	407	Buget	R. Serna	
July 9	Pol.	Montesera	197	Millet	Zumaran & Co.	
J					Llavall & Co.	
Feb. 10	Bg.	Concezione	124	Chiazza	B. Delino	
April 1	Bg.	Camilla	243	Ysallo	Delino	
May 14	Bg.	Folz	360	Caruoggi	Repetto & Co.	
June 10	Bk.	Maria Eugenia	244	Colombino	Viala & Co.	
Mar 16	Bg.	Copernico	—	—	—	
May 13	Bgn.	Alberto	—	—	—	
May 16	Bk.	Sorte	332	Ferrer	Arango & Co.	
May 25	Bgn.	Tonlerro.	—	—	—	
June 11	Bg.	Inca	514	Ferrera	To Orler.	
June 14	Bk.	Princesa	227	Fisica	Buxarros	
June 27	Bk.	Conceicao	646	Orellana	F. Chis	
June 28	Bg.	Convegno	170	Soasa	F. Arango & Co.	
June 29	Bg.	Espanzza	—	—	—	
June 27	sch.	Grevin de Danzer	188	Tschering	D. T. Tisser & Co.	
July 4	Bg.	Courrier	125	Leteraux	Arango & Co.	
July 10	Sp.	Codan	300	Mers	Collett & Co.	
Jan. 9	Sp.	Norge	600	—	—	
May 11	Bk.	Packet	228	Uytentloven	Bunze Bornefeld & Co.	
April 6	Bk.	Daniel Ross	480	Kessel	Schroeder & Co.	
May 19	Bg.	Teresa Oscar	114	Brandt	Zimmermann & Co.	
May 22	Sp.	Hamden.	—	—	—	
June 11	Bg.	Ora	200	Fabricios	Bertarelli & Co.	
June 12	Bg.	Bertha	546	Ornela	Arango & Co.	
June 27	Bg.	Amazone	300	Schramm	Schroeder & Co.	
July 4	Bk.	Von Vuelcke	329	Hoesmann	Lind Fehr & Co.	