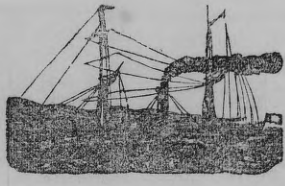


BRITISH PACKET



AND ARGENTINE NEWS.

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No. 1596.

BUENOS AIRES, Saturday May 23, 1857.

Established in 1826.

BRITISH PACKET.

BUENOS AIRES, MAY 23, 1857.

Message.

of the EXECUTIVE POWER.
(Continued from our last.)

FINANCE.

The financial state of the Country thanks to our wise economic laws, is highly satisfactory; in all departments the public rents show a result that surpasses the most flattering expectations of the Government.

Of the ten millions of public funds, created to meet the deficit of the expenditure voted last year, the Government has disposed of only two millions. This sum has already been reduced to one million eight hundred and forty thousand by the monthly redemption of the Public Credit, by means of which the whole may be extinguished in a few months. Besides the increased receipts of rents during the past month, have left a surplus in the Treasury on the 1st inst. of \$4,056,092, notwithstanding that during the current month heavy outlays are being made to carry on the work of the new Custom house and others, there will be at the end of it an important balance, after meeting all the expenses of the administration up to that date.

The ordinary and extraordinary expenditure of 1856 amounted to \$74,614,364.

They have been discharged by the ordinary revenue, and the surplus received from the Public Credit, amounting in June to \$72,911,902, and the remainder with the funds existing in the Treasury on the 1st of January 1856.

The outlay, as you will see by the accounts submitted to you, have been made conformably to and within the limits of the general estimate, and the special authorizations; in all departments of the Administration, if we except the Department of War, in which special and unforeseen circumstances imposed obligations upon the Government that could not be disregarded, and compelled it to exceed the sum voted by \$713,076, as appears from the accompanying comparative statements. Besides the military lists for Dec. last, amounting to \$1,875,038, have been paid during the present year, which sum must be added to the excess in question.

The ordinary rents have been collected in conformity with the laws sanctioned, presenting in detail the following results:—

MARITIME IMPORTS.
Import Duties collected in 1856. \$4,134,087.
do. do. 1855. 4,522,557.
which gives an increase of 10 per cent in favor of 1856. This rent continues in rapid advance, the first quarter of the present year having produced \$14,526,270, against \$10,790,061, in the corresponding period of 1856, or approximately 35 per cent.

The experiment made of a tariff of valuations for the import duties of goods, in conformity the new Custom house laws, has hitherto produced the best effects; and in consequence, in the revival made of it after the first quarter, a list of other articles have been added, that easily admitted of a previous valuation. The Commission of Merchants and Superintendents charged with preparing this tariff, promises to go on augmenting and perfecting it with general advantage.

MARITIME EXPORTS.
The export duties have produced during last year, \$7,665,531.—In 1855 they only amounted to \$5,322,214, giving in 1856, an increase of 44 per cent.

This rent also continues to advance in the present year, the first quarter having produced \$3,669,646; against \$2,989,018, in the same period of 1856, or say an increase of more than 22 per cent in 1857.

This result is in part owing to the increased duty established in the new Custom-house law, in the fixed duties of certain products, so as to adjust it to their increased value; partly also to the increased quantity of export products, and finally to the redoubled vigilance of the employees of the Resguardo, in preventing abuses and frauds in the exportation.

STORAGE AND POSTERAGE.
During the past year this due has produced only \$720,396; having yielded in 1855, \$987,001.

The sum received during the first quarter of the present year, amounts to \$174,511.

The diminution in the present year is owing to the increase of private deposits, that has reduced the number of general ones, with a corresponding diminution in the expenses.

This charge, as has already been observed on several occasions, only produce a compensation for the expenses occasioned by the deposit, which was the only thing contemplated in its creation.

POST DUES.
The dues collected under this denomination in 1856, amounts to \$501,089; in 1855 they produced \$520,102.

In the first quarter of the present year they have yielded \$139,172.

PROPERTY TAX.
The amount of the property tax, for the City and Country Districts, recovered in 1856, corresponding to that year and the preceding, is \$2,546,023.

In 1856 the sum collected was \$1,705,422; giving in 1856 an increase approximately of 50 per cent. This increase is chiefly owing to the greater precision wherewith the valuations have been made last year, and the efforts made in collecting the arrears of former years, from 1852.

The valuations in the City in 1856, produced a rent of \$1,818,588; whilst in 1855 it gave \$1,288,607.

In the Country Districts, in 1856, after deducting 10 per cent for the respective Municipalities, as accorded by law, amounted to \$590,120; whilst 1855, without this deduction was \$498,182; showing in both a considerable increase in the proceeds of this rent.

The valuations and collection for the current year are confided to the Municipalities, and it is to be hoped that the result will correspond to the progressive increase observable in the value of immoveable property.

STAMP PAPER.
In 1856, this branch of contribution produced the sum of \$2,833,083; having yielded in 1855 only \$2,041,662. It must be observed that the proceeds of last year has received an extra increase from the renovation of the Patents of Marks, which is done every second year and took place in 1856, the Patents for new Marks issued exceeding those of 1855, by nearly \$451,500. But even without taking this item into account, the ordinary expenditure of stamps in 1856, shows an increase of 16 per cent over that of 1855.

PATENTS.
The contribution from patents during the past year, amounts to \$3,090,290; having yielded in 1855, \$2,515,930; giving an increase of nearly 10 per cent in 1856.

This progression continues in the present year, the issue in which up to the 15th inst. amounts to \$2,848,350.

VARIOUS RENTS.
These have produced in 1856 the sum of \$3,345,061.

With which the general receipts of the Receptoría, during last year, as detailed, amount to \$68,895,513.

In 1855 the same amounted to \$60,528,400, and 1854 to \$55,000,774.

Whence results an increase of proceeds in 1856 over 1855 of 13 1/2 per cent, and over 1854 of 25 per cent.

This progression promises to be even greater during the present year, the ordinary rents having produced during its first quarter, over the same period of 1856, an excess of \$4,666,652.

To show more clearly the progress of our Country, and the development of its wealth, it is proper to observe, that during the administration previous to the 30 of February 1852, when the consumption of the Confederate Provinces formed part of our custom houses, the average of import duties of the three years of greatest prosperity under that system, after deducting the return duties for re-embarkation, only amounted to the sum of \$11,241,901, whilst those corresponding to the consumption of the State alone in 1856, amounted to \$48,124,057.

It must also be remarked, that since then, this import, as nearly all the others, have undergone considerable reductions, whilst some have been totally suppressed, so that it may now be affirmed for the general satisfaction, that there is hardly any Country known more lightly taxed than ours.

TRANSIT COMMERCE.

The Government, persuaded of the importance of extending the deposit of merchandise in our port, holding out every possible inducement to the Commercial Body, deemed it opportune to concede an exemption from storage and portage dues, for goods removed in transit during the first twelve months of their deposit. It is satisfied that the measure has been received with general approbation, and that its benefic results in favor of the commercial interests of the Country, will very shortly become apparent. The diminution this measure may produce in this particular rent, will be more than sufficiently compensated by the indirect benefit the general rents will receive from it; and therefore the Government hopes that you will deign to approve the decree issued upon the point, on the 10th January last, and which it now submits to Your Hon. Corporation.

The Government has seen with regret the law sanctioned by the Congress of the Paraná, and put recently in execution, establishing extra duties for goods proceeding from ports within the Capes of the River Plate; for its tendency is to disunite interests and relations between sister communities, which on the contrary all would wish to see drawn closer. The Government is also aware that the measure will somewhat prejudice our transit commerce, preventing its development on the scale that should have taken place, although our rents will not on that account discontinue their rapid progress, provided other causes do not arise to interrupt the present order of progress in which our Country marches.

The Government is firmly convinced of the inefficiency and impolicy of any measures of reprisals in these matters, whilst it deploras the disposition of that law, has confined its answer to it, to extending the facilities in favor of transit commerce, with the decree on the extension of storage, of which it has just given account, and believes that other analogous measures may be adopted in the course in favor of said commerce, firmly persuaded that this is the march and policy most expedient for the Country to follow in questions of this kind.

CUSTOM-HOUSE REGULATIONS.
The Commission appointed by the Government last year to prepare this

work acquitted itself in a brief period; but as it required a careful examination by the Collector General and the principal Custom-house employees, these in consequence of their numerous ordinary attentions, have not yet been able to report definitively. The delay that has taken place in the introduction of these improvements proposed in the regulations of the Custom-house is regretted; but the Government considered it better to allow the parties professionally charged with its revision the time necessary for acquitting them with propriety, and it is aware that the task is now nearly concluded.

Besides the regulations, respecting the general services of the Colecturía, Resguardo, Alcaidía, Deposit stores, obligations and prerogatives of the respective employees, the Code will embrace the existing laws respecting confiscations, and the reforms recommended by practice and experience.

ACCOUNTANTS OFFICE.
The Government would have desired, had the other urgent demands of the public service, allowed it, to attend to the reforms of the actual system of keeping the public accounts of the State, which is extremely defective. It takes the liberty of pointing out this necessity, because it is convinced of the urgency of its being remedied, although for that purpose it may perhaps be necessary to create a new post of higher standing in the Colecturía General.

THE NEW CUSTOM-HOUSE.

The Government has the satisfaction of acquainting you that the important department of the deposit stores is about to be finished, a part of them being already in use for the deposit of spirits, since the beginning of last month. Notwithstanding the short time elapsed since the opening of these stores, the unquestionable advantages that result from the concentration of the deposits, can already be perceived both for the Exchequer, in the facility with which they may be superintended, and for the commercial body itself from the facilities given to its operations, by the mere centralization.

With this view the Government has been assiduously employed during the last months in preparing a suitable place, in the edifice of the old Fort, the translation of all the Custom-house Offices, and it has the pleasure of acquainting you, that this undertaking is about to be concluded, together with a spacious and convenient street from the Plaza 25 de Mayo to the coast of the River, for the transit of carts in the unloading or unloading merchandise, that passes through the Custom-house. With the translation of the Offices and the occupation of the new deposit stores, the Government will effect a great saving in the rents it now pays, and besides will derive an important rent from storage.

The new wharf constructed for the discharge of goods intended for the deposit stores is also in satisfactory operation; and it would be very desirable that this work should be prolonged to a distance in the River that would enable the boats and river craft to discharge at all times directly without the intervention of carts, which would be a saving both of time and expense of the greatest importance to commercial interests.

Permit the Government here to record the important and disinterested services of the gentlemen that composed the Commission, entrusted with these works, for the assiduous attention and perseverance wherewith they have devoted themselves to their direction, thereby acquiring a just claim to the gratitude of the Country.

CUSTOM-HOUSE OF SAN NICOLAS DE LOS ARROYOS.
This administration continues pro-

ducing satisfactory results, both by the fiscal vigilance exercised by its means over the Northern frontier of the State, and by the increased importance of the rents which are received from it. The Government has acquired for a moderate price, the property of the building that was rented for the Custom-house, and has made and continues making upon it certain repairs, to render it suitable for its extended traffic.

CUSTOM-HOUSE STATISTICS.

An interesting labour of the Custom-house Statistics has latterly been published, comprehending its operations in 1855, in maritime imports and exports, for consumption and transit, and the valuations. These tables, though not so perfect as could be desired, present extremely useful data, as reference for the administration, and for consultation by the Legislators. These works being initiated the corresponding office may continue compiling them with less delay, and also giving them greater extension and precision. Meanwhile the Custom-house Contaduría has supplied the following data, relative to goods despatched for consumption, in the first quarter of the current year, stating the amount of duties recovered, according to their scale, viz:—

5 per cent Duties.	\$ 436,280
8 do.	370,994
10 do.	24,754
15 do.	4,504,704
20 do.	4,692,043
25 do.	8,000,684
Special Duties.—Wheat	172,360
do. Flour	1,319,425
do. Indian Corn	7,490
	\$14,528,734

BANK AND MINT.

This establishment continues rendering important services to commerce and to the Country in general, increasing the same time its capital, which will be the bases of the redemption of our circulating medium.

The capital in current money and in metallic, occupied in discount on the 31st Dec. last, amounted to \$100,947,530; the voluntary deposits bearing interest and those without interest on the same date, amounting to \$86,724,054. The benefits derived in the establishment in 1856, amounted to \$3,091,998, with which its active capital was raised about the sum of \$9,648,672, besides its fixed capital in properties, machinery and implements. The net profits realized during the first quarter of the current year are equivalent to \$1,098,618, which shows a notable progression in the operations and benefits of the establishment.

The Government is also bound to recommend to the gratitude of the Country, the gentlemen who compose the Directory of this establishment for the assiduity and intelligence, wherewith they discharge the delicate functions confided to them.

PUBLIC FUNDS.

The debt of the Public Funds on the 31st December last amounted to \$20,067,946 of the six per cent, and \$23,474 of four per cent.

Nevertheless this sum includes ten million of six per cent funds created by the law of 16th September last; of which the Government up to this date has disposed of only two millions.

The redemption of the past year from the want of demand was reduced to \$448,143 of funds of four and six per cent; the Government having disposed in the same year of the sum of \$1,076,359, deposited in the Bank, as surplus of the funds destined for interest and redemption, in conformity with the authorization which was conferred upon it; the redemption is more rapid in the present year, the sum of

\$612,311 of funds of four and six per cent having been redeemed during the first quarter. The redemption continues being made at par for six per cent funds, and at 67 for those of four per cent.

LONDON LOAN.

The monthly assignment of \$10,000 silver, assigned in the estimate to account of this debt, continues being remitted with punctuality; nevertheless this sum only covers upon the capital, consequently the debt continues to increase from interest in arrear.

The Government has the satisfaction of announcing to you, that the negotiations commenced last year with the Bondholders for a general settlement of this debt, have its principal bases, with the previous approval of Your Hon. Corporation; and the Government has the satisfaction of regarding this matter as definitively settled, in a manner that equitably conciliates all interests, and re-establishes the credit of the Country abroad.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Besides the important interests that must be decided by the sanction of the general law respecting Public Lands, it will afford the State a considerable rent, of which it at present stands in need, and which of itself will probably suffice to meet the compromises imposed upon the Country by the settlement of the Exterior debt; for various reasons therefore this matter deserves the prompt attention of you Hon. Corporation.

INTERIOR DEBT.

Besides the Public Funds and paper money, no other debt now exists against the State except that contracted prior to the 3d of February 1852. The Government already presented you during last Session all the data and information collected relative to this debt for the resolution your Hon. Corporation may judge expedient, suspending meanwhile the labours of the Classifying Commission on reclamations of that date still pending.

WESTERN RAILROAD.

This important undertaking, as you have already been informed, satisfactorily reaches its termination. In consequence the Government has delivered to the Directory of this enterprise, the million of Dollars it subscribed last year, over and above the \$300,000 it had previously delivered.

The administrative period of the present Government having terminated it feels bound to abstain from pointing out to you the reforms it might be expedient to adopt in the present Fiscal laws, leaving this task to its successor.

(To be Continued.)

Monetary.

Before emitting our opinion on this question of the day, we deem it proper to reproduce the following Official Documents:—

Department of Finance, Buenos Ayres, May 13, 1857. To the President of the Bank and Mint, D. Jaime Lavallol.

The scarcity of the circulating medium to meet the increased operations of commerce is felt more and more every day, so that the high rate of interest begins to paralyze them, and prevent the development of the industry of the country on the scale that it should be effected. These necessities become more urgent at the season when the products of the country, intended for exportation are being collected, and it is specially for that reason that the Government wishes to be duly authorized to afford Commerce through the State Bank every assistance it can possibly lend it.

The Government is persuaded that this object would be effectually obtained, were the Directory of that Establishment authorized to make an emission of paper money, to the amount of thirty or fifty millions, should it be necessary, which would be appropriated to aid Commerce and Industry by loans in the usual form; and perhaps it would be expedient that a part of it should be specially applied to the objects of the law respecting mortgage loans, extending its term.

The large capital the Bank already possesses, and its rapid increase from the just credit it enjoys in the Country, from the judicious and prudent march of its enlightened Directory, and the very purpose and object of the emission intended, must in the opinion of the Government, remove all alarm with respect to the value and credit of our circulating medium, or any fear of a perturbation of existing interests or compromises.

Notwithstanding this, it would perhaps be prudent to provide, that the emission shall not take place, unless the amount shall not exceed with regard to our paper money the present price, say "three hundred and forty dollars;" and perhaps it would also be proper to establish, that the emission shall be with-

drawn in part or in whole, should the value of ounces exceed that figure; a thing improbable in itself, for should the country continue in its present state of peace, with its frontiers secured, the likelihood is that our paper money instead of depreciating, would acquire greater value.

Notwithstanding this conviction the Government entertains, of the benefits that would redound to the Country from the measure proposed, it would wish to know the opinions of the Directory, and trusts the President will deign to submit the matter to its consideration, with the zeal its importance demands, acquainting it as early as possible of the result of the consultation upon all the points brought forward, and whatever else may affect a matter of such importance, for its corresponding effects.

God preserve the President many years. Norberto de la Riestra.

The President of the Bank and Mint, Buenos Ayres May 16, 1857. To the Minister of Finance, Dr. Norberto de la Riestra.

The Directory of this Establishment, which I have the honor to preside, has taken into its most serious consideration the contents of the note Your Honour was pleased to address to me, with date the 13th inst., and whilst it feels pleasure in gratefully recognising the commendable zeal for commercial interests, that induces the Superior Government to endeavor to afford it efficacious assistance, by means of this Establishment, at the time they are most required; it regrets finding unacceptable the expedient contemplated by the Government for its accomplishment.

The Directory is unanimously of opinion, that an issue of paper notes, in the form explained by Y. H. in the above-mentioned communication, would immediately produce adverse consequences; and the public opinion on this point, eloquently expressed by a majority of the merchants themselves, whom the measure of the Government is intended to favor, is a sufficient reason for so thinking.

The Directory is quite aware that at certain seasons of the year, especially during the brunt of the transactions in products of the country, now become so valuable, our circulating medium has become inadequate, but it is also satisfied that the extent of the evil has been exaggerated, and consequently that means less exciting than those proposed by the Government, would suffice to remedy it, should it reappear. In the case supposed the Directory has no hesitation in believing, that perhaps from its own body some means might be pointed out, for accomplishing the object at which the Superior Government aspires with such laudable zeal.

God preserve Y. H. many years. Jaime Lavallol.

Ministry of Finance, Buenos Ayres May 13, 1857. To the President of the Bank and Mint, D. Jaime Lavallol.

The Government has been informed of the contents of the note of the President, of the 16th inst., relative to its consultative note of the 13th, and has ordered the undersigned to say to you in reply, that though the opinion contained in it, rejecting absolutely the measure proposed by the Government, as tending to alleviate the scarcity of our circulating medium, does not appear founded on economic reasons, and though the Government does not admit that there was exaggeration in the extent of its scarcity during the season of operations in country products, and whilst it regrets the classification of "existing" which the Directory applies to the measure, in view of the conditions, circumstances and time at which it was proposed to be applied; notwithstanding all these, the Government, respecting the opinion of the enlightened Directory, will not persist in its idea, especially when assured that this is in conformity with the opinion of a majority of those whom the measure was intended to benefit.

But when the case arrives, that the legitimate and necessary requirements of commerce, and in particular those of the industry of the Country, urgently demand an increase of the circulating medium for their better development, the Government will bear in mind that the Directory considers that it can suggest some other measure that will accomplish the object proposed by the Government; and it confides in this assurance, trusting that when the moment arrives, the Bank Directory will be unable to remedy the evil, from want of means or authorization.

Besides the undersigned is specially charged by the Government to thank the Bank Directory for the courtesy and celerity wherewith for the important matter has been despatched.

God preserve the President many years. Norberto de la Riestra.

The measure now submitted by the Minister of Finance is virtually the same that the *British Packet* suggested and repeatedly urged in the months of December and January last; and notwithstanding the sneers of the *Nacional*, and the cold water prescriptions of the Bank Directory, we are not disposed to capitulate so easily as the new administration.

Lynx-eyed as the ex-Minister of Government may be in matters of finance, the sophistry of his argumentation, in the hearties of the *Nacional* on this question, is transparent to our *obscure* ("aimed") comprehension. After admitting the existence of the evil, and predicting its progressive increase, it is certainly an astounding conclusion from such premises, that nothing should be done or attempted.

The current rates of local interest and foreign exchange both point to a very different conclusion; and if any doubt can exist as to the stringency of the commercial and monetary crisis, all and sundry may rest satisfied that it is ripening apace; and the wish and effort of Señor Riestra to anticipate and provide against the evil day, does him and the Administration more credit than has yet been awarded them. 30 per cent interest in the month of May, and full 15 per cent of sacrifice on all foreign bill transactions, are social and economic phenomena not to be disregarded; and those who reject the remedy or palliative proposed, are clearly bound, not only to demonstrate its inapplicability, but to provide something better in its stead. Whilst they do so, we will endeavour to place the rejected measure in its true light.

All our emissions hitherto have been for the forlorn hope of covering a deficit in the resources of the Government; an addition of so many millions to the public burden, without any, the remotest hope of repayment or redress or advantage of any kind.

Different in its origin, and altogether different in its destination, there is nothing common in this instance except the name; and in view of its repulsive associations, it is a pity that it cannot be changed or substituted; for many we are persuaded, on hearing of the word *emission*, have shut their ears, and neither will nor can advance another step. At the hazard of preaching in the desert we would remonstrate with such.

True; it bears the generic name *emission*; but here the analogy ceases, with any thing we have known under the same name.

If it not for the convenience of the few, but the benefit of the many.

It is not to foster or conceal administrative profligacy, but to invigorate and extend the commercial and industrial energy of the community.

It is not to bribe partisans or create revolutions; but to consolidate order, and guarantee our still nascent institutions.

In short, its destination is not to purchase gun-powder and Minnie rifles; but to encourage and facilitate fresh imports of Rambulletterams and Durban bulls, with improved agricultural implements, &c., &c.; all pacific and reproductive enterprises, that the statesman and philanthropist may contemplate with unalloyed complacency.

If any one has occasion to be alarmed, it is the mere user; a class too small to merit any serious consideration.

Besides there are other direct benefits, that might, in our opinion, be extracted from the measure.

We think this experiment should be made in the mortgage department of our banking establishment, at long terms, say of 18 or 24 months, and at a low rate, say 6, or at most 8 per cent per annum, but with the express condition of guaranteeing the present rate of 340 dollars currency for the ounce of gold. We should fix no limit to the emission; the only legitimate consideration for the Bank being the unquestionable responsibility of the securities presented.

This system in operation would speedily reduce the ordinary or unguaranteed rate of Bank interest, to 9 per cent; on reaching which point the safety valve should be shut, and no further emissions allowed; and for every one half per cent that it declined from that point, an amount of the old currency equivalent to one fifth the entire amount of the new, should be withdrawn from circulation, so that on reaching 6 per cent, an amount of the old currency would be retired exactly equivalent to the new; leaving us the same nominal currency, but of an improved quality, and with effective guarantees against its further depreciation.

Here then is a self-regulating and self-guaranteeing process, that would place our paper currency on an entirely new basis; with evident correlative ad-

vantages, social as well as monetary, that we need not stop at present to enumerate.

With these convictions we must respectfully persist in requesting a reconsideration of Señor Riestra's plan with these modifications; unless some one can point out the fallacy of our reasoning.

Compendium.

Restored Harmony.—The new Minister of Government has succeeded, we are happy to say, in smoothing down the unhappy misunderstandings that existed between the Executive and Judicial powers; and the little that now remains to be done, we trust to see speedily effected, by the impartial and amicable mediation of the Legislative Chambers.

In consequence some of the vacancies in the judicial department are being filled up, and that essential element restored to a normal state of efficiency.

New Criminal Judges.—Dr. D. Juan Alsina, ex-Auditor of War and Marine, has been appointed Judge of 1st Instance in the City; and Dr. Heredia, late Secretary of the Senate, in the Northern Department of the Country.

Secretary of the Senate.—Dr. Mariano Varela has obtained the post vacated by the promotion of Dr. Heredia.

Municipality.—Dr. Miguel Azencaga has been appointed 1st Vice President, in the room of Señor Cazon, late Chief of Police, resigned.

National Guards.—Dr. Obligado, ex-Governor, has been re-instated in the command of the 1st Battalion; the post in which he formerly acquired so many civic laurels.

Tonnage Dues.—By a law of the 15th inst., these onerous dues are suppressed, for all vessels frequenting this Port, whatever may be their flag. Coupled with the spontaneous reduction of pilotage, and we must say the shipping interest has no right to complain.

Act of Amnesty.—The Provincial Government of Santa Fé, with the consent and approbation of the National Government of course, with a magnanimity that does it honor, extends the olive branch to all parties implicated in the late revolutionary movement at the Rosario.

The other news from the Confederation are of a purely local character.

Montevideo.—We are still pretty much in the dark as to the real state of the Epidemic in the neighbouring Capital; some accounts affirming that no new cases have occurred since the 16th inst., while others report only a diminution in number and gravity.

Awfully sudden Death.—On Saturday last Mr. Henry Clare embarked in a whaleboat, to visit an establishment he was forming near the Higueritas, on the opposite coast. Feeling rather indisposed he lay down, and the boatman supposing him asleep, proceeded on their course without the slightest apprehension. On reaching their destination they went to call him; when, to their horror and dismay, they found the vital spark had fled; so true is it that "in the midst of life we are in death."

Deceased was a man in the prime of life; of extremely active habits, and apparently in the enjoyment of robust health.

His corpse was conveyed hither by the steamer "Palmita," and on Thursday afternoon a very numerous concourse of friends paid the last melancholy tribute of respect to his memory, accompanying his mortal remains to their last resting place.

Tarif of Pilotage.

The Company of the River Pilots, with a generosity that does them the more credit in that it is spontaneous, has decided, from and after the 1st of June ensuing, to reduce the rate of charges; a favor the shipping interest will doubtless know to retribute, more especially as it is an old, respectable and responsible association.

The future charges are graduated as follows:—

From Point Indio or Ensenada to Buenos Ayres, or vice versa.	
9 feet Burgos	\$silver 30
10 do.	35
11 do.	45
12 do.	50
13 do.	55
14 do.	65
15 do.	75
16 do.	85
17 do.	95
18 do.	120
19 do.	130
20 do.	150
21 do.	160

European News.

With a comparative punctuality, that we can appreciate in our actual circumstances of quarantine incommodities, the *Prince* arrived on the mor-

ning of the 21st, bringing the usual dates in April.

The news, so far as we have yet seen, are of secondary interest. The late Russian war is definitively wound up. The last allied forces have been withdrawn from the Bosphorus; the Russians have retired within their recognised limits; and the Austrians evacuated the Principalities; so that all the objects of the great war are completely accomplished, and Turkey once more placed in a state of probation. So far this despatch and success are matters of congratulation; albeit the British Commissioners for the extinction of the National Debt, report,—"no surplus revenue in 1857."

On the other hand war has been declared against China; and the British armaments are once more in a state of exciting activity.

By the tenor of our information by last Mail, we were led to expect a dissolution of Parliament in May; but in this instance Old Pan has "cut before the point," and we have now before us the result of the general elections. The country has responded to the appeal of the veteran Minister, repelling the ambiguous vote of the Liberal coalition; and to give it more significance, excluding Cobden, Layard, and strange to say, nearly all the Peelites, from the new parliament. Lord Palmerston therefore, is umpire of the situation, and we may expect to see the Chinese war, and all diplomatic questions, presented with vigour.

—The news from Naples are dark and darker.

—Diplomatic relations are suspended between the Courts of Turin and Vienna.

—The Czar has conceded some important privileges to his Polish subjects.

—The Neuchâtel conferences in *status quo*.

Produce Market.

London, 7th April 1857.

Salted River Plate ox and cow hides.—The market has continued very firm, with less offering to arrive. Prices have again advanced, and 104d per lb. has been paid for ox and cow of good quality on the spot and aloat.

Dry River Plate ox and cow hides.—No direct arrival. The demand is still good at full rates.

South American horse hides.—There are no transactions of importance to report. The market has been quiet, with few offerings at the late advance. Good Heavy Salted Hides may be quoted 17s 6d to 18s, and Dry Hides 12s 6d to 13s each.

Sheep Skins.—Cape and Australian are in good request at late rates. The whole of the Buenos Ayres Skins offered have been withdrawn at extreme quotations.—Buenos Ayres, middling to fine wools, washed 13d to 14d, do unwashed 8d to 8 1/2d, middling wools 6 1/2d to 7d, common coarse 5d to 5 1/2d per lb.

South American Horse Hair.—We have no sales to report during the month.

Horns.—There is a good demand for all averages of Ox and Cow at full prices. We have no sales to report, our quotations therefore remain unaltered.

Bones and Bone Ash.—Shanks are in demand at late rates, viz.—South American £40 to £8 10s per ton, common carcass 45 to £6 5s per ton. Bone Ash £5 15s to £6 5s.

Hoofs are worth £7 to £8 for good quality and £4 to £5 per ton for middling and common.

River Plate Tallow has been brought forward in limited quantities, notwithstanding which the demand has not been good, the sales being only 212 pipes. Good fair color fair body brought 53s to 50s, and middling color do. 53s 9d to 55s per cwt. Import equal to 290 pipes. Present Stock—255 pipes against 160 pipes at this time last year.

Horse Grease.—The demand for this article has been extremely good, chiefly for export, and the whole of the stock 1210 cases, have been sold at 40s to 40 6d per cwt, being 3s 6d to 4s lower than last month. AMNIG & COBB, Brokers, 11 Lime Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills are administered with uniform success in inflammatory rheumatism. Warm fomentations should first be applied to the surface, in order to open the pores and then the ointment rubbed in as briskly as possible. The aperient action of the Pills has the happiest effect in abating the fever, and it may be confidently averred that any species of external inflammation will yield to persevering use of these two great remedies. The cases of erysipelas, sore feet, bad legs, contusion, tumor, cancer, fistula, piles, and external injuries resulting from accident, that have been cured by Holloway's Ointment, may be numbered by tens of thousands.

EXCHANGE.—May 22.

Table with exchange rates for various currencies including Spanish Dollars, Patacones, and others.

Marine List.

PORT OF BUENOS AYRES. Arrivals. May 18.

Falmouth, American war corvette, from Maldonado. May 20. Delicia, Spanish brig, from Rio Janeiro, to Zimmermann & Co., with general cargo, in quarantine. May 21. Prince, British steam-packet, from Rio Janeiro, with the mails from Southampton of 9th April.

Sailings.

May 15. Zelia, Sardinian brig, for Genoa, by Delino, with 1 bale feathers, 1 seroon hair, 18 bales hide cuttings, 4392 salted ox and cow hides, 850 horns, 10 tons hooft, 2 bales calf skins, 245 doz of 4 doz. deer skins, 11 halos sheep skins, 400 boxes mares grease, 50 boxes tallow, 673 bales wool. Thales, American bark, for New York, by Zimmermann and Co., with 20 bales hair, 4 seroons do, 8 bales hide cuttings, 11 bales goat skins, 14 bales patria do, 6 bales sheep skins, 184 bales wool. May 17. Anna, French bark, for Marseilles, by Haugtobler and Co., with 3565 salted ox and cow hides, 8670 dry do, 200 dry horse hides, 19,790 horns, 156 doz. calf skins, 36 boxes mares grease, 4 pipes tallow, 50 boxes do. Eagle, American bark, for New York, by Folmar, with 95,000 bones, 6527 dry ox and cow hides, 700 salted horse do, 83 bales wool. Maria Cornelia, Dutch bark, for England, by H. A. Green and Co., with 18 tons bones, 1673 tons bone ash. Cornelle, French ship, for Havre, by Ledia and Sagory, with 80,000 bones, 9 bales feathers, 30 bales hair, 21 seroons do, 95 bales hide cuttings, 1325 salted ox and cow hides, 7089 dry do, 2656 salted horse hides, 100 dry do, 15 bales goat skins, 42 bales sheep do, 12 bales slunk calf do, 100 pipes mares grease, 46 boxes do, 165 pipes tallow, 50 boxes do, 77 bales wool, 25 doz. tongues, and various re-exports. May 19. Corca, Brazilian steamer, for San Nicolas and Rosario. Palmira, Oriental steamer, for Colombia. May 20. Rio Bambu, National brig of war, for Ensenada. Ville de Grande, French ship, for Ensenada, in ballast.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Van Aller & Son, Stationers, at the Recoava nueva No. 72, and Rivadavia street Nos. 28 and 30, beg respectfully to recommend their choice assortment of every article belonging to the line of Stationary at moderate prices, and to call at the same time the attention of the public in general to their stock of Music pieces for Piano, of the best composition, which they let out at the moderate price of \$5 currency per month. 24—m23 6p.

To Barraqueros To let on the Boca Road near the yellow house, a large Galpon, proper for a Press for baling wool, sheepskins, &c.; also a good machine for washing sheep skins with a large field for tendales, &c. For particulars apply to Robert Hunt on the premises. 25—m23 6p.

Apartments. To let for single gentlemen, several comfortable apartments, furnished or unfurnished, all papered and with boarded floors; calle del Parque No. 39. 13—m9 5p.

For sale. An Excellent American Printing Press, with self-inking machine. For particulars apply at the office of A. Lines van Blarcom. Reconquista, 72. 1S—m16 3p

Working Goldsmith and Jeweller. G. L. Lysmar, many years workman to Messrs. Hunt & Raskill of New Bond street, London, begs to solicit favors in the above trade. 138 Reconquista. 17—m16 3p.

Chacra to let. To let, or on shares, about 50 squares of fine Chacra land, situated in the district of Quilmes, about 5 leagues from town, is well-fenced and well suited for agricultural purposes. Foreigners only who can produce satisfactory references need apply at No. 106 calle Piedad. 23—m16 3p.

Notice. We beg to advise having granted general power to Mr. Charles Hutz, who will sign by procuration. E. von Sauter and Co. Buenos Ayres, April 15, 1857. a18 5p

Watch Lost. A trunk has disappeared from the Club de Residentes Estrangeros, containing, amongst other things, a patent silver watch, single case, Maker Deus Chadwick, Liverpool. A reward of \$300 will be given to the person delivering it to the Secretary of Club; and should it be presented for sale Watchmakers and others are requested to detain it, and give notice as above. 20—m16 3p

Fences. As ditches are now prohibited, hedges become indispensable. The Pirambolo thorn is excellent for that purpose, being a strong, rapid-growing ever green shrub. If planted in line with the noted wire fences, it would soon become impervious; and as the wire fails the thorn becomes stronger. Seeds of this thorn, and plants of the Paraguay Cedar, can be had at No. 15 calle Tucuman. 16—m16 10p

To be let. Part of an Esencia near Colonia, with excellent pasture, permanent water, Rancho, &c., for 1 or 2 flocks of Sheep. Also, 1,200 fine mestiza sheep to be sold on moderate terms, having the advantage of being on the same land. For terms apply at Pasco Julio No. 25. 21—m16 3p.

For Baltimore or New York. Freight and Passengers. The most fast sailing, and clipper built American bark *Hugh Birdland*, will sail shortly for Hampton Roads, for orders to proceed to either of the above named ports, and having still some designated room for freight, presents a very desirable opportunity for shippers to the United States, particularly as, in case of her proceeding to Baltimore, the goods destined for New York, will be forwarded thither free of extra expense to shippers, thereby avoiding the quarantine restrictions in the latter place, which last year proved so very inconvenient. She has also very superior accommodations for passengers who will receive the best of treatment on board. Apply to the captain L. M. Higgins, or to Zimmermann Frazier & Co. 14—m9 3p. Calle Defensa No. 69.

Hotel to be let. The present tenant having occasion shortly to leave for Europe, is desirous to meet with a purchaser, for the furniture, fittings, stock, and good-will of business. The situation of this Hotel is excellent, and the Hotel itself is elegantly and substantially fitted up and furnished. Every apartment is at present, and generally occupied. In fine, this is an opportunity rarely to be met with, for an industrious active person, to realize in a short period a handsome result for his investment. For further particulars apply at No. 24, calle San Martin. 10—m9 3p.

Notice. The co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of Zimmermann Frazier & Co., in the cities of Buenos Ayres and Montevideo, ceases this day by limitation. The liquidation of the same is committed to their successors who will continue the business under the same firm. Buenos Ayres, and Montevideo, 30th April 1857. Edward Zimmermann. Francis Holbach. Charles Cabot. P. B. Miller.

The business hitherto carried on in Buenos Ayres and Montevideo, under the firm of Zimmermann Frazier & Co., will be continued by the subscribers under the same firm. Mr. Charles F. Zimmermann will reside in New York to represent the firm in the United States. Buenos Ayres and Montevideo, 1st May 1857. Edward Zimmermann. Charles Cabot. P. B. Miller. Charles F. Zimmermann. 12—m9 3p

To let. Furnished apartments, in calle Reconquista No. 138. 17.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that from this date by mutual and friendly agreement Mr. G. W. Kohlmeier retires from our firm. The business will continue as heretofore under the management of Mr. Baldwin von Bartels and Mr. Edward Jordt. Buenos Ayres, May 1, 1857. 11—m9 3p Von Bartels, Jordt & Co.

For sale. At calle Maypu No. 4, a few remaining cases superior English brandy, also in cases, Hock, Champagne, and Port wines. 15—m9

Situation Wanted. By a young man (English) a situation as house steward, or to assist in a store. Good references. Apply at Messrs. Noble and Isards store next door to the English Church, calle 25 de Mayo. mar 7

A Card. The undersigned respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have opened a Seminary for boys and girls, in calle Maypu No. 75, where day-scholars, half-boarders, and boarders will be received on moderate terms. The utmost attention will be paid to the progress and comfort of the pupils, and corporal punishment will in no case be resorted to, but beyond this we make no professions: confident of the result of our exertions, we leave the rest to the judgment of the Parents or Guardians. The daily studies will consist of Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, English and Spanish Grammar, History, &c., with plain and ornamental needlework. Music, French, and other extra studies will be duly provided for. For terms and other particulars, please apply at the establishment. Buenos Ayres 1st May 1857. 9—3p William R. Froggatt. Anita S. Smith.

Chronometers. For Sale.—Roskell's Chronometers, at J. C. Thompson & Co's., calle Reconquista No. 22. 1—m25 3p.

Roofing felt. Of superior quality for sale, apply at 119, calle Chacabuco.

Margaret C. Morris Strachen will hear of something to her advantage, by leaving her address at No. 129 1/2 calle Mejico. 2—m25 3p.

Blood Stock for Sale. The produce of the celebrated Blood Horse *Elcho*, by *Harlaway*, are advertised for sale, Colts and fillies of 1, 2 and 3 years old. The above stock are all out of picked mares, and are well worthy the attention of Estancieros and Sportsmen. For further particulars apply at No. 194 calle Piedad. a18 3p

William Henry Cullens, is requested to call at this office for letters lying here for him. British Consulate General, Buenos Ayres, 27th April 1857. Frank Parish. Acting Consul General. 7

Wood, cut for Corrales. On sale, at the timber yard, calle de Lima No. 37. 8—m2 5p.

To let. 3 furnished rooms in calle Tucuman No. 13. a18 3p

To the Public. The undersigned beg to inform the Public, that they have this day formed a co-partnership for the transaction of a General Commission Business in this city under the style of EDWARDS & BALL. Edwin W. Edwards. Gardner Ball. Buenos Ayres, 1st March 1857. a11 3p

Information to Commercial Youth. A new system of Calligraphy, invented by Mr. Charles Oliva is for sale at the stationery of Messrs. van Aller and Son, Recoava Nueva No. 72, and at calle Rivadavia No. 28. This system is composed of two hand writing copy books, the one is of large hand and the other of small hand writing. With this system a most beautiful and fair hand writing can be obtained in 16 lessons without necessity of a teacher, for these copy-books are adjusted, modelled and concerted in such a manner that it is scarcely possible not to obtain a favourable result. a11 6p

Notice. The creditors of the late firm of Anderson & Co. are hereby informed that a further dividend will be paid on application at No. 106 calle Piedad on or after Monday the 9th inst. Buenos Ayres 7th March 1857. 4p

Almanacs Estadistico. This Almanac containing an accurate account of the extent, population, resources, &c., of every district in the State, by Justo Mueso, ex-Chief of the Statistical Board, may be had at the Book-stores of Messrs. Maekern calle San Martin, or Messrs. Real y Prado calle Santa Rosa.

A Medical Revolution! THE WORLD UNANIMOUS. The Great Counter Irritant. The virtue of ditto ointment lies in the internal circulation of the pores of the skin. This penetrating Ointment, melting under the hand as it is rubbed in, is absorbed through the same channels, and reaches the seat of inflammation, promptly and invariably abridges it whether located in the kidneys, the liver, the lungs, or any other important organ. It penetrates the system to the interior, through the complex tubes that communicate with the skin as Summer rain passes into the foveolae, diffusing its cold and regenerating influence.

Holloway's Ointment. The Great Counter Irritant. The virtue of ditto ointment lies in the internal circulation of the pores of the skin. This penetrating Ointment, melting under the hand as it is rubbed in, is absorbed through the same channels, and reaches the seat of inflammation, promptly and invariably abridges it whether located in the kidneys, the liver, the lungs, or any other important organ. It penetrates the system to the interior, through the complex tubes that communicate with the skin as Summer rain passes into the foveolae, diffusing its cold and regenerating influence.

Shin Diseases and Glandular Swellings. Every species of exterior irritation is quickly reduced by the antiphlogistic action of this Ointment. Any Eruptions, such as King's Evil, Erysipelas, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Nettle Rash, Scabies (or Itch), &c., do not return no more after its application. Hospital experience in all parts of the world prove its infallibility in diseases of the skin, the muscles, the joints and the glands.

Wounds, Bruises, Burns, and Scalds. In cases of the fracture of the bone, injuries caused by steam explosion, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Rheumatism, Stiffness of the Joints, and contusion of the sinews, it is employed and warmly recommended by the faculty. This marvellous remedy has been introduced by its inventor in person into all the leading Hospitals of Europe, and no private household should be without it.

Undeniable Testimony. The Medical Staff of the French and English Armies in the Crimea have officially signed their approval of Holloway's Ointment, as the most valuable remedy for all kinds of external wounds. It is also used by the surgeons of the Allied Armies.

Extraordinary Cure of a Skin Disease. Mr. C. Smith, the noted hair and shoemaker, of 115, Tooley-street, London, had been severely afflicted with scurfy for four years, the cracks in the palm of his hands were so deep as to be thickened; his eyes were sore, and notwithstanding had been to the preceptors hospitals, and the cause of disease of the skin, yet he derived no benefit by his medicine. Holloway's Pills alone have been the means of effecting a perfect cure.

An Astounding Remedy for bad Legs. Extract of a letter from Mr. Charles Saxe of Church-street, Woolwich. To Professor Holloway. Sir, I beg to inform you my sincere thanks for the marvellous cure which your invaluable Ointment and Pills have effected on my leg. For four months I was in a London Hospital, and turned out after 400, 400, and 400, with very little prospect of saving my leg, but I am happy to say that your remedies have effected a perfect and speedy cure.

A Singular cure of Scurfy. Henry Vaughan, of Porsea, respectfully and gratefully informs Professor Holloway that he was suffering for many years with inveterate scurfy of the face, and that his hands were accompanied with distressing blisters, weakness of the legs, field blisters, days without sleep, nights without sleep, the blisters upon my face aggravated by medical advice, which proved entirely ineffectual to do. On the skin Professor Holloway's medicines, by the aid of which, he miraculously regained his health and strength, he writes as follows: EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF SORE LEGS.

Copy of a letter from Mr. Michael Hyatt, of Aberdeen, dated the 29th August, 1854. Sir,—A man in my employ, named John Jones, was for sixteen years afflicted with the most inveterate rheumatic legs, which formed into large warts, and were continually itching out of office matter, rendering him an object of horror to himself, and those around him. I must admit he was most annoying, and was once nearly put out of my mind by the whole of this time, I consulted first one party and then another, in the hope of his being benefited, but it was without effect; and at last, I seemed to be only wasting money to obtain further advice, as the last party I consulted stated, he could never be cured, he would have to amputate. I put him under a course of your Ointment and Pills, and after continuing them regularly, for seven weeks, his legs were completely sound, and the warts were the best of health, and very respect. Common Pills—has induced me to make you acquainted with these particulars, which you may make use of, if you feel disposed. I am, Sir, your obedient Servant.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases: Bad Legs, Corns (Soft), Scalds, Sore Nipples, Burns, Cancers, Sore Throats, Rheumatism, Stiff Joints, Skin Diseases, Blisters of Mos. Eruptions, Scurfy, Chancres and Foul Sores, Sand-Piles, Gout, Tumours, Cancers, Glandular Swellings, Ulcers, Chiefo-Foot, Lumbago, Wounds, Glandular Rheumatism, Yaws, Chapped hands, Rheumatism.

Sold at the Establishments of Professor Holloway, 115, Tooley-street, London, and at all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at Buenos Ayres at the Drug Store of J. EASTMAN & Co., No. 2, Calle Defensa at the following prices:—1/4d., 2s., 3d., 4d., 6d., 1s., 2s., and 3s. each Pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger size, and by the guidance of patients in every Dispensary is used each Pot.

To the Medical Profession. An excellent opportunity now offers, of introducing a qualified medical man, of English so much the better) to the lucrative practice in one of the Provincial Hospitals, in the Province of Buenos Ayres. Average receipts £500 to £600 per annum. For further particulars regarding terms, &c., address for one week only to H. D. Casa de Sanidad No. 26 calle Tucuman. a11 7p.

Consumers of Gas. Persons having metres and requiring an extension of Gas fittings, by calling upon me will find the prices charged no obstacle to their increasing the number of lights. Gas ornaments, chandeliers and glass in great varieties. Two light pendants from one hundred dollars and upwards. All other articles in the same proportion. Call at Calle Piedad No. 113. a11 10p.

Caution. COLLARD & COLLARD'S PIANO FORTES. It having been intimated to Messrs. Collard & Collard, manufacturers of Piano Fortes in London, that a great number of counterfeit Piano fortes purporting to be made by them have been exported, and continue to be sold in various parts of South America, they find it necessary in justice to their reputation to announce this publicly, that all Piano Fortes of their manufacture are accompanied by a certificate of authenticity, containing a full description of the instrument; consequently all Piano Fortes sold without such certificate after this date may be considered as counterfeit, and any information may be obtained on the subject by reference either to the makers or to Samuel Hesse, Buenos Ayres, calle Victoria No. 112, sole agent. a11 10p.

Salted Beef and Pork. For sale in deposit new prime Pork and repacked Mess Beef in quantities as desired, by A. Lines Van Blarcom. No. 75, calle Maypu.

Situation wanted. By an expert young man, accustomed to make himself generally useful, with the hand and is correct at book-keeping, direct a note to A. B. at this office.

Notice. A. Lines Van Blarcom has removed his Office from calle Maypu No. 75, to calle Reconquista No. 72. 19—m16 3p

For sale.—Important works. National Cyclopaedia, well bound in morocco, 12 volumes. Webster's Dictionary, 1 volume. And some first rate works on agriculture. They may be seen at calle Peru No. 171. mar 14 3p.

Gardener and Cook. Wanted for the Country a man and his wife, the former to act as gardener, and the latter as cook. Apply at No. 40, calle Defensa between the hours of 10 and 12 a.m. mar 21 3p

Selling off AT REDUCED PRICES. No. 63, Calle Suybacha. The stock on hand of furniture consisting of North American chairs, of various classes from \$220 upwards. Oak office chairs, revolving do, office stools, revolving and fixed, washing stands, mahogany wardrobes, and book-cases, bureaus, tables, &c., &c. The whole will be disposed of at unprecedentedly low prices in order to wind up the concern. mar 14 3p

Situation Wanted. By a middle aged man a situation to look after a pair of horses and to assist in the house of a family, where English is spoken, good references. Apply at No. 21 calle 25 de Mayo. mar 7.

The Northern Insurance Company. ESTABLISHED 1856. For fire and life assurance at home and abroad. Capital 1,250,760 Pounds Sterling.

HEAD OFFICES. London 1, Moorgate Street—Edinburgh 20, St. Andrew Square—Aberdeen 1, King Street, Glasgow 19, St. Vincent Place.

The undersigned have been appointed Agents in this City, and will be happy to furnish prospectuses of the company, as well as every particulars respecting insurance. John Eastman and Co. Nos. 5 and 7, calle Cufena. a.11-30 p.

Sanitary Regulations.

By a Decree of the 25th April the following are established:—

1st.—Any vessel that may arrive after this date at our ports, from Montevideo Buco or Santa Lucia, shall be placed in quarantine of observation, the length of which shall be determined by the reports of the Sanitary visits made during the first 15 days.

2d.—Any vessel of more than 50 tons burthen, shall perform the enclosed quarantine in the lazareto at Aforesaid, or at the island of Santiago; where they may have passengers or not.

3d.—Any vessel bringing passengers, from the abovementioned ports, shall not bring more than the number corresponding to her tonnage, at the rate of one and a half ton for each passenger; and in this case shall come in ballast, under the penalty of being prohibited from returning to this port during the prevalence of the present epidemic, should the fault be excess of cargo; and for that of passengers a fine shall be paid of one ounce of gold, for each passenger extra she may bring; steam packets being always excepted.

4th.—Any vessel arriving loaded from said ports, must not bring more passengers than the number of berths she has in the cabin; and infractions of this will be punished by the exacting of a fine of one gold ounce for each; and should the temerity of the master or owner be such as to bring them with deck cargo, the fine will be doubled, over and above the prohibition mentioned in a former article. This article and the preceding one shall come into effect from and after the 1st May next.

5th.—Any Master or owner, who does not make a frank and true statement, when questioned respecting the state of his vessel, or what may have taken place on board, without omission of the least circumstance, shall incur a fine of two thousand dollars currency, besides being submitted to trial, should the fraud be detected.

6th.—Any master or owner who may conceal papers, on the occasion of the Sanitary visit, that would reveal the truth, or who may induce the crew of passengers to aid in the deception shall pay the same fine as that mentioned in the preceding article.

7th.—Any smaller craft, whether whaleboat, lighter or boat, that does not call at the Hulk 25th of May, on coming from the infected ports; and more especially by disguising the port whence it sailed, should succeed in being placed in liberty and afterwards be detected, shall be confiscated, with all it may have on board, without further formality, and the masters and sailors subjected to a rigorous imprisonment to be tried according to our Sanitary laws. This disposition applies equally to the larger coasting craft.

8th.—Any vessel sailing the river, that has been in contact with another that has come from an infected port, or that has received from it cargo of passengers, the master or owner shall be bound to present themselves to the Hulk "25th of May," giving notice of the circumstances, and subjecting themselves to the measures that may be prescribed; under the penalty if they should not do so and should be discovered on presenting themselves for entry at the Office or afterwards, shall incur a fine of two thousand dollars, and the prohibition of returning to our ports during the epidemic.

9th.—Any sea going vessel, anchored in either the Outer or Inner Roads, convicted of having received on board any individual from on board another vessel, shall incur a fine of One thousand dollars for each individual; this applying also to coasting craft.

10th.—Any vessel having sailed from an infected port and called at Colonia, shall not be granted free entry, unless she should prove that she did quarantine at the latter port.

11th.—The fines and penalties shall be classified in a short and summary manner, by a Commission appointed by the Superior Government, submitting their execution to the Captain of the Port.

12th.—The proceeds of the fines shall be deposited in the Coffers of the Maritime Police, to be applied with the sanction of the Superior Government to the expenses of the Sanitary measures.

Buenos Ayres, April 24, 1857.
Francisco Segui.

For sale.

Porter, in cases of 2 dozen each. Pale ale.
Port, Sherry and Madeira wines. A few cases of superior Whiskey. Calle Piedad No 23. 22-m16 4p.

Notice.

The undersigned, Accountant and General Commercial Agent, has removed his counting house to calle Federacion No. 34
mar 7 6p J. T. Fox.

Repeating Pistols &c. &c.

LINAY AND SON.

Gunnakers.

Respectfully apologise to their Customers and Friends, who have been disappointed after calling several times on account of delay of the receipt of a new stock of revolvers, rifles, sporting guns and pistols of various classes.

They now beg to state that the articles have arrived, and solicit inspection of their superior quality and moderate prices.

P.S.—Orders from the Country attended to with care and promptitude. n1.—c.o.}

Book Keeper.

A young man practically acquainted with book keeping, by double entry, is desirous of employing his evenings in keeping a set of books for a commercial house. Address at this Office, A. P. H.

Seeds and Plants.

For sale at No. 15 calle Tucuman, principally natives of the country and packed so as to go safe for a voyage of two or three months. Also a variety of bulbs and tubers which pack in little bulk. d20 c.o.

Notice to Mariners.

The Captain of the Port acquaints Mariners, that on the 31st March last the Supreme Government of the State received the following communication from the Lighthouse Company:—

"This Agency has much satisfaction in assuring Your Honour, that the New Light placed opposite Point Indio may be considered of the 1st class, being visible at the distance of 15 miles. From said Point Indio it bears by the compass N. E. 1/4 North; at 8 miles from land and from the tail or S. E. extremity of the Ortiz Bank 9 miles S. S. W. Latitude 35° 9' and Longitude West from Greenwich 57° 4'; being precisely the site occupied for several years back by the Company's Hulk, and in consequence probably noted already in some of the charts."

From the N. W. extremity of said Bank the Light on the Chico Bank, bears by the compass N. E. one quarter and a half N., distance one and a half mile; and from the land at the extremity of Point Atalaya N. N. E. with 5 fathoms water, and in Lat. 34° 44' and Long 57° 28' from Greenwich. This light is also visible at a great distance, and consequently on losing sight of that at Point Indio, becomes visible to those who are steering for this port, shortly after losing sight of it, see the light of the Hulk "25th of May" in the Outer Roads. Buenos Ayres April 1st 1857.

Francisco Segui

Notice of the Captain of the Port.
Captains and owners of vessels anchored in this Port are notified, that in case of having any of their crew sick, of what distemper soever, they must immediately give notice, those in the Outer Roads on board the Hulk "25th of May," and those in the Inner Roads at the Captain of the Port's, that they may be examined by the Sanitary Physicians. Buenos Ayres, April 7, 1857.
Francisco Segui.

Edict of the Captain of the Port.

Notice is hereby given to Captains, Superargoes and freighters, that from and after the date of the present Edict, no sea-going or coasting vessel, arriving here from Montevideo can be admitted till after the Sanitary visit by the Physician appointed for that purpose, on board the Hulk "25th of May," nor until that this disposition demanded by the public health will be scrupulously observed.
Buenos Ayres, March 31, 1857

Farm Stock.

For sale from 2500 to 3000 fine mutton Sheep with Ranchos, Corrales, &c. Apply to John Scott at the Montecarlo, or at No. 330 calle Representantes. The proprietor is willing to rent the same lands on which the stock has been bred.

Buenos Ayres, Feb. 26, 1857.
(Signed) Fragoiro & Son.

To let

Desirable accommodations for a small family at a moderate rent, in the interior part of the house No. 75, calle Maypú. There is aligbe water on the premises. The rooms would be suitable for a counting room, being in a central situation. o. 15 c.o.

A. C. Stolz.

SHIP BROKER.
CALLE 25 DE MAYO, No. 36.

For sale.

Superior English Breakfast tea, Sou-chong, in small boxes of 20 lbs. Also superior Sherry wine, in octave and quarter casks. Apply to calle Defensa No. 69.

To let.

Two unfurnished rooms for single gentlemen, or a married couple without family. Apply calle Piedad No. 274.

THE

Gospopolitan Sanitorium.
26—CALLE TUCUMAN—26.
Physicians and Proprietors. Private Residences.

Dr. Leslie, Calle 25 de Mayo, 58
" Furst, " Represent. 193
" Ventura Bosh " Suypacha 32

REGULATIONS.

1st.—That the Establishment shall be visited at least once a day by each Physician.

2d.—That the three Physicians shall meet, at least once a week to consult upon all matters of importance.

3d.—That each patient on admission shall state under whose care he wishes to be placed.

4th.—That any patient expressly desiring to have the opinion of any other Physician, than the one under whose care he has placed himself, shall pay to each the usual consultation fee.

5th.—That each patient shall pay for 15 days' attendance in advance, or give a satisfactory guarantee.

6th.—That operations and leeches are not considered as included in the regular charges; and likewise that extraordinary cases will require a special agreement.

TERMS.

Common Wards \$20 per day.
Middle do 30 "
Private Rooms 50 "
n3 c.o.

Port and Sherry.

The undersigned having received a fresh supply of the above wines, that give such satisfaction formerly, will be happy to receive the orders of his friends at No. 113 calle Piedad.
ap 4 Cultbers T. Colquhoun.

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The Quinta of Mr. Benjamin Henderson, situated in the street Santiago del Estero, between San Juan and Cochabamba; Hueco de los Sauces. Apply on the premises. ap 216p

John Malcolm Junr. produce

broker, respectfully acquaints his country friends, that he continues to receive consignments as heretofore; and that the same may be left at his office No. 57 calle San Martin, or at his dwelling house Cangallo No. 249. ap 2 6p.

Colegio Anglo-Argentino.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.
No. 463, Calle Defensa.
Youths of both sexes are received as boarders, half-boarder and day-scholars. The course of instruction comprises all the branches of an English education, in addition to which all the extra classes will be provided for.
Earnest and unremitting attention will be given to everything connected with the health, comfort and moral and intellectual advancement of the pupils. Persons residing in the country may be secure for their children the comforts of a home as well as the advantages of a school. The house is pleasantly situated and very commodious. For programme and particulars apply to the principal. William White.

Fianos.

From the most celebrated London manufacturers. Apply at 140 and 142 calle Piedad. o11-c.o.

Commercial Notice.

In case of any omission in the delivery of their circular, the undersigned hereby acquaint their friends in particular, and Commercial Community in general, that since the 1st of January last, they have established a Branch House at the Port of the Rosario (Province of Santa Fe) under the firm of Fragoiro & Son and Ferreira Brothers; where goods of all kinds may be contracted, or business transacted on commission, including the purchase or sale of foreign merchandise or country produce, &c.
Buenos Ayres, Feb. 26, 1857.
(Signed) Fragoiro & Son.

Merchant Vessels from Sea

IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES.

May 21.

ARRIVED VESSEL. NAME. TONS. MASTER FROM CONSIGNEES. DESTINATION

British.

Jan 30 bk	Istria	362	Sanders	Liverpool	Thompson & Co.	Liverpool
Feb. 14 bk	Duchess	229	G. Lorraine	Cape Verde	Von Scutler and Colondon	Liverpool
20 Bk.	John Ritson	305 1/2	Owen	Liverpool	K. Grierson	Liverpool
24 Bk.	Leopard	300	F. Richard	Liverpool	Drabble Bros.	Liverpool
27 Bk.	Hound	350	Canningham	Glasgow	Gettling & Co.	London
Mar. 12 bk	Baronet	312	Falconer	Liverpool	R. and J. Carlisle	Valparaiso
17 bk.	Aries	200	P. W. Hall	Liverpool	Hartnells & Sons	London
23 bk.	Temesevata	176	Starkings	Cape Verde	Order	London
26 bk.	Daring	180	Davies	Montevideo	A Barber and Co.	England
Apr. 6 sek.	Pandora	79	Pronet	Cadiz	Duile Brothers	London
6 bk.	Teal	328	J. Pye	Liverpool	G. Bell and Co.	London
11 bk.	Criterion	328	J. Ferguson	Liverpool	S. Hesse	England
13 bk.	Eliza Cary	216	Sharp	Cadiz	Barber and Co.	London
15 bk.	Clio	238	—	Cape Verde	J. Laing	London
16 bk.	Trean	195	E. Smith	London	D. Green & Co.	Liverpool
16 bk.	Rovena	180	—	Rosario	N. Green and Co.	Liverpool
17 bk.	Verbean	192	Woodcock	Cadiz	Freyer Brothers	London
18 bk.	Express	—	Wakelam	Liverpool	Thompson and Co.	London
19 bk.	Barkhill	—	—	Liverpool	S. Hesse	London
May 9 bk.	Gro	225	Baines	Glasgow	Order	—
11 sek.	Prepontos	—	—	Glasgow	—	—

American.

Apr. 6 bk.	Z. D.	311	J. Fairfield	Boston	Hugentubler & Co.	—
15 pt-bk.	W. H. Hazard	325	C. Larsen	New York	Zimmermann & Co.	—
16 bk.	High Rickheek	447	—	New York	Zimmermann & Co.	—
17 bk.	Mary Wilkins	280	Nickerson	New York	H. J. Ropes	—
18 bk.	Maria	—	—	—	—	—

French.

Feb. 24 bk.	Archibald	252	Lange	Bayone	Apesogni	Marseilles
Mar. 10 bk.	Sarabaya	457	Fancherro	Havre	P. & C. Jourde	Havre
Apr. 6 bk.	Sphere	325	Herve	Havre	Lavallol and Sons	—
11 bk.	Georgina	446	Morin	Havre	A. Dunoyer	—

Dutch.

Mar. 26 bk.	Mermenie	Ma. Eliz. th. 326	Bonger	Liverpool	P. Graham & Co.	—
Apr. 2 bk.	Marga	312	Leverstein	Hamburg	A. Blank and Co.	Antwerp
10 bk.	Ben	242	Doer	Hamburg	Lohman M. and Co.	England
29 bk.	Iris	447	—	Cadiz	Order	—

Norwegian.

Mar. 10 bk.	Maria	276	Tulle	Bordeaux	P & C. Jo	Antwerp
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Spanish.

Jan. 4 bk.	Dorotea	298	A. Pages	Barcelona	Llavallol and Sons	Havana
Feb. 20 bk.	Infio	170	L. Pages	Rio Janeiro	Ochoa and Co.	Havana
23 bk.	Pirro	242	Guardiola	Cape Verde	Llavallol and Sons	Havana
Mar. 6 bk.	Conchita	—	—	Barcelona	Ochoa & Co.	Havana
18 bk.	Adela	—	—	Montevideo	Llavallol & Sons	Havana
Apr. 2 bk.	Nereia Casimira	255	A. Mataro	Barcelona	Llavallol & Sons	Havana
6 bk.	Pezizka	102	Domenech	Barcelona	Martinez and Sons	Havana
8 bk.	Magdalena	322	Aguirre	Cadiz	Ochoa and Co.	—
8 bk.	Dedra	300	S. Anstreich	Barcelona	Martinez and Sons	—
12 bk.	Palkoa	224	A. Anstreich	Barcelona	Martinez and Sons	—
12 bk.	Javon Adela	180	P. Pila	Paraguay	Arango and Co.	—
14 bk.	Manuel	155	P. Garcia	Malaga	Zumaran and Co.	—
15 bk.	Paolo	—	—	Paraguay	Llavallol and Sons	—
16 bk.	Ivizeiza	—	—	Havana	F. Butare	—
17 bk.	Teresa	—	—	Barcelona	Llavallol and Sons	—
17 bk.	Presidente	—	—	Rio Janeiro	Ochoa and Co.	—
17 bk.	Felix	—	—	Paranmees	Arango and Co.	—
18 bk.	Paquete de Yargona	254	Guardiola	Rio Janeiro	Zumaran and Co.	—
22 bk.	Baratan	229	Baratan	Havana	Llavallol and Co.	—
May 1 bk.	Dolores	195	Urgell	Havana	Ochoa	—

Brazilian.

May 7 bk.	Maria Rosa	120	Calvalha	Rosario	Frias Brothers	—
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Sardinian.

Feb. 7 bk.	Raffaelina	256	J. B. Solari	Genoa	Biale and Co.	England
28 bk.	Giovanni d'Arco	200	Pontrinos	Genoa	Llavallol and Sons	Genoa
Mar. 31 bk.	Baronesa	180	Corganego	Genoa	F. Silber	—
Apr. 8 bk.	Merediths	245	L. Tiscornia	Marseilles	Gaillot B. and Co.	—
11 bk.	Giovanni Battista	182	Basso	Cadiz	Hugentubler & Co.	—
12 bk.	Anna	314	Chidizola	Genoa	B. Delino	—
15 bk.	Américo	378	J. Sana	Genoa	B. Delino	—

Hamburg.

Mar. 18 bk.	Cecile Louise	230	Hanson	Rio Janeiro	Z. Frazier & Co	Antwerp
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Mexican.

Mar. 13 bk.	Rosita	263	T. Benades	New York	Order	W. Coasts
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Meeklenburg.

Feb. 24 bk.	Paul Jones	270	Langhtrichs	Antwerp	Bieber and Co.	London
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Bremen.

Mar. 23 bk.	Vesta	236	Huase	Bremen	Loimau Brothers	New York
31 bk.	George Duckwitz	246	Siedenburg	Hamburg	Bieber & Co.	Antwrp

Hanoverian.

Mar. 31 bk.	Jacobus	140	J. Lancker	Hamburg	Treusslein and Co.	London
Apr. 19 sek.	Essallo	149	Broring	London	Getting and Co.	West coast

Belgian.

Apr. 28 bk.	Paquet	328	Jansen	Liobon	Rosenthal	—
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