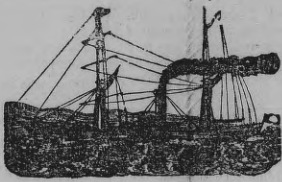


BRITISH PACKET

AND ARGENTINE NEWS.



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No. 1551.

BUENOS AYRES, Saturday, August 2, 1856.

Established in 1826.

BUENOS AYRES

Amount of Produce shipped from the Port of Buenos Ayres, from 27th June to 31st July 1856.

	GREAT BRITAIN.	FRANCE	GERMANY HOLLAND BELGIUM	ITALY.	SPAIN.	HAVANA	UNITED STATES.	BRAZIL.	PACIFIC.	MARITIMUS	TOT. L. OF JULY	TOTAL OF JAN TO JUNE	GRAND TOTAL.
Number of vessels	7		6	3	3	1	4	6	1		31	288 229	990
Tonnage	1792		1089	658	617	120	1025	1312	344		6957	55079	65936
ARTICLES													
Beef, jerked, quintals						2611		9908			12579	140561	153140
Beef, preserved, casks							3580				6	6 1075	1075
Bones	117600		1000	21000							146180	6 3850	809830
Do. tons	84		14								98	1642	1740
Bone ash, ton	209										209	4849	5058
Feathers, bales												115	115
Guano, tons												184	184
Hair, bales	55		61				91				211	1519	1730
Do serous and bags	4		9								88	758	846
Hide cutting, bales	2		12	55			13				82	948	999
Hide, ox and cow, salted	15540		5820	1481	1249		6809				30899	280246	310145
Do. do. do. dry			20706	9	31930		21998				74742	380000	455651
Do. horse do.			100		6285	50	684	80			7179	8100	15279
Do. do. salted	6467		2089	1900	1000		4737				16193	79005	95798
Horns, ox and cow	17242		1000	5600	26083		2616	1000			6544	658001	619443
Hoof, tons	4										14	754	304
Skins calf, bales						4					4	21	25
Do. do. dozens				39	7		414				83	834	913
Do. deer, bales						1					1	3	4
Do. do. dozens								5			29	156	185
Do. goat bales					24								
Do. do. dozens								6			6	121	137
Do. nutria, bales												1	1
Do. do. dozens												4	4
Do. sheep-kins bales	110		330	1							401	3193	3684
Do. do. dozens												43	43
Do. slunk calf, bales	1			2	18		4				25	20	45
Do. do. dozens							338				338	394	733
Mares grease, pipes								23			23	2161	2184
Do. do. boxes	460			770				232			1462	2955	4417
Tallow, pipes	912		12					194			1119	8834	9953
Do. boxes									1826		1826	3351	5177
Tobacco, boxes and serous												1492	1492
Wool, bales	582		874	18				304			1614	24079	26581
Do. serous and bags	8		63					11			82	64	146

Monthly Retrospect.

In normal circumstances we expect little from July as a business month. It is the depth of our short winter. The chief arrangements for the season are completed, and those for the spring seldom commence earlier than September; to which we might add as collateral causes, short days, inclement weather and dirty roads.

On the present occasion it has rather exceeded expectation. There has been some demand for the local market, and some disposition to speculate for the Interior Provinces, chiefly we presume, on the strength of the rumored differential duties. It would be unfair therefore to speak harshly or discouragingly of July, although after all the real amount effected is nothing to boast of.

In appreciating this result, as regards manufactured goods, we must also take into account the deplorably disassorted state of our import market. This want of suitable assortments has reached a climax, that is now felt to be inconvenient and prejudicial, and if prolonged must prove certainly disastrous. No doubt more and much more might have been done during the last two months, had we been able in this respect to humour the speculative disposition of dealers for the interior.

In remedying this evil we repeat, and it cannot be repeated too often, that great circumspection is required, on the part of manufacturers and importers. We do not complain of an absolute scarcity, for of many articles there are still abundant and superabundant supplies, as a correct inventory of our deposit stores would amply testify; and any further supply of these at present would be the greatest and most ruinous blunder to all parties, that can be committed. In these circumstances strict and undeviating attention should be paid to the specific orders and instructions of correspondents, for in the anomalous state of our market, it is easier to commit errors than rectify them, and of all errors any addition to an existing overstock is the most fearful and irremediable.

In prices there is a correspondent anomaly. Articles scarce and in request have reached the remunerating point; others plentiful and in languid demand, can only be disposed of at a sacrifice. Speaking generally we may announce a slight improvement, or tendency to improvement, that is cramped and counteracted chiefly by the general cause alluded to, the bad assorted state of the market, that demands immediate attention.

The extremely unsettled state of our money market during the month, has also had a depressing effect, especially upon the local market; but that has now become a chronic distemper, of which we are tired of speaking. At present the upward movement, without any real benefit to the importer or to the local dealer is a direct and positive loss to the local dealer or retailer, whose profits necessarily evaporate in the different exchange at which he must meet his liabilities. In such cases, we may always expect a certain backwardness and difficulty in making collections; but, as a proof of the soundness and vitality of our local market, the complaints on this occasion are fewer and more subdued, than might have been expected in the sudden and apparently unaccountable leap that ounces took, from 250 to 376 current dollars each, a difference of from 7 to 8 per cent, which, with our present brisk competition in the retail line, the established scale of profits, we presume, can ill afford to sustain.

The arrivals have been very moderate, and that upon the whole is matter of congratulation; for we do not require many cargoes, but a few selected with extreme nicety, to fill up the blanks that exist in an otherwise heavily overstocked market.

ARTICLES OF DAILY CONSUMPTION.

In this department the arrivals have been frequent and heavy, and with the large stocks that must exist in first hands, it is not easy to explain the tenacity of the extremely high prices that have prevailed in this market for the last two years, and something more. Be that as it may, the fact is that, so far from any indication of a glut, the general rule is that cargoes, especially from Brazil and the United States, are sold to arrive; and as to retail prices, why the denizens of Buenos Ayres may easily fancy themselves residing in some beleaguered fortress, like Kars or Sebastopol.

However, "it is a long lane that has no turning;" and at the rate supplies have latterly been arriving, we consider it almost impossible that present rates should be maintained. To this remark sugar is the most notable exception, and so far from any symptom giving way, has made a very considerable advance during these last days. Flour on the contrary has fallen from 13 to about 10 1/2 patacones; a price that must still leave a handsome profit to the importer, when we compare it with the current rates in the North American markets, whence our principal supplies are obtained, it will undoubtedly continue to command good prices till we can reckon to a certainty on the ensuing harvest, that is more or less during the remainder of the current year. We still regard flour as the best and safest speculation in the department under review, and reiterate our protest against the import duty; albeit with little hope of any alleviation, in view of the legislative apathy on the one hand, and the passive acquiescence of the community on the other.

EXPORT PRODUCE.

Owing to the season of the year and the state of the weather, we have to report extremely reduced operations in our Saladeros, and nearly a suspension of our intercourse with the country districts. Consequently we have had a very limited amount of produce, which was eagerly taken up at extreme prices, and no stocks of any kind allowed to accumulate. The depreciation of our currency was wont to favor the Saladerista; but our estancieros or cattle breeders, from long practice, have become adepts in calculating the exchange, and take good care to regulate the price of live stock to its capricious variations. As price rule at present we need not expect extended operations, and should any degree of security be obtained on the frontier it will tend to enhance still further the value of breeding stock, and curtail for an indefinite period the prospective amount of exports.

Latterly a considerable proportion of what we have shipped, has come from the Interior Provinces, and merely touched here in transit. With the differential duties, of which we shall have occasion to speak anon, a new direction will be given to that proportion, but of course it will reach its destination through one channel or another; whether or not with increased benefit to the producers remains to be seen. We and the Oriental State seem destined to be the first sufferers, but we dare say that in the long run, others will come in for their full share. But, in short, our whole commercial system seems placed in a quandary, the practical result of which it is impossible to foresee or predict.

SOCIAL AND POLITICAL ASPECT.

Were things left to follow their natural course, there is no question that this State would speedily become an inviting outlet for the European emigrant, and a profitable customer for the European manufacturer; and allowing a little longer time for the full development of the artificial wants of a higher degree of civilization, we may predicate the same of the Confederate Provinces; but, by a deplorable fatality, both tendencies are retarded and counteracted by a local antagonism, that promises anything but a satisfactory result.

In the enumeration of these artificial impediments we may commence with the differential duties, an ill-timed parody of the Berlin Decrees. These received the sanction of the Senate on the 15th inst.; and the veto of the Executive is now the only and forlorn hope, of their being reconsidered or modified. As a document likely to produce a deep and lasting impression on both sections or fractions of the Argentine Republic, we give a translation of it at length for the information and guidance of whom it may concern.

DRAFT OF LAW.

"The Senate and Chamber of Representatives in Congress assembled sanction with the force of Law:—

Art. 1st.—Four months from and after the promulgation of this law, goods introduced into the fluvial ports of the Confederation, from places within the Capes shall be charged import duties in the following order:—

1st.—Articles of merchandise subject to a specific duty, shall pay double the established rate.

2d.—Articles of merchandise not subject to specific duties, shall on their introduction be charged 30 per cent *ad valorem*.

3d.—Articles imported directly from without the Capes, by the aforementioned ports, shall continue paying the present duties.

Art. 2d.—The natural or manufactured products of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, of that of Paraguay, and of the fluvial possessions of Brazil situated within the Capes, introduced directly by the aforesaid ports, are included in the preceding article.

Art. 3d.—The natural or manufactured articles of the Province of Buenos Ayres, as national products, shall be admitted duty free.

Art. 4th.—Let it be communicated &c."

In our number of the 5th July we have recorded our opinion as to the unhappy tendency of this measure, which augurs complications that may seriously affect commercial interests.

And other political events of equally sinister aspect, have followed close in the train of this ill-advised sanction. On the number of last week we mentioned the rumour of a change of Government in the Province of Santa Fe, and contrary to our wishes and expectations we have received full and ample confirmation of that ominous and scandalous affair; and public attention is fixed with painful intensity on the course of policy in reference to it, that may be adopted and pursued by the National Government.

As to the details of the movement we are still pretty much in the dark but it is admitted that Governor Cullen ceded his post without a struggle, on a simple intimation of the anarchists, headed by General Pablo Lopez; and it is even added that the movement only anticipated his anxious desire to retire to private life, for which purpose he had his resignation drawn up in form, and ready to be submitted the Legislative Chambers of the Province.

The report of his being made or kept prisoner, is an unfounded fabrication. On the contrary, he retired, with a few attached adherents, and without any molestation whatever, to the Paraná, where he is said to have submitted his resignation in the most unqualified terms to the President of the Republic.

So far this new revolution has been "bloodless and tearless" in its first stage; but the important consideration is, to what ulterior complications may it yet lead?

We might here give a variety of conflicting versions as to the supposed authors, and the contemplated objects of the movement; but so little is positively known that the effect be would "to render confusion worse confounded.

As an immediate sequel to, or in fact an accompaniment of the differential duties, it is regarded by many as a preparatory step to hostile measures against this State; and so many circumstances concur in pointing to that result, that it is difficult to banish all apprehension, that the month of November may see us involved in a new fratricidal struggle, the duration and vicissitudes of which it is impossible to foresee or calculate. The mere apprehension of such an issue is enough in the meantime to paralyze commercial transactions; the more vexatious in that we have latterly had several symptoms of a progressive amelioration.

How long are we destined to see these early birds of hope nipped by the untimely frosts of revolution and anarchy! We would require more prudence and patriotism than we are prepared to give either party credit for, to compute this ominous tempest; of which foreign commercial interests are certain to be the first victims.

It is a curious fact which deserves to be recorded, that for the last 4 or 5 years we have uniformly had some disturbing influence in the months of November and December, precisely the two best business months of the year; so that we begin to expect some more or other, as a matter of course. It is to be hoped that the forthcoming may be an exception; but present appearances by no means justify the aspiration.

MONTVIDEO.—On directing our attention to the opposite side of the Plate, the prospect is equally dark and repulsive. Giving the Administration full credit for the best and most patriotic intentions there are financial difficulties apparently of unsurmountable magnitude; and these difficulties still further enhanced by party pretensions, a treacherousness as they are insatiable. Señor Garcia, as Minister of Finance, was the forlorn hope of the Orientals; and by voluntarily and resolutely abandoning the post after so short a trial, virtually declares himself unequal to the Herculean task that was assigned him in the Administration. It is possible that a new Ministry may be constructed; but we have little faith in its success or duration; for money is as much the sinews of Government as it is of war. But we have dwelt long enough on the dark side of the picture.

As a source of hope for the future, it is admitted that the country districts are recovering from their state of prostration with astonishing rapidity, and in course of time this must create a reaction in favour of the Capital.

In the competition for mercantile supremacy in these waters, they have also framed a custom-house law, that fairly outbids all their neighbours in liberality; but with the untoward differential duties we fear it is doomed for some time to be nearly inoperative.

Several joint stock companies are in agitation for the purpose of agricultural colonization; and in view of the climate and soil of the Banda Oriental, if the first difficulties can be surmounted, there is a likelihood of their ultimate success. As a remedy its efficacy must be admitted; but it fortunately is too remote and too slow in its operation for evils so immediate and pressing.

REPUBLIC OF PARAGUAY.—To that quarter we can look with some degree of satisfaction and confidence. The impending rupture with the Empire of Brazil, of which we gave some account in our prospect for June, has happily been averted, by the ratification of the Treaty of peace.

Another disagreeable question with the French Consul respecting the Colony at Nueva Burdeos, appears also in a train for a satisfactory adjustment; as the colonists are now left at entire liberty to retire from the territory of Paraguay, when and how they think proper.

There only remains therefore the questions with the late Consul of the United States, and certain boundary questions with the Argentine Government; neither of which is likely to lead to an open rupture.

It is probable therefore that Paraguay may afford a fair outlet for European manufactures; and upon the whole we consider her prospects the brightest at present in this section of South America.

In a circular of the Minister of Government addressed to the Consuls of the State residing in foreign ports, we have a more inviting picture of our situation and prospects; but that document had been penned some days before we received the news of the revolution in Santa Fe; which has given new aspect to affairs.

THE INDIANS.—Although neither the treaty nor the conferences have been published, it appears that some kind of a compact has been effected with the Patagonian Chief, Yanquetruz; who has sent a special Commission, including a brother of his own, to congratulate the Government on so auspicious an event.

We regard this as an interesting step; and if the plan of detaching the subaltern caudillos can be carried out, it may eventually lead to important results; although in the meantime it does not supersede the necessity of energetic preparations to place the frontier in a state of effective defence. It may appear needless work to be negotiating and making warlike preparations at the same time; but it is a necessary consequence of the kind of enemy with whom we have to do, that can offer but slender guarantees for the observance of any compact that may be stipulated.

LEGISLATIVE ANARCHISM.—On Thursday evening the Senate had a long and animated debate on the policy, propriety and legality of sanctioning or allowing the establishment of bull rings. Forunately for the credit and reputation of the community, they were voted a *non-est*, by a large majority.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE PARANA.—The President of the Confederate Provinces has recognised General Pablo Lopez as Provisional Governor of Santa Fe, dissolving the Provincial Chambers, and ordering new elections for the 31st of August, under the auspices of the successful minister Chief.

These constitutional proceedings require no comment; and we should like to know the light in which they appear to the staff of Diplomatic Agents that vegetate at the Parana. Coupled with these the abrupt and extra party disruption of the Conventions of December 1855 and January of the present year, the concentration of the Provincial contingents and the recent citation of the National Guards of Entre Rios, and he must be pained who does not see the approach of a new invasion and a devastating civil war.

As some slight compensation, the term of 4 months for the commencement of the differential duties, is to be extended to 7, for articles imported from without the Cape. This has been conceded, it appears, in deference to a suggestion or reclamation of Mr. Christie.

RIVER PILOTAGE.—A Decree of the 30th, establishes absolute freedom in the exercise of this industry. Captains and Consignees may employ whom they think proper, and fix the conditions; or dispense altogether with the employment of pilots.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS operate beneficially not only upon the diseased organs, but upon the constitution of the invalid. To quicken the torpid stomach, enable the disordered liver to secrete a due portion of healthy bile, and remove obstructions from the intestines, are important objects; but Holloway's Pills do more than this. They recruit the stamina of the patient, and infuse tone and vigour into the whole vital machinery. The animal spirits, sympathising with the physical powers, become light and buoyant, and that greatest of earthly blessings, "a sound mind in a sound body," is the result. "Thousands of persons who have been cured of chronic dyspepsia and its attendant depression by this powerful alterative and tonic, know this to be literally true.

DIVERGING EMPIRES.

THE SWORDS OF PHYSICAL AND MORAL TRUTH.
Two men, alike perhaps, in the normal nature of their genius, and each aiming at a certain universality of empire in the professions they respectively selected—Napoleon and Holloway. The Empire of the sword which the former created and for so many years of fluctuating victory sustained and fostered was, after all, an idle and a bloody dream. It faded in the frost of his first reverses, and when he died, a lonely exile on the sea-girt rock, there was no compensating benefit that he could point to for all the carnage, misery, and ruin his personal ambition cost the world.

Profess- or Holloway made a wiser choice, although the enemy he grappled with had more than mortal terrors at command. He levied war on disease, and with the self-made weapons of his Universal Remedies, has fought and overcome his enemy in every land, on every sea, among all tribes and nationalities of the earth. This was a suborn fight and one in which success brought no triumphant cries to cheer the progress of the conqueror. The silent gratitude of a rescued sufferer, the still more silent voice of an approving conscience, the assurance that his years had been devoted to a worthy object, and the growing respect and admiration of all whose good opinion deserves to be considered,—these were the only stimulants which prompted him to despise the clamours of interested hate, and persist in the dissemination of that medicinal empire which he has at length established among all the nations and branches of the human family. And his is an empire that will last, and a reward that shall not pass away.

It would be an insult to the understanding of our readers—versed as we must suppose them to be in a matter of such vital interest—to enlarge upon the different steps of the investigation by which Professor Holloway succeeded in demonstrating that all maladies took their rise in an organic impurity of blood. He did discover it; and by discovering in addition, one single combination of herbs capable of restoring the blood to purity, arrived at that Universal Remedy which, though dreamed of, and believed in, and hoped for by the wise men of all former ages, had never before been realized in the test of universal practice. Great indeed, is the reward of the learned and indefatigable physician; the prayers of the millions he has saved accompanying him through life—and the record of their gratitude will have gone before him when he is summoned from the scene which his genius and philanthropy have so largely contributed to improve. The reward of practical benevolence is an imperishable crown.—*Washington Democrat.*

Exchange.—July 31st.

Spanish Dollars and Patagonas	25
Patria Doubloons	252
Spanish do.	867
Bills on England per Doubloon	63
Guano per barrel	14
do. Montevideo	23
Perms. per Doubloon	85
United States do.	109 1/2
65 pesado of 27 lbs.	60
Patria Doubloons, highest price during the week	370
do. lowest do.	364 1/2
Exchange on England, highest during the week	65
do. lowest do.	67

Exports.—July 31st.

Bull, ox and cow hides, and calf skins, duty 5 dols. each, 40 lbs.	59	62 nom.	
Dry Matadero, narrow without tallow, 28 & 30 lbs. pesado of 45 lbs.	59	60	
Dry Matadero, narrow, ox and cow	59	60	
22 lbs. p. cada of 35 lbs.	60	61	
Dry Matadero, narrow without tallow	60	61	
65 pesado of 27 lbs.	60	61	
Hides, for Spain, 25 lbs. scarce	60	61	
D. N. America, 21 & 23 Pounds	58	61	
Hides of all stakes from carts	156 1/2	4	
Hides of low weights, any average	17 lbs. scarce	59	60 1/2
Hides calf skins, say average 7 lbs.	52	53	
Ox hides, salted, 60 & 65 lbs. each	48	51 1/2	
60 lbs. scarce	48	51 1/2	
Cow hides salted 50 & 55 lbs. per 60 measure sea sil.	50	54	
Duty 1 dollar each.			
Horse do. each, dry, rls. sil.	25	4 3/4	
do. salted 32 & 35 lbs. rls. sil.			
Duty 4 per cent. ad valorem.			
Moneta, dry, duty, each, pesada 35 lbs.		150 p.	
Duty 5 dols. per doz.			
Sheep, washed, mixed, per 30 lbs. common	100	4 1/2	
do. per lb. common	80	4 90 p.	
Duty 4 per cent. ad valorem			
Wool, duty 28 per arroba	64	4 7/8	
Ordinary, dirty per 25 lbs.	33	4 40	
Ordinary, washed " " "	35	4 60	
Mexico, dirty " " "	60	4 80	
Do. washed " " "	90	4 100	
Fine, dirty " " "	90	4 100	
Do. washed " " "	100	4 142	
Cordova, baled rials silver	4	36	
Entrevero, washed bales	4	28	
Horse hair, duty 2 dols. per arroba.			

Do. short, arroba scarce	85	4 100
Do. inferior do.	110	4 115
Do. low do.	160	4 200
Cow hair, clean	100	4 105
Animal oil or tallow melted or raw		
Tallow, with grease, arroba, rials silver	21	4 16 nom.
Tallow pure arroba rials sil. (a)	21	4 32 nom.
Hides cuttings, green, q. baled		850
Horas, duty, 4 0/100 mixed	1450	4 1500
Inferior do.	700	4 700
Do. Cow do.	450	4 500
Ostrich, feathers duty 4 qd.		
Long black, lbs. loose	7	4 8
Long black, woven	7	4 10
Do. white loose	7	4 9
Do. white loose	7	4 12
Jerked beef, duty 83 per qd. sil.	4	6 c.
Bones, skin and marrow 4 0/100	140	4 150
Mare's grease, per 8 (b)	28	4 29
Goat skins per dozen	33	4 36

All the produce of the Argentine Provinces freed duty on their Exportation.
All the above prices as silver are based on \$11 par oz. excepting Salt Hides and Jerked Beef, which are \$16 to the oz.

(a) All Prices of Tallow nominal.
(b) Without casks.

MARINE LIST.

Port of Buenos Ayres.

ARRIVALS.

July 25th.
Clara, Spanish brig, 152 tons, M. Simco, from Cadiz 28th May, to J. Galaraga, with 79 pipes 40 half do and 40 quarter do red wine, 200 jars and 500 barrels olives, 4 boxes hams, 20 barrels vinegar, 155 do Malaga wine, 54 do cherry do, 200 jars annis seed brandy, 1500 boxes vermicelli, 100 do soap, 100 do starch, 7 do dates, 6 do merchandise, 100 bales white paper, 100 co brown wrapping do, 30 bags hazl nuts, 40 do almonds, 15 do annis seed, 15 do canary do.
Constitution, National steamer, S. Fidanza, from Montevideo 24th inst., with 53 pipes and 1 half do lime, 54 quarter casks Malaga wine, 14 barrels peas, 2 boxes paper, 3 do merchandise, 4 packages samples. Passengers 57.
Summer Hill, British barque, 192 tons, G. Graham, from Tron 1st May, to R. Tweedie & Co, with 300 tons coal.
July 26th.
Penguin, Brazilian brig, 219 tons, J. Gandolfo, from Rio Janeiro 10th inst., to Guillot Berarrelli & Co., with 759 barrels flour, 10 boxes sweet meat, 50 bags sugar, 1 box containing a machine, 2 do merchandise, 25 do cider, 40 do and 8 barrels wine, 6 do aguardiente, 987 jars oil, 245 rolls tobacco.
Industrie, French barque, 261 tons, A. Galle, from Liverpool 28th April, to J. C. Thompson and Co, with 369 tons coal.
July 27th.
Menai, British steamer, J. B. Schiaffino, from Montevideo 26th inst., with 12 boxes merchandise, 5 do eggs. Passengers 36.
Three Brothers, American barque, 263 tons, W. W. Sheriff, from New York 5th May, to F. Sanllosa, with 143,792 feet lumber, 406 bundles shingles, 944 do pickets.
Emile, Hamburg lugger, 120 tons, C. Meyer, from Hamburg 7th May, Montevideo 17th inst., to Lohmann Meyn & Co., with 50 boxes candles, 199 do blue, 12 do perfumery, 49 do hardware, 345 do and 10 casks spirits, 30 planks, 5 bars coal, 2 casks and 3 boxes drugs, 48 do paint, 179 do, 10 do and 6 packages merchandise, 17 do samples.
July 28th.
Alice, British brigantine, 122 tons, J. Taylor, from Canton 15th March, to Lenner del Sar, with 12,500 bricks, 600 rolls matting, 1,400 boxes fire crackers, 22 do lackered ware, 12 do figures, 10 do paper kites, 4 do samples, 1,301 do tea, 87 do and 3 packages silks, 5 boxes trunks.
July 29th.
Malvine, Dutch schooner, 208 tons, J. E. Jonge, from Rotterdam 28th May, to Visser & Co., with 78 casks vinegar, 40 do and 1850 boxes gin, 60 hams, 1 bale canvass, 13 crates empty jugs, 15 boxes cordials, 200 do candles, 61 do glassware, 91 do pipes, 182 do wine, 69 do cigars, 4 do vermouth, 12 do axes, 3 do knives, 54 do and 1 package merchandise, 2 do samples, 40 bundles spades, 310 boards, 53,145 kilograms coal.
July 30th.
John Knox, American ship, 642 tons, J. W. Gwin, from New York 18th May, to Lind Feur & Co., with 281,445 feet lumber.
July 31st.
Pampiro, British steamer, D. Soutar, from Montevideo 30th inst., with 1 cask and 5 boxes merchandise, 14 do eggs. Passengers 27.
Asuncion, American steamer, from Paraná, Rosario and San Nicolas.
The following are the manifest of the under-mentioned vessels:—
Giuseppe, Sardinian brig, with 53,100 tiles 750 marole mortars, 750 pestles for do, 12 bales annisseed, 25 barrels canary do, 49 do chestnuts, 13 do linseed, 50 bags zumaac, 18 do rice, 25 bales stockfish, 8 casks and 200 boxes vermouth, 200 do, 18 casks and 142 demijohns oil, 426 bales brown wrapping paper, 1 basket cheese, 2 tins mushrooms, 50 boxes vermicelli, 200 do br. indy, 100 do absynth, 100 do cordials, 50 do marrasquino, 50 do kirsch, 100 do muscatel wine, 53 do soap, 50 do almonds, 4 iron bestbeds, 10 ingots tin, 20 boxes merchandise.
Gipsey, American barque, 295 tons, W. H. Mallard, from New York 20th May, to Zimmermann & Co, with 744 barrels rice, 488 do flour, 6 boxes silks, 423 do chairs, 9 do shawls, 39 do tobacco, 550 do and 105 half do tea, 114 rolls cordage, 84 sets bed plaiks, 97 mahogany boards, 14 bundles do, 10 do cherry, 12 packages, 22 casks and 218 boxes mer chandise.

Goja, Sardinian polera, 172 tons, N. D. dero, from Gibraltar 12th May, Montevideo 24th inst., to Guillot Berarrelli & Co., with 4 chests of d-wares, 6 tables, 1 sofa, 1 carriage, 4 ploughs, 2 doors, 1 bundle spades, 75 baskets 2 presses and 4 boxes dresses, 2 boxes maul rooms, 420 bales brown wrapping paper, 1 bale wolens, 24 do cordage, 300 barrels flour, 6 bags rice, 288 do peas, 43 marble steps, 279 do mortars, 6 do statues, 8 do stones, 24 chair 25 boxes wine, 15 bales stockfish, 49,650 bricks, 2 packages books, 3 do samples, 4 do and 1 box merchandise. 1 do oil, 1,24 do vermicelli, Passengers 24.

Ana, Spanish polera bark, 282 tons, P. Maristany y Rose from Bahia 25th June, to E. Ochoa & Co., with 382 pipes, 18 half do, and 13 barrels agardiente, 205 bags cocoa, 50 dozen broms, 33 barrels and 14 boxes sugar, 78 baskets champagne, 12 barrels cocoa oil.

SAILINGS.

July 25th.
Felix, Spanish brig, for Brazil, dispatched by F. Senillosa, with 2810 qq jerked beef, 50 qq horse hides.
Theresa Osara, Hamburg brig, for London, dispatched by Zimmermann & Co., with 2650 salted horse hides, 300 do ox and cow do, 150 boxes mares grease, 60 pipes tallow, 46 bales wool, 9 tons bones, 4 do ox hoof.
Tonelero, Brazilian brigantine of war, for Montevideo.
July 26th.
Pampiro, British steamer, for Montevideo.
Constitution National steamer, for Montevideo.
Maria Eugenia, Sardinian barque, for Genoa, dispatched by B. Viale & Co., with 410 boxes mares oil, 77 seroons hair, 67 joints, 5 boxes cigars, 220 arrobas hide cuttings, 9 dry ox and cow hides.
July 27th.
Lion, American barque, for Foreign Ports, in ballast, dispatched by S. B. Hale & Co.
July 28th.
Brothers, British brig, for Liverpool, dispatched by Rennie Tweedie & Co., with 3143 salted ox and cow hides, 1045 do horse oil, 101 pipes tallow, 2 do blood, 6 boxes mares oil, 1 do merchandise, 21 tons bonys, 7 bales sheep skins, 1 do stunk calf do, 2 do hide cuttings, 52 do wool, 20 do and 4 seroons hair.
July 30th.
Glen Tilt, British bark, for Antwerp, despatched by Villars & Sons, with 3,033 salted ox and cow hides, 2,948 dry do do, 317 bales wool, 28 do sheep skins, 37 do 90 arrobas and 6 seroons hair, 63 do wool, 5 tons bones, 7 pipes and 10 half do tallow.
Esperanza, Brazilian brig, for Bahia, despatched by F. Arango & Co., with 3,260 qq jerked beef.
Patria, Hamburg bark, for Montevideo, despatched by Frenssen & Co., 30,055 bricks, 50 tons iron, 100 boards, 4 boxes sterine candles.
Packet, Belgian bark, for Antwerp, despatched by Bunge Bornfeld & Co., with 11,034 dry ox and cow hides, 1,951 salted horse do, 110 bales sheep skins, 58 do wool, 19 do hair.
Sacramento, French ship, for Bombay, in ballast.
Menai, British steamer, for Montevideo.
Leverger, Brazilian schooner, for Brazil, dispatched by Machain bros., with 143 boxes 12 bales 33 casks and 3 packages merchandise, 2 iron boilers.
July 31st.
Sorte, Brazilian bark, for Rio Janeiro, despatched by F. Arango & Co., with 232 boxes and 23 pipes mares grease, 225 barrels and 5 half do tallow, 70 rolls matting, 89 boxes tea, 51 do and 52 bales merchandise.

Shipping List OF HENRY A. GREEN,

FOR LONDON
British bark Matland, 331 tons at A. Scott, master may have room for a few bales and will have quick despatch.
Consignees Messrs Parlane Graham & C.
FOR LONDON
British bark Anne Logan, 295 tons at J. Logan master, is now loading and has disengaged room for salted hides and bales.
Consignees Messrs White and Co.
FOR LIVERPOOL
Hamburg brig Batha, 227 tons, at W. Walker, master, has disengaged room for bales and will sail in the course of a week.
Consignees Messrs J. N. Bieler and Co.
FOR LIVERPOOL
British bark Criterion, 238 tons, at J. Ferguson, master, has commenced her loading and has disengaged room for salted hides and bales.
Consignees Messrs Kerr & Grierson.
FOR ANTWERP
Hamburg brig Amazona, 200 tons, at G. Schran master, has all her cargo engaged and shipping and will have quick despatch.
Consignees Messrs E. Schroder & Co.
FOR ANTWERP
Lubeck bark Anna, 250 tons, at Branstadt master, has about one third cargo engaged and can still take 1,000 salted hides if offered immediately.
Consignee to Order.
FOR ANTWERP
Spanish brig Clara, 153 tons, Manuel Sunico master, is chartered vessel, and will sail in the course of 30 days.
Consignees Messrs. Jos. Galaraga Esp.

FOR NEW YORK.
The fine American brigantine Civilian, 167 tons, Smith master, has two thirds of her cargo engaged and shipping and is now loading in the inner roads.

Zimmermann Frasier & Co.
FOR NEW YORK.
The well known regular trader, American bark O. J. Hayes, 413 tons, Schirrick master, will be ready in a few days to receive cargo.

For freight or passage apply to the consignees Messrs. J. Bastman & Co.
FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.
Vessels calling in the CHANNEL for Orders.

British brig Sea Nymph 246 tons, A. J. Harris, master.

Consignees Messrs. George Bell & Co.

British brig, Lady Mona, 196 tons, at Hull master.

Consignees Messrs. G. Ford bro.

British bark Ochteryne, 221 tons at Spencer, master.

Consignees Messrs. Thos. Duguid and Co.

Consignees Messrs. D. T. Vissier & Co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.
French ship Industrie, 261 tons, at Gellie master.

Consignees Messrs. J. C. Thompson & Co.

For further particulars respecting the above mentioned vessels, please apply to their respective consignees, or to

HENRY A GREEN.
No. 51, Calle Recoquista.

WANTED.
In the North American Seminary, a male and female teacher. Apply to Principal at No. 75 Calle Mayaffi. Aug 2

JUST RECEIVED
A small parcel of real Hollands, a small quantity of excellent Brandy and Scotch Whisky. For sale at the store of Thomas Nuttall & Co., No 80 Calle Mayo. Aug 2 4p

NOTICE.
By the last mail from England, a letter returned for postage was received here, directed to Port Natal, South Africa; the sender thereof may wish to see an application at this office.
British Consulate, July 25th 1856.

TO LET.
1 or 2 unfurnished rooms. Apply to Calle Piedra No. 274. Aug 2

NORTH AMERICAN SEMINARY.

The Principal of the above Institution having been engaged in the tuition of youth for more than 20 years in various countries, & having a familiar acquaintance with the system so successfully pursued in the United States, from which country he has just arrived, has taken charge of this Establishment, which has been reorganized and will be conducted with all the ability and energy, which long experience and success will enable him to diffuse into all its departments.

In addition to the usual branches of a thorough English education, the course of study will include Latin, French, Spanish, German, Mathematics, Book-keeping, Music and Drawing.

In the young ladies department, special attention will be given to the polite and ornamental branches.

The Principal flatters himself that from long experience in teaching English to Spanish children, he will be particularly able to assist the Spanish youth of the City who are desirous of learning that language.

Excellent and ample accommodations are made for the reception of boarding pupils, who will be under the constant supervision of the Principal.

A programme &c., can be obtained on application to the Principal, at No. 75 Calle Mayaffi, or after the 1st September at 175 Calle Recoquista.

Aug 2 - c.o
HENRY R. NICHOLS

TO LET.
One or two rooms furnished, at No. 153 Calle Mayo. a19 c.o

WANTED.
A situation by a man and wife, the former as steward or gardener, the latter as cook or housemaid; they can bring the best testimonials for ability and integrity. Would have no objections to the country. Address A. B. office of this paper at 214 Calle de la Recoquista. o20 p

TO LET.
Two or three furnished rooms, at Calle Recoquista No. 138. J26

SUPERIOR BLACK TEA.
In half chests on sale at Messrs Edward Lumb & Co., calle Peru No. 12. J28 3p

BOARDERS FROM THE COUNTRY.
An English lady living in a healthy situation near the city, and who has had considerable experience in teaching, would like charge of two or three girls from 8 to 12 years of age in addition to those she has at present. The strictest attention paid to the comfort and improvement of the children entrusted to her care. For particulars apply to Mr. James Gibson, No. 11 c. Victoria or at Mr. Hastings's grocery store, No 100 calle Piedra. J26-3p

FOR BALTIMORE.
PASSENGERS ONLY.
The fast sailing clipper built American bark "Emily," captain Echterger, will sail for the above destination, in the course of a few days, and having very superior accommodations is a desirable opportunity for passengers who will receive the best of treatment on board. Apply to the captain, or to Messrs. Zimmermann Frasier & Co., calle Defensa No. 69. J26-3p

REMOVAL.
The undersigned Lowerer announces to his clients, that he has removed his office to calle de la Recoquista No. 106.
JOSE FRANCISCO LOPEZ.

TO LET.
The spacious two story house, calle 25 de Mayo No. 43, containing upwards of 20 apartments, cellar, algive, &c., long known as the "Hotel de Paris." To see it, and for further particulars, apply at any hour of the day at calle Merced No. 115. jy 12-3p

SEEDS AND PLANTS.
Sailors and others when on shore in the rivers Parana and Uruguay may at all seasons collect a greater or less quantity of seeds and plants. They will be received and liberally paid at No. 15 calle Tecuman; where select assortments may always be found on sale. jy 12 - c.o.

A Foreigner requires two well furnished rooms, fronting the street, and near the centre of the City. A Fire grate required in the sitting room. Apply at 144 calle Piedra.

SHEEP FARM.
A person that can give good reference, holding a suerte de Estancia in the neighborhood of Colonia (Oriental State) wishes to enter into an engagement to settle from 4 to 5,000 sheep in said Estancia, the holder of the necessary sheep putting them in Colonia and the possessor of the land taking them on halves with personal attendance. Apply to Messrs Calvo Koch & Frias, Calle Belgrano, n.º 84. J. 28-3 p.

Stablers
ANODYNE
CHERRY EXPECTORANT
Is confidently recommended to invalids, as unsurpassed by any known preparation for the cure of COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and other forms of common colds, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CROUP, CONSUMPTION in an early stage, and for the relief of the patient even in advanced stages of that fatal disease. It combines, in a scientific manner, remedies of long esteemed value, with others of more recent discovery and besides its soothing and tonic qualities, acts through the skin gently, and with great efficacy for the cure of this class of diseases.
DR. THOMAS P. EUBANK, Essex Connsy, Va, writes:—
"Your Expectorant is certainly the best remedy I have ever met with for affections of the throat and lungs. I say this much, after an extensive use of it, in many mild cases, and in some also of a desperate character of long standing; in all it has done for my patients all that I could have wished."
In my own family, less than two bottles cures the wife of my overseer, (a woman of a very consumptive habit), after she had suffered for more than six months, with extreme hoarseness and a very bad cough, all the usual prescriptions having been tried without benefit. My own wife has also been quickly cured by it of every cold she has contracted since I have had your "Good Medicine", by me, and I intend hereafter never to be without it. jy19-9p
For sale at the Dry Store of John Eastman & Co., No. 7 Calle Defensa.

NOVELS.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN EDITIONS
OF THE FOLLOWING AUTHORS.

Scott, Yulmar, Dickens, James, Cooper, Liver, Dumas, Sne, Lover, &c. &c. On sale at G. & H. Mackern's, Calle San Martin No. 20.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE,
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1720.

FOR INSURING BUILDINGS,
GOODS, MERCHANTISE,
AND
VESSELS IN PORT AND IN DOCK.

Throughout Great Britain and Ireland, And in Foreign Countries.

FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,
SAMUEL GREGSON, Esq. M.P. Governor.
JOHN ALVES ARMITTOTT, Esq. Sub-Governor.
JOHN ALEX. HANKE, Esq. Deputy-Governor.

DIRECTORS.
Nath. Alexander Esq.
Richard Baggallay Esq.
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F. E. Robertson Esq. M.P.
Alex. Trotter Esq.
Thomas Weeding Esq.
Lestock Peach Wilson Esq.

Offices.
No. 7, Royal Exchange, & No. 7, Pall Mall.

Terms of Insurance.

1. Private dwelling houses, having the external walls of bricks and covered with the same, or with slate, tile, metal, cement, or other incombustible materials, 7s. 6d. per cent per annum. Contents of the above, the same rate.

2. Buildings used wholly or partly, as Warehouses, or Shops, erected and covered as above, 10s. per cent per annum. Contents the same rate.

3. Goods in private Custom House deposit stores, erected and covered as above, 10s. per cent per annum.

4. Goods in general Custom House, Stores, and vessels in port, for 12 months, 10s.; for 6 months, 7s. 6.; for 3 months, 5s.

5. Barraca buildings, of wood, wholly or in part, if away from any crowded district, can likewise be insured, at a conventional premium.

Conditions of Insurance.

I. That preparatory to effecting any Insurance on Houses or Buildings, the party or parties making the same, shall specify of what Materials the Walls and Roofs of such Houses and Buildings are respectively constructed, where situated, and by whom occupied; and whether as private dwellings or how otherwise; whether any manufacture or hazardous trade be carried on, or any hazardous article be deposited or kept therein; also whether adjoining to or in the Risk of any Building or place in which any hazardous trade is carried on; whether any Steam Engine, Furnace, Kilo, Stone, Cattle, or other Apparatus, whereby heat is produced (common Fire Places and Ovens for domestic use excepted) be erected on the premises, and if so shall give a particular description of the nature and construction thereof respectively; and in case any alteration or addition be made therein or thereto respectively, or any hazardous articles be deposited or manufactured therein, after the Insurance thereon is effected, and notice thereof respectively be not given to this Corporation, or to its Agents, and the same be allowed by endorsement on the Policy; such Policy or Insurance will be null and void.

II. That upon the Insurance of Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, the nature and qualities thereof, and the Houses and Buildings or other places where the same are deposited and kept, shall be truly and accurately described, and likewise whether any Goods or articles of a hazardous nature be specified therein.

III. That if any Houses, Buildings, Goods, or other Property, shall be insured by this Corporation, without having been truly and accurately described, so as that the nature and degree of the risk to which they may be exposed, may be justly estimated; the Policy thereon shall be null and void.

IV. That Houses, Buildings, and Goods, in Trust or in Commission, intended to be insured, must be so described and declared at the time of effecting such Insurance, otherwise the Policy will not extend to cover such Property.

V. That losses by lightning will be made good where the Property insured by this Corporation has been actually set on fire thereto, and burnt in consequence thereof.

VI. That this Corporation will not be answerable for any loss or damage by fire, occasioned by any Invasions, foreign enemy, civil commotion, riot, or any military or naval power whatsoever, or for loss by fire occasioned by Earthquake or Hurricanes.

VII. That no allowance will be made for any property which may be destroyed or damaged by its own natural fire, nor for any goods which may be destroyed or damaged while undergoing any process in or by which the application of fire-heat is necessary; neither will the Corporation be responsible for loss or damage by explosion of any kind.

VIII. That books of accounts, manuscripts, written securities, money, bank notes, bills, stamps, and gold powder, will not be insured or compensated in any Insurance effected by or with this Corporation; nor will any loss be made in any case, or of any description be made good, when more than a cert. of Gunpowder shall be deposited or kept on the premises.

IX. That watches, trinkets, jewels, pearls, plate, musical instruments, pictures, prints, and drawings; china, glass, earthenware, looking glass plates, medals, coins, sculptures, or other ornaments, shall not be included in any Insurance effected by this Corporation, or covered thereby, unless the same be particularly specified in the Policy.

X. That persons who have insured property with this Corporation shall give notice of any other insurance already made, or which shall afterwards be made elsewhere on the same property; and that a memorandum of such Insurance may be endorsed on the Policy or Policies effected with this Corporation, otherwise such Policy or Policies shall be void; and persons for the contingent year shall be forfeited to the Corporation and shall not be recovered back or claimed from them.

XI. That upon the death of any person insured by this Corporation, his or her Policy and interest therein shall be transferred and continued to his or her representatives to whom the right of the Property insured shall belong, by Indemnity or otherwise, and persons removing their goods may retain the benefit of their policies, provided the nature and circumstances of the risk in such policies be not altered and such removal be allowed by the Corporation or its Agents in respect of their respective cases.

XII. That persons insured by this Corporation sustaining any loss or damage by fire, shall forthwith give notice to the Director or Secretary of this Corporation, at their offices, No. 7, Royal Exchange, Central, or to their Agents, &c., where, and as shall direct within a reasonable time, to the said Directors, their Secretaries, or Agents, as respectively and particular an account of their loss or damage accurately as may admit; and when required, make proof, under their own Oath, solemn declaration or affirmation, and that of their domestics or servants; and by the production of such books of accounts and such vouchers or evidence as may be required; and until such notice, and accurate, and particular accounts, vouchers and evidence are produced, the validity thereof has been previously ascertained under the hand and seal of the Chief Magistrate of the District where the fire happened, or of the British Consul (where such office is resident), no loss or damage will be paid or made good by this Corporation.

XIII. That in every case of loss or damage by which the said Corporation shall be liable, the said Corporation shall have the option, where the Insurance may be on goods, to supply the insured with the like quantity of goods of the same sort and kind, and of equal value and good; or with those destroyed or damaged by fire; or where the Insurance may be on houses and buildings, the said Corporation shall have the option, to rebuild or repair, and reinstate the same, and put them into as good and substantial a condition as they were in at the time when such fire happened. And, in case any difference shall arise touching any loss or damage, such difference shall be submitted to the arbitration of two indifferent persons; one to be chosen by the party insured, and the other by the Corporation, or its Agents, with liberty to appoint an Umpire, and the award, in writing, of the said arbitrator, or of them and the Umpire, shall be any two of them, shall be conclusive and binding to all parties.

XIV. That if any fraud or deception shall be practised or attempted, or if any false declaration or fraudulent claim or statement shall have been made or practised in effecting of the said Policy or Policies, or procuring the same from the said Corporation, or its Agents, or shall be made or set forth by or on the part of the assured, or in respect of any alleged loss or damage under the Policy or Policies from the said Corporation, it is expressly stipulated and agreed that it may be either of such cases the Policy and Policies, and the Insurance and Insurances thereon, shall be wholly null and absolutely null and void, and the assured forfeit all his, her or their right title and interest under the said Policy and Policies, and shall not recover or claim any thing what ever for or in respect of such alleged loss or damage, and the premium paid on such Policy or Policies for the same, shall be forfeited to the said Corporation, and shall not be recovered back or claimed from them.

XV. Insurances may be made for any period less than a twelve-month, and all such Insurances shall terminate at four o'clock in the afternoon of the day specified in the Policy, without the allowance of fifteen days.

XVI. That no Insurance shall be conclusive or binding on this Corporation, unless the Premium be previously paid thereon; and persons desirous of continuing annual Insurances must make their respective payments thereon, on or before the commencement of each and every succeeding year, or within fifteen next at intervals, unless the said Insurances will expire on the respective days on which the payment on such Policies becomes due; and that the only evidence of such payments shall be the receipts of the said Corporation or its Agents.

Buenos Ayres.
Agents, Messrs. DARRIE, GOWLAND & Co. j14 2p

Superior Port, Sherry, Champagne, Ale and Brandy. A small parcel of these articles will be found on sale at Calle Mayaffi, No. 4. J21 3p

NOTICE.
The undersigned, Public Auctioneer, begs leave to inform his friends and the Commercial Community of this City, that owing to the friendly interposition of one of his friends he has again recommenced his business as Auctioneer and Commission Merchant at his usual residence Sta. Rosa, No. 63,
MARIANO BILLINGHURST

SOAP MANUFACTORY.
Saladero del Alto,
The partnership heretofore existing between William Downes and Gustav Fuas, in the Soap Manufactory is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Fuas is charged with the liquidation of all pending accounts.—Saladero del Alto June 1st, 1856. WILLIAM DOWNES. GUSTAV FUAS.

BRITISH LIBRARY.
At a Meeting held lately by the Proprietors and Subscribers to this institution, the following important changes in the rules and management were agreed to in order to extend the benefit of the Library as far as possible to all classes of the community, viz:—
To reduce the subscription to £50 currency per annum.
Every subscriber to become a proprietor after he has subscribed for two years.
Messrs. to be taken immediately to arrange for considerable supplies of new and interesting works to come out every three months, besides Magazines and Reviews in due course.
The Committee on making known these changes earnestly appeal to their countrymen of all classes but especially the young men in merchants offices, to support them by at once calling at Messrs. Mackern's and entering their names as subscribers, for they believe that the establishment conducted on these principles will become one of the most useful in South America.
A book lies on the table of the Library in which the subscribers can enter any work they wish to wish the Committee to bring out. j14 3p

BOOKS.
The Committee of the British Library have empowered Messrs. Mackern to offer for sale at low prices, a quantity of well bound books,—chiefly novels, series of magazines, &c. &c. j14 3p

WANTED,
Two rooms unfurnished in a central situation; a note addressed R. H. and left at this office will be attended to. j14 c.o.

FOR SALE.
At the store of Bunge Bornfield & Co., Calle Defensa No. 73, a few casks of superior Calcutta rice received from Bordeaux, also Chret Béquet, Vieux Béquet, Champagne Louis, Chateau Margaux, in 1 dozen cases, and Champagne of the favorite brand "Comte de Meruel." j7 8p

BRITISH LIBRARY.

The Committee beg to intimate to those parties who have books belonging to the Library in their possession, beyond the time allowed, that if they are not returned without delay the Committee will have to charge them with the cost of the marks. 7th June 1856. c.o.

ON SALE.

At the Quinta Castillo, near the Huerto de San Saturno, 600 fine sweet orange plants of 6 and 8 pears, will be sold cheap to clear the ground.
Also a neat country house to let in the same Quinta. j7 8p

THE SUBSCRIBERS have on sale a small quantity of Messrs. Tennent's famed XX stout and best India Pale Ale in half and in whole bottles.
BROUVELLS GREY & Co. Calle Nuyffo, No. 15

SITUATION WANTED.
A person well acquainted with the management of an establishment of cattle or sheep, and who will make himself generally useful, and can give the best information as to character, offers his services for the camp. Apply at No. 73 Calle Merced. m17

FRESH SUPPLIES.
Just landed from the Annie Warrall.
Oatmeal, mustard, pickles, currants, truckle cheese in bladders, fine table salt, in jars and small bags, 9 Glenfield's patent starch, G.aney Nicols's of all sorts and sizes. On sale at J. A. Boubetta's No. 114 calle Defensa.

Also a large assortment on hand of Teas and Groceries of all descriptions. m29 6p

NOTICE.

In the press, and will be shortly published, a practical treatise on the teeth.
BY
J. W. ROWLEY, Dentist.

This practical treatise on the teeth, contains instructions, that if properly attended to may save many months and years of agonizing pain, and premature deformity; that is when the opening of the lips discloses no longer the teeth, but merely the teeth rendered incapable of performing their functions, (which they often are from simple neglect or ignorance of the proper mode of preserving them) our food is not properly prepared for digestion which consequently becomes tardy in its progress, and inflicts on us, one half the evils that flesh is heir to. J26 6p

BUENOS AYRES
AND THE
Provinces of the River Plate,
BY
W. PARODY
For sale at G. & H. Mackerns, Calle San Martin
No. 20. m8-c-o

The Friend of all.



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

MIRACULOUS CURE OF GENERAL DEBILITY.
Translation of a letter from Baboo Sorajee Chetty, of
Allahabad, dated 17th of October 1864.
To Professor Holloway,
Sir:—For a number of years I suffered most intensely
from general debility, disordered state of the liver, together
with melancholy and drowsy feelings, which were horrible
in the extreme. I had advice from some of the most clever
native physicians, but strange to state, my malady only in-
creased. Being a strict Mussulman, I knew not what to do,
(as the preparations of European are not in my religion),
but after wavering between two opinions for some
time, I determined to try your Pills, and by the grace of
Allah, they have been the means of my recovery. I had
about fifty-eight years of age. I am now as agile as a
boy, and have renewed vigor in every sense of the word.
Accept my Salutations, and believe me yours till death
(Signed) Baboo Sorajee Chetty.

AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR DIARRHY.
Extract of a letter from the Rev. Octavio Martin of the London
Mission, dated Manhattan, May 19th 1844.
To Professor Holloway,
Sir:—Among my various travels, I have observed with
great satisfaction the beneficial effect of your Pills in many
cases where medical skill has been defied, particularly, a
most remarkable instance occurred (answering this descrip-
tion) five months ago, and has ever been present since to
my imagination. I heard myself therefore bound to make you
acquainted with the facts. A poor woman, at this place,
who appeared to me to be on the verge of death, was suffering
dreadfully from this complaint she was tapped eight
times, within six months, I visited her myself, and gave her a
box of your pills, and after taking them, she seemed better
she continued them, and persevered for about nine weeks,
when she was perfectly cured; and had since enjoyed the
blessing of providence's mercy to the full of health. They are
a truly invaluable remedy for females at the turn of life, and
for young women with obstructions in their health.

WONDERFUL CASE!—DEATH REVERED OF ITS
VICTIM! ASTHMA CURED!—AFTER
GIVEN UP BY ALL!
Copy of a letter from Clas Smith, Esq. of Buenos,
dated March 12th, 1864.
To Professor Holloway,
Sir:—I have been a resident here for the last seven years
and during the whole of that time, (all within the last five
months) suffering unconsciously with asthma, attended with
constant spitting of blood which completely took my constitu-
tion and deprived me of rest both day and night. I consulted
a number of medical men at this station, but unfortunately
my case was eventually given up, and my friends reluctantly
advised that all hope of recovery was lost. I was in a
condition I can scarcely describe, my life being confined
them for 5 weeks the worst symptoms of my disorder disap-
peared and in three months I was completely cured. I still
enjoy the best of health, and now, I feel that I am
I remain Sir, your obliged Servant,
(Signed) CHARLES SMITH.

LIVER COMPLAINT OF FORTY-SEVEN YEARS
DURATION!
Copy of a letter from Mrs. Jane Thompson, (Widow of John
Thompson,) of Dinapore, dated the 18th of July, 1844.
To Professor Holloway,
Sir:—For fourteen years I was in the most delicate state
of health, suffering continuously from liver complaint and
indigestion, the least thing entering me from either side
causing diarrhoea although my diet was the most simple and
regular. Fortunately about ten months ago when my health
seemed totally to have failed, a friend kindly advised me to try
your Pills, which after some hesitation I commenced to use.
I must confess they quickly produced a change for the better,
and by continuing them, every symptom of my disorder disap-
peared and I am now perfectly cured; my health being bet-
ter than it has been for the last fifteen years. I ought not
to forget to mention, that my daughter aged sixteen who suf-
fered considerably for two years, has just been restored to
health by your invaluable Pills. I am Sir, (an advocate
for your system of medicine,) and your obedient servant,
(Signed) JANE THOMPSON.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious
in the following complaints.

Agua	Indigestion
Asthma	Jandice
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Bowel Complaints	Nipples
Colic	Retention of Urine
Consumption of the Bowels	Scrophula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stomach and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Gravel	The Douleuric
Headache	Tumors
Itchiness of all kinds	Venereal Affections
Obstruction of the Urinary	Weakness, from what
Pains of all kinds	Causes
Scrophula	Weakness, from what
Inflammation	Causes

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway 214,
Brand, (near Temple Bar, London), and by all respectable
Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British
Empire; also wholesale and retail in pots and boxes at the
Drug Store of J. EASTMAN & Co., No. 7, Calle Defensa.
There is a considerable saving by taking the larger
size. Directions for the guidance of patients in every
disease, are affixed to each Box.

ANGLO-FRENCH SEMINARY.
CALLE SANTA CLARA No. 129.
The undersigned, ex-teacher of the "English
Seminary," begs leave to inform his friends and
the public, that on the 2d of January next, he
will open the said establishment, limited to the
number of fifty scholars, and hopes that by his
assiduous application he will merit a share of their
protection and approbation. W. PARODY.

SCHOOL MASTER.
Wanted for a private school in the neighbour-
hood of Chacabuco, a person competent to give
a good English education to young children. For
particulars apply to the Revd. Mr. Smith at the
South Church, or to Mr. Thomas Drysdale at the
South Church, No. 6, M. Santa Clara No. 6. m8-c-o

NORTH AMERICAN SEMINARY.
This Institution, located in the house formerly
occupied by Spencer J. Wild, Esq., No. 75, Calle
Maypa, and conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Carrow,
will be opened for the reception of pupils on the
7th of January.

It will consist of three departments, viz: one
for infants, another for boys of advanced years,
and a third for young ladies. Such alterations
have been made in the apartments of the house
as will afford separate and commodious halls of
study for each class of pupils.
Instructions will be given in all the branches of
a liberal education. The pupils will be under the
constant and careful superintendance of the prin-
cipals. The principals have enjoyed the best
opportunities for acquiring a complete knowledge
of the various educational Institutions of their own
country, and their system of teaching will be the
same as that which is practiced in the United
States with such pre-eminent success.
Special attention will be given to the instruction
of native children, whose parents may wish them
to acquire a thoroughly correct knowledge of the
English language.

For particulars apply at the Institution, or at
No. 18, Calle de la Merced.
The principals beg leave also to refer to the
following gentleman:
Thomas Armstrong, Esq., S. B. Hale, Esq.
Henry Gilbert, Esq., Col. Joseph Graham, H. J.
Ropes, Esq., W. T. Livingston, Esq., Dr. H. W.
Kennedy. j5-c-o

Libreria frente al Colegio.
Calle Santa Rosa, No. 46.
FOR SALE.
Great assortment of books suitable for Christ-
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History of England, by Goldsmith, 1 vol.
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SUIPACHA, No. 24.
Joshua Negrotto, Principal, assisted by two
others; and by
Dapuis, Mathematics.
Larsen, Latin.
Reon, French.
Professors. White, English and Spanish.
Cádiz, Book-keeping in Spanish.
Jensen, " " English.
" Drawing.
Navarro, Vocal and Instrumental
music.

The most satisfactory proof of the efficient or
patriotic of this Institution, is the unexampled
patronage uninterruptedly awarded to it notwithstanding
the undiminished execution of its salutary
regulations.
The premises afford every desirable convenience
for boarders, half boarders and day scholars.
The studies will be resumed on Monday next,
7th inst.
The programme may be had by application to
the Principal, and the best bona fide references
that can possibly be given, are the parents and
guardians of the present and former scholars.
NEGROTTTO.
Buenos Ayres, January 24, 1856.

SITUATION WANTED.
An Englishman who understands his profession
in all its departments, offers his services as a gar-
dener; or would accept of a situation as door-
keeper in a respectable family. A note addressed
J. L. and left at this Office will be attended to.
J5-3p

It is also found an excellent remedy to destroy
maggots occasioned by the fly, and forms an
excellent dressing to ulcerated wounds arising
from them.
Prepared and sold only S. Bishop, Chemist and
Druggist, No. 49, Calle Defensa, opposite San
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Ready made of nine yards long and six wide
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M. Boscacq, dancing master, engages to teach
in a limited period and for a stipulated sum, par-
ties desirous of economising time, from their
occupations or any other motive; the lessons strict-
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Cosmopolitan Sanatorium.
26, CALLE TUCUMAN, 26.
Physicians and Proprietors, Private Residents.
Dr. Leslie, Calle 25 de Mayo 58
" Furst, " Representantes 193
" Ventura Bosch, " Suypacha 32

Regulations.
1st.—That the establishment shall be visited at
least once a day by each Physician.
2d.—That the three Physicians shall meet, at
least, once a week to consult upon all mat-
ters of importance.
3d.—That each patient on admission shall state
under whose care he wishes to be placed.
4th.—That any patient expressly desiring to
have the opinion of any other Physician,
than the one under whose care he has
placed himself, shall pay to each the usual
consultation fee.
5th.—That each patient shall pay for 15 days'
attendance in advance, or give a satisfactory
guarantee.
6th.—That operations & leeches are not con-
sidered as included in the regular charges;
and likewise that extraordinary cases will
require a special agreement.

Terms.
Common Wards \$20 per day
Middle do 30 "
Private Rooms 50 "
m3-c-o.

MERCHANT VESSELS from Sea in the Port of Buenos Ayres on the 31st ult.

Date of Arrival.	Class.	Names.	Tons.	BRITISH.	Captains.	Destinations.
Jan. 26 Bk.	Ocean	Ocean Sprite	233	Kayll	Best Brothers	Liverpool
May 17 Bk.	Ocean	Ocean	184	Sanderson	G. Bertarelli & Co.	
June 20 Bk.	Malinda	Malinda	351	Scott	Parlane Graham	
May 22 Bk.	Logan	Anne Logan	235	Logan	White & Co.	
June 30 Bk.	Orifloro	Orifloro	257	Ferguson	Kerr & Grierson	
July 5 Bk.	Hugie	Hugie	364	Lyle	G Costa & Bros.	
July 10 Bk.	Son Vength	Son Vength	256	Harris	J. B. Vignol	
July 10 Bk.	Lady Mona	Lady Mona	196	Hall	Gifford Brothers	
July 18 Bk.	Odhietyre	Odhietyre	221	Smyce	Duguid & Co.	
July 21 Bk.	Oceanica	Oceanica	273	Richardson	Duguid & Co.	
July 22 Bk.	Summer Hill	Summer Hill	182	Graham	B. Twissell & Co.	
July 25 Bk.	Alice	Alice	132	Taylor	B. del Sar & Co.	
May 3 Bk.	Killy	Killy	477	Vartias	Lind Fehr & Co.	
May 13 Bk.	Mary Frances	Mary Frances	272	Morton	Lind Fehr & Co.	
June 19 Bk.	Civilian	Civilian	197	Smith	To Order	
June 27 Bk.	California	California	229	Higgins	Hale & Co.	
July 5 Bk.	Prescott	Prescott	278	Hallett	Z. Frazier & Co.	
July 5 Bk.	C. L. Beran	C. L. Beran	338	Picketts	D. Gwlad & Co.	
July 10 Bk.	Brandywine	Brandywine	307	Cornick	E. H. Polmar	
July 11 Bk.	Daily	Daily	229	Richerman	Zimmerman Frazier & Co.	
July 11 Bk.	New Light	New Light	316	Browne	Zimmerman Frazier & Co.	
July 12 Bk.	Swallow	Swallow	259	Upton	Zimmerman & Frazier Co.	
July 17 Bk.	Gipsey	Gipsey	295	Mallard	Eastman & Co.	
July 17 Bk.	O. J. Hayes	O. J. Hayes	418	Schiverick	Z. Frazier & Co.	
July 18 Bk.	Manto	Manto	281	Savage	To Order	
July 20 Bk.	India	India	501	Herry	Hale & Co.	
July 21 Bk.	Daniel Elliot	Daniel Elliot	263	Robinson	P. Seidlitz	
July 27 Bk.	Three Brothers	Three Brothers	243	Sherriff	Lind Fehr & Co.	
July 30 Sp.	John Knox	John Knox	612	Gwin		
April 6 Bk.	Henri de Louise	Henri de Louise	192	Sagues	Gantier & Andin	
May 4 Sp.	Louis Gaveaux	Louis Gaveaux	—	—	Binoud & Lefebvre	
May 18 Sp.	St. Francois	St. Francois	246	Fremont	Zimmerman & Frazier Co.	
June 25 Bk.	Prosper	Prosper	432	Blizard	Lopez & Co.	
June 27 Bk.	Cornelia	Cornelia	337	Colnagard	J. C. Thompson	
July 10 Bk.	Spahis	Spahis	261	Geline		
July 26 Bk.	Industrie	Industrie	261	Geline		
Jan. 6 Bk.	Basa	Basa	—	—	E. Ochoa & Co.	
May 13 Bk.	Elvira	Elvira	125	Puiz y Mare	A. Riera & Sons	
June 1 Bk.	Magdalena	Magdalena	253	Aguiar	Celos & Co.	
July 14 Bk.	Chulo	Chulo	311	Loiz	Arango & Co.	
July 4 Bk.	Sirena	Sirena	300	Borot	Zimmerman & Co.	
July 9 Bk.	Messenger	Messenger	137	Millet	Llavall & Co.	
July 14 Bk.	Rosario	Rosario	171	Durand	Martinez & Sons	
July 15 Bk.	Ferrolano	Ferrolano	186	Diaz	Llavall & Sons	
July 18 Bk.	Caridad	Caridad	250	Barcelo	Llavall & Sons	
July 20 Bk.	Luisa	Luisa	292	Alaina	Llavall & Sons	
July 25 Bk.	Clara	Clara	152	Simico	J. Galarraga	
Feb. 10 Bk.	Concepcion	Concepcion	192	Clauza	SARDINIAN.	B. Defino
July 17 Bk.	Feliz	Feliz	230	Corzo	Repetto & Co.	
July 21 Bk.	Giuseppe	Giuseppe	181	Ruggio	Viale & Co.	
July 21 Bk.	Roma	Roma	252	Pezzi	G. Bertarelli & Co.	
July 21 Bk.	Stardi	Stardi	255	Ferrando	G. Bertarelli & Co.	
Mar 16 Bk.	Capemico	Capemico	—	—	BRAZILIAN	Buxareo
May 15 Bk.	Alberto	Alberto	—	—	Finsa	Ormeli
May 25 Bk.	Tanelero	Tanelero	—	—	Sansa	Ramos
June 14 Bk.	Princesa	Princesa	227	Finsa	Martinez & Sons	
June 27 Bk.	Comodoro	Comodoro	546	Sansa	Martinez & Sons	
June 28 Bk.	Concepcion	Concepcion	179	Sansa	Martinez & Sons	
July 14 Bk.	Invenicel	Invenicel	213	Sansa	Martinez & Sons	
July 17 Bk.	Rapido	Rapido	144	Gonzalez	Martinez & Sons	
July 18 Bk.	Sarabala	Sarabala	355	Sansa	Martinez & Sons	
July 26 Bk.	Bengina	Bengina	219	Gandolfo	Gallot & Co.	
July 10 Sp.	Coban	Coban	300	Mors	DANISH.	Collet & Co.
July 11 Sch.	Diamant	Diamant	158	Hause	Martinez & Sons	
Jan. 9 Sp.	Norge	Norge	600	Solberg	HANNOVERIANS.	J. Rick & Co. Akayab
July 18 Bk.	Anna	Anna	169	Freticks	Visser & Co.	
April 6 Bk.	Daniel Ros	Daniel Ros	480	Kessel	HAMBURG.	Schroder & Co.
May 19 Bk.	Teresa Oscar	Teresa Oscar	114	Brandt	Zimmerman & Co.	
May 23 Sp.	Hampden	Hampden	—	—	Arango & Co.	
June 12 Bk.	Bertha	Bertha	—	—	Schroder & Co.	
June 27 Bk.	Amazona	Amazona	300	Schramm	Neuack & Co.	
July 11 Bk.	Patris	Patris	426	Neuack	Lohmann Meyn & Co.	
July 27 Bk.	Emile	Emile	129	Meyer		
July 4 Bk.	Von Vincke	Von Vincke	339	Huessmann	BREMEN.	Lind Fehr & Co.
July 18 Bk.	Plata	Plata	250	Wencke	Zimmerman Frazier & Co.	
July 14 Bk.	Alma	Alma	250	Bramsh & Co.	L'BECC.	Hesse & Co.
July 25 Bk.	Malvino	Malvino	208	Jouge	D'UTCH.	Visser & Co.