

• • • • • A good effect which we hope from the Presidential Meeting at Yacuiba is the relief of Bolivian grievances regarding communication with the great ocean highways. When the map of South America was re-drafted after the wars of Ina dependence, Bolivia was given an opening to the Pacific, which Chile occupied after the Chili-Peruvian war. A solution to this old quarrel would be a Bolivian corridor to the sea.

Another solution could be found by a convention with this country regarding the navigation of the Bermejo river. It would be a humanitarian gesture on our part to relieve the Boliviand land-siege, and should help powerfully to dispell the accusation that Argentina wants to form an Empire at the expense of her neighbours.

• • • • • • THE five republics of Central America live costly, uncertain lives. Revolutions are frequent, finances are low, frontiers are long and the coast-line, which they are individually quite unable to guard, is potentially the most important in the world.

In times past, the republics have been under a common rule, but the jealousies of local chieftains were better executed in isolation. That is why the republics are five.

But many Gentral Americans believe that a common destiny should logically issue in common rule. A Salvadorian newspaper has launched a very feasible scheme for a Union, under which each existing state would elect three members to a five-nation Diet. The Presidency of the Diet would be discharged by the local Presidents, according to some system of rotation. The scheme is proposed as provisional for ten years, and if successful, would then become permanent. We hope the plan will be realized. Only in union is there real strength.

• • • • • • **THE** only remedy which the Government seems able to devise for our tottering financial system is the imposition of new taxes. The question is whether the country will be able to bear the burden, and the answer is doubtful if one considers that since 1920 to the present year, the value of production has fallen by 10%, and the value of exports by 60%.

On the other hand, fiscal expenditure has risen by 70%. For every peso the Government spent in 1920, it is spending \$1.70 today. Here, then, is the real remedy: cut down on our bureaucracy which is growing at a rate out of all proportion to the rates of population and production.

1 THANK B.P. D. and C.

• • • • LA PRENSA is led into strange positions by its rigid dogmatism. Commenting upon the events in Catamarca, our colleague drags in the "Patronato" and observes that since Bishops are state officials, the services held under their auspices are public services. From this it would follow that citizens are entitled to regard the churches in the same light as post-offices, railways and other public utilities. But the whole point is that, strictly speaking, there is no such organism as the Argentine 'Church. There is the Catholic Church in Argentina. If we were to accept the strict implications of our colleague's thesis, we would become schismatics and no longer Catholics. Of course, when used in its current acceptation, i.e., as signifying that portion of the Catholic allegiance which is subject politically to the Argentine state, the term Argentine Church is a convenient, unobjectionable term.

• • • • • DURING the current year the nation is spending twenty-eight million pesos on university education in the six universities which exist in this country.

The reason why a university training is so costly is because it is a state monopoly. Break that monopoly and the cost will fall.

For many years it has been the aspiration of the Catholid Church to have its own university in this country, and at one time a Catholic university was actually in being. But a university, in order to attract students, must have the faculty of granting degrees valid for civil purposes and it was found impossible to secure the necessary authorization from the State.





(in Eire)-William G. Wakely, Temple Gardens, Dublin, late Secretary of the Incorporated Law Society of Ire-land. £9,887 (in Northern Ireland)-William Duncan, Irvinestown, Co. Fermanagh. £8,657 (in Eire)-Mrs. Mary J. Cooney, Carbury Co. Kildare. She left £350 for Masses, and, after other bequests, the residue of the property for charitale purposes in Ireland at the discretion of her executors. £7,290 --Mrs. Ethel Duff-Gillespie, late of Malahide, Co. Dublin. £6,454-Aubrey Faryon Legget, New Quay Burren Co. Clare. £6,449 (in Eire)-Alexander J. Ferguson, Rathmines, Dublin. £6,382-Mrs. Kathleen O'Sullivan Beare, Ballincollig, Co. Cork

MEATH'S GOOD EXAMPLE --

Major General Aodh McNeill wrote to Mr. Sean McGurl, Chairman of the Meath Co. Council, last month, in connection with the recent order of the Co. Council to pay members of the Lo-cal Defence Force, who were employees the Council during their absence on military training. The letter states: "I note with considerable satisfaction that the Co. Council decided on the above. This is a fine headline to other public and private employers. I am particularly glad that it comes from Meath, the county in which I attended my first Defence Service review this year and made my first appeal to em-ployers to help in this way. May I ex-press my personal appreciation of the strong and patriotic line you adopted at the Council meeting which I am sure had a considerable influence on the Council's decision."

THIS HAPPENED IN THE CO. DOWN .---

We take the following from a re-cent number of "The Advocate", New

York: 'The news from Ireland, cabled here last week, of a sham battle arranged between the American forces, encamp-

ed in the area of Derry and the English army of occupation centered ar-ound Belfast in Antrim, was very realound Beiräst in Antrim, was very rear-istic. The "battle" was supposed to be for the conquest of County Down, which the Americans regarded as friendly territory and which they de-sired to annex. All the implements of modern warfare were brought into play -tanks, airplanes, parachutes and cannon. Although no decision was ren-dered, we believe the Americans had the best of the encounter. In the far-off days, the O'Neils and McCahans

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL INSURANCE Cº Founded in 1824 Authorized to operate in the Argentine Republic in 1898.



fought the McDonnells and the Hamil-tons for this territory and they inva-riably won. Today the only place in Ireland that the Scotts are masters is in Antrim, North Down, North Armagh, part of Derry and North Tyrone; all together the portion of North-East Ireland now dominated by the Anglo-Irelation dow downharded by the Anglo-Irish is not equal to the former Princi-pality of the O'Neills and the former Gaelic ideas and ideals are fast pene-trating into the remotest corners of this small territory. We hope to see in the not far-distant future, this model but immediate and of Ladord small, but important part of Ireland united with the main body of Eire."

BISHOP OF DERRY NOMINATED .--

The Most Rev. Francis J. Spellman. Archbishop of New York and Military Vicar has announced that he has named the Most Rev. Neil Farren, Bishop of Derry, as Vicar Delegate of the Mi litary Ordinate for American Catholic chaplains and troops in Northern Ire-

GARTH HEALY APPOINTED IRISH CONSUL FOR CHICAGO .-

Matthew Garth Healy, who has for the past few years been Irish Consul in New York has been appointed Irish Consul in Chicago in place of the late Irish Consul Mr. McGrath. He left New York on August 220d for the New York on August 22nd for the "Windy City" to take up his new post. We wish him lots of good luck.

COAL FROM THE ARIGNA MINES .-

The Great Southern Railway Co. has arranged to purchase large quan-tities of coal from the Arigna coal-fields. It will be used with imported slack

Among proposals under consideration is one to have lighter trains on the main lines to Cork and the West. An additional train to Sligo would enable the Galway train to run nonstop to Mullingar. This proposal, it is stated, would mean lighter trains, which would use less coal and at the same time give better service.

DUBLIN CITY .-

Dublin was once a Norse city. The green Irish Sea, the white breakers that score the sandy beaches like a white clef of music by Swords, Skerries, Malahide and Clontarf are somehow reminders of the fact as the train roars beside them, in a last desperate

effort to be on time. I make my way back from the buf-fet.car, and even if Lambay Island and the gleam of breakers beyond the sand dunes remained invisible, I should still know we were approaching Dublin by the number of greyhounds that have suddenly appeared standing or squatting on the cushions of the compart-ment seats. Nowhere else that I know of do greyhounds occupy train seats with quite so much authority as they do approaching the Irish capital.

IRISH INVESTMENTS IN ENGLAND ----

It is said that thrifty Irish farmers and shopkeepers have investments of over £200,000,000 in English enterpri-ses and industry. This has always been a dividend-paying investment. At Cork University last month, the question was discussed of the security of these in-vestments. It was urged that the Government of Eire should recall these investments and compel the investors to apply them to enterprise in Eire.



James O'Donnell

TUCUMAN 671

U.T. 31 - 3286

ALL FUNERALS PERSONALLY ATTENDED BY PROPRIETOR MODERATE CHARGES

FLANDERS POPPY WREATHS STOCKED AND SUPPLIED ON BEHALF OF THE BRITISH LEGION.

General News From Home and Abroad

THE PRESIDENT IN THE NORTH-

sident of the Republic and his official party on their visit to various parts of the North has been remarkably cor-The reception, accorded to the pre- dial and it has been a triumphal pro-

MIGNAOUY & CIA.

have the pleasure of presenting to the Irish community the following highly recommended products of fully guaranteed quality and authenticity of origin, on sale in the best groceries of the city and of the interior:

FROM OSBORNE & Cía. PUERTO DE SANTA MARIA

SHERRY AMONTILLADO FINO "DON SANCHO" (wine of great quality) SHERRY OLOROSO SOLERA "SANCHO PANZA" SANLUCAR WINE (Manzanilla Olorosa) "LA MONTERA"

BRANDY OSBORNE "VETERANO" BRANDY OSBORNE "3 TORRES "

FROM A. R. VALDESPINO & Hno. JEREZ DE LA FRONTERA

SHERRY "INOCENTE"

FROM DELAFORCE SONS & Co. PORTUGAL

PORT "GREEN RIBBON" PORT "TAWNY PORT

FROM THE CELLAR OF "SANTA ROSA DE MOLINA" SANTIAGO DE CHILE

White wine "RINCON DE CHILANDE" (Riesling)

NATIONAL WINES

Red : "CUEVA DEL MONJE" "TORRES VIELAS" "PEÑAS DEL DUENDE"

White: "VALLE DEL CIELO" Blue Band "VALLE DEL CIELO"





ession. The people provinces are very hospitable folk and no matter the differences of political opinions, they always decide to bury

same, when it comes to welcoming the constituted authorities of the Nation. Dr. Castillo and his attendant ministers have been afforded an excellent opportunity to observe firsthand the problems that face the people of the far North and it is to be hoped that ways and means will be found to obtain a solution of same. In the past there has been too much attention paid to the Federal Capital and too little to the provinces.

ABUSE OF

AUTHORITY .-

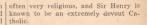
The behaviour of the police on Friday last at Luna Park reflects very little credit on the force. The state of siege is too frequently invoked by the officers and men of the force to indulge in veritable outrages. The mat-ter has been raised in the Chamber of Deputies by one of the deputies, who was present on the occasion and who was the victim of insults and violence on the part of one of our local "co misarios." The latter indulged in lan The latter indulged in language that would drive a dock labourthe deputy attacked that as far as he was concerned "deputies did not matter one iota."

It is to be hoped that the Ministry of the Interior will not allow the matter to remain without investigation and without condign punishment for the offenders. It was high time that an example should be made of the culprits.

COVENTRY CATHEDRAL .--

Sir Giles Gilbert Scott, the Catholic architect who built the beautiful Pro-testant Cathedral in Liverpool, has been given the task of preparing the plans for the rebuilding of Coventry Cathedral, destroyed in the air raids. It was always the subject of amus-d commentary in Liverpool that a Catholic architect built the Protest-ant Cathedral and that Archbishop Downey's great Catholic Cathedral has been designed by a Protestant, Sir This been designed by a Frotestin, Sin Edwin Lutyens, and is regarded by him as the peak work of his career, the supreme monument to his art, though, as he says himself, it will ne-ver be finished in his lifetime.

Another Catholic Englishman who Rear-Admiral Sir Henry Harwood, who was some time ago appointed to succeed Admiral Sir Andrew Cunningham as British Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean, Sailors are



-

* FIRE ON THE BARONESA ".-

The British steamer "Baronesa", arrived last week in this port and on Sunday morning a mysterious fire broke out on board. The fire brigade were quickly on the premises but des-pite their continuous efforts the fire demanded a lot of fighting. As yet it has not been established whether the fire was the result of sabotage or not.

*

* * THE "COLECTIVO" STRIKE -

Unsettled questions have no pity for the repose of nations or individuals. The question of the "colectivos" remains unsolved and their absence from the streets has caused considerable annoyance and discomfort to the travelling public, particularly those living in the outlying districts. In the meantime the matter has been raised in the Chamber of Deputies and seemingly the feeling prevalent in that assembly is to allow the "colectiveros" to proceed as heretofore. This would naturally as heretofore. This would naturally lead to a conflict with the Transport Corporation and resignations would be numerous. Meantime the inhabitants miss the excellent service that has been built up during the past fifteen years.

MISTLETOE .-HOLLY AND

The holly, synonymous of Christmas, was a sacred plant, and the mis-tletoe a mysterious plant, supposed by the ancient Druids to have some mystic power of healing and preventing misfortune. It was dedicated to the Goddess of Love, which explains custom of kissing under the mistletoe.

*

* *

+ HOUDINI, THE

WIZARD --

Houdini became a legend even in his own lifetime, his exploits a household word, and his name was given a pro-blematical immortality in the verb "to houdinize" in an American dictionary, signifying "to release or extricate one-self (from confinement, bonds, and the like), as by wriggling out." In the life of such a master of elusiveness and india-rubber agility there is matter for perpetual wonder. Harold Kel-lock's "Houdini-an Unsolved Myste-ry" does not tell how he did his tricks, but it is, nevertheless, an entertaining book, crowded with marvels and in-tensely readable.

Here and there we are given a glimpse of the great conjuror and lock-opener's methods, and something of his mental attitude:-

"'My chief task has been to conquer fear,' he said. 'When I am stripped and manacled, nailed securely within a weighted packing-case, and thrown into the sea, or when I am buried alive under six feet of earth, it is necessary to preserve absolute serenity of spiry to preserve assolute screnity of spi-ti. I have to work with great delicacy and lightning speed. If I grow panicky I am lost. And if something goes wrong, if there is some little accident or mishap, some slight miscalculation, I am lost unless all my faculties are working, or birth form formations and working on high, free from mental

tension or strain. The public sees on-ly the thrill of the accomplished trick; they have no conception of the tortuous, preliminary, self-training that was necessary to conquer fear.'"

From his youth, Houdini practised continually; he exercised not only his fingers, but his toes. Sometimes when visitors were present, he "would take a length of string from his pocket, tie it in various sorts of knots and drop it on the floor. Presently his visitor might observe that Houdini had unobtrusively slipped off his shoes and socks and was untying and retying the knots with his toes, meanwhile never so much as glancing at his own remarkable manipulations."

PILGRIMAGE TO LUJAN .-

* * *

On Sunday last the annual pilgrimage to Lujan, organized by the "Circu-los de Obreros", took place and proved an outstanding success. The day dawned cold and threatening, but none the less the special trains were filled from early morn. On arrival at the Basilica station processions were formed and accompanied by bands of music, they continued to the Basilica, where the Cardinal Primate awaited them in the atrium. In the afternoon a very eloquent discourse was deli-vered by Father Rodolfo Carboni, who paid a feeling tribute of homage to Our Lady of Lujan.

THE CANNY SCOT .--

* * .

The word "Canny" is a Scots word combining caution and shrewdness, but not altogether explained by those terms. It is, in fact, like many Scots words, untranslatable into English speech. "Taste and try before you buy" is an English proverb which embodies caution in dealing, but has not that canny quality which we find em-bodied in the story of the Scot who asked a baldheaded chemist if he could guarantee a Hair Restorer he was advertising to be capable of producing a growth of hair. "Oh, certainly." regrowth of hair. "Oh, certainly," re-plied the chemist, "it is guaranteed to grow hair in twenty-four hours." "Ah, weel, then," replied the Scot, "just put a little on yer ain head and I'll look back the morn to see if it works." That is the typical Scot. You see at once where he shines. He does not even spend a penny in samples before he makes a purchase. The canny Scot leaves nothing to chance. There he differs from his Southern neighbour.



Which reminds us of the question a Scots boy asked his father. "Father," he said, "what's the difference between

Scotsmen and Englishmen?" "Weel, laddie," replied he, "I canna juist say, but they hav'na been the same since Bannockburn!"

HOW EXPENSES INCREASE .-

In the past thirty years, according to a contemporary, the population of the country has increased about sixty per cent. In the mean time public ex-penses have increased 400 per cent. This is a sorry state of affairs and seemingly the country is going from bad to worse. When it comes to a ques-tion of milling the country and the letion of milking the country and the le-gislators seem to be quite willing to vote any and every measure that the Government puts forward, as long as they are personally favoured, or their relatives granted pensions or jobs. It is high time that some effort should be made to remedy this state of affairs and endeavour to force the public authorities to bring revenue and expenses into line.

SAILORS .-

The occupation that is most prolif-ic of superstitions is the sailor's. Here are a few:

Sailors dread a whistling woman because whistling was supposed to draw a breeze and therefore danger. If you beat your wife you will be .ucky in fishing

It is unlucky to ask a fisherman if

he has had a good catch. All naval salutes are given in odd numbers for luck. The minute gun is .he only even-numbered salute.

Never point with your finger at a ship at sea, use the whole hand, other wise it means ill-luck for those on board

White stones are rejected as ballast by sailors-presumably because white is a sacred colour.

* * * THE LOTTERY SCANDAL .--

The public still continue to take an immense interest in all that transpires in the investigation of the committee formed in the Chamber of Deputies and the proceedings in the Courts. It would now appear that there has been some nasty procedure in the past and claimants have come forward, demanding \$600,000 m n. for the "grande" ' of 1940, alleging that the number had been changed on the occassion of the drawing. The case is now in the law courts and the judicial decision is a-waited with interest.

* * THE MERCHANT MARINE -

Admiral Francisco Stewart arrived in Washington on Tuesday last and he is expected to get into immediate touch with Mr. Sumner Welles, Sub-secretary of State. Hopes are high that arrangements will be reached to settle the vexed question of inter-American shipping.

Our Readers will help us if they will mention THE SOUTHERN CROSS when

replying to advertisements appearing in

s paper

THE SOUTHERN CROSS

FOR BOYS

5

AULD'S CLOTHES FOR BOYS ARE MADE OF SERVICEABLE MATERIALS AND THE THOR-OUGHLY RELIABLE WORK-MANSHIP ENSURES A CREDIT-ABLE APPEARANCE FOR AN EXTENDED PERIOD.

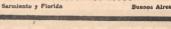
BOYS' PURE WOOL FLANNEL SUITS, CUT TO A FIRST-CLASS MODEL AND NICELY TAILOR-ED. RECOMMENDED BOTH FOR APPEARANCE AND REAL HARD WEAR.

15 to 16 Years . . . \$ 42 .---12 to 14 Years . . . \$ 40,-9 to 11 Years . . . \$ 38.-7 to 8 Years . . . \$ 35 .---



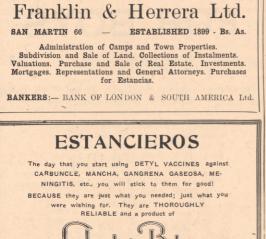
Siempre la más barata

Farmacia Franco-Inglesa LA MAYOR DEL MUNDO





Friday, September 18, 1942



DOPCI OPHOS

"

BOZZI DISTINCTIVE HAIRDRESSINGS Tints and perfect perma-

nents-Facial baths by Mmé. SOFIA dipl. at the CEDIB University.

OLCh.

Pedicure service by Prof. Baer. British and American Perfumes. Dorothy Gray Beauty products.

Stockings - Gloves - Scar-ves - handbags and Fine Lingerie.

SANTA FE 1825 U.T. 44-1734

SUDAN GRASS SORGHO AZUCARADO

MAIZ GUINEA - RYE GRASS, Etc.

GOOD QUALITY ALFALFA SEED

Centeno "Waldstauden" - To be sown in October

You should try this

CEREALS IN GENERAL

S. D. MACDOUGALL BME. MITRE 341

BUENOS AIRES U. T. 34 (Defensa) 5268

Secrets of Propaganda

(By AODH DE BLACAM in "The Irish Digest.")

N ENGLISH newspaper once held a competition for the best definition of propaganda. Most of the entries seem to have play-ed more or less wittily on this idea: "Propaganda is a statement which is "Propaganda is a statement which is true when we make it, but an infam-ous lie when it is made by the other side." This sums up the contemptu-ous regard in which propaganda is held. It is common in present-day controversies to have an argument dismissed as "mere propaganda." We ever the norular notion that

We owe the popular notion that propaganda is falsehood, and the slang term "dope", which is used as a synonym, to the Great War. While the guns were beating down cities and slaughtering the youth of Europe both sides had their arm of propa-ganda working to discredit their ene. mies and to keep up the morale of their civil populations. After the war there were cynical disclosures of the deliberate organisation of falsehood —a squalid story that we need not recall. One result of this prostitution of the power of the pen was growth of insincerity in politics. was the

growth of insincerity in polities. I remember, during our own trou-bles, how the imprisonment of a writ-er was justified by the statement that he was a propagandist. It was one of the most highly distinguished gratefully in Ireland for his defence of her greatit with his nen who used of her credit with his pen, who used this remarkable argument. So-and-so argues for a certain side; therefore his opponents are entitled to silence him by imprisonment.

Surely this is not just or moral. The sword may be answered by the sword, but surely argument must be met by argument, if humanity is not to sink to the rule of brute, irrational violence. However, that principle has come from the war-time control of propaganda-propaganda is a weapon, like a gun, which you may tear from your opponent's hands, a wea-pon which you fear as men never ought to fear reason.

In the revolutionary politics of the decades since the war, propaganda is used as a weapon, not as an exercise of argument. Accordingly, we have the Communist movement working with a propaganda system as well-organised, as ruthless in its methods, as the propaganda of the belligerent Powers. We find many who hold that the Left propaganda should be answered like enemy propaganda in war-time; that is, not by argument but by suppress

The Right has its organised propaganda, probably more scrupulous than that of the Left, but still a different thing from open discussion. In certain countries the propaganda of the Left is suppressed altogether, and a regimentation of opinion is used in peace-time as strict as in war-time. This also is an abuse of propaganda. The common man grows bewildered. He is aware that foreign news is controlled, and he lacks the means to pierce beyond what is told him. If anyone will go to the pains to collate the foreign news which appears in all the Irish and English daily newspa-pers, he will discover that there is hardly any substantial difference in nardy any substantial onlinerence in what is printed in journals of remote-ly different principles—Irish Nation-alist, Orange Irish, English Liberal, English Tory, Scottish Socialist. All tell the same tale, with some small variations in the bias given by the sub-editing. All depend on the same

stream of information supplied by a-

gencies. Seldom in history has a more difficult, more vital issue come upon the world than the conflict in Spain; but the newspapers of the English-reading world have published almost identical reports, with only rare at-tempts to penetrate beyond the agen-cies which supply them.

Suppose the printing-press, radio and the cinematograph had come into the world in the Middle Ages. What would St. Thomas Aquinas have taught concerning their use and control? I think that he would have approved of the saying of Dr. Oliveira Salazar that literature is the mental food of the people and must be subject to the same safeguards against corruption as foods which merely feed the body.

,Who is to see that what the people get is pure, is wholesome? Aquinas suget is pure, is wholesome? Aquinas su-rely would say that the duty belongs to the Prince-that is, the legitimate civil ruler. Who is to advise him? The wise must be his advisers, and they must receive their principles from the teaching Church.

If the pagan world has found the drab civilisation of mechanised Euro-pe infectious, how much more readi-ly it could have been won by the grave rich, humorous, tender, noble civilisa-tion of Christendom in the thirteenth century! Surely the swift conversion of the pagan world would have been humanly certain. That was not to be.

Divine Providence reserved to our own time the perfection of those instruments which seven hundred years ago would have been used by a united Christendom, counselled by an Aquinas. God gave His people a more dif-ficult task, and the power to send a voice from Rome instantaneously to the ends of the earth came when that voice must strive against a torrent of conflicting voices, mostly hostile to the Christian faith and philosophy. It is remarkable, but true that al-

most all the great masters of literature have been propagandists; that is, teachers. I saw this denied recently by an author who simply cannot cast his mind over the facts. have Poets sometimes are purely creative, although even these often have a purpose which is none the less deliberate for being well-concealed. Romantic writers, who shun the tragic themes, write only to amuse. Yet consider such giants as the Greek playwrights, the only pagans who have a majesty like that of Sa-cred Scripture-they were propagandists. Lucretius was a more intense poet. He wrote his great work for a propagandist reason. Livy was a propagandist of patriotism. Horace's best poems were propaganda. Dante, one of the three greatest poets of the world, was a propagandist for scholasticism. Carry the argument into all lands, and the principle is borne out. In Ireland, the best of Gaelic poetry, the terrific bardic poetry of the days of the Earls is propagandist, and so is the great bulk of Anglo-Irish literature. These facts are so evident that it is

amazing that critics can overlook them, but we have here, perhaps, one more example of the power of cant. more example of the power of cant. "Art for art's sake" has bemused men like the word "Fascism." They pass on such statements as that "Great art is never propagandist" without pausing for an instant to examine their own words.

It is natural that great works should be propagandist; for there must be great convictions in a man's mind if he is to write of great deeds, to express great thoughts. In this world In this world of conflict we must take sides or be

poltrooms, "There are two sides to every question," says the trimmer. One side on balance must be the right side, the other the wrong, and to shirk this truth is to miss both tragedy and splendour—the tragedy of the confusion which entagels good men in bad causes, the splendour of honest failure.

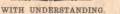
He who shirks reality may give us pleasant songs and amusing tales, but he cannot conceive the impotent indignant Lear, borne down in a land of lost authority; he cannot eshare Mitchel's wrath or the sorrow of O Heoghusa. He who has not sorrowed and joyed has no great thing to say. To feel deeply, then, to love and to hate strongly, is to write that which seeks to persuade; it is to be a propagandist for pity or for justice. Cansidering that all printed words,

Considering that all printed words, in effect, are pronaganda, how careful our national leaders ought to be to ensure that the matter of life, soon to pass into print, should be good matter for the teacher! Public persons are given, by the all-persuasive camera and news-report, an immense direct influence on the people. What leaders wear, people will go to see; what pursuits they favour, soon will be the fashion. In the old days, when we were not

In the old days, when we were not split into parties, our leaders gave much of their energy to exhortation. Their public appearances were not in Parliament, but on the feis platform, and there they used their influence to direct the people towards national customs, dances, filterature. Nowadays, they seem to feel it their duty to refrain from exhortation. We seldom hear them advise the people.

Only in some lands where party government has been repressed do political leaders remain social and intellectual leaders, counselling this and that in the shaping of the national life. One of the great merits of monarchy is that it provides a leader of national habit who is above party and can teach by example or exhoritation the things that a party politician is expected not to discuss; for example, the benefits of a strong rural life.

Can we not make a departure from party restrictions in Ireland, and get our leaders of all parties to act as leaders of all parties to act as leaders in culture, too? With print, screen and radio ever broadcasting the words and deeds of notabilities, surely it is the duty of public men to cause the wings of propaganda to carry into every home those ideals which are more precious than political ends, ideals which the age threatens with an all-pervasive enmity.



Our North American colleague, The Sign, a publication of great importance conducted by the Passionist Fathers in the United States, has the following article in its August issue. The titic ice.

IN FAIRNESS TO ARGENTINA.

"The death of ex-President Ortiz of Argentina leaves President Castillo in secure possession of the Presidency and therefore better able to put into effect his foreign policy. In pursuance of that policy, Argentina has continued to maintain diplomatic relations with the Axis nations and has reaffirmed her status as a neutral country. President Castillo has threatened action against those who seek to change the beligrents. Since the incident of the sinking of the Argentinian freighter, Rio Tercero, she has forbidden her ships to enter our Eastern ports, thus acknowledging in effect Hiller's blockade of our Atlantic coast. On the other hand, Argentina affirms her 'solidarity with the other American republics and claims that her course is simply one of strict neutrality.

Even though we may not agree with her foreign policy, nevertheless we Americans should be able to understand that country's point of view. Argentina has surrendered voluntarily the right of freedom of the seas in order to avoid incidents that might alter her neutrality. We should not forget that, for a long time we followed the same policy through our "cash and carry" legislation. We should also remember that until the treacherous Japanese attack at Pearl Harbor we maintained a status of at least legal neutrality in spite of the help we were giving to the enemies of the Axis, and that we had diplomatic representatives in the capitals of all the Axis countries.

Argentina, because of her foreign policy, has come in for a great deal of adverse criticism from Americans with short memories. Whatever the attitude of some of the leaders in her government, the people of that country are overwhelmingly in favor of the United Nations and hostile to the Axis and to all forms of totalitarian government. We shall do far more good by leaving Argentinians foreign policy to Argentinians than by giving them the impression that we think that we know better than they do what is good for their country."



Useful Addresses. Holy Cross Church.—Estados Unidos 3150. U. T. 45, 1317.

- 3150. U. T. 45, 1317.
 St. Brigid's College.—Gaona 2068, U. T. 59, 1268
- Uruguayan Consulate.-Av. R. S. Peña 567, U T. 33, 4234.

St. Patrick's Church.-Estomba 1946, U. T. 73, 6780.

The Irish Girl's Home,-Salguero 550. U. T. 79, 2296.

The Keating Institute.—Estados Unidos 3141: U. T. 45, 0818.

The Mater Misericordia Convent,-(Irish Sisters of Mercy), Calle 24 de Noviembre 865. U. T. 45, 2219.



EN SU NUEVO TIPO

Sucesión de JUAN LALOR

Dr. Hubert M. Ennis

000

LAWYER

Attends to legal matters in Bu mos Aires, La Plata, San Nicolás, Rosario, etc., persona ly and with the coopera-tion of qualified solicitors.

INVESTMENTS - MORTGAGES - COLLECTIONS ESMERALDA 155 Piso 5 C U. T, 34 - 4160.

BUENOS AIRES



La fama de las bellezas y del clima excepcional de las Sierras Cordobesas ha transpuesto las fronteras de la patria. Todavía pueden adquirirse lotes y fracciones a muy bajo precio; no tarde Vd. en elegir su lote en "Villa Allende'' lindando con la magnífica cancha del "Córdoba Golf Club", lugar que tiene asegurado un gran porvenir y una rápida valorización. — Informes, planos, fotos, etc., CANGALLO 315, Escr. 148, U. T. 33 Avda. 7337, Buenos Aires.



When you renew your newspaper subscription be sure that you do so with THE STANDARD, the genti eman's newspaper which is the cho-sen organ of the leaders of the English-speaking community.

THE STANDARD is written for you by experts whose aim it is to bring you each day a true reflection of world events, a paper free from distortion and sensationalism which will meet your every need.

SWITCH TO THE STANDARD, TOMORROW'S PAPER!

3	mo	nth	15			\$	11.50	
6		,,				,,	22.50	
12		,,				,,	44.00	

The Standard,

Rivadavia 831.

Capital.



The Campman's Forum.

A. R. S. ANNUAL MEETING.

As a reminder that the Argentine Rural Society will hold its annual general meeting for the election of of-ficers in the last week of October, the 'Lista Blanca" committee has already made known the list of candidates it This will support on that occasion. year the election is especially important for Dr. Adolfo Bioy finished his second term as president of the institution and has decided to decline reelection

The list in circulation is as follows President, Ing. José María Bustillo; vice-president, Ricardo Sauze; mem-bers, Leonardo F. Benvenuto, José G. Elordy, Julio A. Garcia Victorica, E. duardo J. Helguera, Diego Piñeiro Pearson, Juan J. Reynal, Tomas Sa las, Ramon J. Santamarina.

It is pleasing to see that there is some new blood on this list, and that all are actively engaged in the live-stock breeding industry.

-

Intendente Alvear (Pampa) Show.

The Association de Fomento Rural of Intendente Alvear (La Pampa) is holding its fourth annual livestock show on Saturday. As the entries are large and of the high quality usu ally found there this event is sure to be as successful as have been all the previous ones held in that fertile, though at present dry, section of the Pampa Territory.

On Friday morning the judge, Se ñor Bautista Sabalet, will commence his labours in the cattle section, while Señor Alfredo Sabalain will do the same among the sheep exhibits. Don Hugo Bruzone will prove his reputation as a man of many parts judging the horses, pigs, and poultry. The show will be officially inaugurated on Saturday after the annual "almuerzo de Camaradería" which usually brings together a crowd of over four hundred.



Sale Of New Zealand Sheep :---

An important sale of New Zealand sheep will take place in Bullrich's yard on Thursday, September 17, when a specially selected draft of yard on Thursday, September 17, when a specially selected draft of Lincoln, Romney Marsh, and South-down rams brought out by P. and G. Hughes is to be offered. It is of interest to note that the ram that made the world-record price of \$18.000 at Palermo this year was a New Zea-land Lincoln sired by a ram bred in the "The Cliffs" flock belonging to William Rayner and imported by Messrs Hughes. The previous high-est price for the breed here was \$15,-200 paid in 1934 for the son of a ram from E. T. Wilton's "Jenolan" flock, also brought out by the same importers

In the draft to be sold next week there are: 7 Lincolns from the flock belonging to L. R. Wilton; 3 from William Rayner; 4 from Eric T. Wil-ton; and 4 from Harold John Ray-ner; 3 Romney Marsh rams from J. G. and J. R. Donald; and 4 South-downs from H. J. Andrew It is one of the finest drafts imported from New Zealand, from where they are brought by overcoming great difficulties in transport, and there is no doubt but that they will sell well.

-By "CAMP-ROVER"

Venado Tuerto Rural Society :----

The residents of the progressive Santa Fe town of Venado Tuerto al-ways make a success of anything they undertake, and the Rural Society is no exception to that rule. It is barely se-ven years ago since the cattle breeders of that district, headed by the never-to-be-forgotten Dr. Tomas B. Kenny, got together to form a Rural Society and within a few months they had one of the best laid out showgrounds in the country, and there they annually hold highly successful shows in which every branch of agricultural industry is catered for. To-day Venado Tuerto is an important town owing to its proximity to the paved road from Buenos Aires to Mendoza, which ma-kes it a sort of halfway resting place for tourists who can manage to get naphtha enough for the journey, but the many Irish names connected with its birth and rise to fame are not forgotten and their memory is kept green. This year's show was a good one.

There were not so many agricultural exhibits on view as on former occasions, but the improvement in the quality and quantity of the livestock sec-tion more than made up for this. Trade at the sales was also satisfactory so that this show has been quite as successful as any yet held there.

In the stall-fed Shorthorn classes the Estancias Bonadeo had a field day, as exhibits from their "El Cantor" herd won all the principal awards, while in the pedigree corral-reared classes of the same breed the "La Chita" herd-showing there for the first time-took the supreme award for pens of three and also the Casares Gup for the best bull in that section. Reserve championship went to La Can-delaria, while some excellent bulls from "El Dia" were unlucky in having to "EI DIa were unucky in naving to meet such strong opposition. There we-re some very high class non-pedigree bulls in from the "San Jorge" herd, but these had the misfortune to be up against two lots of exceptionally fine animals from "La Pastoril."

Taking the pedigree corral-reared classes first, Mr. C. Peter Kihlberg, whose placings pleased everyone, awarded first prize in the class for senior bulls to a pen from La Candelaria which included sons of Calrossie Con-quest. Collynie Value, and Beaufort Bounty, and that was afterwards reserve champion. Second in this class was a trio from "El Dia" by Crom-leybank Clansman, Cruggleton Premier Prince, and Coldoch Superb.

The next class (two years) was a strong one with an outstanding pen

(continued on page 17)

Do You Know This? 338) How Is Soil Made? 339) What Makes Sand? How Far Away Is The 340) Horizon

See Answers on page 24.

THE PROCESSION AT HOLY CROSS ON SUNDAY



The Sacred Image

OCTOBER 11th, 1942. IN AID OF ST. ETHNEA Extension Fund and Novitiate at Gaspar Campos and Senador Morón, Bella Vista, F.C.P. LADIES IN CHARGE AND HELPERS. ASADO. MESDAMES: J. Ussher, G. T. Hale, P. Leaden, A. Willington, J. Laffan. MISSES: May Carmody, Elsie Kelly, Maruca Comyn, Mary Malone, Lizzie Malone, Eileen Carrigy, Mary Carrigy, Elvira Mordeglia, Lita Marcone, Elsa Barbera, Celia Chiodin, M. J. Laffan, Sarita Hooper, Thelma Rossiter, Moira Rattagan, Rose Rattagan, Evelyn Willington, Vera Ussher, Ana Ussher, Lucy Ussher, Lizzie Ussher, Maggie, Kathleen, Lizzie and Lucy Fox. HOT DOGS. / MISSES: Sheila, Tessie, Martha and Cota Flynn. COFFEE.

MRS.: J. Moran and Misses Mary, Rita and Katie Moran, Molly Noon, Sheila Dean, Lillian Kelly, Toto Peluffo, Mema Peluffo. TEA.

MESDAMES: A. Harte, L. Sheridan, G. Maye,

MISSES: A. Geoghegan, Aida McKeon, Julieta McKeon, Cota and Martha Flynn, Ruth Savage, Peggy and Anita Rooney, Ina Jack, Beba Hertel, Mary, Consuelo Luisa and Lona Feeney, Evelyn Geraghty, Graciela and Maggie M. Rodriguez Crosson, Lizzie and Tessie Mulvihill, Thelma McLoughlin, Moira Storni Dolan, Madge Ganly, Margaret Leonor Kenny. Maureen and Baby Harte.

BAR.

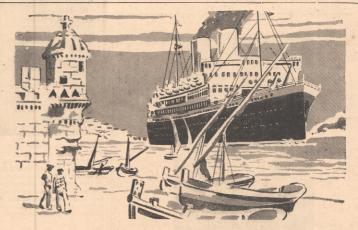
DIP STALL. Ex-pupils of St. Brigid's.

MR.: W. Harnan.

Entrance to grounds \$0.50. Children under 14 free. Contributions of any kind will be gladly accepted. 'Phone (656) Bella Vista 145.



6, 7 & 8 Tokenhouse Yard E.C.2



SAILINGS TO AND FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM

ROYAL MAIL LINES, LTD. Agents: La Mala Real Argentina S. A. TELEPHONE 31 - 4711 TELEGRAMS: OMARIUS SARMIENTO 401 Bs. As. Agencia Maritima Dodero, S. A. - Santa Fe 1131-Rosario

Friday, September 18, 1942



Nourishing yourself well does not mean eating lavishly, or filling up on those dishes you fancy most, which may be poor in energy or digestively heavy.

The select food should be made up completely from nutritive and invigorating elements, easily assimilable. You will find these requisites in OVOMALTINA, a Swiss scientific product, which is a concentrated invigorator, delicious in taste.

EN FARMACIAS, ALMACENES Y SUCURSALES DE LA "MARTONA"



Concesionario: A. PERRONE - French 2334 • Buenos Aires 79



With Every Comfort That Modern Life Exacts

Y TI

Wedding ells.

Hogan Furlong-Baade.

The wedding of Miss Stasia Hogan to Dr. Arnaldo Baade took place at St. Patrick's Rosario, on Saturday 15th of August. The bride is daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nicolas Hogan, while Dr. Baade is son of the late Mrs. T. Tomasone Baade and Mr. Máximo Pacado. Baade.

white flower organza and the yoke of the fitted bodice was decked with pearls. She wore a double veil of tulle d'illusion, held with orange blossoms and she carried a bouquet of the same flowers. After the ceremony a recep-tion was held at the home of the bride, where numerous friends and well-wishers attended to present their congratulations to the young couple.



The ceremony was performed by | Rev. William Furlong, S.J., uncle of the bride. She was let to the altar by her father. Mr. and Mrs. Hogan acted as sponsors. The church was tasteful-ly decorated with white flowers and lights. Mendelssohn's wedding march heralding the arrival of the bride was played as the cortege entered the

On the 14th a Mass for the spiritual On the 14th a Mass for the spiritual and material welfare of the happy couple was offered up at the Miseri-cordia Chapel, where Miss Hogan was educated. They received many valu-able presents, and a large number of telegrams. They carry with them the best withes of their work found for heralding the arrival of the bride was best wishes of their many friends for played as the cortege entered the a long and happy life. Our congratu-church. The pretty bride was robed in | lations to Dr. and Mrs. Baade.

AVENIDA PALACE HOTEL VICTORIA 442 - PLAZA MAYO U.T. 33-9791 - 4720 - 8990. 100 Rooms. 50 with private bath. Central Heating. Running hot water in every room. Complete comfort. Room with board, \$ 6.- p|day. " without board, \$ 3.- p|day.

Manager Mr. MAURICIO.



THE SOUTHERN CROSS

HARRINGS SHT.

About People

last.

On September 8th at 7 o'clock, Mass was offered in Holy Cross Church for

the souls of Joseph, Kate Martin de Langford and sons Edward James and Patrick Langford of Suipacha and Be-

We are sorry to report from Lincoln F.C.O. the sad news of the death of Mrs. Christina McC. de Lawler, which took place on the 30th of July

Mrs. Elena R. de Brown from Ge-

neral Pinto has entered the British Hospital for treatment.

Some friends of the late Mrs. Ellen Malone Melia, wish to publish their sincere thanks to the Matron of "Sun-

set House'', Quilmes, for her unfailing kindness towards the, deceased who

had been an inmate for years of that

People in the vicinity of Hurlingham are reminded that one of the Passionist Fathers will attend in the par-

ish church, calle Cavour, on the THIRD SUNDAY of the month (September 20). There will be a Mass at 8.30 o'clock, followed by a sermon in English. Confessions will be heard before

For the convenience of those coming from a distance. Mass will be celebrated at St. Ethnea's at 11 o'clock on the Field Day, October 11th.

* * On Saturday Mr. Patrick Murphy celebrates his 90th birthday and Mass

will be celebrated that morning in San Isidro Church at 9 o'clock. Mr. Murphy is a native of Co. Longford and

has spent over sixty years in Argentina. Our very warm congratulations to our venerable friend and may his na-

Following 2 pleasant holiday spent in Bajo Hondo, Santiago del Estero, Mr. Tomas J. McGough, secretary to the President of the Banco Hipoteca-

rio, has returned to town and has re-

Mr. Larry Allen, the noted Irish-American war correspondent, is reported to be a prisoner in the hands of the Axis forces in North Africa.

Stephen Hayes of Wexford, a for-

me be long in the land!

sumed his daily avocations.

charitable institute.

the Mass.

Mr. W. H. Mulville is a recent arrival from his estancia in Tandil and is registered at the Plaza Hotel.

★ ★ During the week, Dr. Francis M. Scully, M.S. D. Lit., delivered two lectures, the first at the Faculty of Letters and Philosophy and the second last evening in the hall of the Argentine Scientific Society, Santa Fe 1145, on Oxford, The lecture was organized by the administration of the Pacific Railway and was confined to employees of the company and their families. By special arrangement old Oxford graduates were permitted to attend. The lecture was most interesting and was highly appreciated by the audience.

At a meeting held by the Committee of the Irish Society of Pergamino, it has been decided to suspend the dance announced for the 10th of October.

On Sunday next Club Atletice Porteño, which was founded some fifty years ago by a group of Irish-Argentines, are having a field day on the grounds at Palermo. The veterans of Porteño and Ginnasia Esgrima will play a game of "soccer" in the morning at 10.30. This will be followed by 'un almuezo criollo' and in the evening a dinner will be served in the banqueting hall of the Ginnasia y Esgrima Club in Calle Cangalo.

Mr. R. C. Rowland, who is leaving in the near future for Great Britain on active service, was the guest of honour at a luncheon given in his honour on Tuesday last at Retire station. Mr. Leslie G. Hansford presided and in a brief speech wished Mr. Rowland the best of luck on the other side.

Recently Frank Hanley, aged about 50, whese people came from Mullingar, was killed in a raid on a South-Western English town. In a Southern town, Miss Monica O'Brien, aged about 35, who came from near Limerick, was killed.

Many generations of law students will remember the distinguished professor, Dr. Hector Lafaille, who has resigned his chair in the Faculty of Law. Tonight at 21 o'clock he will be tendered a banquet by his colleagues, ex-alumni and friends in general at the Alvear Palace Hotel.

mer T. D. was sentenced to five years penal servitude in Dublin last month, as chief of staff of the I.R.A. and fostering a military organization with the object of superceding by force the present constituted government of Eire. His Grace Most Rev. Dr. Harty, Archbishop of Cashel, has raised the following priests of the Archdiocese to the dignity of canon-Very Rev. W. Fitzgerald, P.P., Ballingarry, Thurles; Very Rev. W. O'Dwyer, P.P., Boherlahan, Cashel, and Very Rev. E. J. Kelly, P.P., Killenaule.

On Monday last Mr. and Mrs. George A. Garret left Washington en route to this city. Our readers will recall the tragic aviation accident in Santiaco del Estero in which their daughter, Mrs. Margot Garret de Zuberbuhler, met her death.

Tomorrow afternoon Dr. and Mrs. Jorge Dobranich are givinz a cocktail party in honour of Dr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Goodspeed, who have been spending some weeks in this city, where Dr. Goodspeed has given a series of lectures.

Continued on page 14.





HOTEL ESPAÑOL — Confortable y económico. BAR ESPAÑOL — El lugar de moda. El mejor copetín.

Av. DE MAYO esq. SALTA U. T. 38 - 2091.

BUENOS AIRES

.....

QUALIFIED SERVICE



PERMANENT WAVE PEDICURE, TINCTURES **G A R C I A** Viamonte 665 — U. T. 31-7980

	For BOOKS
	PERKIN & Co;
	For STATIONERY
	PERKIN & Co;
	PERKIN & OO,
	For PRINTING
	PERKIN & Co;
	For HOME PAPERS
	PERKIN & Co;
	For THE VERY LOWEST
	PRICES
1	and support the second state of the second sta
	PERKIN & Co.,
	CANGALLO 542

11

Casa MIRAS

Funeral Undertakers

Luxurious Automobiles For Weddings

"Cruz de Oro" Ambulances

Callao & Córdoba

Telephone: U. T. 44 - Juncal 0062, 6000.

Alsina 899 - Pueyrredón 175 - Bde. de Irigoyen 1578 Av. Gral. Mitre 301 (Avell.) - Córdoba 1201 (Resario) Confidence - Courtesy - Security - Speed

your convenience Simplicity of organization means rapidity of operation. We space no effort to simplify each banking

operation so that our clients' wants may be attended to efficiently and

with the minimum of delay and inconvenience to them.

The FIRST NATIONAL

BANK of BOSTON

Florida 99 - Bmé, Mitre 562

Friday, September 18, 1942

THE SOUTHERN CROSS

ESTABLISHED IN 1875

"We are independent of politics, conservative in religion, respectful of the opinions of others and charitable to all." THE SOUTHERN CROSS, Vol. 1, No. 1.

EDITOR: Rev. John S. Gaynor, P.S.M., Ph.D., D.D.

Annual Subscription: \$12 .-.; U.S.A. and Latin-America. \$12.50; Other Countries, £1.5.0.

Single Copies, 30 cts.

The Southern Cross Publishing Co., Medrano 107, Buenos Aires. U. T. 62 (Mitre) 1371.

CONTENTS FOR SEPTEMBER 18, 1942.

Irish News		Around The Home	" 20
About People		Catholic News from Abroad .	" 22
Masses	, 10	Wit and Humour	" 24

The Papacy is Impartial, not Neutral

propounded a query, with which we intend to deal at some length, because it involves a delicate subject, around which much misunderstanding has gathered. This reader asks:

Is not the position of the Holy See in this war, one of absolute neutrali-ty? No Catholic newspaper, I think, should depart from that position."

Our correspondent uses the word "neutrality" to describe, by implication, the present attitude of the Papacy towards the present international conflict. It is not an easy word to define, and its meaning varies according to its usage. neutral state, we conceive, is one which, in the presence of warfare between other states, does not engage, actively or passively, in hostile acts towards either. In this sense the Holy See in so far as it holds the sovereignty of the Vatican City State, is a neutral, whose neutrality was set out as long ago as 1929, in a declaration embodied in the Lateran Treaty.

But the Papacy is not merely, or even chiefly, a temporal power. Its main position in the world is grounded on its spiritual authority. It is what is rightly called a spiri-'tual power, the greatest on earth both by reason of the number of its adherents and by reason of the amplitude of its titles and claims.

The attitude of a spiritual power towards warfare cannot be ac-curately described by the sole words "neutrality" or "belligerence", because the spirit does not combat in arms. A spiritual power can support and favour one side in an armed conflict, as being in the right; in which cause the compo-sites "spiritual warfare", "ideological belligerence", would seem

RESPECTED reader has other hand, it may declare an at titude of "spiritual neutrality", or perhaps "ideological neutrality".

> From all these terms one must carefully distinguish the words "impartiality" and "prescinden-That person is impartial who is not swayed by prejudice or by an interest foreign to his office. but being impartial does not mean being neutral. A judge is impartial. even as he pronounces sentence for or against one party in a case, but it would be a misuse of words to describe him as spiritually or ideo-logically neutral. He has decided in favour of one or the other.

> He is said to prescind who, while entitled to pronounce sentence, to come down on one side or the other, decides to hold himself in abeyance, for the time being or permanently, and as regards a total or a partial issue. You may be prescindent in some aspects, but not in others

> Now, how shall we describe the position of the Holy See in this war? For the reasons given above we consider that the word "neu-tral" does not apply as regards the spiritual power of the Papacy.

> There is one way, and one way only, of knowing what is the position of the Holy See in this war consult the relevant documents and pronouncements of the Popes. From these it can be determined how the case of each belligerent approves itself to the Holy See.

> It is certain that National-Socialism has been condemned by the Holy See. In proof of this it is enough to read over the Encyclical Mit Brennender Sorge, especially that passage where the Holy Father states: "We will not cease-

i.e. National-Socialism.

But can a distinction be drawn between National-Socialism in peace-time and a Germany at war? There are no grounds for such a distinction. The German Dishops, in such documents as they have been able to make public, have continued to protest against and condemn, in even stronger terms than before, the errors and persecutions to which they were subjected previous to the outbreak of war. The Holy Father himself, in his Christmas allocution, expressed his pain that not even the rigours of war and the obvious necessity for national unity, had induced the leaders to relax from their anti-reli-gious campaign. The National-Socialism which is waging this war, is the same National-Socialism which was condemned in Brennender Sorge". "Mit

In the light of these very important facts, it cannot be said with truth that the Holy See regards the case of both belligerent parties on a parity.

Here is a further very important point. When Holland, Belgium and Luxemburg were suddenly invaded on May 10th, 1940, the Holy Fa-

HURLING CLUB

DANCE

The D. C. are glad to announce that they have engaged Professor De Li llo's orchestra, Típica and Jazz, for the dance to be held at the Club's premises on Saturday, October 3rd, from 22.30 to 4 o'clock. The following prices will be charged for this dance: mem bers \$1,50 per person and non-members \$3.00 each.

CONCERT.

Preparations for the Variety Concert to be held at the Club on Saturday, October 10th, are in the hands of the persons named by the D. C. to look after this event, and judging by the activity they are displaying, the Concert is sure to be a great success. Full details regarding this Concert and the respective programme will be pub-lished in the Southern Cross in due course.

SEND OFF PARTY.

A group of members are organizing a send-off party in honour of Miss Girlie MacAllister and Mr. Louis M. Donnelly on the occasion of their approaching marriage. Thursday 24th inst. is the date fixed for this demonstration and on account of the popular-ity of both members it is expected that large numbers of fellow members will turn up for the occasion and make this demonstration as worthy as Girlie and Louis deserve. The organizers wish to make it clear that they have asked the féted parties to be present at 19.30 o'clock; as they are determined to have the demonstration commence at that hour on account of it being a week-day. Consequently all those who are to attend are earnestly requested to be punctual and to turn up before the hour appointed in order to greet the "homenajeados" at their arrival at to describe its position. On the to oppose ourselves to this party", the Club. Friends or relatives of the

ther immediately sent messagese to the rulers of these states, pointing out that the invasions were being carried out, "against justice and right". No other belligerent has right' been stigmatized in this fashion by the Holv See in this war. And if the invader acts "**against** justice and right", it is clear who is act-ing "with justice and right".

We observe further that the Holy Father, when stating his position as regards the belligerents in his Christmas Allocution, used the word "impartiality", which some people, either through ignorance or for their own interested purposes, are trying to interpret as meaning "'neutrality". This is quite wrong. A just judge who has pronounced sentence is certainly impartial, but it would be incorrect to describe him as neutral, for he has decided that one of the parties possesses justice, and the other does not.

It is also to be noted that the Holy Father has frequently declared that all the belligerents are equally dear to his paternal heart. This must not be taken as though the warring children were all equaally right, or wrong, any more than the persistence of paternal love for a criminal may be taken as a condonation of crime.

couple, who may not be members of the Hurling Club, are also invited to attend this demonstration.

LADIES' HOCKEY.

The Club's second division team lost another point on Saturday last when they drew in one goal with Lomas Athletic Club on the latter's field in Lo-mas de Zamora, though their somewhat abnormal performance was fully justified on this occasion on account of the substitution of M. Leaden. They had to play with only ten players throughout all the match, as their centre half, I. Lange failed to put in an appearance for the occasion. The team was formed with the following players for this match: Lizzie Fox, Lily Fox and B. Harte, K. Fox, I. Jack, G. MacAllister, Lucy Fox, D. MacAllis-ter, M. McC. de Suarez and M. Wade.

FORTHCOMING MATCHES.

On Saturday afternoon the Hurling Club girls will play with Pacific A. Club's second Division in their official encounter for the 1942 Championship. This match is scheduled for 15 o'clock, and will be played at the Hurling Club's field.

On Sunday afternoon, at 14.30 o'. clock they must meet Lomas A. C. for the knock-out tournament. This game will also be played at the Hurling 'Club's field.

RUGBY.

On Sunday next, immediately after the ladies' hockey match which is to start at 14.30 o'clock, the Club's Rugby team will play a friendly encounter with Pacific A. C., third division team,

FAHY FORMER PUPILS.

The ex-pupils of the Fahy Institutes will make their annual visit to their Alma Mater on Sunday, 11th of Oc-tober next. For further details please call: 757 (Stos. Lugares) 809 after 19.30 o'clock or 33-0468 after 19 o'after

12

HE Irish Community feels a thrill of justifiable pride these days. His Excellency Bishop Hanlon of Catamarca has uplifted us all by splendid intrepid defence of the rights of the Church in those parts, and the fact that victory has crowned his efforts adds to his laurels. It is a good thing to fight for your rights; but it is better to fight and win.

The origin of the conflict, which has powerfully stirred up public opinion in the whole country, was none other than the purpose of the Provincial Le-gislature of Catamarca to establish a Casino within the territory of the Province. Needy Governments, and avaricious, look on these houses of gambling as sources of income, which no doubt they are, but the getting of money must be conditioned by the moral rules. Gambling hells are far from be-ing temples of morality, as everyone knows; and when the gambling is eked out with a spurious social life, such as proceeds in casinos, the evil is further accentuated. There is a vast difference between a casino and a lottery, too. The purchaser of a lottery ticket is usually a rational being, who takes a chance on a few pesos. The ha-bitué of a Casino will inevitably be-come infected with the gambling fever; he will spend everything he has, and sometimes what is not his own, when the fever is on him.

There is also a special situation in Catamarca, which is the home of a nationally -venerated shrine—Nuestra Señora del Valle. Pilgrimages and par-Senora del Vale. Figrimages and par-ties from all over the country flock to this shrine: a little propaganda might induce many of these to make a visit to the gaming-house as soon their devoirs were paid to the rgin... It is lamentable to think of Virgin. it, but human nature is like that. Suppose the Province of Buenos Aires put up a roulette near the Basílica of Lu-Would not some of the visitors doing the sights of the town after vi-siting the Church, find their way to the gaming tables to try their luck? And would not the religious authorities in Luján be quite right to repro bate whoever tried to use the Virgin of the Pampas as a bait for gambling?

The Catamarca Legislature was induced by these considerations (and perhaps others, more material, whose existence would explain the attitude of injured innocence adopted by some of the legislators) to sanction the establishment of a Casino, and their action was strongly repudiated by the sound part of the population, which sound part is the large majority, and became articulate in two of the city newspapers. One of these is "La Union", a Catholic organ edited by a brilliant young Catamarca priest, Father Arturo Melo.

The Legislature naturally did not like this popular reaction to their smug project. Still less did they like the popularly-drawn conclusion that the labourers are worthy of their hire Therefore the Legislature met and took action for a breach of privilege. The two editors were arraigned and condemned to ten days' imprisonment for violation of the parliamentary privi-leges. We do not know the law of Catamarca, but if the Deputies have observed it faithfully, it must be a very bad law indeed for it was the offended party (the Legislature) which act-

The Deputies, it seems, were not content to deal with the case before them. Some of them went on to apply, without ostensible contradiction, their wonderful legal acumen to the Catholic Church and the clergy of Catamar ca, and here they found they had caught a Tartar! The clergy of Ca-tamarca is headed by a fearless pre-late who stepped in when things had

The Catamarca Question

BISHOP HANLON HITS OUT.— THE DEPUTIES RUN FOR SHEL-TER.—VICTORY FOR THE BISHOP.— THE FULL STORY TO DATE.

reached this stage. Father Arturo Melo was taken to prison (the Legislative Palace was named as the place of detention) but the criminal was not spirited away secretly. His Bishop walked by his side, down the main street of Catamarca; the other priests and the respectable citizens of the place fell in behind citizens of the place fell in behind them. The Deputies wondered mightily, and hoped things would end with the procession

The procession. But they didn't. A mighty disgust of hypocrisy, petty tyranny and cor-ruption surged in the Prelate's soil, and he resolved to strike a shrew blow at the monster and set the whole coun-

la Virgen del Valle, patrona jurada durante tres centurias, su dignísi-mo clero y su cultísima sociedad de tradición religiosa, por limpia diputados que votaron semejante enormidad escudados en la cacareada representación que les confirió el pueblo elector creyéndoles fieles intérpretes de su mandato eminentemente cristiano; después de ase. sorarnos debidamente de nuestro venerable clero regular y secular y en cumplimiento de nuestros ineludibles deberes episcopales y en salvaguardia del sagrado patrimonio que se nos ha confiado como precioso depósito, firmemente apovado en las



HIS EXCELLENCY BISHOP HANLON OF CATAMARCA

try a-ringing. Bishop Hanlon sat him in his palace and called his clergy, secular and regular, about him, and in the space of a few hours a Decree of Interdict was published to the faithful of Catamarca. As far as we know not within living memory has an Interdict been issued in this country and in view of the extreme interest of the case, we will give the text in full, in the original:

Nos. Carlos F. Hanlon, por gracia de Dios y de la Santa Sede, obispo de Catamarca, al pueblo de toda la diócesis: Habiendo herido en lo más íntimo a la Iglesia Católica reconocida y amparada por la Consreconcelda y amparada por la Con-titución Nacional y por la provin-cial, la Honorable Cámara de Dipu-tados al decretar la prisión de un sacerdote intachable y habiendo sido agraviada torpemente no sólo la religión sino también la diócesis de claras y terminantes leyes eclesiásticas pertinentes, lanzamos este "entredicho local general" extensivo a toda esta ciudad episcopal de Catamarca por cinco días a contar de las 18 del día de mañana, y declaramos que, según el derecho ecle-siástico vigente, han incurrido ya en entredicho personal hasta que sean absueltos por la autoridad eclesiás-tica competente, todos y cada uno de los diputados que votaron la mencionada prisión.

En virtud del presente entredi-cho local general que afecta a todas las personas habitantes de esta ciudad, quedan clausuradas todas las iglesias y capillas, pudiendo los sacerdotes celebrar la santa misa y demás actos litúrgicos permitidos por el derecho, selamente a puertas cerradas; las campanas y el órgano o armonium no se tocarán a ninguna hora en ninguna iglesia ni capilla, por ningún motivo. Queda prohibida toda ceremonia que importe alguna expansión religiosa; no obstante, los moribundos serán auxiliados en forma absolutamente privada. El entredicho personal, que equivale a la excomunión, priva a os incursos, entre otras cosas, toda participación en actos religiosos de cualquier naturaleza, de se-pultura eclesiástica, etcétera. Recordamos también que todas las personas que recurrieron a la reprobada práctica del duelo en ocasión del malhadado Casino, tumba de fortunas y de honras, han incurrido en la pena eclesiástica de la excomunión, cuyos principales efectos quedan ya mencionados.

Dada la gravedad del agravio gratuito recibido, hemos fulminado las penas correspondientes, limitándolas hoy por hoy; librenos Dios de vernos obligados a ampliarlas. Toda persona catamarqueña o de paso por esta ciudad que sienta de -veras vibrar en su pecho el verdadero sentimiento de la religion auténtica de nuestros mayores que nos dieron honra y prez para conser-varla y acrecentarla, deben ocupar inmediatamente y sin miedo en las prisiones y cárceles el irrenunciable puesto de honor e hidalguía que la crítica hora presente les señala.--Dado en la sede episcopal a 10 días del mes de septiembre de 1942.---Firmado Carlos F. Hanlon, obispo de Catamarca; Samuel Toranzo, se-meterie mesullen" cretario canciller"

This valiant document is not direct. ed, be it noted against the Legislature of Catamarca. A well-known newspaper in this city, notable for its long-continued, persistent support of Regalism in ecclesiastical affairs-we refer to La Prensa—has sought to make out that the Bishop of Catamarca in his ca-pacity of civil functionary, has no right to create and carry on a conflict with a civil organism, such as the Pro-vincial Chamber of Deputies certainly is. Whoever wrote that, does not know what a Catholic Bishop is, but in any case Bishop Hanlon has taken no measures against that Chamber, as anyone can see by reading the text. He has

chastized the culprits, that is all. We now return to the narrative of events. The Legislative Palace of Catamarca, temporarily converted into a prison, became the most popular place in town. Hundreds of friends and admirers of the two prisoners called on them and large crowds were gathered all day Friday outside the building. These things were not to the liking of the Deputies, who now proceeded to restrict access to the prisoners. Lest restrict access to the prisoners. Lest this restriction should impede his right to communicate with his diocesan, Mgr. Hanlon, on Friday evening, ad-dressed a protest to the Minister of the Interior of the Nation, a measure which had a far reaching affect; the which had a far-reaching effect; the Ministry called upon the Executive of Salta to give a full account of its stewardship. The shadow of Intervention drifted across the face of the sun! The Legislature must not have felt too good, for late that same night the Deputies held a meeting, to discuss the situation. Goodness knows what the Ministry of the Interior might think or do! Better to see some more Ministers, and prepare a case. Accordingly a statement was prepared and sent off to the Minister of Foreign Rela-tions and Cult by the sovereign assembly which by this time was not so sure of its sovereignty. Later we shall see the unpleasant result which followed on this abdication.

Meanwhile, two distinguished Catamarca lawyers put their heads toge-ther and demanded a writ of Habeas Corpus from the Supreme Court of Catamarca. The inhabitants of this

BANCO HIPOTECARIO NACIONAL

BALANCE AL 31 DE MAYO DE 1942

ACTIVO		MONEDA NACIONA	
Préstamos hipotecarios en vigor:	1		
En cédulas, series 3.ª, 4.ª y G \$ 122.509.000,-	-		
series BaF, 1.ª y 2.ª y 5.ª a 8.ª . 469.975.425-			
convertidos series A a E 4 º/o » 1.004.955.200,-			
\$ 1.597.439.625			
En efectivo	1 5	1.608.845.143	94
Servicios a cobrar		30.917.266	
Deudores por mora sin acumular ley 12136		6.454.193	
Deudores ley 11720 por amortización suspendida		13,785,031	
Deudores ley 11720 por comisión suspendida		2.853.328	
Cédulas rescatadas (series 5.ª y 4.ª)		4.838.675	
Certificados rescatados (series A a F 4º/o)	2	12.373.950	
ropiedades rematadas		10.425.315	
nmuebles:	1	10/120/010	0.
Para uso propio \$ 13.783.952.54			1
Adjudicados Art. 59 L. O., y otros > 45.263.632.64		59.047.585	18
Créditos personales		10.126.713	
sueldos y gastos		4.250.559	
lobiliario y útiles	1,	1.099.908	
Diversos		9.787.932	
cédulas y Títulos Nacionales de propiedad del Banco:	1	0.101.002	20
Títulos de Crédito Argentino Interno \$ 31.067.400,-			
			1
\$ 48.207.550,-			
Diferencia por cotización > 5.054.346,83	5 3	43.173.203	17
aja y Bancos: En efectivo			1.1
Banco de la Nación Argentina, cta. cte » 30.470.473,85			
Banco Central de la Rep. Arg., cta. cte > 89.726,53	5 3	35.335.743	87
édulas y Certificados provisionales en depósito:			1
Ordinarios y Edificación \$ 558.494.025,-			
Caja de Ahorros > 107.073.350,-	-		
Para el canje conversión 1941 » 258.652.225,-	. 2	924.219.600	-
ertificados provisionales emitidos conversión 1941		275.320.300	-
	5	3.052.852.450	70
Sin computar entregas a cuenta de los mismos.	13	0.002.802.400	70

PASIVO	MONEDA NACIONAL		
Cédulas y Certificados provisionales en vigor: Cédulas series 8.* 4.* y G \$ 122.510.575,- Certificados provisionales series A a E 4*/e > 1.184.147.925, -	\$ 1.306.658.500	-	
Conversión de cédulas 1941: Cédulas de 5 y 4 ½ % canjeadas series F y 6* \$258,652,225-		-	
Cédulas de 5 y 4 ½ % pen- dientes de canje \$ 27.551.525,- A deducir cédulas rescatadas » 24.662.275,- » 2.869.250,-	> 261.521.475		
Intereses de los préstamos en cédulas	Not the proof	04	
Amortizaciones: De los préstamos en cédulas \$ 48.666.593,55 De los préstamos en efectivo \$ 791.487,89	49.458.081	44	
Comisiones de los préstamos en cédulas.	» 12.926.895	47	
Intereses varios Deuda actual de préstamos sobre inmuebles adjudicados Art. 61	» 2.061.314	70	
Ley Orgánica Entregas a cuenta de servicios	> 5.087.738	73 75	
Cupones y cédulas sorteadas a pagar Ganancias y Pérdidas	• 4.271.749	82 12	
Depositantes de cédulas y certificados provisionales Emisión de cértificados provisionales conversión 1941 Fondos de reserva:	 924.219.600 275.320.300 		
Fondos de reserva: \$ 135.060.425.66 De seguros 6.375.507.33	170 175 070	00	
De seguios		99 70	

(*) Pendientes de rescate y anulación \$ 1575,- en cédulas serie G.

CIRCULACIÓN AL 31 DE MAYO DE 1942

SERIES		INTERÉS	AMORTIZACIÓN	EMITIDO	ANULADO	RESCATADO	CIRCULACIÓN	
	3.0	4 %	1 1 % %	49.908.000	3.734.050	2.549.575	43.624.375	
CÉDULAS -	4.*	3		49.966.400	2.828.050	2.289.100	44.849.250	
W.C.	0		1 34 %	29.332.200	135.925	-	29.198.275	
12.00	Å			215.913.400	-	1.907.550	214.005.850	
12 162	В	,		306.749.675	-	2.627.700	304.121.975	
CERTIF.	c			261.984.150	-	2.151.450	259.832.700	
1.	D			224.419.475	-	1.842.875	222.576.600	
11-34	E			175.081.225	-	1.422.350	173.658.875	
				1.313.354.525	6.696.025	14.790.600	1.291.867.900	

CERTIFICADOS PROVISIONALES CONVERSIÓN 1941

SERIE	INTERÉS,	AMORTIZACIÓN	EMITIDO	ANULADO	RESCATADO	CIRCULACIÓN	
F	4 %	1 % %	275.320.300	-	2.422.025	272.898.275	1

Buenos Aires, 15 de septiembre de 1942.

JOSÉ E. GRIFFI Contador General

LUIS F. LERENA Publiquese ENRIQUE S. PÉREZ Presidente Ge

TOMAS P. Mc GOUGH

country are entitled by the law to a fair trial, with a hearing for their defence, which the two prisoners in the Legislative Palace had not received. The Tribunal deliberated, called for the shorthand version of the proceedings, and finally decided that the prisoners must be put at liberty until a warrant should be issued against them. Thus the external aspects of the conflict were cleared up.

la iglesia católica, del clero y la sociedad cristiana atropellados por once diputados provinciales que después de vilipendiarnos decreta-ron la prisión de un dignísimo sa-cendote, director del periódico católico donde combatió con toda decencia y altura el proyecto de oficiali-zación de un casino. Dichos diputados, haciendo de juez y parte, y poyados por ley provincial en con-



Centre, facing camera, Father Arturo Melo, in the act of being arrested.

We have just mentioned that the Chamber of Deputies of Catamarca put in an appeal to the Minister of Foreign Relations and Cult in this ci ty. The idea, probably, was that the Minister would intervene in their favour, perhaps even rebuke the lishop of Catamarca. What happened was that the acting Secretary of the Ministry, Dr. Mario Amadeo, telegraph.

tradicción a leyes nacionales primordiales arrestaron al presbítero Melo, desplegando numerosa policía. Cumpliendo ineludibles deberes pastorales impuse el mínimum de penas eclesiásticas, respetando y haciendo respetar prerrogativas eclesiásticas y civiles. Ruégole informar al Excmo. señor ministro de Relaciones y Culto. Salúdale atte. (Fdo):



In centre, Bishop Hanlon, Father Melo and Mgr. Villagra, Vicar-Gene ral of Catamarca, marching to the Legislative Palace, where Father Melo was sentenced to detention.

ed as follows to the Bishop of Catamarca

"Felicito cordialmente a Vuecelencia por la valiente defensa de la libertad de la Iglesia y por la salud de la grey confiada a su custodia.-Firmado, Mario Amadeo". To this Mgr. Hanlon thus answer-

ed: debidamente las

"Agradézcole conceptuosas felicitaciones por mi legal y canónica defensa de los de-rechos sagrados, irrenunciables, de

About People

(Continued from page 11.)

Yesterday morning Mass was said in the Pilar church for the repose of the soul of the great Argentine, Jose Manuel Estrada, on the occasion of the 48th. anniversary of his death.

Mrs. Eilen O'Day de Macdonald has entered the Clinica Albertal for treatment and is reported to be pro-gressing favourably.

Carlos F. Hanlon obispo de Cata-marca."

Here we leave the already famous Catamarca Incident, which will figure prominently, we are sure, in the eccle-siastical history of this country. Throughout the case His Excellency, Bishop Hanlon, has shown himself an intrepid pastor, a skilful conductor and a well-beloved leader. We will be join-ed, we are certain, by all our readers in offering our respectful congratula-tions. tions.

CAMPOS VENDO.

BALCARCE - MAR DEL PLA-TA - LOBERIA y zona estanzuelas formadas o extensiones de renta. Fracciones desde 100 a 11,000 hect. Amplio inf. unica_ mente a interesados directos LUIS A. ESPINOSA 17 y 34 (U. T. 440) Balcarce-F.C.S.

Suggestions to LOADERS

The shortage and poor quality of fuel, and the lack of spare parts are seriously affecting the services of the Southern and Western Railways, despite the fact that every effort is being made to restore them to normal and that the staff has devoted endless time and labour towards solving the problems to which each particular case has given rise. In this emergency, the Southern and Western Railways request their clients to bear in mind the following suggestions:

HAVE YOUR CATTLE READY for loading and prepare the documents in good time



Every delay in the despatch of one cattle train has inevitable repercussions on others and may also result in the animals arriving late at the market.

Do not over-load waggons



Official regulations as well as reasons of humanity forbid that the number of animals laid down for each waggon should be exceeded, in order that they may travel in reasonable comfort and without risk of damage or deterioration. Your own interest also demands it.

Many Thanks

SOUTHERN & WESTERN RAILWAYS

1636-s18

1638-s.18

1643-6.18

1642-s.18

1640-s.18



THE CAMPMAN'S FORUM .---

(continued from page 8)

from "La Chita" containing three sons of Highland Chorister that went straight to the top of the class and later won the championship with ease. One of these bulls, Chita's Highlander 2 won the Casares Cup for the best in the section; he was a roan of very compact type and low to the ground Second to this pen was another good one from "El Dia" in which there were two sons of Cruggleton Premier Prin ce and one of Cruzgleton Control. The third class was won by a pen from Enrique Astengo S.A., with a quite good pen of bulls by Cruggleton Com-modity from "Los Algarrobos" second by a narrow margin. Only one pen of calves turned out; it was from La Candelaria and quite worthy of the first prize awarded it,

In the non-pedigree Shorthorn classes there were some excellent pens from "San Jorge" but those from Juan J. Baurin were exceptionally good and won three classes, the fourth going to "La Chita". The class for bulls con-trolled by the Argentine Rural Society was won by a pen shown by Vicente Kenny

The Estancias Bonadeo presented a very fine string of bulls in the pedigree stall-fed Shorthorn classes, winning grand and senior championships with Cantor Imperator 868; junior and reserve grand championships with Can-tor Imperator 933, both of them sons of Calrossie Napoleon; and the group prize with three sons of this great sire. This herd has had a most success-ful year at Palermo and at its annual sale

Other features of the show were the horse section, where the usual compe-titions were supplemented by a good turn-out of "Remonta" type animals; the lamb block tests; and there was a fair showing of sheep. The pig section was very strong as to quality and the judges, Messrs. S. Larroux and L. Za-noletti, had to work hard there. All the principal prizes for Poland Chinas went to "El Trio", belonging to Juan C. Campions, for Duroc Jerseys the male championship was won by "El Trio" with reserve to Guillermo Becker, while the champion and reserve females were bred by Sengio Magrini.

-Increasing Milk Production:-

Doctor Hammond, of the Cambridge University Agricultural College, has been giving some practical advice to British dairy farmers on the means of increasing the production of milk, He said that bringing heifers to calve

NEW MAIZE

EXCELLENT QUALITY FOR CATTLE - FEED

We can supply in bulk on waggon any Railway line. Write asking for quotations, stating destination.

Reduced transport tarfff now in force.

GALLOWAY & Co. 25 DE MAYO 305 - Office M. U.T. 31 - Retiro 2220

tice at any time, but especially so when there is a milk scarcity. Early calv-ing not only increases the milk yield of the cow throughout her lactation periods, but greatly decrease the tendency to sterility during the whole of her life. He further added that to make the practice of calving heifers at two years old a success, they must be kept in prime condition from birth to calving. To calve a heifer in poor condition at two years old will ruin her career as a dairy cow. Some breeders fear that early pregnancy will, after several generations, cause degeneracy or sterility in dairy cattle, but after seven years of experience he found that there was a steady improvement in the milk yields and in the quality, vigour and resistance to disease in the herd. Early calving amongst Friesian herds will prevent some strains from attaining excessive size and coarseness to which they are inclined. The first six months of a calf's life is the most critical time and when the calf should be well nourished. Another great advan-tage in calving at two years old is that in building up a self-contained herd. There is a saving of thirty per cent. in time, as a herd will increase in two years as much as it previously did in three, and this will make a big difference in increase over a period of ten years.

down at two years old is a sound prac-

"MY DARK ROSALEEN" IN ARRECIFES.

"Oh! my Dark Rosaleen! Do not sigh, do not weep, The priests are on the ocean green, They march along the deep; There's wine from the Royal Pope, Upon the ocean green." J. C. Mangan.

The interpretation of this famous poem translated by Mangan from the ancient Gaelic, is deep and mysterious, even in these stirring days when Ire-land's destiny is so near its finding. The "Dark Rosaleen" of the poet's fine imagination is none other than Eire herself, loved and idealised by her patriot sons and daughters, at home on her sea-beeten shores, or abroad beyond the oceans' surging foam. In these days the sea-divided Gaels keep their eyes fast fixed on Dark Rosaleen and hope and pray for her future welfare, as they watch the tide of warfare dash against her rock bound coasts. If love of Dark Rosaleen is awakening in her lovers far away, what shall we say of her patriot souls at home? As Tom Moore put it: "Oh! who shall say what heroes feel.

When all, but life and honour 's lost?'

So now our spirit is moved and we pray for Erin: "Oh! I could kneel all night in prayer, to heal your many

And the lovers of Dark Rosaleen which the overs of Dark Rosatem mighty word, from the Royal Pope at the next great league of nations.

"All day long, in unrest, To and fro do I move; The very soul within my breast, Is wasted all for you, Love!"

Erin is idealised as a beautiful Queen of the ocean awaiting the day of her glorious crowning as a Catholic Queen:

"The heart in my bosom faints, To think of you, my Queen, My life of life, my saint of saints, My own Rosaleen!"

THE SOUTHERN CROSS



- 180 Vaquillonas Durham, 2 a 2 1/2 320 Vacas Durham y Hereford 4 a años, gran clase y est., servi-das, de "Santa Rosa", "San An-tonio" y "San Pedro". 150 Vaquillonas Durham, 1 ½ a 2 7 años, b]c. y est. de "Las Mer-cedes"; "San Juan", de Solari Hnos.; "Santa Rosa", de Ga-lloti; "San Pedro", de Orella,
 - años, b clase y estado. 230 Novillitos, vaquillonas y terne-ros gordos, especiales para a-
- al pie. 300 Vacas Durham y Hereford 4 a 1 las 14 hs., en la Soc. Rural

REMATE ESPECIAL

EN 25 DE MAYO, F. C. S. - EL 1º DE OCTUBRE 2.500 NOVILLOS 2.500 de 2, 1 ½ y 1 año S., B. y Cía. S. A.

Próx. detalles.

Defensa 188

tana y otros.

320 Terneros mochados y castrados

The dream of Eire's patriots today is that she may now soon ascend her golden throne as a rightful queen am-ongst the other nations of the earth:

- "But yet will I rear your throne,
- Again in golden sheen: 'Tis you shall reign, shall reign alone, My Dark Rosaleen!
- My own Rosaleen! 'Tis you shall have the golden throne,
- 'Tis you shall reign, and reign alone, My Dark Rosaleen!

The mythical lover of Ireland in ar. dent words expresses the sentiments of his noble soul in lines full of purest music and deepest, delicate thought:

"Your holy delicate white hands, Shall girdle me with steel;

At home, in your emerald bowers, From morning's dawn till e'en, You'll pray for me, my flower of

flowers, My Dark Rosaleen! My fond Rosaleen!

DR. RONALD E. SAVAGE Cirujano de los Hospitales de la Asistencia Pública. Cirujano del Hospital Fernandez. Jefe de /Cirugia en la Asociación Española de Socorros Mutuos. LAVALLE 1635 — U.T. 35-7069 Consultas: Martes, Jueves y Sábados de 16 a 17 horas.

The-true lover of Ireland never loses hope in the destiny of his Queen, she must live, and she must triumph:

Buenos Aires

"The judgment hour, must first be nigh,

Ere you can fade, ere you can die, My Dark Rosaleen!"

"Dark Rosaleen" the bride of the "Dark Rosaleen" the bride of the Irish, forever beautiful and beloved, will be acted in Arreeifes Irish Hall on third Sunday of October, in me-mory of the Sogart Arcon, who loved Ireland in the long ago: the late Rev. Father Edmund O'Flannery. A more appropiate subject could hardly be re-presented in the Centenary Celebra-tion of his birth. tion of his hirth.

A hearty Welcome to all! In our Arrecifes' Hall!

Colmcille







Now they rely on us!

Many thousands of gallant British soldiers gave up their liberty that we might be free. Now they need our help: they need the food we can send them to maintain their health. Will you too help the Prisoners of War? Remember that every penny of the funds subscribed for their aid is spent in Argentina on Argentine products.



Proof of the Pudding

(By O. HENRY.)

PRING winked a vitreous optic Alternative and verticed a pluce of the Minerva Magazine, and de-flected him from his course. He had lunched in his favorite corner of a Broadway hotel, and was return-ing to his office when his feet became entangled in the lure of the vernal coquette. Which is by way of saying that he turned eastward in Twentysixth Street, safely forded the spring freshet of vehicles in Fifth Avenue, and meandered along the walks of

budding Madison Square. The lenient air and the settings of the little park almost formed a pastorale, the color motif was green—the presiding shade at the creation of man and vegetation.

The callow grass between the walks was the color of verdigris, a poison-ous green, reminiscent of the horder of derelict humans that had breathed upon the soil during the summer and autumn. The bursting tree buds look-ed strangely familiar to those who had botanized among the garnishings of the fish course of a forty-cent dinner. The sky above was of that pale aquamarine tint that hall-room poets rhyme with "true" and "Sue" and "coo." The one natural and frank co-lor visible was the ostensible green of the newly painted benches—a shade between the color of a pickled cucum-ber and that of a last year's fastber and that of a last year's fast-black cravenette raincoat. But, to the city-bred eye of Editor West-brook, the landscape appeared a masterpiece.

And now, whether you are of those who rush in, or of the gentle con-course that fears to tread, you must follow in a brief invasion of the editor's mind

Editor Westbrook's spirit was con-tented and serene. The April num-ber of the *Minerva* had sold its entire edition before the tenth day of the month-a newsdealer in Keokuk the month—a newsdealer in Reokuk had written that he could have sold fifty copies more if he had had 'em. The owners of the magazine had raised his (the editor's) salary; he had inst installed in his home a jewel of a recently imported cook who was a-fraid of policemen; and the morning papers had published in full a speech he had made at a publishers' banquet. Also there were echoing in his mind the jubilant notes of a splendid song the jubiant notes of a splendid song that his charming young wife had sung to him before he left his up-town apartment that morning. She was taking enthusiastic interest in her music of late, practising early and di-ligently. When he had complimented ligently. When he had complimented her on the improvement in her voice she had fairly hugged him for joy at' his praise. He felt, too, the benign, tonic medicament of the trained num

tonic medicament of the trained_nur-se, Spring, tripping softly adown the wards of the convalescent city. While Editor Westbrook was saun-tering between the rows of park ben-ches (already filling with vagrants and the guardians of lawless child-hood) he felt his sleeve grasped and held. Suspecting that he was about to be panhandled, he turned a cold and unprofitable face, and saw that bis_control was—Dawa—Shackleford his captor was-Dawe-Shackleford This call of the second second

graphy of Dawe is offered.

He was a fiction writer and one Westbrook's old acquaintances. At one time they might have called each available contributor. In those days, and lived in a apartment house near West- you-"The Alarum of the Soul'?" asked other old friends. Dawe had some money in those days, and lived in a decent

brook's. The two families often went to theatres and dinners together. Mrs. Dawe and Mrs. Westbrook became "dearest" friends. Then one day a little tentacle of the octopus, just to amuse itself, ingurgitated Dawe's capital, and he moved to the Gramercy Park neighbourhood where one, for a 'ew groats per week, may sit upon one's trunk under eight-branched cne's trunk under eight-branched chandeliers and opposite Carrara marble mantels and watch the mice play upon the floor. Dawe thought to live by writting fiction. Now and then he sold a story. He submitted many to Westbrook. The Minera printed one or two of them; the rest were returned. Westbrook sent a careful and conscientious personal let-ter with each rejected manuscript, pointing out in detail his reasons for pointing out in detail his reasons for considering it unavailable. Editor Westbrook had his own clear concep-tion of what constituted good fiction. So had Dawe. Mrs. Dawe was main-ly concerned about the constituents of the scanty dishes of food that she managed to scrape together. One day Dawe had been spouting to her about the excellencies of certain French writers. At-dinner they sat down to dish that a hungry schoolby could have encompassed at a gulp. Dawe commented.

"It's Maupassant hash," said Mrs. Dawe. "It may not be art, but I do wish you would do a five-course Ma-rion Crawford serial with an Ella Wheeler Wilcox sonnet for dessert. I'm

As far as this from success Shackleford Dawe when he plucked E-ditor Westbrook's sleeve in Madison Square. That was the first time the editor had seen Dawe in several months.

"Why, Shack, is this you?" said Westbrook, somewhat awkwardly, for the form of his phrase seemed to touch upon the other's changed appearance. "Sit dwon for a minute," said Dawe,

tugging at his sleeve. "This is my of-fice. I can't come to yours, looking as I do. Oh, sit down—you won't be disgraced. Those half-plucked birds on the other benches will take you for a swell porch-climber. They won't know

you are only an editor." "Smoke, Shack?" said Editor West-brook, sinking cautiously upon the virulent green bench. He always yielded gracefully when he did yield.

Dawe snapped at the cigar as a king-

"fisher daris at a sunperch, or a girl pecks at a chocolate cream. "I have just—" began the editor. "Oh, I know; don't finish." said Dawe. "Give me a match. You have just ten minutes to spare. How did you manage to get past my office-boy and invade my sanctum? There he goes now, throwing his club at a dog that couldn't read the 'Keep off the Grass' signs

"How goes the writing?" asked the

"Look at me," said Dawe, "for your answer. Now don't put on that embar-rassed, friendly-but-honest look and ask me why I don't get a job as a wine agent or a cab driver. I'm in the fight to a finish. I know I can write good fiction and I'll force you fellows to admit it yet. I'll make you change the spelling of 'regrets' to 'c-h-c-q-ue' be-fore I'm drea write yeu'! fore I'm done with you." Editor Westbrook gazed through his

noseglasses with a sweetly sorrowful, omniscient, sympathetic, skeptical ex-pression-the copyrighted expression of the editor beleagured by the un-

THE SOUTHERN, CROSS

Dawe.

"Carefully, I hesitated over that story, really I did. It had some good points. I was writing you a letter to send with it when it goes back to you. I regret-

"Never mind the regrets," said Da. we, grimly.

"There's neither salve nor sting in 'em any more. What I want to know is why, now; out with the good points first.

"The story," said Westbrook, deliberately, after a suppressed sigh, "is written around an almost original plot. Characterization-the best you have done. Construction—almost as good, ex-cept for a few weak joints which might be strengthened by a few changes and touches. It was a good story, except-

"I can write English, can't I?" in-terrupted Dawe.

"I have always told you," said the editor, "that you had a style."

"Then the trouble is the

"Same old thing," said Editor West-brook. "You work up to your climax like an artist. And then you turn yourself into a photographer. I don't know what form of obstinate madness possesses you, Shack, but that is what you do with everything that you write. No. I will retract the comparison with the photographer. Now and then photography, in spite of its impossible perspec-tive, manages to record a fleeting glimpse of truth. But you spoil every dénouement by those flat, drab, obliterating strokes of your brush that I have so often complained of. If you would rise to the literary pinnacle of your dramatic scenes, and paint them in the high colors that art requires, the postman would leave fewer bulky, self-addressed envelopes at your door," "Oh, fiddles and footlights!" cried Dawe, derisively. "You've got that old sawmill drama king in your brain yet. When the man with the black mustache kidnaps golden-haired Bessie you

are bound to have the mother kneel and raise her hands in the spotlight and say: 'May high heaven witness that I will rest neither night nor day till the heartless villain that has sto-len me child feels the weight of a mother's vengeance!" Editor Westbrook conceded a smile

of impervious complacency.

"I think," said he, "that in real life the woman would express herself in



those words or in very similar ones." "Not in a six hundred nights' run anywhere but on the stage," said Da-we, hotly, "I'll tell you what she'd say in real life. She'd say: 'What! Bessie led away by a strange man? Good Lord! It's one trouble after another! Get my other hat, I must hurry around to the police-station. Why wasn't some-body looking after her, I'd like to know? For God's sake, get out of my way or I'll never get ready. Not that hat-the brown one with the velvet bows. Bessie must have been crazy; she's usually shy of strangers. Is that too much powder? Lordy! How I'm up-

"That's the way she'd talk," continued Dawe. "People in real life don't fly into heroics and blank verse at emotional crises. They simply can't do it. If they talk at all on such occasions they draw from the same vocabulary that they use every day, and muddle up their words and ideas a little more, that's all."

that's all." "Shack," said Editor Westbrook, im-pressively, "did you ever pick up the mangled and lifeless form of a chief from under the fonder of a street ear, and earry it in your arms and lay it down before the distructed mother? Did you ever do that and listen to the flowed spontaneously from her lips?" "I never did," said Dawe. "Did

"Well, no," said Editor Westbrook, with a slight frown. "But I can well imagine what she would say." "So can I," said Dawe. And now the fitting time had come for Editor Westbrook to sale the set.

for Editor Westbrook to play the ora-cle and silence his opinionated contri-butor. It was not for an unarrived fictionist to dictate words to be uttered by the heroes and heroines of the Mi-

by the heroes and heroines of the Mi-herra Magazine, contrary to the theo-ries of the editor thereof. "My dear Shack," said he, "fi I know anything of life I know that every sudden, deep, and tragic emotion in the human heart calls forth an opposite, concordant, conformable, and proportionate expression of feeling. How much of this inevitable accord between expression and feeling should be attri buted to nature, and how much to the influence of art, it would be difficult to say. The sublimely terrible roar of the lioness that has been deprived of her cubs is dramatically as far above her customary whine and purr as the kingly and transcendent utterances of Lear are above the level of his senile vaporings. But it is also true that all men and women have what may be called a sub-conscious dramatic that is awakened by a sufficiently deep and powerful emotion-a sense unconsciously acquired from literature and the stage that prompts them to express those emotions in language befitting their importance and histrionic value. "And in the name of the seven sa-cred saddle-blankets of Sagitarius,

where did the stage and literature get the stunt?" asked Dawe. "From life," answered the editor,

triumphantly.

The story writer rose from the bench and gesticulated eloquently but dumbly. He was beggared for words with which to formulate adequately his dissent.

On a bench near by a frowzy loafer opened his red eyes and perceived that his moral support was due a downtrodden brother. "Punch him one, Jack," he called

"What's he come makin' a noise like "What's he come makin' a noise like a' penny arcade for amongst gen'lemen that comes in the Square to set and think." think

Editor Westbrook looked at watch with an affected show of lei

(Continued on page 23)



I GUARANTEE THF GENUINENESS QUAKER AND QUALITY **OF QUAKER OATS**

19

You should look for my portrait on all packages of Quaker Oats in order to be sure of buying the genuine product produced from the best Argentine oats free from all foreign substances.

For greater health and better flavour always insist on QUAKER OATS sold only in carton packages or cans.

Duaker Oats

Manufactured by: Elaboradora Argentina de Cereales Vieytes 388 **Buenos** Aires

Same Standard quality throughout the World.

AN GR Lique BLENDED SCOTCH WHISKY

MARK

00% SCOTCH WHISKIES Blended & Bottled by IAN GRANT& CO. LTD. GLASGOW, SCOTLAND

PRODUCT OF SCOTLAND Unicos Importadores para las Repúblicas del Plata MERELLO HNOS. VICTORIA 3069 BUENOS AIRES

20

Friday, September 18, 1942

to bed

that

it is too late nothing



AT

DRUGSTORES AND PERFUME SHOPS

the egg will stand straight. If the hollow left by the egg yolk is not very large, cut away part of inside of egg white. Prepare center as follows:

white. Prepare center as follows: Into the bowl with the yolks, place all the other ingredients except the parsley. Mash this into a paste with a fork. Then fill the center of the whites with this mixture.

Found the centers and lightly crisscross the stuffing with the prongs of a fork, and in the center stick a tiny little sprig of parsley—or chop parsley fine and sprinkle on top of each egg.

SAVORY MEAT FILLING.

Two-third cup chopped cooked veal, three tablespoons chopped olives, two tablespoons chopped clery, three tablespoons chopped pickles, one-eighth teaspoon salt, five tablespoons salad dressing.

Mix ingredients with fork. Spread on buttered slices of white bread.

Health Talks.

(By A Physician.)

We Must Have Poisons.

I expect you have often heard that the body is in a constant state of change, and that the whole system is completely renewed every seven years. This, I am afraid, is only half true. I still have the same old body. The years have not taken away the vaccination marks of my babyhood, and I still have the same old face. It is true, of course, that the body is always undergoing change. Every breath we breathe out takes away material from the body in the form of gases; at every inspira-tion fresh gas is taken in. Oxygen is taken in and carbon dioxide is given out. We are constantly manufacturing poisons which we have to get rid of if they collect we feel ill. A whirlnool remains the same to all appearances, but there is an endless intake and out flow all the time. The poor old whirl-pool would be horribly congested if there were an obstruction to the outflow. It is sometimes regarded as a diseased condition to have poisons in the body, but that is not so. Every person who is in perfect health has a constant supply of poisons manufactured in his system; the body is supplied with the requisite organs to excrete the poisons, and if they do their duty well, no harm results. One often hears a man exclaim in some alarm that he must have uric acid in his system. He would be dead if he didn't. Every nor-mal healthy human being has an abundant supply of uric acid. There nea man, woman or child in perfect health who does not manufacture a



FLORIDA HOTEL

Completely r e for m ed and modernized. Luxurious departments and large rooms on Florida Street with private bathrooms. Very popular with Irish-Argentine Families. First Class cuisine.

808 — FLORIDA — 808 U. T. 1831 Retiro BUENOS AIRES large quantity of uric acid. Uric acid seems to be a kind of bogey to frighten people; I should be a sorry man if I had no uric acid in my system.

What Internal Organs Have To Do.

Our internal organs are always ready to keep our bodies clean by removing the waste products, but they can only perform their important task with efficiency if we take reasonable care that the waste products do not collect in too large quantities. The dustman will take away the contents of one dust-bin with ease and with pleasure; ask him to take ten dust-bins from one house and he breaks down. Patients are not careful enough about their health; they do not mind putting a strain on their cleansing organs—the skin, the kidneys, the bowels. And this reduces me to tears, because the cleansing organs of the bodies are such willing workers. If a poor mother wishes to keep

If a poor mother wishes to keep her cottage kitchen scrupplously clean, she may have to wash the floor half a dozen times a day, because the family will keep walking in and out with muddy boots. She probably does not complain, but she will be very tired at the end of the day. Then, perhaps, there comes a time when she is too worn out to do any cleaning at all, the und collects, the room becomes dirty and unhealthy, and if you entered you would probably exclaim, "What a pizsty!" Now, this is just a picture of a body into which much too large a quantity of food is digested; the kidneys cry out in horror; the liver is shocked beyond words; the over-loaded bowels are deeply distressed. But the patient goes screnely on his way and just shoves in another lump of meat and stacks of pudding. When you come to think of it, to take into one do the hord' it, bo take indo ing any good is not a wise way of conducting oneself. The work of the kidneys is to cleanse the blood of urie acid; kidney disease is very common, and the explanation is that the kidneys are over-worked.

Hints

Pudding cloths should not be washed with soap. Place them in a saucepan of water with a little soda and boil; then rinse in cold water.

Keep a bottle of olive oil and vinegar, mixed in equal parts, handy. This solution is splendid for cleaning and polishing furniture.

To remove tar stains from clothing carpets, metals, tiles, and so on, sprinkle with oil of eucalyptus and rub with a clean rag. Repeat the process until all marks have disappeared.

When putty has become hardened it can easily be removed from glass by holding a warm iron over the putty itself. The heat renders the putty quite soft, and it can be removed without damage.

When using valuable vases for table decorations, fill them with sand, This makes them stand firmly, and renders them far less liable to be knocked over and broken.

The secret of good biscuit cake or pastry lies in the proper sifting of the flour. The more the flour is sifted the lighter the pastry.

Whitewash may be made more durable and glossy by the addition of liquid glue and alum,



Pídalo hoy mismo! . . .

INSTRUCCIONES A LOS MAYORDOMOS DE ESTANCIAS Por Don J. M. de ROSAS

Con biografía del dictador, escrita en 1830 por Don Pedro de Angelis. Notas y comentarios por el Ingeniero D. Carlos Lemée.

Antes de ser dictador, ya Rosas era el estanciero mas rico del país. Su cuantiosa fortuna había sido ganada, integramente, por él mismo. Como lo consiguió ? . . Este notable libro le hará vers ue enorme capacidad cºmo hombre de campo y le dejará enseñanzas que, a pesar de los años, puede usted utilizar en la vida diaria. ¡ No deje de leerlo l

Un volumen de esmerada presentación, tamaño 24 x 17, con grabados, láminas y hermosa carátula en colores \$ 4.--

EDITORIAL AMERICANA CHACABUCO 78 BUENOS AIRES U. T. 34 DEF. 7605.



on account of overspun springs THE BEST

EXHIBITION-SALES: SUIPACHA 865 - U. T. 32 - 0373



C. Trevisan José WATCHMAKER.

21 years head of the clock section in Cassels and Co.

YES!.....You surely possess some watch or clock with a sen-timental value, which refuses to work. Perhaps you have been told that it is impossible to repair it. Well, bring or send it to me, and from what I have learned from my father and grandfather (both of whom were watchmakers) combined with my experience of 40 years, I will turn it into what it once was: a REAL watch or clock.

All makes of watches and clocks, of whatever period or origin, regu-lated. Camp orders, may be sent, in all confidence by Post or commission agent

Malabia 3334, (near corner of Avda. Alvear), Buenos Aires.

BIBLES PRAYER BOOKS BLESSED SACRAMENT BOOK, by Father

CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOK, by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Cox, O.M.I. ,	10
THE CATHOLIC GIRL'S GUIDE, by Father Lasance "	15
CATHOLIC SUNDAY MISSAL, by Rev. C. J. Callan, and Rev	
.McHugh	18
THE CATHOLIC VADE MECUM, a Manual of Prayers Com	
piled from Approved Sources	5
EPISTLES AND GOSPELS	3
CATHOLIC PIETY	8
GARDEN OF THE SOUL \$5.50, \$8 "	10
BIJOU PRAYER BOOK	3
THE LITTLE CHILDREN'S PRAY ER BOOK, by Mother Mary.	
Loyola	3
BOY'S AND GIRLS' PRAYER BOOK, by Father Finn	2.50
HOLY MASS AND BENEDICTION FOR CHILDREN, by Rev.	2.00
John Dunford	1,50
IMITATION OF CHRIST, by Thom as A. Kempis \$2.80 "	3.50
WITH GOD, by Father Lasance	18
CHILD'S KEY OF HEAVEN	0.80
TREASURY OF THE SACRED HEART	3
	17.50
	20
LITTLE TREASURY OF LEAFLE TS	7
HOLY SOULS BOOK, by F. X. La sance	10
ST. ANTHONY'S TREASURY \$7.50 "	6
THE SHRINE OF THE SACRED HEART, by a Dominican Fr. "	
THE SACRED HEART BOTK, by Rev. F. X. Lasance \$14 "	22
REJOICE IN THE LORD, by Rev. F. X. Lasance \$12 "	
THE POCKET MISSAL, Compiled by Fr. Aloysius O.M.Cap ,	6.50
OUR LADY BOOK, by Rev. F. X. La sance \$16 "	18
THE NEW MISSAL FOR EVERY DAY, by Rev. F. X. Lasance "	9.50
MY GOD AND MY ALL, by Rev. F. X. Lasance "	6.—
MY PRAYER BOOK, by Rev. F. X. Lasance \$11.50, \$25 "	27
MANNA OF THE SOUL, by Rev. F. X. Lasance ,,	14.—
POSTAGE EXTRA	

WIILLL

CANGALLO 580

Catholic News

Japan Sends 80 Missioners Back to U. S .-

The Japanese are sending 80 Ame-rican Maryknoll Missionaries-priests, brothers and nuns-back to the United States in the first repatriation ship to leave Japan.

These missionaries, with 43 others belonging to the same society have been working in Japan, Korea, Man-chukuo and Hong Kong. It is believed that the remainder will also be required to leave.

They did not want to leave. have consistently taken the stand that it was their duty to remain at their posts regardless of circumstances. The American Ambassador had advised them several times to leave but they replied that Catholic mission tradition required them to remain.

Many of them have devoted 10 to 15 years to building up flourishing misions and winning tens of thousands of converts.

Most of the repatriated missionaries will go to Maryknoll missions in Latin America.

. .

Finland sends Envoy to the Vatican.—

The "Osservatore Romano" announced officially that diplomatic relations have been established between the Ho-ly See and Finland.

The Holy See, the announcement said, by reason of its universal mis-sion, is concerned for all people and avails itself of every favourable oppor-tunity to put itself in contact with

For this reason it received with plea-sure the request of the Government of Finland for the establishment of diplomatic relations

The Holy See has agreed to the nomination as first Finnish Minister to the Holy See of F. Georg Gripenberg, formerly Finnish Minister in London Before the war Finland had about 2,500 Catholics out of a total population of some 3,500,000. Immediately after the last war Catholics numbered but 500 or 600, most of them former soldiers of the Russian army and their families.

As a result of the peace treaty with Russia in 1940, Finland lost three of its five Catholic centres-Viipuri, Terijoki, whose church was destroyed, and Hangoe

There is one Catholic Bishop, Mgr Cobben, who was appointed second Vi-car Apostolic in 1933 at the age of 36. With him there are nine priests.

One of these is Fr. Wilfrid Christ ierson, who became parish priest of Helsingfords in 1906. During the war with Russia he became the first Catholic chaplain ever to serve in the Finnish army.

Christianity was first taken to Fin-land in the 12th century by St. Henry -the country's patron saint-an Englishman, and his work was carried on by another Englishman, Bishop Thomas, who began at Turku the only ca-thedral Finland has had.

France.

0

U. T. 33 - 5371 - 7943

The following are the principal mea sures promulgated by Marshal Petain's Government in favour of the Church

. .

(1) A law of September 3rd, 1940, abrogated the law of July 7th, 1904, which forbade religious orders to en-

(2) A law of February 21st, 1941, permitted the Carthusian Order to return to France, and restored the pro- U.S.A.

perty of the Grande Chartreuse. (3) A law of February 15th, 1941, restored to the French diocese property which had been confiscated from them and had not yet been made the

(4) A law of June 5th, 1941, made the transfer of disposal.
(4) A law of June 5th, 1941, made the transfer of nuns to receive legacies more freely than hitherto; thus, a nun can now herself the transfer of Data. make a will in favour of her Order provided the bequest does not exceed 100,000 francs; the maximum previ-

(b) the maximum previously was 10,000 frames.
 (c) A law of April 8th, 1942, in effect removed the disabilities imposed on the religious orders by the law of associations of July 1st, 1901.

Of these measures, the first and the last are clearly the most import-Of the last La Liberté writes: ant. "It has, of course, only a provisional character, as, indeed, is made clear by the official memorandum which accompanied it. The dispositions of 1901 are modified, in a sense entirely favourable to the congregations in a-waiting the time when it may be possible to adopt a comprehensive solution, arrived at in agreement with the Church.'" "It is, in fact," comments La Liberté, "the whole legal position of the Church in France which awaits final definition in agreement with the French episcopate and with the Holy See. The question of a new Concordat is inescapably raised. It has recently been declared, even at the Va-tican, that the information of an Itablcan, that the information of an ra-lian newspaper, according to which negotiations for a Concordat are al-ready in progress, does not corres-pond with reality. One must take others followed in West Africa, New Guinea, the Argentine, Brazil, and the note of this *dementi*, but one must a-gree also, with great satisfaction, that, in awaiting a comprehensive so-lution, partial and provisional solu-tions have singularly improved, even in two years, the whole position of the Church in France. One by one the shackles are being broken with which aggressive and militant anti-clericalism had crippled the activity of the Church in France."

South African Airmen Set up own Chapel .--

Catholic airmen at the Port Eliza-beth air station, South Africa, have gone to great lengths to be able to at-tend Sunday Mass, reports the South-ern Cross, of Cape Town. First they went by lorry to Sunday Mass at South End. Then a vacant room was found in the camp which they turned into a chapel. This was extended to the next room and a permanent but collapsible altar erected. This room be-ing required for other purposes a part of the recreation room was later partitioned off and furnished as a chapel and there for the present the Mass is said. Outsiders have helped consi-derably with vestments, furniture and other necessities.

Cause Introduced.-

The Congregation of Rites recently discussed the introduction of a Cause for Canopisation—that of Father Ar-nold Jansenn, founder of the Society of the Divine Word, who died in 1909. The Society of the Divine Word was founded in the Netherlands in 1875 for minimum recent the first minimum

for missionary work. Its first missions were established in China, and soon

PROOF OF THE PUDDING .--

(continued from page 19)

sure "Tell me," asked Dawe, with trucu-lent anxiety, "what especial faults in 'The Alarum of the Soul' caused you to throw it down?"

"When Gabriel Murray," said Westbrook, "goes to his telephone and is told that his fiancée has been shot by a burglar, he says-I do not recall the exact words, but-"'

"I do," said Dawe. "He says: 'Damn Central; she always cuts me off.' (And then to his friend) 'Say, Tommy, does a thirty-two bullet make a big hole? It's kind of hard luck, ain't it? Could you get me a drink from the sideboard, Tommy? No; straight; nothing on the side.

"And again," continued the editor without pausing for argument, "when Berenice opens the letter from her hus-band informing her that he has fled with the manicure girl, her words are -let me see-

"She says," interposed the author: "'Well, what do you think of that!"

"Absurdly inappropriate words," id Westbrook, "presenting an anticlimax—plunging the story into hope-less bathos. Worse yet; they mirror less bathos. Worse yet; they mirror life falsely. No human being ever ut-

nie taisely. No human being ever ut-tered banal colloquialisms when con-fronted by sudden tragedy." "Wrong," said Dawe, closing his un-shaven jaws doggedly. "I say no man or woman ever spouts 'high-falutin' talk when they go up against a real climax. They talk naturelly and a lit-tia worse". tle worse

The editor rose from the bench with his air of indulge and inside information.

"Say, Westbrook," said Dawe, pin-nig him by the lapel, "would you have accepted 'The Alarum of the Soul' if you had believed that the actions and words of the characters were true to life in the parts of the story that we discussed?"

"It is very likely that I would, if I believed that way," said the editor. "But I have explained to you that I do not

"If I could prove to you that I am right?

"I'm sorry, Shack, but I'm afraid I haven't time to argue any further just now

"I don't want to argue," said Dawe "I want to demonstrate to you from life itself that my view is the correct

"How could you do that?" asked Westbrook, in a surprised tone. "Listen," said the writer, seriously.

"I have thought of a way. It is im-



portant to me that my theory of trueto-life fiction be recognized as correct by the magazines. I've fought for it for three years, and I'm down to my last dollar, with two months' rent due

"I have applied the opposite of your theory," said the editor, "in selecting the fiction for the Minerva Magazine. The circulation has gone up from ninety thousand to-

"Four hundred thousand," said Da-"Whereas it should have been boosted to a million.'

You said something to me just now about demonstrating your pet theory "I will. If you'll give me about half an hour of your time I'll prove to you that I am right. I'll prove it by Louise. "Your wife!" exclaimed Westbrook.

"How?

"Well, not exactly by her, but with her,' said Dawe. "Now, you know how devoted and loving Louise has always been. She thinks I'm the only genuine preparation on the market that bears the old doctor's signature. She's been fonder and more faithful than ever. since I've been cast for the neglected genius part." "Indeed, she is a charming and ad-

mirable life companion," agreed the editor. "I remember what inseparable friends she and Mrs. Westbrook once were. We are both lucky chaps, Shack to have such wives. You must bring Mrs. Dawe up some evening soon, and we'll have one of those informal chafing dish suppers that we used to enjoy so much.

"Later," said Dawe. "When I get another shirt. And now I'll tell you my scheme. When I was about to leave home after breakfast-if you can call tea and oatmeal breakfast-Louise told me she was going to visit her aunt in Eighty-ninth Street. She said she would return home at three o'clock. She is always on time to a minute. It is now-

Dawe glanced toward the editor's watch pocket.

"Twenty-seven minutes to three," said Westbrook, scanning his time-pie-

ce. "We have just enough time," said Dawe. "We will go to my flat at once. I will write a note, address it to her and leave it on the table where she will see it as she enters the door. You and I will be in the dining room concealed by the portiéres. In that note I'll say that I have fled from her forever with an affinity who understands the needs of my artistic soul as she never did. When she reads it we will observe her actions and hear her words. Then we will know which theory is

excusably cruel. I could not consent to have Mrs. Dawe's feelings played upon in such a manner.'

"Brace up," said the writer, "I gue I think as much of her as you do. It's for her benefit as well as mine. I've got to get a market for my stories in some way. It won't hurt Louise. She's healthy and sound. Her heart goes as a ninety-eight-cent watch. It'll last for a inner-eignt-cent watch. It'll last for only a minute, and then I'll step out and explain to her. You really owe it to me to give me the chance, West-brook."

Editor Westbrook at lengtht yield-d, though but half willingly. And in the half of him that consented lurked the vivisectionist that is in all of us Let him who has not used the scalpel rise and stand in his place. Pity 'tis that there are not enough rabbits and guinea-pigs to go around.

The two experimenters in Art left the Square and hurried eastward and then to the south until they arrived in the Gramercy neighbor hood, With-



Vidor Palace

The eldest and most luxurious in South America

RACHE, MASSACAN and GOLOSIN

U.T. 31 - 3118 Retiro

had put on its smart coat of vernal green, and was admiring itself in its fountain mirror. Outside the railings the hollow square of crumbling houses shells of a bygone gentry, leaned as if in ghostly gossip over the forgotten doings of the vanished quality. Sic transit gloria urbis.

A block or two north of the Park, Dawe steered the editor again eastward, then, after covering a short dis tance, into a lofty but narrow flat-house burdened with a floridly overdecorated facade. To the fifth story they toiled, and Dawe, panting, push-ed his latch-key into the door of one of the front flats.

When the door opened Editor Westbrook saw, with feelings of pity, how meanly and meagrely the rooms were

"Get a chair, if you can find one," said Dawe, "while I hunt up pen and ink. Hello, what's this Here's a note from Louise. She must have left there when she went out this morning

He picked up an envelope that lay the centre-table and tore it open He began to read the letter that he drew out of it; and once having begun it aloud he so read it through to the end. These are the words that Editor Westbrook heard:

"DEAR SHACKLEFORD:

"By the time you get this I will be about a hundred miles away and still a-going. I've got a place in the chorus of the Occidental Opera Co., and we start on the road to-day at twelve o'clock. I didn't want to starve to death and so I decided to make my own liv-ing. I'm not coming back. Mrs. West-brook is going with me. She said she was tired of living with a combinaary, and she's not coming back, either. We've been practising the songs and dances for two months on the quiet. I hope you will be successful, and get along all right! Good-bye. "Louise."

Dawe dropped the letter, covered his face with his trembling hands, and cried out in a deep, vibrating voice: "My_God, why hast thou given me this cup to drink! Since she is false, then let Thy Heaven's fairest gifts, faith and love, become the jesting bywords of traitors and fiends!" Editor Westbrook's glasses fell to

the floor. The fingers of one hand fumbled with a button on his coat as he blurted between his pale lips:

"Say, Shack, ain't that a hell of a ote? Wouldn't that knock you off your perch, Shack? Ain't it hell, now, Shack-ain't it?"

Our Readers will help us if they will

mention THE SOUTHERN CROSS when replying to advertisements appearing in

this paper.



1835 Bmé. MITRE 1835

Young Passionist Students

St. GABRIEL'S APOSTOLIC COLLEGE.

CALLE GASPAR CAMPOS 787 VICENTE LOPEZ, F.C.C.A.

Attention is called to the above-named College for youthful aspirants to the Priesthood, established by the Passiohist Fathers at Vicente López, F.C.C.A. Candidates are afforded a complete course of English, Spanish, French, Latin and Greek and annually stand for examinations before the National Board of Education. Promising boys, desiring admission, may apply to the Rev. Director, at the above address, or to the Very Rev. Father Provincial of the Passionist Fathers, Estados Unidos 3150, Capital Federal.

23



WIT AND HUM

Father: "Yes, Tommy, always re-member two important rules as you go through life. Never tell a lie, and go through life. Never tell a lie, and always obey your parents or teach-ers, as the case may be. Truthful-ness and obedience, my boy, are the secrets of success. And, now I see the rent collector coming in, open the door and tell him I am in the coun-ter on houseness and will not active try on business, and will not return till next week." Tommy: "Yes, Pa. But which is it

to be this time-truthfulness or obedience?

"Excuse this bit of sarcasm," said Smith to Jones, "but I must say you are an infamous Har and a scoundrel!

"Pardon this bit of irony," said Joes to Smith as he knocked him over with a poker.

Tramp: "Yes'm, it's hard to break away from yer bad habits at once; but I've given up some of 'em." Lady: "Which ones have you given

Tramp: "Well, mum, I don't get shaved on Sunday any more."

-0-

A young man went to Australia against his father's wishes. In one against his father's wishes. In one letter home he wrote: "I have bought a car. First feather in my cap." In another he wrote: "I have bo-ught a farm. Another feather in my

cap.

This went on for some

This went on for some time and always the son's letter finished with "another feather in my cap." Later, the father received a letter which ran: "Dear dad, I am broke, Please send passage home." The father replied: "Nothing doing. Take the feathers from your cap, stick them on your back, and fly home." home.

"Doesn't your wife miss you on evenings like this one?" asked one jolly good fellow of the other, as they motored homeward after the festivi-

"Well," replied the other, "not of. ten. She can throw pretty straight for a woman!"

A newly-married couple were en tertaining friends, and amongst the guests was one whose continued rude-ness made him objectionable to the

rest of the company. His conduct, although almost un-bearable, was tolerated for some time until at supper he held up on his fork a piece of meat which had been served to him, and in a vein of intended humour remarked, "Is this pig?"

"To which end of the fork do you refer?" asked a quiet-looking ma sitting at the other end of the table. man -

Employer--"You must stop writing your private letters on the typewrit-er, Miss Tapp; the capital X is almost worn away."

-0 Two sisters from a country village Two sisters from a country village attending an exhibition. The younger sister anxious to see the principal sights was slow in moving and the elder sister, getting impatient, cried out

"Come on out of that, if you stop looking at everything you will see nothing."

He (awkwardly): "Er-just a mo The (lawkwardy). Ele-Just a draw ment, darling-that's my tailor , and I don't care to meet him." She (tactlessly): "Why not?" "Well he still owes me the receipt for the money for my last suit!"

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON PAGE 8.

From rock by the action of weather, vegetation and animals upon it. Frost, ice, wind and running water The root, ice, which and running water break the rock into smaller pieces. De-caying vogetation sets free carbon di-oxide which, when dissolved in water, attacks many minerals and adds or-ganic matter to the soil. Living crea-tures especially hadering and earth. tures, especially bacteria and earth-worms, partially convert the smaller mineral particles into forms useful to plants.

(339) Sand is rock ground by natural agencies-water, ice, wind-to par-ticles too small to form gravel, yet not fine enough to be called silt or clay. It consists usually of quartz, which is abundant in many rocks, is hard, prac-

tically insoluble in water and structurally very difficult to break down into very minute fragments. Sea sand is formed by the grinding of pebbles by the waves. Desert sand is made by the wind. In the former instance the mineral constituents of the rock are usually dissolved, in the latter case they are not. Desert sand is rarely yellow, but usually grey or brown,

(380) To find the distance of the horizon in miles, multiply the height of the observer (or the height of the point from which the observation is made) by 8,000, divide the result by 5,280 and then extract the square root of the answer. At a height of 10 feet the ho. rizon is 3-9 miles, at 20 feet it is 5-5 miles, at 50 feet 8-7 miles. This is, of course, assuming that the ground is flat.



Calle 24 de Noviembre 865 Buenos Alres

Under the direction of the Sisters of Mercy.

Boarders, half - boarders, day - pupils admitted. An up-to-date Primary and Secondary

School. The aim of the Academy is to give

the pupils an education equal in all ways to that offered by any public school and to add to this a thorough religious training.

The Academy is within easy reach of the principal Railways. Cars from the north and the centre of the city. The school autob runs morning and evening. Children are prepared in Spanish for ational School Certificates and

National Teachers Official Certificate for Private Schools.

In English, for Cambridge Local and Cambridge Special, and English Culture Certificates.

Music: Pallemaert's Argentine Conservatory.

Dress-making: Academia Mendia. French Alliance Francaise.

Commercial: Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping—Pitman's Institute. Physical Culture and Games.

Michael Ham Memorial COLLEGE **AGUSTIN ALVAREZ 1099** VICENTE LOPEZ, F. C. C. A.

U. T. 277 V. López

Boarding and day College for girls, conducted by the Sisters of the Most Holy Cross and Passion.

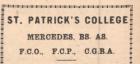
Besides complying with the official Education, pupils are prepared for the Cambridge Local and Trinity College of Music Examinations or Conservatorio Thibaud Piazzini. Drill and games (Hockey, Tennis,

Basket Ball, etc.) under the supervi-sion of a qualified Mistress For prospectus and further parti-

ulars apply to the Superioress. W/INCOMENTATION CONTRACTOR C



ENGLISH KINDERGARTEN CLASSES.



This College is conducted by the Irish Province of the Pallottine. Fathers. Ever since its foundation in 1887, it has been faithful to the high purpose of its existence, name-ly: THE FOSTERAGE OF THE BEST IRISH RACE PRINCIPLES AND THE HIGH TRADITIONS OF THAT RACE IN ARGENTINA. Irish history and Gaelic are on the official programme.

English is taught as a subject of primary importance by properly qualified professors. Spanish classes are conducted in accordance with the are conducted in accordance with the Provincial Board of Education and the Principal is a certified Na-tional Teacher. The sixth grade cer-tificate is valid for entrance to National College.

A liberal education is imparted on a thoroughly sound basis, so that students may go in for the profession or commercial careers, and al-ready many past students have qualified for law, medicine, commerce, army, navy, aviation, etc. Special commercial course, type-

writing and book-keeping.

Music, vocal and instrumental. Languages (optional): Latin.

Languages (optional): Latin. French, Italian. The College is situated in a very healthy locality. The dormitories are large and well ventilated. Irish games, especially Hurling. fostered. Physical drill twice weekly

by military officer.

RELIGION, PATRIOTISM, HONOUR, the school ideals.

Manager (Nermer & rest fin and a state of a state of the state of the

St. Lucy's School CALLE SAN JUAN 855

U. T. 6053 B. Orden

Day and Boarding School. St. Lucy's School has withstood

the acid test of time. If you are interested in finding out what kind of a school it is ask your friends who have had their children educated there. Ask young men of-to-day who were educated there. Write to the Concejo Nacional de Educación for information, or if more convenient, write to the director for a prospectus.

Lawrence Dillon

N. G. Certificated Teacher

Buenos Aires English High School

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS

Under the direction of C. Weston (English) and Dr. Humberto Ruchelli (Spanish)

Incorporado al Colegio Nacional Bartolomé Mitre y al Consejo Nacional de Educación. (Founded 1884)

1880 Melian 1880 U. T. 73 Pampa 1533 Excellent dormitories — Classrooms — Laboratory — Swimming Pool.

In the healthiest part of Belgrano. Kindergarten. Grades 1st. to 6th. Años de Nacional 1st. to 5th. Cambridge Locals. Commercial Courses (Incorporado) as from 1942.

Rugby. Cricket, Athletics. Swimming. Prospectus on application.

54